**HYPOTHESIS TESTING** 

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### TOPIC OUTLINE

**Chi-Square Test for Variance** 





The <u>chi-square test for variance</u> is a statistical method that compares the <u>sample variance</u> to the hypothesized population variance.

#### **Hypothesis**

$$H_o$$
:  $\sigma_1 = \sigma_o$ 

$$H_a$$
:  $\sigma_1 \neq \sigma_o$  (p-value  $< \alpha$ )

#### **Assumptions**

- Continuous data
- Normal data and non-normal data

#### <u>Test Statistic</u>

$$x^2 = (n-1)\frac{s^2}{\sigma^2}$$

#### where:

n =sample size

 $s^2$  = sample variance

 $\sigma^2$  = population variance



The <u>chi-square test for variance</u> is a statistical method that compares the <u>sample variance</u> to the hypothesized population variance.

#### **Hypothesis**

$$H_o$$
:  $\sigma_1 = \sigma_o$   $H_a$ :  $\sigma_1 \neq \sigma_o$  (p-value  $< \alpha$ )

#### **Assumptions**

- Continuous data
- Normal data and non-normal data

```
syntax
from scipy import stats
Left-Tailed Test
p value = stats.chi2.cdf(chi sq stat, dof)
Right-Tailed Test
p value =
    1 - stats.chi2.cdf(chi sq stat, dof)
Two-Tailed Test
p value = 2*min(
    stats.chi2.cdf(chi sq stat, dof),
```

1 - stats.chi2.cdf(chi\_sq\_stat, dof);

#### **EXERCISE**

The dataset contains the electricity production in MWh by the following production types:

Туре	μ	σ
Nuclear	1283.78	32.50
Wind	779.86	88.28
Hydroelectric	1796.86	96.24
Oil and Gas	1160.69	60.66
Coal	1139.33	42.59
Solar	167.58	36.08
Biomass	55.12	2.13

Perform a <u>chi-square test for variance</u> to determine whether the variance of electricity production (in MWh) for each production type in the given dataset differs significantly from known population parameters.

#### dataset

"<u>electricity-normal-sample-cleaned.csv</u>"



### **LABORATORY**

