



$$V_2 = P_2 - P_1$$

$$c = \frac{v_1^T V_2}{\|V_2\|} - 1 = \cos \alpha - 1$$

$$\dot{c} = \frac{v_1^T \dot{V}_2 + v_2^T \dot{V}_1}{\|V_2\|} - \frac{v_1^T V_2 (v_2^T \dot{V}_2)}{(v_2^T V_2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\ddot{c} = \left[\frac{(v_1^T \ddot{V}_2 + \dot{v}_2^T \dot{V}_1)}{\|V_2\|} - \frac{v_1^T V_2 (v_2^T \ddot{V}_2)}{(v_2^T V_2)^{3/2}} \right] \dot{c}$$

$$\dot{V}_2 = \dot{P}_2 - \dot{P}_1$$

$$\dot{V}_{1c} = k_c \times V_1$$

$$\dot{V}_2 = \dot{P}_2 - \dot{P}_1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \ddot{c} = & \frac{\ddot{v}_1^T V_2 + v_1^T \ddot{V}_2 + \dot{v}_2^T \dot{V}_1 + v_2^T \ddot{V}_1}{\|V_2\|} - \frac{[v_1^T \dot{V}_2 + v_2^T \dot{V}_1](v_2^T \dot{V}_2)}{(v_2^T V_2)^{3/2}} \\ & - \frac{[\dot{v}_1^T V_2 + \dot{v}_2^T V_1] v_2^T \dot{V}_2}{(v_2^T V_2)^{3/2}} - \frac{v_1^T V_2 \dot{v}_2^T \dot{V}_2}{(v_2^T V_2)^{3/2}} - \frac{v_1^T V_2 v_2^T \ddot{V}_2}{(v_2^T V_2)^{3/2}} + \\ & + \frac{3(v_1^T V_2) v_2^T \dot{V}_2 (v_2^T \dot{V}_2)}{(v_2^T V_2)^{5/2}} \end{aligned}$$