

TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

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TOPIC OUTLINE

Derivative of Trigonometric Functions

- sine
- cosine
- tangent
- cotangent
- secant
- cosecant



DERIVATIVE OF TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS



RECIPROCAL AND RATIO IDENTITIES

$$\csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{1}{\tan \theta}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$$



PYTHAGOREAN IDENTITIES

$$\cos^2\theta + \sin^2\theta = 1$$

$$1 + \tan^2\theta = \sec^2\theta$$

$$1 + \cot^2\theta = \csc^2\theta$$

SINE

Differentiate $y = \sin x + 5$.

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) = \cos x$$

Evaluate $\frac{d}{dx}(3\sin x)$.



COSINE

Differentiate $y = \cos x + 5$.

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\cos x) = -\sin x$$

if $u = -\cos x$, find $\frac{du}{dx}$.



TANGENT

Differentiate $y = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$.

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\tan x) = \sec^2 x$$



COTANGENT

Differentiate $y = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$.

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\cot x) = -\csc^2 x$$



SECANT

Differentiate $y = \frac{1}{\cos x}$.

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sec x) = \sec x \tan x$$



COSECANT

Differentiate $y = \frac{1}{\sin x}$.

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\csc x) = -\csc x \cot x$$



EXERCISE

Differentiate $y = x^2 \sin x$.

Solution



EXERCISE

Differentiate $y = \sqrt{x} \sin x$.

Solution



EXERCISE

Differentiate $y = 3x^2 - 2 \cos x$.

Solution



EXERCISE

If $u(x) = \frac{\cos x}{1-\sin x}$, find $\frac{du(x)}{dx}$.

Solution



EXERCISE

Evaluate $\frac{d}{d\theta} \left(\frac{\sec \theta}{1 + \sec \theta} \right)$.

Solution



EXERCISE

Differentiate $g(t) = 4 \sec t + \tan t$.

Solution



EXERCISE

Differentiate $f(\theta) = \frac{\sec \theta}{1 + \tan \theta}$.

Solution



EXERCISE

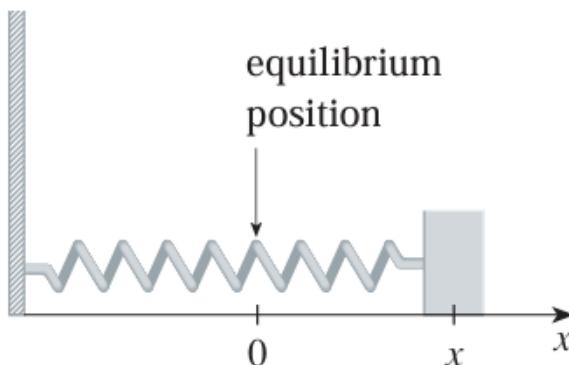
A mass on a spring vibrates horizontally on a smooth level surface (see figure). Its equation of motion is

$x(t) = 8 \sin t$, where t is in seconds and x in centimeters.

a. Find the velocity at time t

b. Find the position of the mass at time $t = \frac{2\pi}{3}$

Solution



LABORATORY