Project Proposal

My question of interest stemmed from my love of videogames. I have played video games almost my entire life (earliest I remember was 7), my drive of competition with my brother pushed me further down that rabbit hole. In all my time gaming, not once have I ever asked which video games are most closely related to each other? Now that is a very broad question as there is a lot of video games out there and it seems that there are a lot of factors that could go into that. I have found a data set on video game sales that could be used to cluster videogames by multiple factors described below.

The dataset comes from Kaggle(<u>Link Here</u>) that originated from vgchartz.com. The dataset contains data of videogames ranks, genre, ESRB rating (Everyone, Teen, Mature, Etc.), platform, publisher, critics score, user scores, sales (NA-North America, PAL- Europe, JP-Japan, Global) and more. It contains a total of 23 columns and 37102 unique values. It seems to be a fairly large data that will definitely need some data cleaning: as I could already see some columns that will either be not useful or to sparse.

ESRB_Rating, Platform, publisher, critic score, user scores(looked sparse at glance), sales(NA, PAL, JP or Global), and year of release of the game. I bolded the four categorical variables that I would need to change into indicator variables, before I can even start K-means. I found a way to change them is by using pandas.get_dummies (). After handling these we will need to find a k-value, trying a couple different ones, than using the best for the rest of the time. On homework 3, of the K-means implementation I did not try to use hierarchical clustering to get k clusters from a subset of the data so I would like to try it with this implementation and compare it to K-means with random initialization. I am not sure what a hypothesis of a K-mean algorithm would look like, but I would guess it is about how many clusters we will use. I believe the true k number of clusters will be 4 and that if I compare the different clustering with random initialization and hierarchical clustering, they should have a positive adjusted_rand_score (from sklearn).

Aside: Please let me know if using the get_dummies() for the categorical variables is the right way to go.