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Angular Architecture

Take Angular Architecture to the CLEANers

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What is architecture?

Architecture Examples





EFFECTIVE ARCHITECTURE

- Experience
 - Knowledge, understanding
 - Analysis, design, planning
 - Technical Leadership
- Essentials
 - Tools and materials
- Execution
 - Plan, recipes
 - Guard the code

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Why does architecture matter?



CLEAN ARCHITECTURE

Use CLEAN code and architectural approaches.

CLEAN CODE

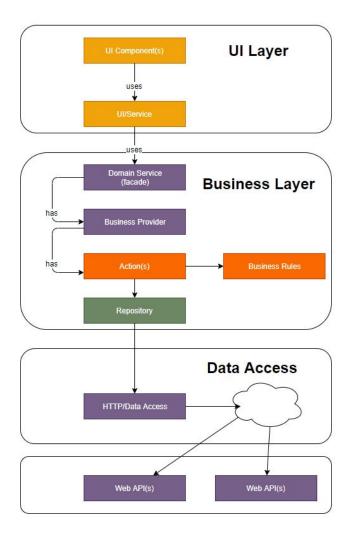
- Separation of Concerns
- Single Responsibility
- Clear boundaries between layers
- DRY Code
- Layered Architecture
- Design Patterns
- Object Oriented Practices

CLEAN ARCHITECTURE

- Layers
- Boundaries
- Inversion of Control (DI)
- ► Testable
- Independent (frameworks, UI, database)

Architecture HISTORY

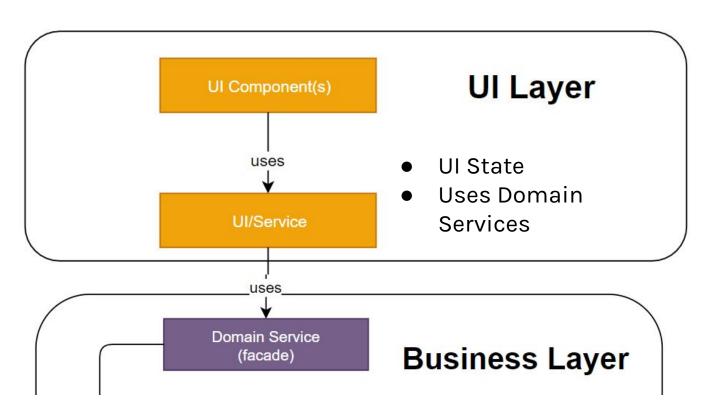
- Layers (n-tier)
- Hexagonal
- ► Clean
- Onion



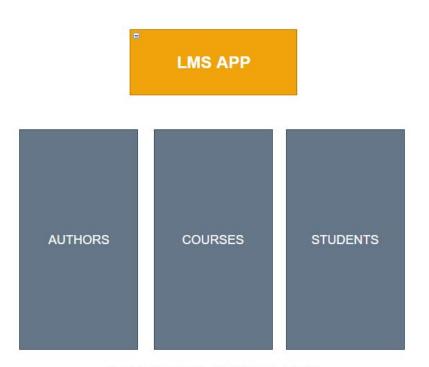
LAYERS SEPARATE CONCERNS

- Ul Concerns
- Domain Services
- Business Logic Concerns
 - Actions
 - Rules
- Data Repository Concern
- Data Provider Concern/HTTP

UI CONCERNS

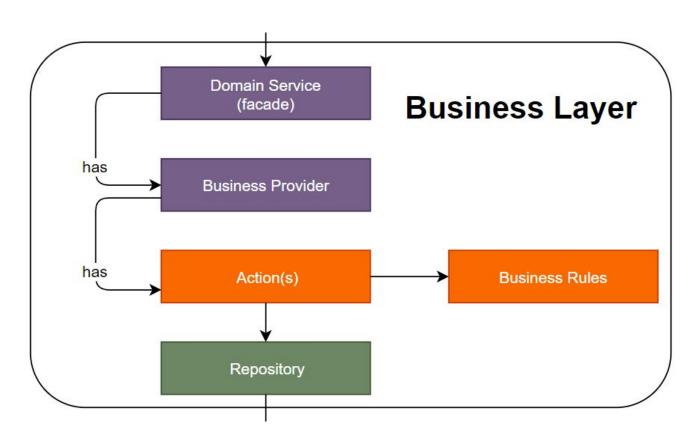


DOMAIN SERVICE CONCERNS



CORE DOMAIN LIBRARIES

DOMAIN SERVICE CONCERNS

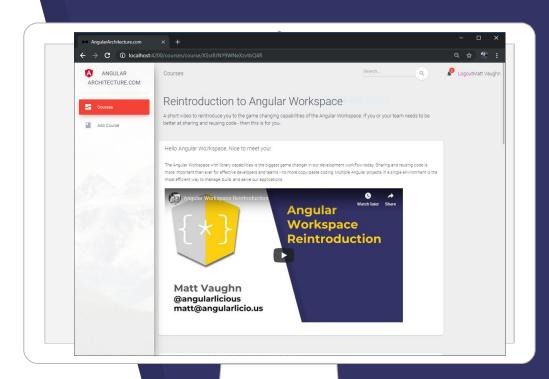


ONE-WAY DATA

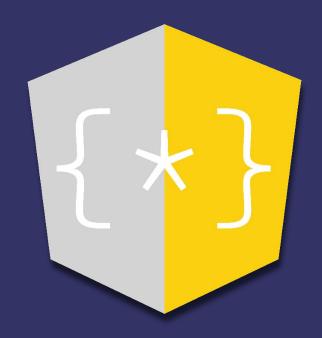
```
CONTAINER
                                                             UI SERVICE
     COMPONENT
*ngIf="showAuthor$ | async"
                                           author$: Observable<Author>
<app-cmpnt-two [author]="author$ | async"</pre>
                                           showAuthor$: Observable<boolean>
    PRESENTATION
                                           retrieveAuthor(id): Observable<Author>{...}
     COMPONENT
@Input() author: Author
                                                           CORE DOMAIN
<h3>Author information:</h3>
                                                             SERVICE
>
  {{ author.bio }}
                                           public retrieveAuthors(): Observable {
this.authors$ = this.authorCollection
                                                .snapshotChanges().pipe(...);
                                              return this.authors$;
```

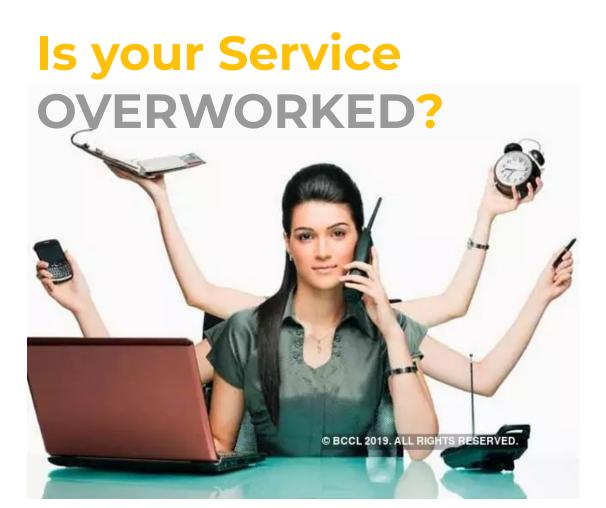


Let's review a workspace with an application and several library projects.



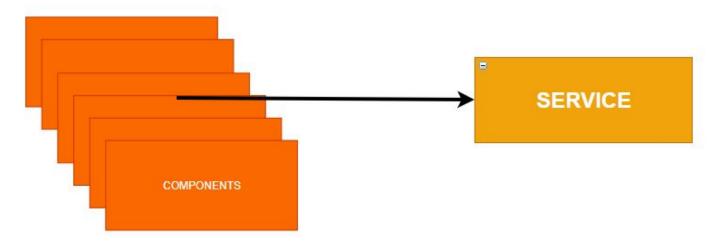
Using Libraries



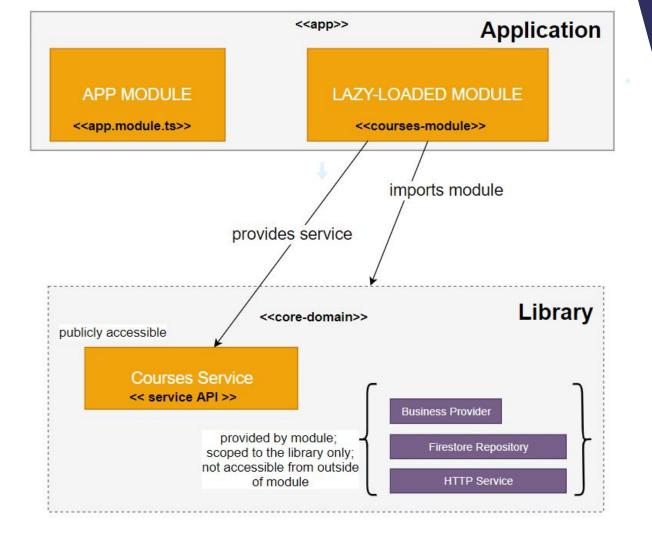


SERVICE OVERLOAD

CODE...



Many services are loaded down because they have to manage state, provide API-like methods, perform business logic, validate input, process business rules, make HTTP requests, handle responses, handle HTTP errors, log events, etc.



CODE...

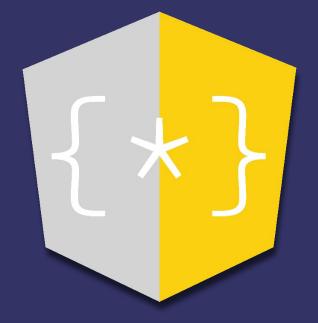
CUSTOM LIBRARIES

- Single Library Projects
- Angular Package Format
- Publishing and Consuming
- Versioning
- Not an efficient developer workflow

WHY LIBRARIES?

- Enables code reuse
- Maintenance
- Code Organization
- Publish and share

Library Types





DIFFERENT LIBRARY PROJECT TYPES

Cross-Cutting Concerns

Use to provide concerns that cross the boundaries of the application/domain: logging, error handling, configuration, etc.

Foundational

Use Object-Oriented programming to provide base classes for Angular Services, Components, Business Actions.

Components

A library for common components, pipes, and directives.

Feature Library

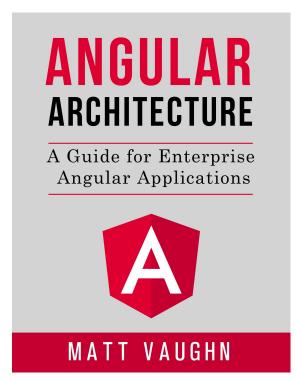
Use a library to encapsulate a feature library that can be used by multiple apps (security, shopping cart).

Core/Domain Library (Business Logic Layer)

Use a library to implement rich business logic layers that are accessed by service facades.

Framework

Create reusable frameworks to provide consistent implementation: rule engine, validators, business actions.

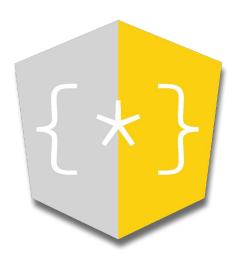




BOOK: http://bit.ly/DDD-ANGULAR-ARCHITECTURE

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Github: www.github/angularlicious



All of the resources for this mini-workshop are available at:

- GitHub/angularlicious
- Repo:
 - denver-dev-day-2019