



# HALF AND FULL ADDERS

## COMBINATIONAL LOGIC CIRCUITS

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# TOPIC OUTLINE

Half-Adder

Full-Adder



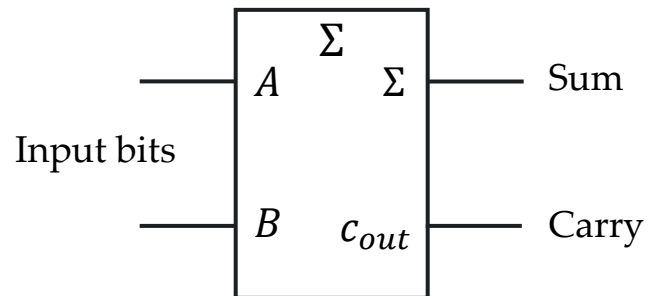
# HALF-ADDER



# HALF-ADDER

The half-adder accepts two binary digits on its inputs and produces two binary digits on its outputs – a sum bit and a carry bit.

## Logic Symbol



## Truth Table

$A$	$B$	$C_{out}$	$\Sigma$
0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1
1	0	0	1
1	1	1	0



## EXERCISE

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Using the truth table of a half-adder, derive and synthesize the minimized expressions for both the Sum and Carry outputs.

Solution

Truth Table

$A$	$B$	$C_{out}$	$\Sigma$
0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1
1	0	0	1
1	1	1	0



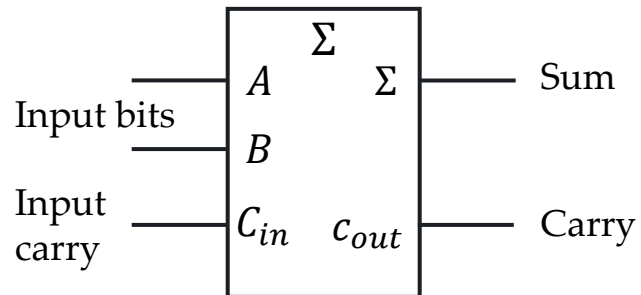
# FULL-ADDER



# FULL-ADDER

The full-adder accepts two input bits and an input carry and generates a sum output and an output carry.

## Logic Symbol



## Truth Table

$A$	$B$	$C_{in}$	$C_{out}$	$\Sigma$
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	1
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	1

## EXERCISE

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Using the truth table of a full-adder, derive and synthesize the minimized expressions for both the Sum and Carry outputs.

Solution

$A$	$B$	$C_{in}$	$C_{out}$	$\Sigma$
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	1
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	1





## EXERCISE

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Create a block-level representation of a 2-bit binary adder using full-adder modules.

Solution



## EXERCISE

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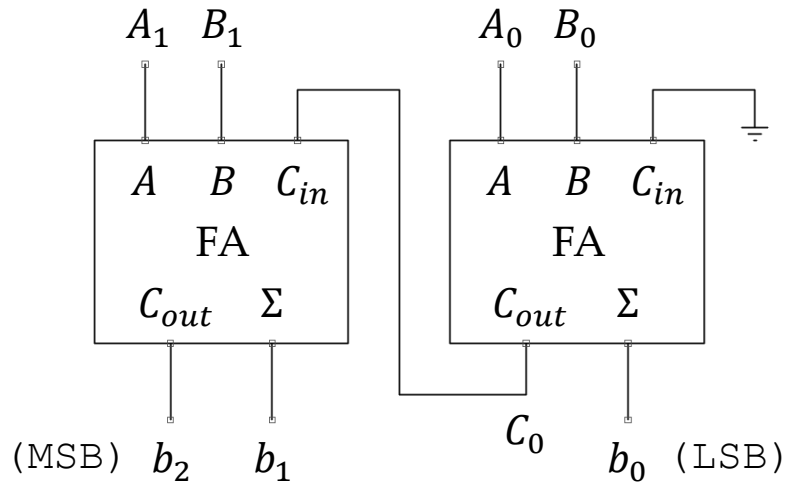
Create a block-level representation of a 3-bit binary adder using full-adder modules.

Solution



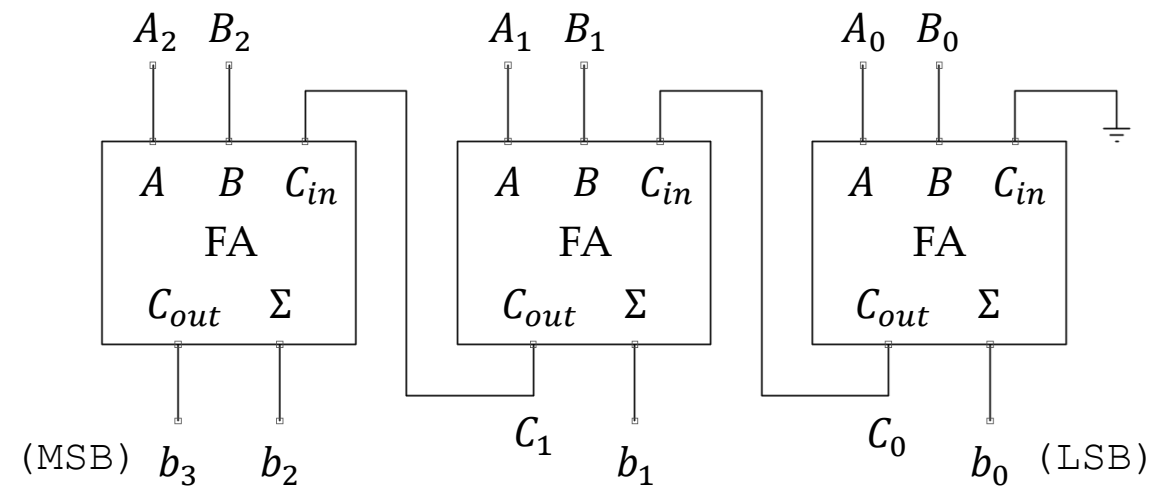
# PARALLEL BINARY ADDERS

## 2-bit Parallel Adder



$$\begin{array}{r} C_1 \ C_0 \\ A_1 \ A_0 \\ B_1 \ B_0 \\ \hline b_2 \ b_1 \ b_0 \end{array}$$

## 3-bit Parallel Adder



$$\begin{array}{r} C_2 \ C_1 \ C_0 \\ A_2 \ A_1 \ A_0 \\ B_2 \ B_1 \ B_0 \\ \hline b_3 \ b_2 \ b_1 \ b_0 \end{array}$$



## EXERCISE

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Synthesize a 2-bit parallel binary adder without utilizing XOR or XNOR gates, and design a corresponding printed circuit board (PCB) layout for its implementation.

Solution



# LABORATORY

