

Equisetaceae

Page 78, Volume I

Issue: Authority for *Equisetum hymale* L. var. *affine* erroneously attributed to (Engelmann) Calder & Roy L. Taylor

Correction: Authority should read: (Engelmann) A.A. Eaton

Pinaceae

Pages 116, Volume I

Issue: Omission of units for leaf length.

Correction: Description should read **Leaves** 1-2.5 cm X 1-3 mm

Amaryllidaceae

Pages 134, 141, Volume I

Issue: Exclusion of a taxon from the flora

Correction: Omit taxon from key and its description

Allium obtusum var. *obtusum* – New evidence concludes that this taxon does not occur in Oregon.

Pages 135, Volume I

Issue: Description of *Allium acuminatum* erroneously reads: Umbels 10-40 flowered.

Correction: Should read: Umbels (10)20-60(90) flowered.

Asparagaceae

Page 163, Volume I

Issue: Incorrect wording in key to *Muscari* species

Correction: Lead 1. should read: Inflorescences 10-20-flowered; flowers equal to or longer than pedicels; pedicels 1-4(5) mm.....*M. botryoides*

Cyperaceae

Page 168, Volume I

Issue: Leads 14. and 14' are incorrect.

Correction: Leads should read as follows:

14. Inflorescence bracts several, spreading, leaf-like; bracts and leaf blades flat (folded if wilted), with prominent midrib forming keel; inflorescences obviously terminal

14' Inflorescence bract 1, erect, looking like an extension of the stem; leaf blades tubular, triangular, V-shaped, or curved to flat in cross section but not prominently keeled; inflorescences terminal or appearing lateral

Page 249, Volume I

Issue: Incorrect wording in key to *Schoenoplectus* species

Correction: Lead 2. should read: Culms triangular in cross section; spikes 150+, sessile or on branches.

Juncaceae

Pages 268, 276, Volume I

Issue: section of key needs replacement

Correction: The key to subspecies following the *Juncus effusus* description should be replaced with the following key. In addition, Group 2, lead 11 of the key to species, should also read:

11. Upper sheath apices usually strongly asymmetrical on fruiting stems.
12. Sheath apices thickened, with raised (convex) rims; sheaths usually dark brown to black; fruiting stems stout, usually 2–3.5 mm diameter above sheath..... ***J. effusus* ssp. *pacificus***
- 12' Sheath apices thin with broad membranous wings, flattened and lacking raised rims; sheaths green (fresh) to pale or medium brown (dried); fruiting stems slender, usually 0.8–1.9 mm diameter above sheath..... ***J. hesperius***
- 11' Upper sheath apices usually symmetrical on fruiting stems.
13. Visible stem ridges 6–16 per side (10×), low and relatively coarse or wide when dried; proximal sheaths smooth (10×); fruiting stems slender, 0.6–2.6 mm diameter above sheath; tepals usually with medium to dark brown stripes; native.
14. Distal half of distal sheaths green to pale brown, thin, dull, nerves prominent, apices thin, slightly inrolled towards stem..... ***J. exiguus***
- 14' Distal half of distal sheaths medium brown, dark brown or black, thick and glossy, nerves obscure, apices thickened, not inrolled..... ***J. laccatus***
- 13' Visible stem ridges usually 18–26 per side (10×), slender and relatively inconspicuous when dried; proximal sheaths papillose (10×); fruiting stems stout, 2.2–4.9 mm diameter above sheath; tepals usually pale brown; introduced.
15. Tepals spreading or curving away from capsules; upper sheaths 6–14 cm long, margins often dark-banded; sheaths clasping stems, sheath margins overlapping 2–4 cm from apices..... ***J. effusus* ssp. *effusus***
- 15' Tepals erect, pressed to capsules; upper sheaths usually 15–27 cm, margins pale; sheaths often not clasping stems, margins often split to base and not overlapping, loose, flattened or unrolled..... ***J. effusus* ssp. *solutus***

Liliaceae

Page 300, Volume I

Issue: *Fritillaria camschatcensis* is now considered a native species, rather than an exotic waif. It will usually key most closely to *F. affinis*. It differs from *F. affinis*, however, by having dark greenish brown to brownish purple tepals and an unpleasant odor to the flowers.

Correction: Insert the following species description:

Fritillaria camschatcensis (Linnaeus) Ker Gawler

Stems 15–55 cm. **Leaves** in whorls of 5–9 per nod, 4–10 cm long; blades narrowly or broadly lanceolate. **Flowers** cup-shaped; perianth segments oblong-elliptic to ovate-elliptic, 2–3 cm, having dark greenish brown to brownish purple, occasionally spotted or streaked with yellow; nectaries obscure, equaling perianth length; style branched $\frac{2}{3}$ its length.

Fruits capsules not winged. **2n**=24, 36. Meadows, moist areas. Flowering March–June.

0–500 m. CR, WV, WA; north to AK. Native.

Page 308, Volume I

Issue: *Prosartes parvifolia* was inadvertently excluded from the flora. It is similar to *P. hookeri*, but differs in having glandular-hairy stems, leaves and pedicels.

Correction: Insert the following species description:

Prosartes parvifolia S. Watson

Plants 30–90 cm. **Stems** 25–80 cm, glandular-hairy. **Leaves** 2–6 X 1–3.5 cm; leaf blade ovate to lanceolate, surfaces and margins glandular-hairy, apex acuminate. **Inflorescences** 1–4-flowered. **Pedicels** glandular-hairy. **Flowers** bell- to somewhat funnel-shaped; tepals oblanceolate, 7–11 mm, white to greenish-white; stamens exposed, anthers longer

than filaments; ovules 2; style hairy at base. **Fruits** ovoid to nearly spheric, 9-13 mm orange to orangish-red. **Seeds** 4-6 per fruit. Forests, roadsides. Flowering May-June.
500-1600 m. Sisk. CA. Native.

Poaceae

Page 331-332, Volume I

Issue: *Pleuropogon* will key out to lead 4. rather than 4'

Correction: *Pleuropogon* differs from *Bromus* and *Melica* (the two other genera under lead 4.) by its spikelets that are 20-40 mm long, inflorescences that are one-sided racemes and lemmas that are awned.

Page 340, Volume I

Issue: Lead 22 missing information after "...awn of the upper floret..."

Correction: The lead should read: Spikelets with 2(3) florets, the awn of the lower lemma distinctly different from the awn of the upper floret or missing, or the upper florets awnless.

Page 447, Volume I

Issue: Description of *Phragmites australis* incorrectly reads: Inflorescences 15-35 cm x 8-20 mm.

Correction: Should read: Inflorescences 15-35 x 8-20 cm.

Page 454, Volume I

Issue: The discussion of *Agrostis castellana* incorrectly reads: *Agrostis castellana* is the least common of the introduced bentgrasses.

Correction: Remove sentence.

Page 454, Volume I

Issue: Description of *Agrostis stolonifera* reads: Paleas 0.7-1.4 mm, at least as long as the lemmas..

Correction: Should read: Paleas 0.7-1.4 mm, at least half as long as the lemmas.

Page 356, Volume I

Issue: Authority for *Alopecurus aequalis* is incorrect.

Correction: Authority should be Sobolewsky.

Page 365, Volume I

Issue: *Briza minor* has an erroneous dot, on the distribution map, in Grant County.

Correction: Remove the dot in Grant County and therefore omit occurrence of this species in the Blue and Wallowa Mountains ecoregion. Additionally, remove 'BW' from the description of the species' Oregon distribution.

Page 373, Volume I

Issue: *Bromus sitchensis* is a native species, not exotic, as listed in the description for the species.

Correction: Update the species description from 'exotic' to 'native'.

Page 436, Volume I

Issue: Description of *Muhlenbergia richardsonis* incorrectly reads: Inflorescences 1-1.5 X 0.1-1.7 cm.

Correction: Should read: Inflorescences 1-15 X 0.1-1.7 cm.

Page 428, Volume I

Issue: Description of *Leymus flavescens* incorrectly reads: pedicels up to 15 cm.

Correction: Should read: pedicels up to 15 mm.

Page 451, Volume I

Issue: Poa subkey 1, leads 6 to 9 are incorrectly ordered.

Correction: Correct version of Poa subkey 1, leads 6 to 9, as follows:

- 6. Calluses and/or lemmas scabrous or with hairs, at least on nerves.
- 7. Calluses with a crown of hairs 0.1–0.2 mm long; lemmas short-hairy on keels and marginal veins for the proximal 33–50% of their length, intercostal area glabrous or with very short hairs near the base.....***P. unilateralis* ssp. *pachypholis***
- 7' Calluses glabrous or with a crown of hairs 0.1–0.5 mm long; lemmas glabrous or the keels and marginal veins scabrous to short-hairy, intercostal regions similar to veins
.....***P. secunda***
- 6' Calluses glabrous; lemmas usually glabrous.
- 8. Lemmas 2.5–3 mm long and usually glabrous; keels and marginal veins rarely sparsely puberulent near the base, usually glabrous; glumes often equaling or exceeding upper florets; anthers 0.2–0.8 mm.....***P. lettermanii***
- 8' Lemmas 3–5.8 mm long, if less than 3 mm long lemmas short- to long-villous on the keels and marginal veins; glumes rarely equaling the upper florets; anthers (0.6)0.8–1.2(1.7) mm.
- 9. Lemmas 4.1–5.8 mm, glabrous to puberulent, narrowly lanceolate ...***P. suksdorfii***
- 9' Lemmas 3–4.6 mm, short- to long-villous on keels and marginal veins, lanceolate
.....***P. laxa***

Page 477, Volume 1

Issue: Illustration labels are switched for *Sclerochloa dura* and *Schedonorus arundinaceus*.

Correction: Replace the illustration label '*Sclerochloa dura*' with '*Schedonorus arundinaceus*'. Replace the illustration label '*Schedonorus arundinaceus*' with '*Sclerochloa dura*'.

Orchidaceae

Page 533, Volume I

Issue: Within Appendix 1, Table 2: Taxa Documented in Local Floras as Occurring in Oregon but Lacking a Voucher, *Platanthera michealii* was incorrectly listed.

Correction: The entry should be replaced with *Piperia michaeli*. The index, however, correctly lists *Piperia michaeli*.