## 1 Degree of Connectedness

We would like to have a measure of how well connected is the graph. Viewed as a whole, a network with a lot of disconnected cliques should score lower than a loosely connected network. From the perspective of a single player, this measure can be expressed as the expected mean indirect trust, defined incrementally as follows:

$$Tr(A) = \sum_{B \in \mathcal{V} \setminus \{A\}} Tr_{A \to B} \text{ (Total indirect trust for player } A)$$
 
$$ETr(A) = \frac{Tr(A)}{|\mathcal{V} \setminus \{A\}|} = \frac{Tr(A)}{|\mathcal{V}| - 1} \text{ (Expected indirect trust for player } A)$$
 
$$EMTr = \frac{1}{|\mathcal{V}|} \sum_{A \in \mathcal{V}} ETr(A) \text{ (Expected mean indirect trust)}$$

## 2 Centrality

Another important measure is the network centrality. We propose here some different measures to that end.

## 2.1 Degree Centrality

One possible approach is the degree centrality [Freeman citation], that can be broken down as in-degree and out-degree centrality. We first define the node in-degree centrality.

$$C_{in}\left(A\right) = \sum_{B \in \mathcal{V} \setminus \{A\}} DTr_{B \to A}^{1}$$
 (Node in-degree centrality)

Let  $A^* = \underset{A \in \mathcal{V}}{\operatorname{argmax}} C_{in}(A)$ . The network in-degree centrality is defined as:

$$C_{in} = \sum_{A \in \mathcal{V}} (C_{in}(A^*) - C_{in}(A))$$
 (Network in-degree centrality)

Similarly, for the out-degree centrality we have:

$$C_{out}\left(A\right) = \sum_{B \in \mathcal{V}\setminus\{A\}} DTr_{A\to B}^{1}$$
 (Node out-degree centrality)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Maybe indirect trust is more intuitive here than direct trust.

Let  $A^{*} = \operatorname{argmax} C_{out}(A)$ . The network out-degree centrality is defined

$$C_{out} = \sum_{A \in \mathcal{V}} \left( C_{out} \left( A^* \right) - C_{out} \left( A \right) \right)$$
 (Network out-degree centrality)

Here we can see several possible network health measures. A combination of them will probably do the job.

1. 
$$n := |\mathcal{V}|$$

2. 
$$e := |\mathcal{E}| - |\{A : DTr_{A \to A} > 0\}|^2$$

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$$n := |\mathcal{V}|$$
  
2.  $e := |\mathcal{E}| - |\{A : DTr_{A \to A} > 0\}|^2$   
3.  $\frac{e}{n}$   
4.  $DTr := \sum_{\substack{A,B \in \mathcal{V} \\ A \neq B^2}} DTr_{A \to B}$   
5.  $\mu := \frac{DTr}{n}$   
6.  $Cap := \sum_{\substack{A \in \mathcal{V} \\ A \in \mathcal{V}}} DTr_{A \to A}$ 

5. 
$$\mu := \frac{DT\eta}{n}$$

6. 
$$Cap := \sum_{A \in \mathcal{X}} DTr_{A \to A}$$

7. 
$$\frac{Cap}{n}$$

7. 
$$\frac{Cap}{n}$$
8.  $\frac{DTr-Cap}{n}$ 

Mean direct trust minus capital per player

9. 
$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{A \in \mathcal{V}} \left( \sum_{\substack{B \in V \\ B \neq A^2}} DTr_{A \to B} - \mu \right)^2$$
10. 
$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{B \in \mathcal{V}} \left( \sum_{\substack{A \in V \\ A \neq B^2}} DTr_{A \to B} - \mu \right)^2$$

How many players

How many direct trust lines Mean direct trust lines per player

How much direct trust in total

Mean direct trust per player Total capital

Mean capital per player

Outgoing direct trust variance

Incoming direct trust variance

Total capital to total direct trust ratio

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Maybe it makes sense to include looped direct trusts (Capital) as well.