# Study - AI Content in Amazon Reviews

September 12, 2023

# 1 Overview

Approximately 2,000 records of randomly selected Amazon.com Product Reviews from 2020 to date were processed through Originality.AI to determine the probability of AIContent. A series of experiments were performed on this data, to get more information about the relationship between AIContent and the different features of the reviews. This notebook describes some of the experiments done. The purpose of these experiments is to answer the following questions:

- 1. Is there a correlation between the severity of a review and the tested quantity of aiContent? Or in other words, are more extreme Reviews (5 very good or 1 very bad) more or less likely to have aiContent?
- 2. Is there any relationship between the helpfulness of a Review and its AIContent?
- 3. Has there been an increase in AIContent in Amazon reviews since the introduction of Chat GPT in the last Quarter of 2022?

```
[1]: # import custom helper functions
# also imports the usual package libraries like pandas, numpy, etc
from helperfiles import *
```

### 2 The Data

Almost 27K records of raw data were scraped from Amazon. The data was cleaned using the standard processes, and customer sensitive information was removed. Approximately 2K were processed by the through Originality.AI's state-of-the-art AI detector to provide viable records for analysis. Statistical tests were performed on the dataset to confirm that the data used for the analysis, was representative of the original raw data. This is detailed in the Appendix.

```
[2]: df = get_data_for_analysis()
  display(df.info())
  df.head()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 2120 entries, 0 to 2119
Data columns (total 12 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	date	2120 non-null	datetime64[ns]
1	isVerified	2120 non-null	bool

```
2
         productAsin
                                2120 non-null
                                                object
     3
         ratingScore
                                2120 non-null
                                                int64
     4
         reviewDescription
                                2120 non-null
                                                object
     5
         totalCategoryRatings
                                2120 non-null
                                                int64
     6
         totalCategoryReviews
                                2120 non-null
                                                int64
     7
         productGroup
                                2120 non-null
                                                object
     8
         averageRating
                                2120 non-null
                                                float64
                                                float64
         goodreadsRating
                                250 non-null
     10 helpfulCount
                                2120 non-null
                                                int64
     11 aiContent
                                2120 non-null
                                                float64
    dtypes: bool(1), datetime64[ns](1), float64(3), int64(4), object(3)
    memory usage: 184.4+ KB
    None
[2]:
                   isVerified productAsin ratingScore
             date
     0 2020-09-10
                        False B08834PLZR
     1 2020-09-05
                        False B08834PLZR
                                                      4
                         True B08834PLZR
                                                      3
     2 2022-01-30
     3 2022-01-30
                         True B08834PLZR
                                                      3
     4 2022-10-22
                         True BOB433X9TW
                                         reviewDescription totalCategoryRatings \
     O You kind of know when you buy something like S...
                                                                            955
     1 These earring are beautiful . The Swarovski Ci...
                                                                            955
     2 Comme pour une autre paire commandée ces jours...
                                                                            358
     3 Servizio Amazon impeccabile, spedizione veloci...
                                                                            358
     4 I bought this for my 8 year old niece because ...
                                                                             65
        totalCategoryReviews productGroup
                                            averageRating goodreadsRating
     0
                         126
                                                      4.6
                                   Jewelry
                                                                        NaN
     1
                         126
                                   Jewelry
                                                      4.6
                                                                        NaN
     2
                          50
                                                      4.6
                                   Jewelry
                                                                        NaN
     3
                          50
                                   Jewelry
                                                      4.6
                                                                        NaN
                          27
                                   Jewelry
                                                      4.6
                                                                        NaN
        helpfulCount
                      aiContent
     0
                   1
                         0.0004
     1
                   1
                         0.0001
     2
                  12
                         0.0010
     3
                         0.3676
                   1
                  11
                         0.0015
```

# 3 The Experiments

#### 3.1 Extreme reviews vs likelihood of aiContent

This experiment investigates if a review that is extremely rated (1 or 5) is more likely to have aiContent than a moderately rated (2, 3 or 4) review.

#### **3.1.1** Process:

- 1. the reviews are categorized into a ratingSeverity binary feature: Extreme (1s and 5s) or Moderate (2s, 3s, 4s)
- 2. visual analysis is performed by plotting the barplot of this feature against the aiContent.
- 3. statistical analysis is performed by the ANOVA (Analysis of Variance), the common method of comparing a categorical feature against a numerical feature.

```
[3]: from scipy.stats import spearmanr, kendalltau, pearsonr import math

[4]: # convert ratingScore into ratingSeverity category 'extreme', and 'moderate' def severe(ratingScore):
    ratingSeverity = 'Extreme (5 or 1)' if (ratingScore==5 or ratingScore==1)
    →else \

'Moderate (2, 3, or 4)'
```

```
'Moderate (2, 3, or 4)'
    return ratingSeverity
df['ratingSeverity'] = df['ratingScore'].apply(lambda x: severe(x))
df.head(3)
[4]: date isVerified productAsin ratingScore \
```

```
[4]: date isVerified productAsin ratingScore \
0 2020-09-10 False B08834PLZR 4
1 2020-09-05 False B08834PLZR 4
2 2022-01-30 True B08834PLZR 3
```

```
reviewDescription totalCategoryRatings \0 You kind of know when you buy something like S... 955 These earring are beautiful . The Swarovski Ci... 955
```

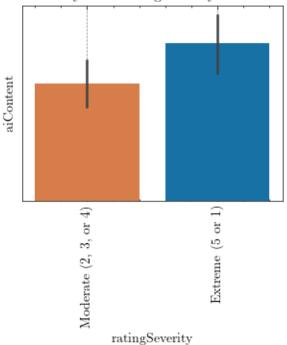
2 Comme pour une autre paire commandée ces jours... 358

	totalCategoryReviews	productGroup	averageRating	goodreadsRating	,
0	126	Jewelry	4.6	NaN	
1	126	Jewelry	4.6	NaN	
2	50	Jewelry	4.6	NaN	

```
helpfulCount aiContent ratingSeverity
0 1 0.0004 Moderate (2, 3, or 4)
1 1 0.0001 Moderate (2, 3, or 4)
2 12 0.0010 Moderate (2, 3, or 4)
```

[5]: # call the categorical testing function that plots the graph and performs the ANOVA test categorical\_testing(df, 'ratingSeverity')

Visual analysis of ratingSeverity vs aiContent

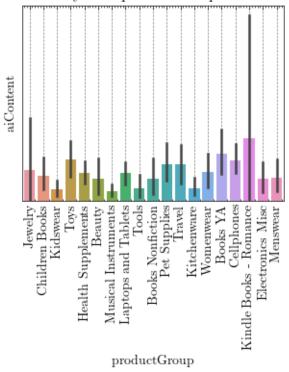


p value is 0.035614. aiContent and ratingSeverity are correlated.

## 3.1.2 Analysis of other categorical features

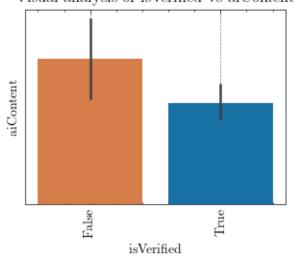
Other categorical features were tested/analyzed:

Visual analysis of productGroup vs aiContent



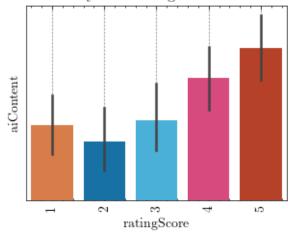
p value is 0.033937.
aiContent and productGroup are correlated.

Visual analysis of isVerified vs aiContent



p value is 0.023953. aiContent and isVerified are correlated.

Visual analysis of ratingScore vs aiContent



p value is 0.000317. aiContent and ratingScore are correlated.

### 3.1.3 Summary of Findings

- Extreme reviews (rated 1 and 5) are more likely to be detected with AI Content than moderate reviews (2, 3, 4).
- Verified reviews are less likely to be detected with AI Content.
- productGroup variation is not conclusive because of the overlapping between categories (e.g. a jewelry box item can be tagged under both Jewelry and Travel)

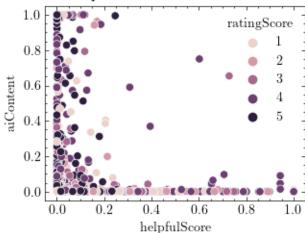
### 3.2 Helpfulness votes and AI Content

helpfulCount represents the votes that are given to a review by logged-in Amazon subscribers. This experiment wants to observe if there is any correlation between a review being widely regarded as helpful and its aiContent. It also considers the impact the age of the review has on its helpfulCount and therefore the correlation with aiContent.

#### **3.2.1** Process:

- 1. Standardizing to helpfulScore: Due to the wide variety of the sample data, the range of values of the helpfulCount of each record is extreme. To properly analyze this relationship, the helpfulCount has to be standardized against the total Ratings and total Reviews of the product item that is being reviewed.
- 2. Visualizing the relationship between helpfulScore and aiContent with a scatter plot.
- 3. Statistics testing with the 3 common correlation tests (Spearman's Rho, Kendall Tau, and Pearson R) to check for a correlation between these features.
- 4. Extracting the age of the review into a new feature days.
- 5. Performating visual and statistical analysis of days and helpfulScore by the methods describes in (2) and (3)
- 6. Creating an OLS model to analyze the multivariate relationship between the three features.

Standardized Helpfulness Count vs AI Content Probability



Results of the Spearman test: Correlation is -0.09055202781697204, with a p-value of 0.00003.

aiContent and helpfulScore are correlated.

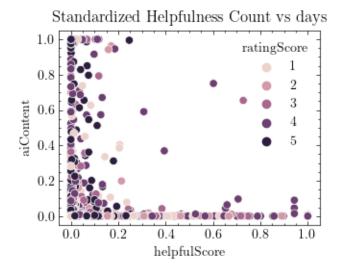
Results of the Kendall Tau test: Correlation is -0.06326488407625118, with a p-value of 0.00003.

aiContent and helpfulScore are correlated.

Results of the Pearson test: Correlation is -0.06128822343833993, with a p-value of 0.00476.

aiContent and helpfulScore are correlated.

```
[8]: # 4. getting the days feature
df['days'] = pd.to_datetime('2023-08-21') - df['date']
df['days'] = df['days'].dt.days
# 5. statistical and visual analysis
numerical_testing(df, 'helpfulScore', col_2='days')
```



Results of the Spearman test: Correlation is 0.22331170982995377, with a p-value of 0.00000.

days and helpfulScore are correlated.

Results of the Kendall Tau test: Correlation is 0.152716840879164, with a p-value of 0.00000.

days and helpfulScore are correlated.

Results of the Pearson test: Correlation is 0.07891476137622985, with a p-value of 0.00028.

days and helpfulScore are correlated.

```
[9]: # 6. modelling with aiContent and days
import pandas as pd
import statsmodels.api as sm

# Create the OLS model
X = df[['days', 'aiContent']]
y = df['helpfulScore']
X = sm.add_constant(X)
model = sm.OLS(y, X)

# Fit the model and print the summary statistics
print(model.fit().summary())
```

OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable: helpfulScore R-squared: 0.009
Model: OLS Adj. R-squared: 0.008

Method: Date: Time: No. Observa Df Residual Df Model: Covariance	ations: ls:	_	2023 1:00 2120 2117 2	Prob	tistic: (F-statistic ikelihood:	):	9.654 6.70e-05 747.23 -1488. -1471.
========	coef	std err	=====	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
3	1.791e-05	0.005 5.33e-06 0.019	3.	359	0.014	7.46e-06 -0.082	2.84e-05 -0.009
Omnibus: Prob(Omnibus) Skew: Kurtosis:	ıs):	3.	.000		n-Watson: e-Bera (JB): JB):		1.356 25931.655 0.00 4.29e+03

#### Notes:

- [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
- [2] The condition number is large, 4.29e+03. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.

### 3.2.2 Analysis and Summary of Findings:

- The three statistical tests and the visualization show that there is a statistically significant but quantitatively small negative correlation between the helpfulness of a review and its AI Content.
- There is also a statistically signficant correlation with days, the age of the Review.
- However this is relatively small compared to the negative correlation to aiContent.

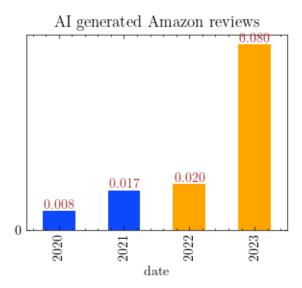
## 3.3 What is the trend of aiContent volume since Chat GPT launch?

This experiment observes the trend of aiContent volume prior to and after the launch of Chat GPT Launch.

#### 3.3.1 Process:

- 1. The aiContent numerical feature was categorized into a binary feature: 0 for less than 50% and 1 for greater than 50%.
- 2. The timeseries plot of annual daily aiContent for the past 4 years was visualized and studied.

```
[10]: df.aiContent = df.aiContent.apply(lambda x: 1 if x>0.5 else 0 if x < 0.5 else of the second of time_df = generate_df_plot(df, start='2020') # returns this as a timeseries
```



### 3.3.2 Summary of Findings

- After a steady rate of neglible aiContent, the trend began increasing from late 2022 and has been on the rise since then.
- In the year following GPT Launch, aiContent jumped by approximately 4 times its average value.

# 4 Appendix

### 4.1 Checking sample to population distribution

In order to generalize the results we get from analyzing the subset df of  $\sim 2K$  records to the set of 27K records collected, we need to confirm if it represents the same distribution.

Note that: this only generalizes to the larger dataset, not to the entire corpus of Amazon reviews as that dataset is not available to the public.

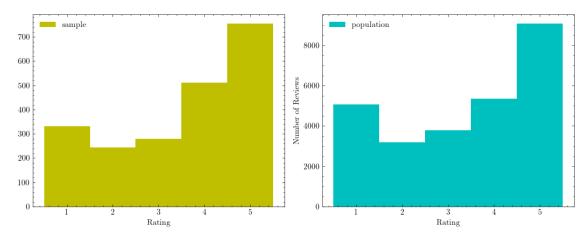
#### 4.1.1 Process:

- 1. Visual analysis by plotting the bargraphs of the distributions.
- 2. Statistical analysis by using the KS and Chisquare power divergence tests.

Population size is 26463.

Sample size is 2120.

The sample is 8.0% of the population.



```
[12]: # statistics testing
    from scipy.stats import ks_2samp, chisquare, entropy
    # normalize the distributions
    x = counts_for_testing[0]/counts_for_testing[0].sum()
    y = counts_for_testing[1]/counts_for_testing[1].sum()

    display(ks_2samp(x, y))
    display(chisquare(x, y))
    kld = entropy(x, y)
    print("KullbackLeibler divergence",kld)
```

Power\_divergenceResult(statistic=0.015127844687945896, pvalue=0.9999715373824108)
KullbackLeibler divergence 0.007576299511328644

## 4.1.2 Summary of Findings

Visual Analysis: The two distributions are very similar. With very close examining, one will only notice that Rating '4' has a small delta across the 2 distributions.

The null hypothesis or prevailing assumption of KS and Chisquare tests is that these two distributions are the same, and therefore represent samples from the same source. For this to be challenged, the p-values of these tests should be less than 0.05, which is the usual value set for alpha - the level of statistical significance.

As observed, they both have p-values > 0.05, showing that the Hypothesis that these the sample subset is representative of the population of raw data, can be assumed.

KLD measures how much one distribution differs from the other. The low KLD score (<0.01) indicates that the two distributions are very similar, which corresponds with the other statistics tests.

[]:	