



RECTIFIER CIRCUITS

POWER SUPPLY BUILDING BLOCKS

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TOPIC OUTLINE

Half-Wave Rectifier

Full-Wave Center-Tapped Rectifier

Full-Wave Bridge-Type Rectifier



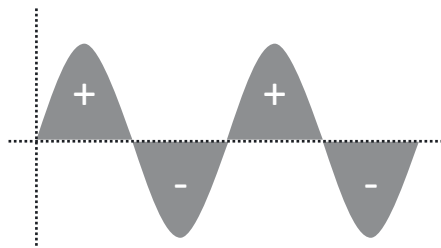
HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER



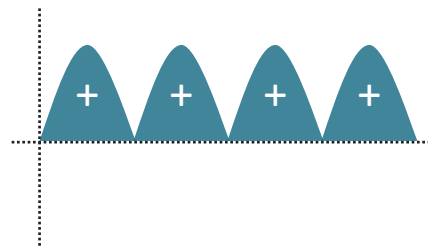
RECTIFIER

A rectifier is an electronic device or circuit that converts alternating current (AC) to direct current (DC). This process is called rectification.

Power Supply Block Diagram



AC signal



Pulsating DC



AVERAGE VALUE OF $f(x)$

$$f(x)_{ave} = \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) dx$$

$$v_{ave} = \frac{1}{\pi - 0} \int_0^{\pi} v_P \sin(\omega t) dt$$

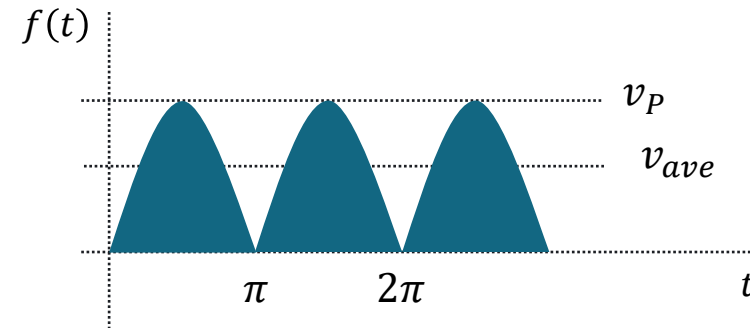
$$v_{ave} = \frac{v_P}{\pi} \left[-\frac{1}{\omega} \cos(\omega t) \right]_0^{\pi} \quad \text{Let } \omega = 1$$

$$v_{ave} = \frac{v_P}{\pi} [-\cos(\pi) - (-\cos(0))]$$

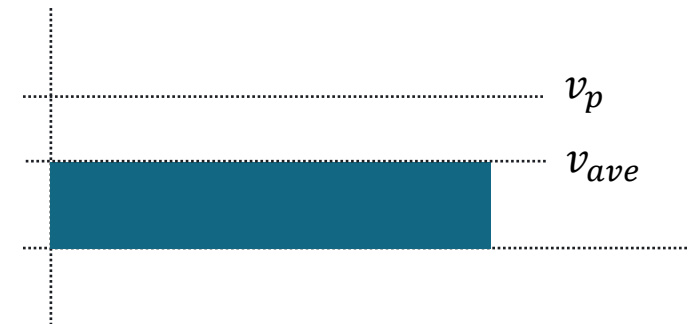
$$v_{ave} = \frac{v_P}{\pi} [-(-1) - (-1)]$$

$$v_{ave} = \frac{2v_P}{\pi}$$

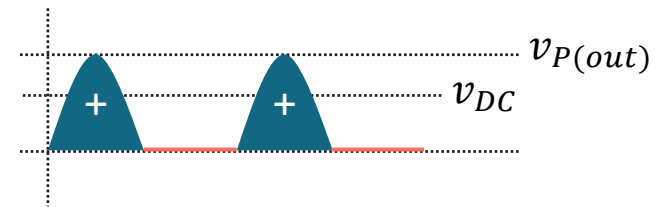
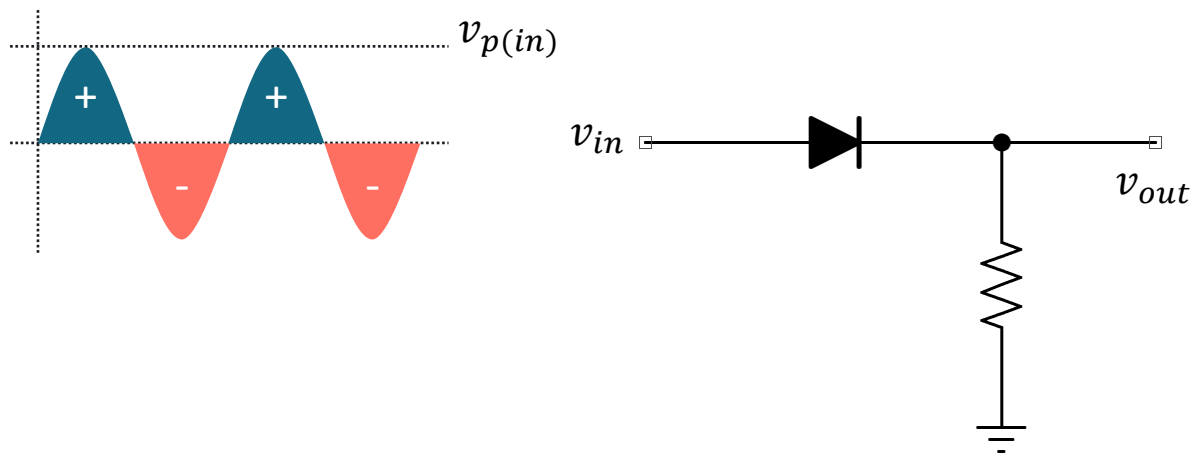
Pulsating DC



DC Level



HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER



DC Level

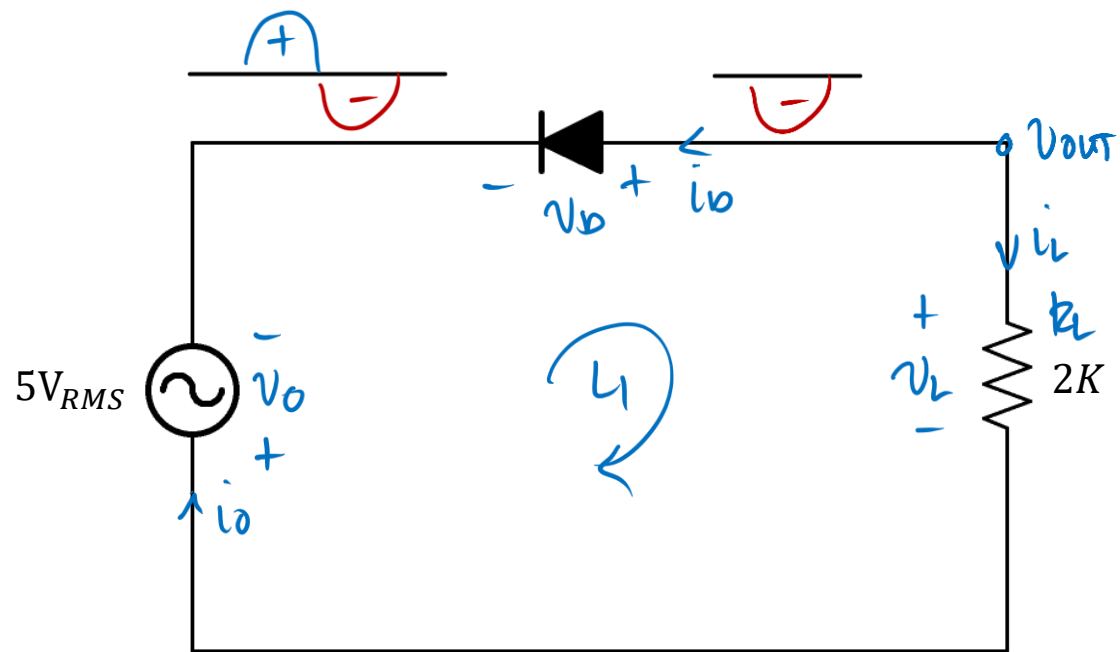
$$v_{DC} = \frac{v_{P(out)}}{\pi}$$

Output Frequency

$$f_{out} = f_{in}$$

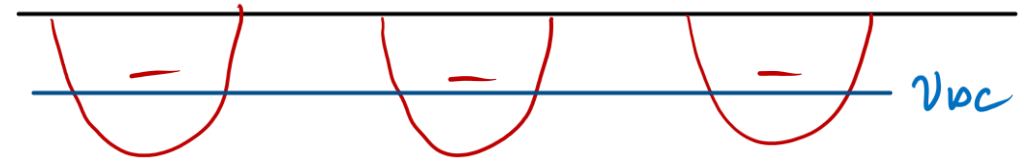
EXERCISE

Sketch the waveform and determine the DC level of the output signal for the given circuit.



Solution

Sketch



$$V_{rms} = \frac{V_p}{\sqrt{2}}$$

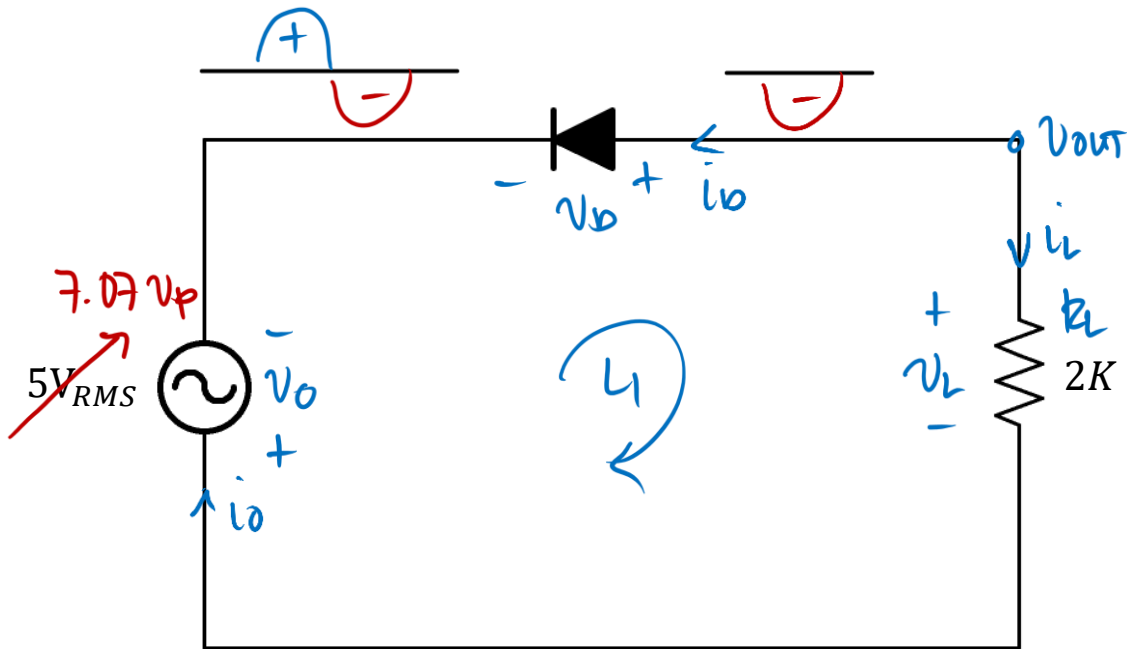
$$V_p = V_{rms} \sqrt{2}$$

$$V_p = 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$\underline{V_p = 7.07\text{ V}}$$

EXERCISE

Sketch the waveform and determine the DC level of the output signal for the given circuit.



Solution

$V_L @ L_1$

$$v_o - v_D + v_L = 0$$

$$v_L = -v_o + v_D$$

$$v_L = -7.07 + 0.7$$

$$\underline{v_L = -6.37 V_p}$$

DC Level

$$V_{DC} = \frac{V_{p(out)}}{\pi}$$

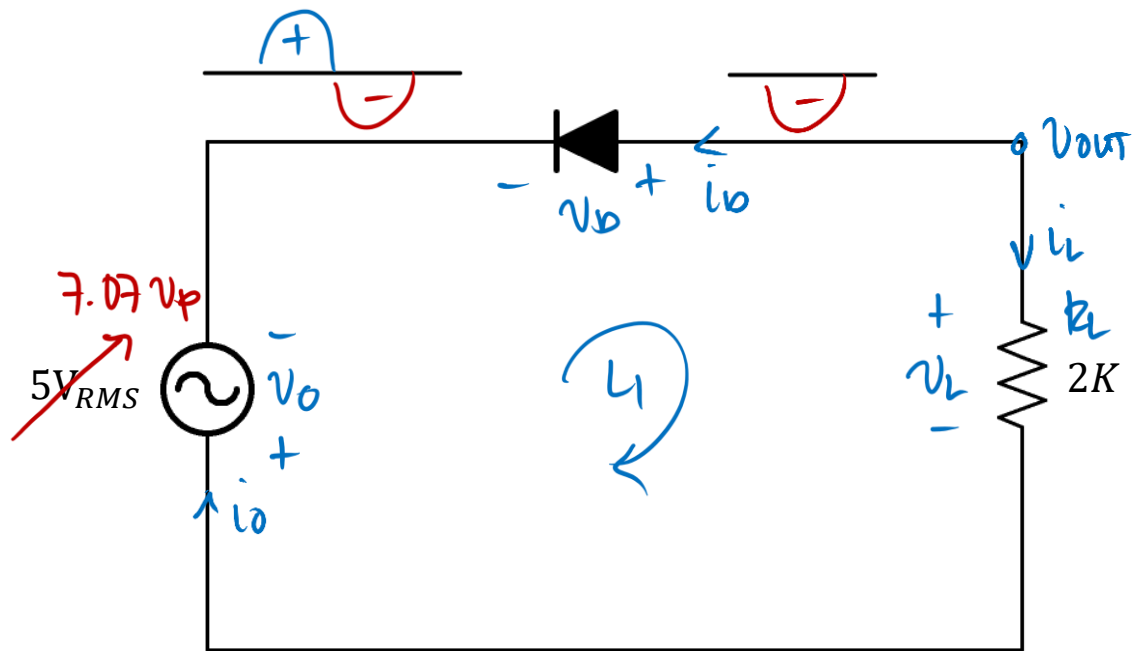
$$V_{DC} = \frac{-6.37}{\pi}$$

$$\underline{V_{DC} = -2.03 V}$$

Ans

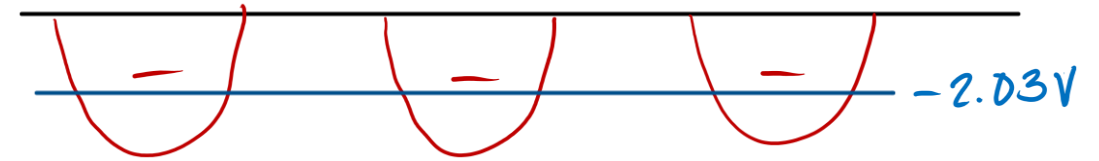
EXERCISE

Sketch the waveform and determine the DC level of the output signal for the given circuit.



Solution

Sketch



DC Level

$$V_{DC} = \frac{V_{p(out)}}{\pi}$$

$$V_{DC} = \frac{-6.37}{\pi}$$

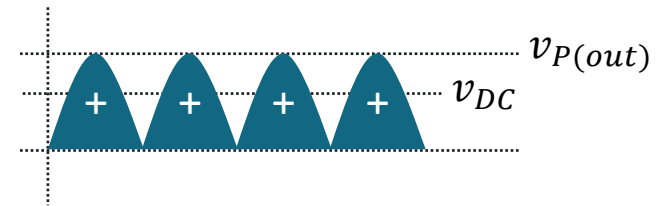
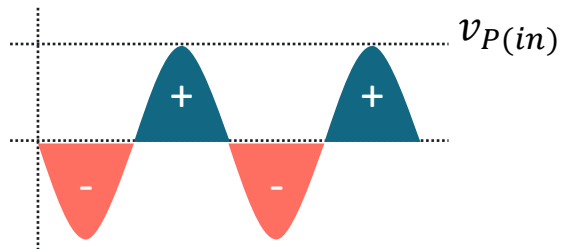
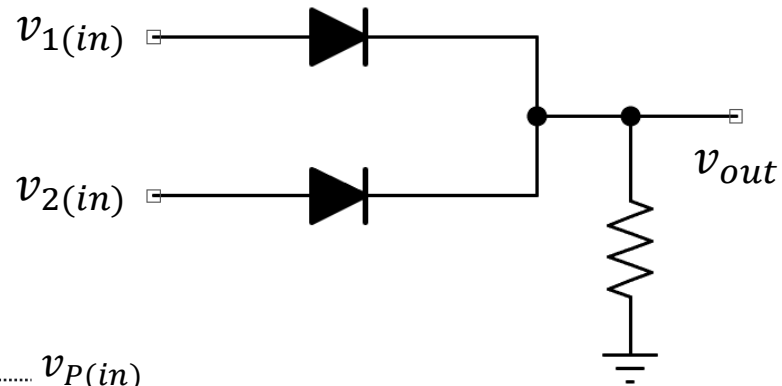
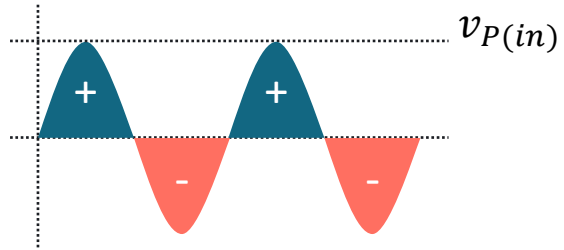
$$V_{DC} = -2.03 \text{ V}$$

Ans

FULL-WAVE CENTER-TAPPED RECTIFIER



FULL-WAVE CENTER-TAPPED RECTIFIER



DC Level

$$v_{DC} = \frac{2v_{P(out)}}{\pi}$$

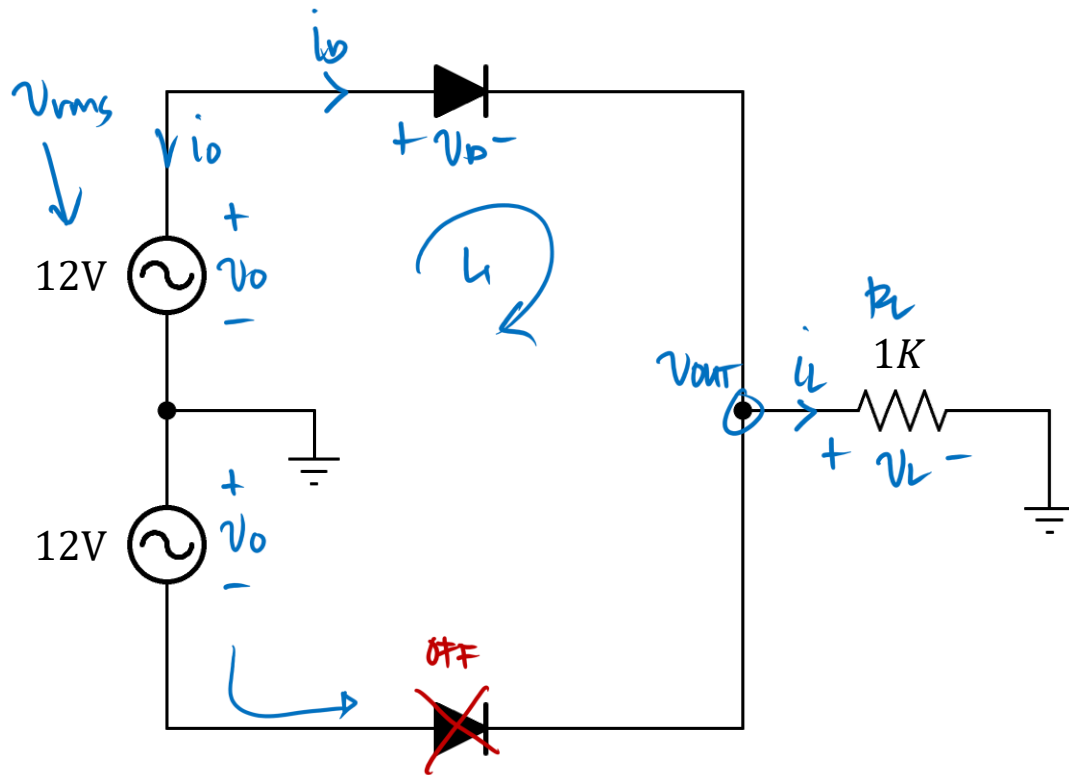
Output Frequency

$$f_{out} = 2f_{in}$$



EXERCISE

Sketch the waveform and determine the DC level of the output signal for the given circuit.



Solution

$$V_{rms} = \frac{V_p}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$V_p = V_{rms} \sqrt{2}$$

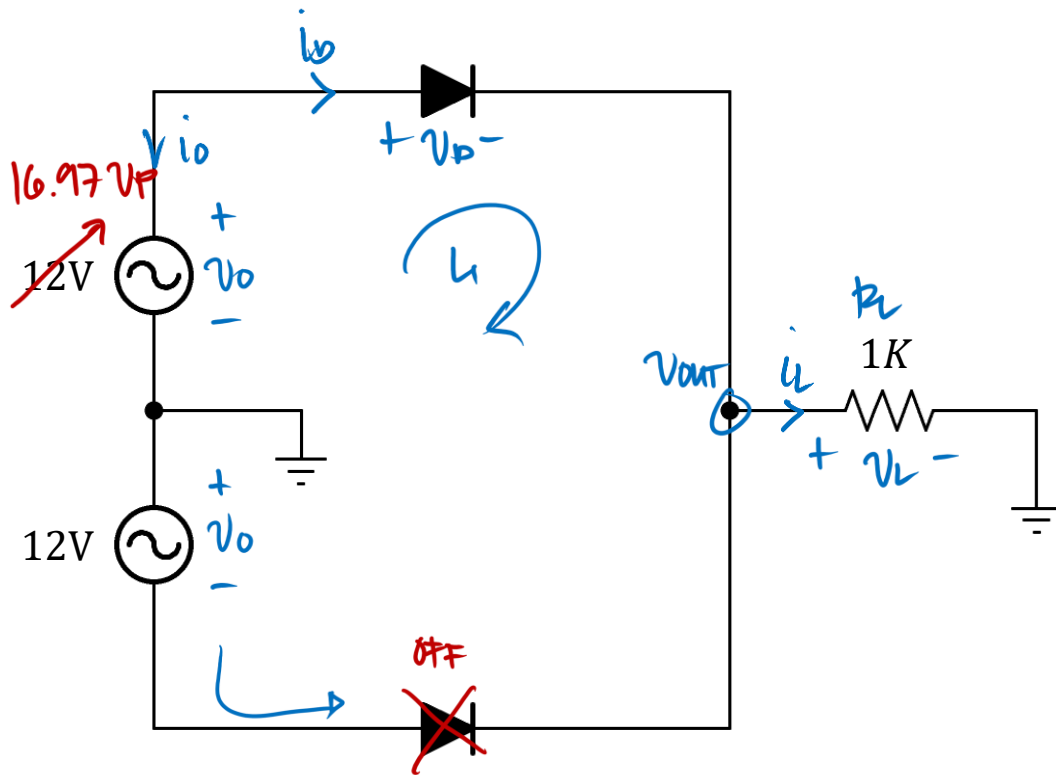
$$V_p = 12 \sqrt{2}$$

$$\underline{V_p = 16.97 \text{ V}}$$



EXERCISE

Sketch the waveform and determine the DC level of the output signal for the given circuit.



Solution

KVL @ L

$$-V_o + V_D + V_{out} = 0$$

$$V_{out} = V_o - V_D$$

$$V_{out} = 16.97 - 0.7$$

$$\underline{V_{out} = 16.27 V_p}$$

$$V_{DC} = \frac{2 V_p(out)}{\pi}$$

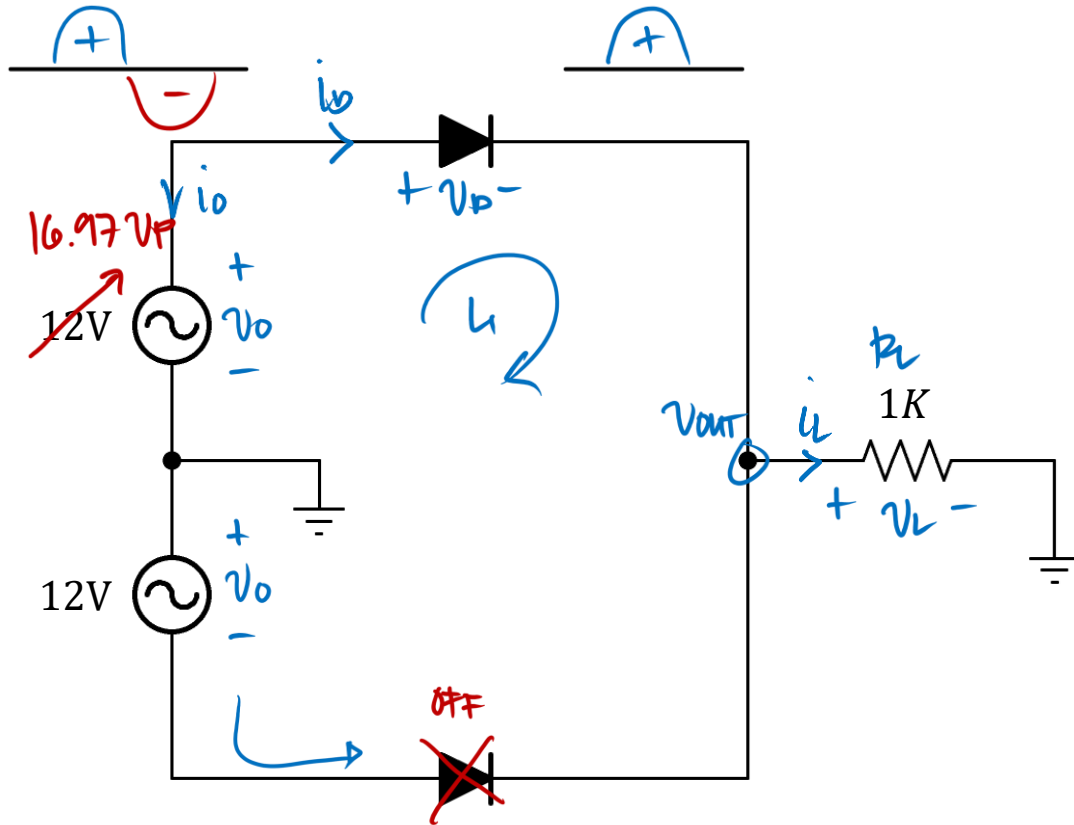
$$V_{DC} = \frac{2(16.27)}{\pi}$$

$$\boxed{V_{DC} = 10.36 V}$$

ans

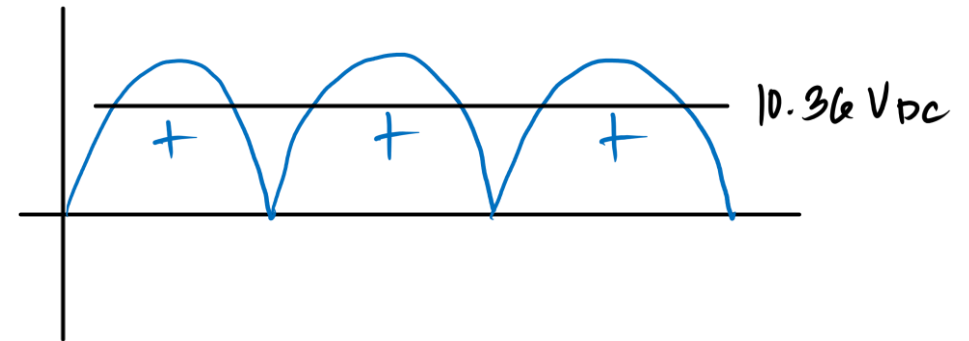
EXERCISE

Sketch the waveform and determine the DC level of the output signal for the given circuit.



Solution

Sketch



$$V_{DC} = \frac{2 V_p(\text{out})}{\pi}$$

$$V_{DC} = \frac{2(16.27)}{\pi}$$

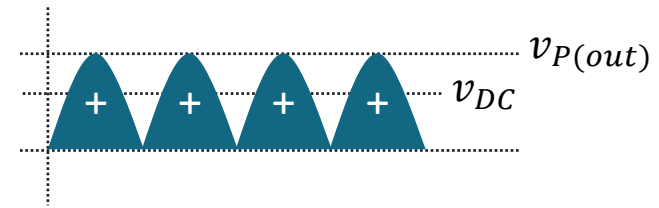
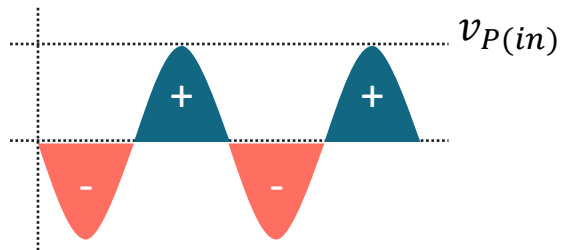
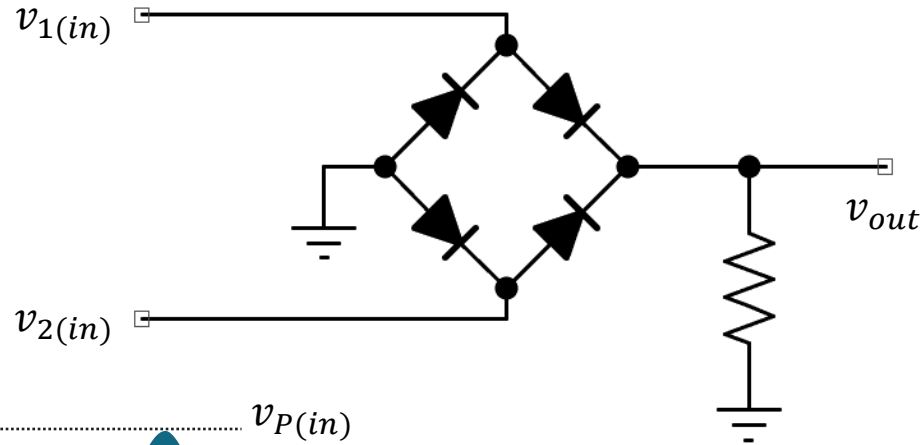
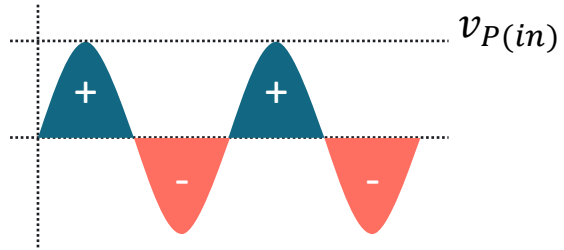
$$V_{DC} = 10.36 \text{ V}$$

ans

FULL-WAVE BRIDGE-TYPE RECTIFIER



FULL-WAVE BRIDGE-TYPE RECTIFIER



DC Level

$$v_{DC} = \frac{2v_{P(out)}}{\pi}$$

Output Frequency

$$f_{out} = 2f_{in}$$

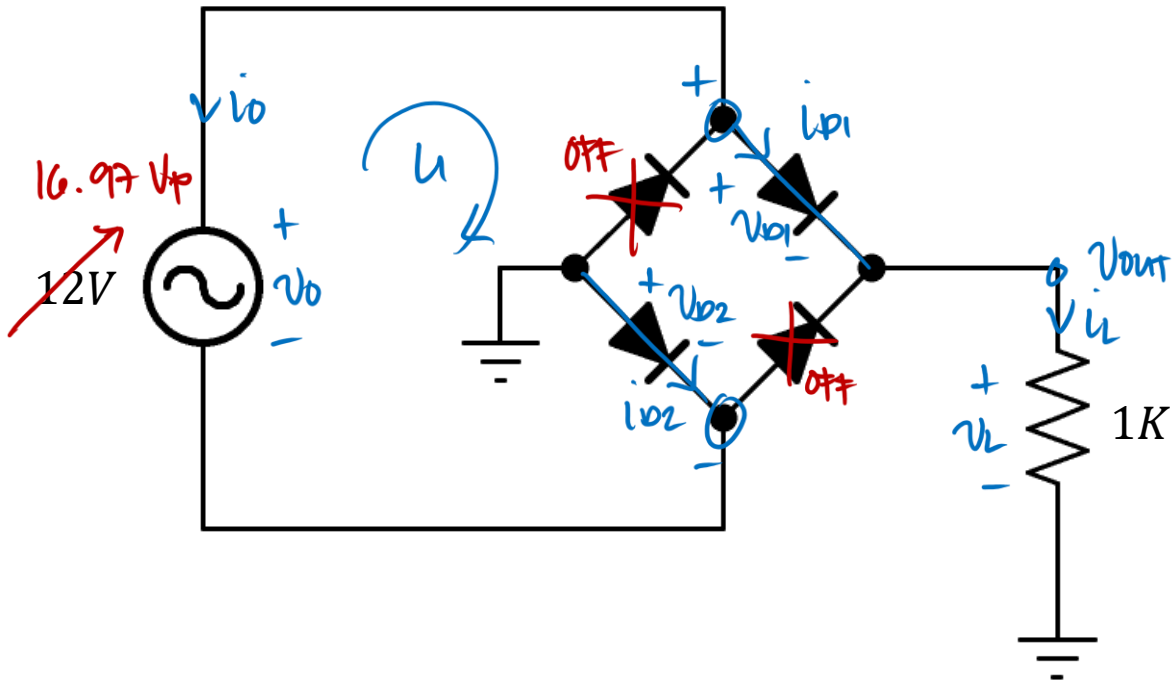
note

Two diodes are ON every half-cycle.



EXERCISE

Sketch the waveform and determine the DC level of the output signal for the given circuit.



Solution

KVL @ L1

$$-v_o + v_{D1} + v_{out} + v_{D2} = 0$$

$$v_{out} = v_o - v_{D1} - v_{D2}$$

$$v_{out} = 16.97 - 0.7 - 0.7$$

$$\underline{v_{out} = 15.57 V_p}$$

$$v_{DC} = \frac{2 V_{p(out)}}{\pi}$$

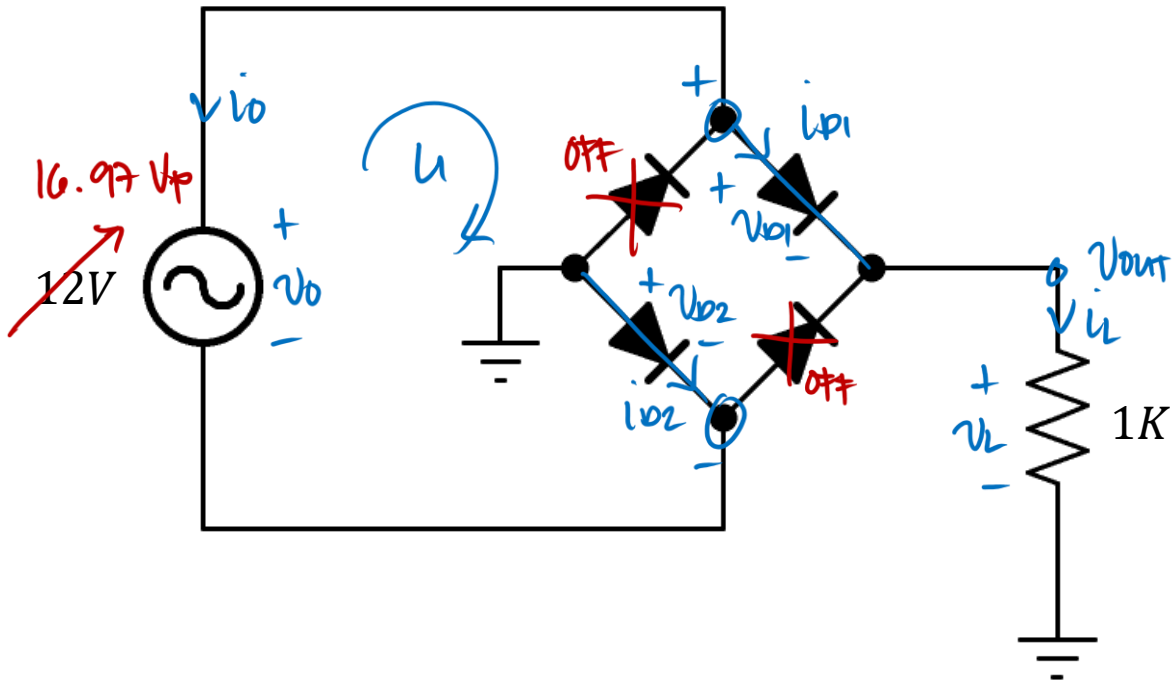
$$v_{DC} = \frac{2(15.57)}{\pi}$$

$$\boxed{v_{DC} = 9.91 V}$$

ans

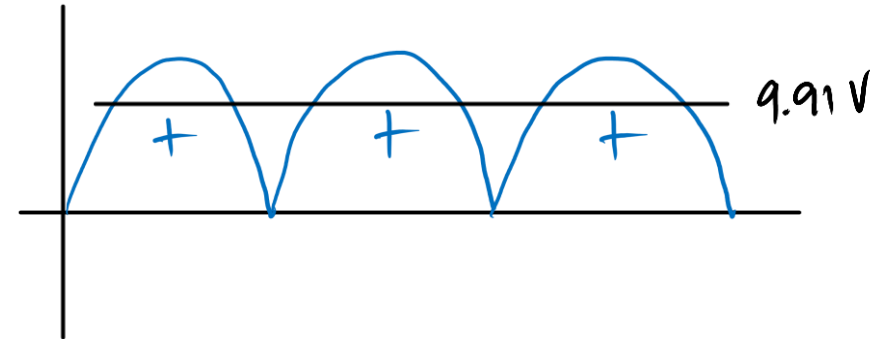
EXERCISE

Sketch the waveform and determine the DC level of the output signal for the given circuit.



Solution

Sketch



$$V_{DC} = \frac{2 V_{P(out)}}{\pi}$$

$$V_{DC} = \frac{2(15.57)}{\pi}$$

$$V_{DC} = 9.91 V$$

ans

LABORATORY

