TRANSISTOR-TRANSISTOR LOGIC

TRANSISTOR SWITCH IN DIGITAL LOGIC



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TOPIC OUTLINE

The Transistor Switch

7404 TTL Inverter

7432 TTL OR Gate

7408 TTL AND Gate



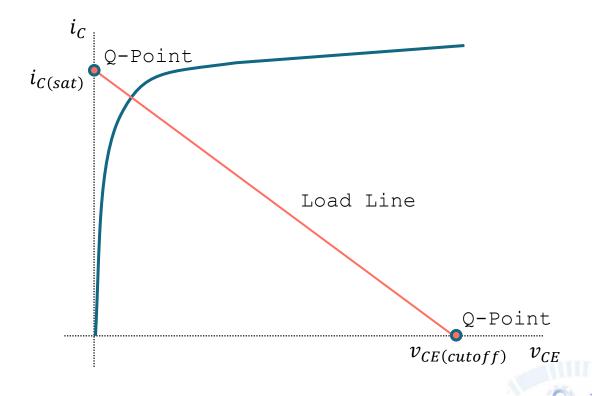
THE TRANSISTOR SWITCH



TTL INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

Transistor-Transistor Logic (TTL) is one of the most widely used integrated-circuit technologies. TTL integrated circuits use a combination of several transistors, diodes, and resistors integrated together in a single package.

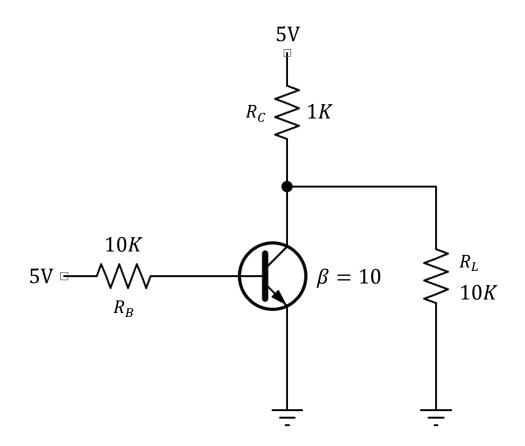
Transistor as a switch



INVERTER

The 10:1 Design Rule

The transistor is in hard saturation when $V_{BB} = V_{CC}$ then $R_B = 10R_C$.



Base current

Collector current

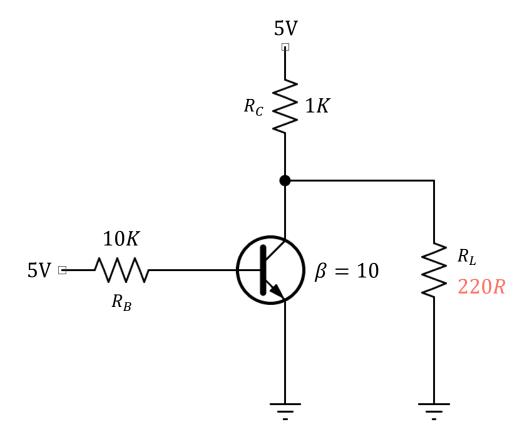
Collector-Emitter voltage



INVERTER

The 10:1 Design Rule

The transistor is in hard saturation when $V_{BB} = V_{CC}$ then $R_B = 10R_C$.



Saturation Region

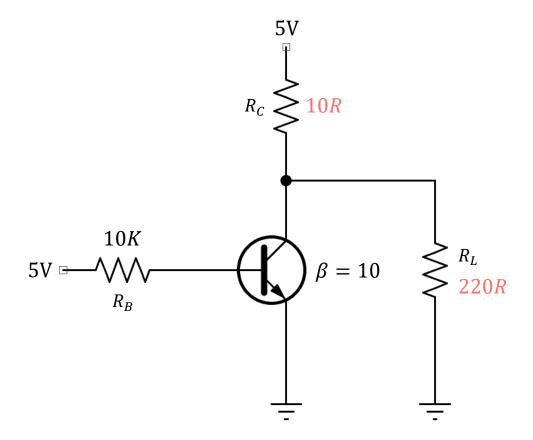
Cutoff Region



INVERTER

The 10:1 Design Rule

The transistor is in hard saturation when $V_{BB} = V_{CC}$ then $R_B = 10R_C$.



Saturation Region

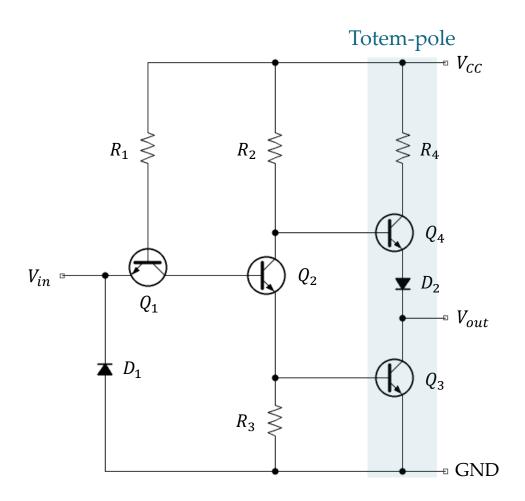
Cutoff Region



741 TTL SERIES



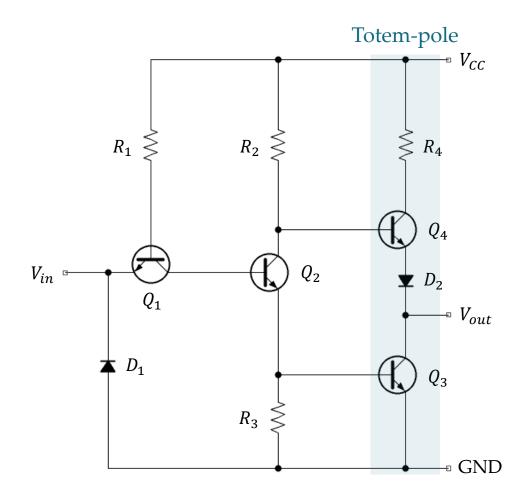
TOTEM-POLE ARRANGEMENT



A <u>totem-pole arrangement</u> is a type of output stage in TTL (Transistor-Transistor-Logic) circuits, where two transistors are connected in a <u>stacked</u> configuration to actively drive the output.

In this arrangement, when <u>one transistor is ON</u>, the <u>other is OFF</u>, ensuring that the output is either strongly pulled high or low, but never both simultaneously.

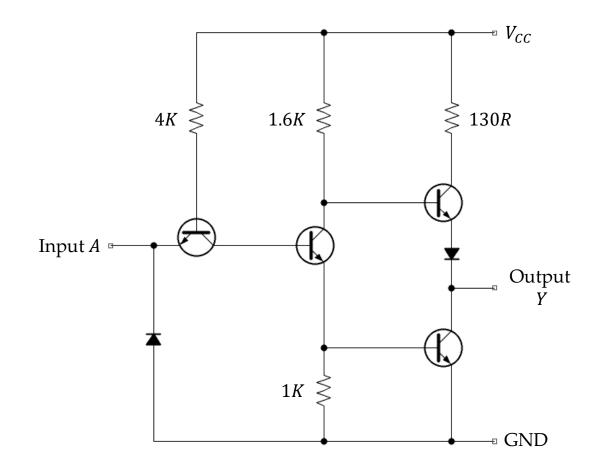
TOTEM-POLE ARRANGEMENT





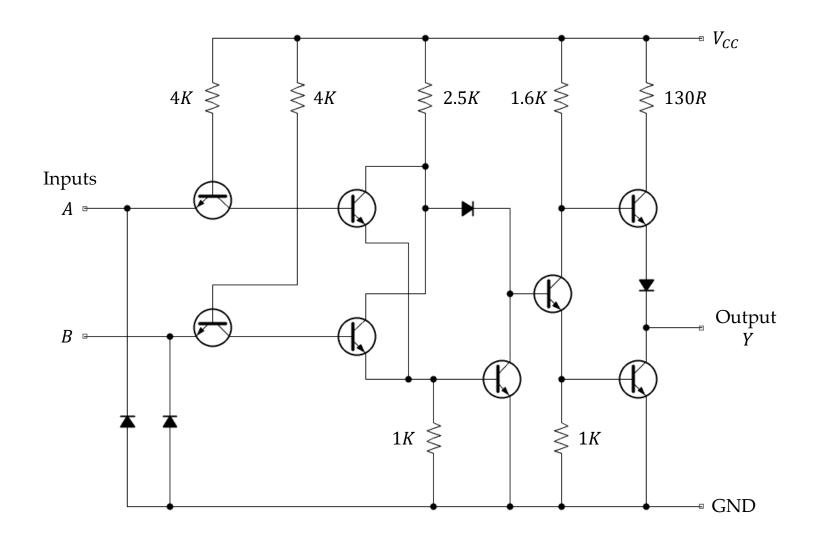
Totem-pole serves as public monuments symbolizing family heritage, social status, and cultural identity.

7404 TTL INVERTER



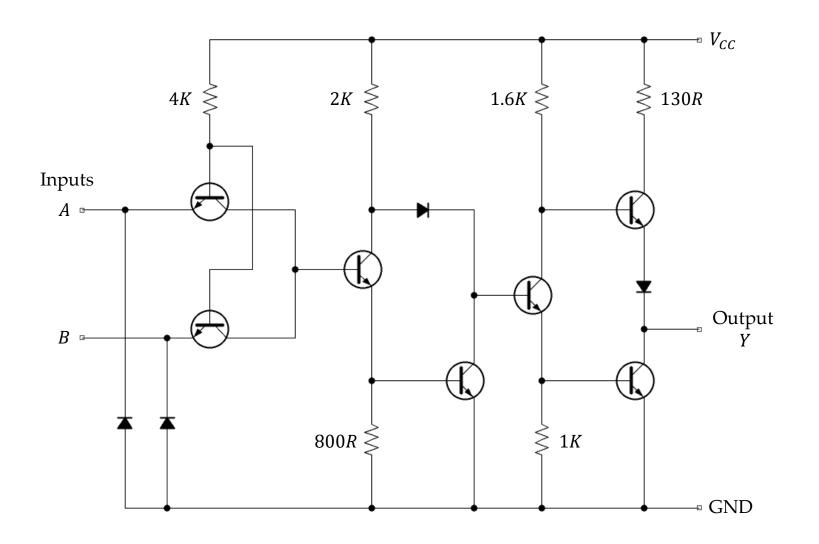


7432 TTL OR GATE





7408 TTL AND GATE





LABORATORY

