# **Haskell & Functional Programming**

If you want a feedback about your solutions to the proposed exercises, collect all solutions in a single file and send it by email to Andrea Corradini (andrea@di.unipi.it) and/or Matteo Busi (matteo.busi@di.unipi.it)

## **Exercise 1**

Write a function [myReplicate] that given an integer [n] and a value [v] returns a list of [length] [n] initialized with [v], namely all elements are equal to [v].

- Goal: Warming up!
- **Expected output:** Two implementations of <code>myReplicate</code>: one recursive and one using the combinators <code>map</code>, <code>filter</code>, <code>foldl/r</code> from the Haskell Prelude.

# **Exercise 2**

Write a function sumodd that given a list of integers computes the sum of the values that are *odd*.

Hint: consider the functions odd and even of the Prelude.

- Goal: Warming up (part 2)!
- **Expected output:** Two implementations of sumOdd: one recursive and one using the combinators map, filter, foldl/r from the Haskell Prelude.

## **Exercise 3**

Write a function repl that given a list xs and a integer returns a list containing the elements of xs replicated n times.

**Hint**: you can use the function myReplicate of Exercise 1.

- Goal: Playing with lists.
- Expected output: Two implementations of repl: one recursive and one using the combinators map, filter, foldl/r from the Haskell Prelude.

## **Exercise 4**

Write a function totalLength that given a list of strings starting with the character 'A'.

- Goal: Test your skills with lists and strings.
- **Expected output:** Two implementations of totalLength: one recursive and one using the combinators map, filter, foldl/r from the Haskell Prelude.

#### Exercise 5

Write a function filterodd that given a list xs returns a new list obtained from xs by removing the elements at odd positions.

Hint: Here "odd positions" means the first, third, fifth, etc position.

• Goal: Playing with lists (part 2).

• **Expected output:** Two implementations of filterOdd: one recursive and one using the combinators map, filter, foldl/r from the Haskell Prelude.

## **Exercise 6**

Write a function titlecase that given a string s converts it to *titlecase* by uppercasing the first letter of every word.

Hint: consider using the function words, unwords of the Prelude and the function toUpper of the module Data.Char . To make accessible this last function in your code use import Data.Char (toUpper).

- Goal: Experimenting with strings.
- **Expected output:** Two implementations of titlecase: one recursive and one using the combinators map, filter, foldl/r from the Haskell Prelude.

## Exercise 7

Write a function <code>countVowelPali</code> that given a list of strings <code>xs</code> returns the total number of vowels in strings that are palindromes. For example,

```
countVowelPali ["anna", "banana", "civic", "mouse"] = 4
```

- **Goal:** Fun with strings and lists (again :P).
- **Expected output:** Two implementations of <code>countVowelPali</code>: one recursive and one using the combinators <code>map</code>, <code>filter</code>, <code>foldl/r</code> from the Haskell Prelude.

# **Exercise 8**

Recall the higher-order combinator map from the Prelude. Implement it using the combinator fold1.

- **Goal:** Experimenting with combinators.
- **Expected output:** The required implementation of the map combinator.

# **Exercise 9**

Consider the following definition of binary trees:

```
data IntTree = Leaf Int | Node (Int, IntTree, IntTree)
```

- 1. Implement tmap, a "tree version" of the map combinator. More precisely, the function tmap should take a function f and a tree t and should apply f to each value in t.
- 2. Using tmap implement the function succree taking a tree t and computing a tree whose elements are the successors of the values in t.
- 3. Write a function sumsucc taking a tree t and computing the sum of the elements of succTree t.
- **Goal:** Experimenting with trees.
- **Expected output:** An implementation of the three required functions.

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