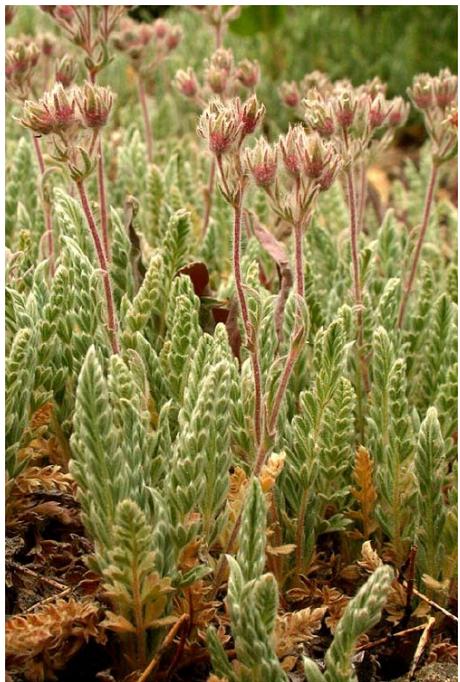


Horkelia hendersonii

Rosaceae

Henderson's horkelia



Norman Jensen

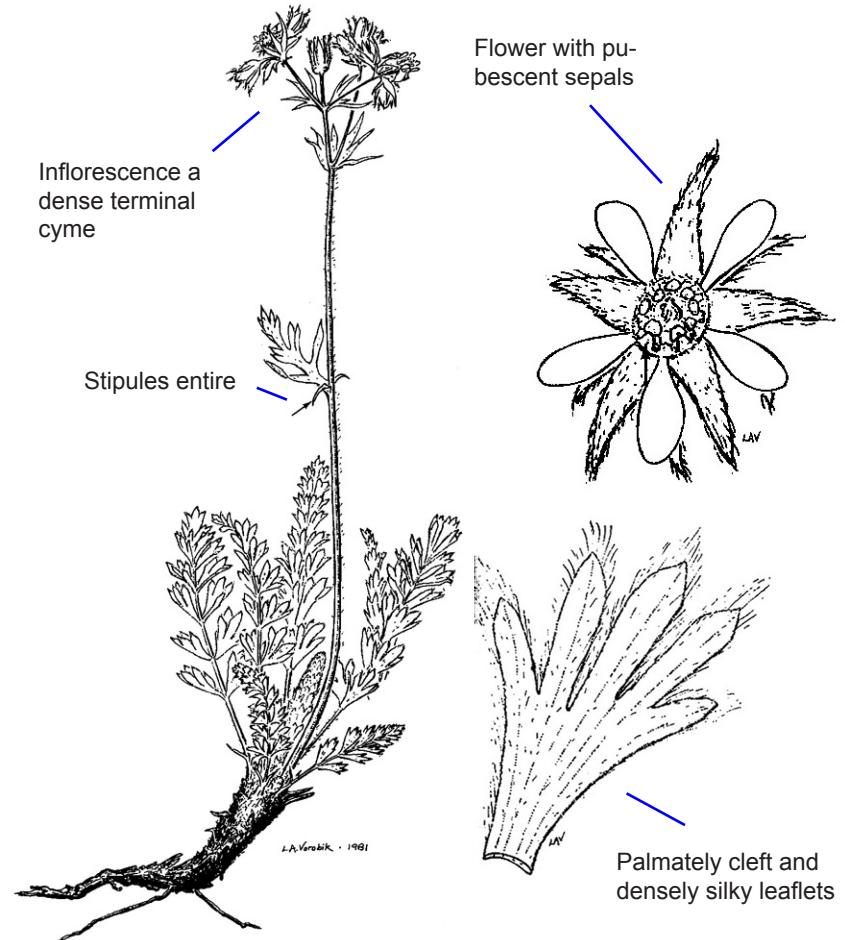


Norman Jensen

Wilbur L. Bluhm



best survey times
J | F | M | A | M | J | J | A | S | O | N | D



Illustrated by Linda Vorobik
From: Threatened and Endangered
Vascular Plants of Oregon (1982)
R. J. Meinke

Plant is perennial with a branching, woody crown. **Stems** simple, 10-15 cm tall, hirsute below, not glandular. **Leaves** densely silky, 4-6 cm long, compound, with 11-19 palmately cleft and rather crowded leaflets, stipules subulate and entire. **Inflorescence** a dense, terminal cyme, villous; caylx lobes broadly lanceolate, acuminate, petals oblong-linear, white or pink, filaments pubescent.

Lookalikes
Horkelia spp.

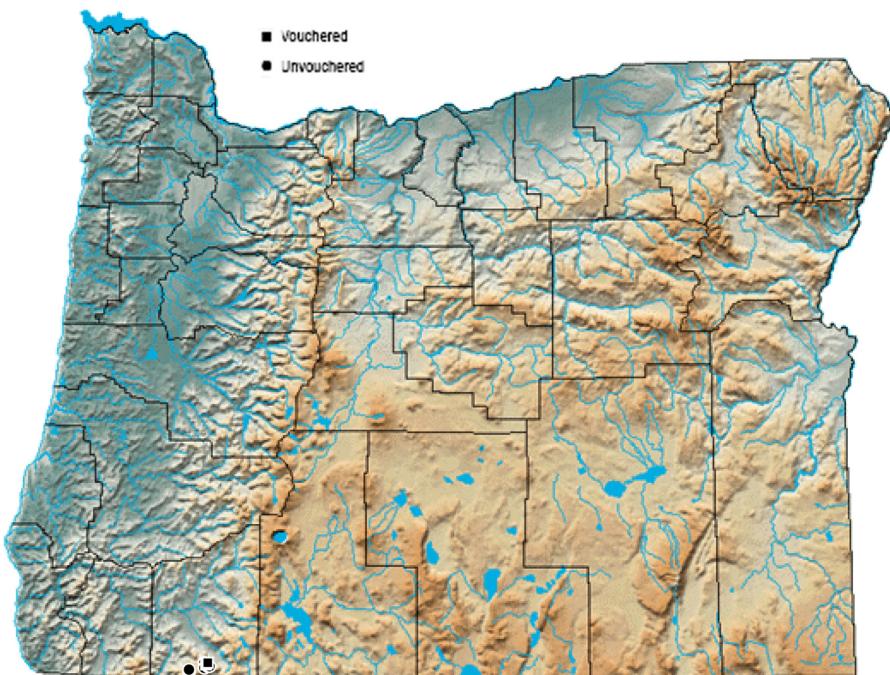
differs from featured plant by
Featured plant may be distinguished from other *Horkelia* species by its pubescent filaments, entire stipules, densely silky leaves, and its alpine habitat.

Horkelia hendersonii Howell

Henderson's horkelia

PLANTS symbol: HOHE2

August 2019 status Federal: SOC; ORBIC: List 1



Distribution: Siskiyou Mountains, Jackson County, Oregon.

Habitat: Granitic peaks at high elevation above tree line.

Elevation: 2280 m

Best survey time (in flower): June through August

Associated species:

Lupinus (Lupine)

Castilleja arachnoidea (Cobwebby paintbrush)

Trisetum (Oatgrass)

Erigeron compositus (Cutleaf daisy)

Penstemon davidsonii (Davidson's penstemon)

Tsuga mertensiana (Mountain hemlock)



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