

## S-属性定义的SDT实现-1



## □基于分析树的语法制导翻译方案

```
L \rightarrow E \text{ n} \qquad \{print (E.val)\} \qquad \forall 1
E \rightarrow E_1 + T \quad \{E.val = E_1.val + T.val\} \forall 2
E \rightarrow T \qquad \{E.val = T.val\} \qquad \forall 3
T \rightarrow T_1 * F \quad \{T.val = T_1.val * F.val\} \forall 4
T \rightarrow F \qquad \{T.val = F.val\} \qquad \forall 5
F \rightarrow (E) \qquad \{F.val = E.val\} \qquad \forall 6
F \rightarrow \text{digit} \quad \{F.val = \text{digit.} lexval\} \qquad \forall 7
```

- · 语句8+5\*2的分析树如右
- ・深度优先可知动作执行顺序
  - V7<sub>1</sub>, V5<sub>1</sub>, V3, V7<sub>2</sub>, V5<sub>2</sub>, V7<sub>3</sub>, V4, V2

