COMPUTER SCIENCE 9TH – Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

➡ # FUNDAMENTALS OF OPERATING SYSTEM

CHAPTER# 02

1. The software which performs all basic tasks is:

    (a)   antivirus   (b)   start menu

    (c) ✔ operating system   (d)   office automation

2. A program that enables user to interact with computer is called:

    (a)   my document   (b)   start menu

    (c)   desktop   (d) ✔ interface

3. The process of checking computer, starting operating system and making it ready to work is referred to as:

    (a)   resource management   (b) ✔ booting

    (c)   error checking   (d)   file management

4. The number of user(s) that can access the resources simultaneously on a multiuser OS is / are:

    (a)   one   (b)   two

    (c) ✔ many   (d)   only administrators

5. Which management controls the dynamic allocation and de-allocation of processor, memory, etc?

    (a) ✔ Resource   (b)   File

    (c)   I/O   (d)   User

6. In which operating system jobs are executed in groups?

    (a) ✔ Batch Processing   (b)   Time Sharing

    (c)   Single User   (d)   Real Time

7. The system that guarantees that critical tasks should be completed without shortest delay is:

    (a)   batch processing   (b) ✔ hard real time

    (c)   soft real time   (d)   time sharing

8.   DOS is an example of:

(a)   Real Time Processing OS   (b)   Multi Processing OS

(c) ✔ Single User OS   (d)   Multi User OS

9.   The group of programs that helps office workers to do a number of routine tasks easily and efficiently is called:

(a)   operating system   (b)   e-mail

(c)   antivirus   (d) ✔ office automation

10. The operation system that allows frequent switching from one task to another is:

(a)   Batch Processing   (b)   Real Time Processing

(c)   Single User   (d) ✔ Time Sharing

11. It is a job or activity to be performed by the system.

(a)   File   (b) ✔ Process

(c)   Work   (d)   Task

12. This term refers here to program code that has been loaded into a computer's memory for execution by the CPU.

(a) ✔ Process   (b)   File

(c)   Resource   (d)   Job

13. The OS function to decide the order in which processes have access to the processor, and how much processing time each process should get, is called:

(a)   resource management   (b)   batch processing

(c) ✔ process scheduling   (d)   multi-processing

14. The part of operating system, program, or devices that allows a user to enter and receive information is called:

(a)   file management   (b)   resource interface

(c)   user management   (d) ✔ user interface

15. It is a screen or text based representation in which the user types the commands to operate the computer.

(a)   Prompt   (b)   GUI

(c) ✔ CLI   (d)   IOS

16. Example(s) of Command Line Interface (GUI) is / are:

(a) √ DOS   (b)   Windows

(c)   DOS & Windows   (d)   Windows & IOS

17. Example(s) of Graphical User Interface (GUI) is / are:

(a)   DOS   (b)   Windows

(c)   DOS & Windows   (d) √ Windows & IOS

18. DOS and Windows 98 for PC are examples of:

(a) √ single user OS   (b)   Multi-user OS

(c)   GUI   (d)   CLI

19. Linux and UNIX are the most common examples of the:

(a)   single user OS   (b) √ Multi-user OS

(c)   GUI   (d)   CLI

20. This term is generally used for programs that are executed with minimum human interaction.

(a) √ Batch Processing   (b)   Real Time Processing

(c)   Single User   (d)   Time Sharing

21. Missile systems and Air Traffic Control system are the best examples of:

(a)   batch processing   (b) √ hard real time

(c)   soft real time   (d)   time sharing

22. AVG, Avast and Kaspersky are some of the free:

(a)   operating systems   (b)   time sharing software

(c) √ antivirus software   (d)   office automation software

23. Online transaction systems, Airline ticket reservation etc. are the examples of:

(a)   batch processing   (b)   hard real time

(c) √ soft real time   (d)   time sharing

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