## Reading Quiz 6

1. Describe how the Q and Q' outputs of an RS latch retain information.

By having Q and Q' feed into opposing Nor gates.

2. Explain why a DFF's output is equal to what it's input was one unit of time ago (why does out(t) = in(t-1)?). Hint: can you think of an illustrative metaphor?

Bacause the current output feeds back as the input in the next time step. (not sure of any metaphor)

3. What does it mean for a flip-flop to be level-triggered?

Level-triggered means that the flip-flop saves the value of the Data input when the Hold That Bit input is at a particular level.

4. What does it mean for a flip-flop to be edge-triggered?

An edge trigger causes the outputs to change only when the Clock makes a transition from 0 to 1.

1. How does a frequency divider get its name?

Because the frequency of the Q output is half that of the oscillator.

2. Do you enjoy converting decimals to binary?

No

3. Do you enjoy reading really long sequences of zeroes and ones?

4. What is it about the hexadecimal system that makes it a good 'fit' for representing bytes?

Each byte requires 2 hexadecimal digits.

5. Convert 19CFh to binary.

1100111001111