# Module 5 Designing KPIs

## Designing KPIs

#### Creating and selecting metrics

- KPI design process
- Creating new metrics
- Time to create a metric
- IT involvement in design and development
- Why technical resources should be involved

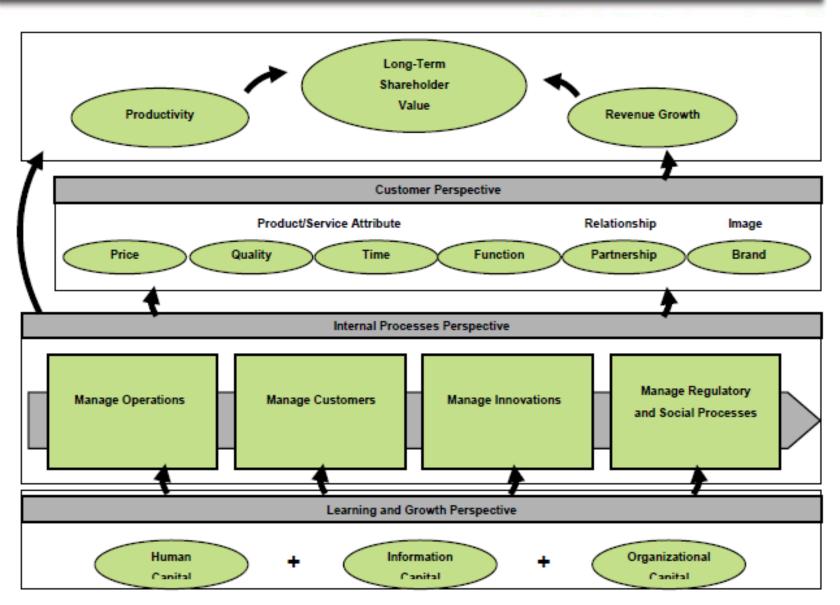
#### Organizational levels

- Effect of organizational levels
- Benefits of a universal metric

## Gathering requirements: Process

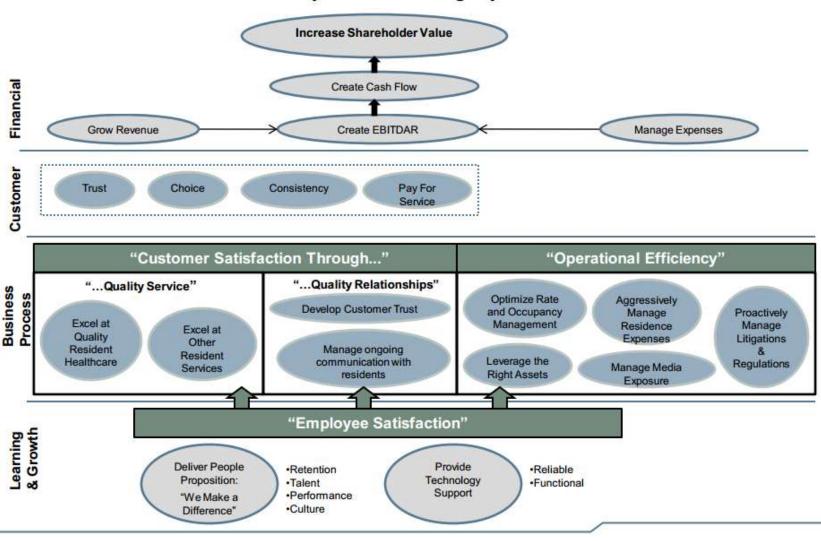
- Why requirements gathering is a prerequisite for success
- Strategy map

## Figure 8: Strategy map template



## Figure 9: Strategy map – Healthcare

"Maximize the Quality of Life and Dignity of Older Adults"



## Process (continued)

- Linking KPIs
- Key performance questions (KPQs)

### Gathering dashboard KPI and metric requirements

- Use a top-down approach be determine requirements
- Top-down approach
- Goal of the interview process
- Objective of the business questions

## Information required to design KPIs

#### Indicators

- Indicator basics
- Indicator design

#### Collecting data

- What data collection involves
- Data collection methods
- Data source
- Formula/scale/assessment
- Data collection responsibility
- Cost of data collection

## Information required to design KPIs (contd.)

#### Data collection frequency

- Data collection frequency
- Impact of infrequent data collection
- Temporary indicators

#### Targets and performance thresholds

- Need for benchmarks
- Approaching target setting
- Good and bad targets

## Information required to design KPIs (contd.)

#### Validating and reviewing the indicator

- Validating indicators
- Functional behavior triggered by an indicator

### Reporting the performance information

- Access to performance indicators
- Reporting frequency
- Methods of reporting performance
- Reporting format