

## FIRST ACTIVATION

#These are the imports that will be used in our diabetes AI

```
import numpy as NAEC
import pandas as Paladin
import matplotlib.pyplot as Paralyzer
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
import tensorflow as Thor
```

```
Delta = Paladin.read_csv("diabetes.csv")
```

```
"""Delta variable will import the diabetes.csv file for training and testing"""
```

```
x_matrices = Delta[Delta.columns[:-1]].values
```

```
y_matrices = Delta[Delta.columns[-1]].values
```

```
"""Sklearn train_test_split is function that will help us to split the training features and testing features.
```

```
test_size will use 50% of data in datasets for training & testing
```

```
random_state will also us to split every single time"""
```

```
Training_X, Temporary_X, Training_Y, Temporary_Y = train_test_split(x_matrices, y_matrices, test_size =
0.5, random_state = 0 )
```

```
"""Keras is an API that will help us build the Artificial Neural Network model
```

```
We used Dense NN model with 20 nodes and two activation functiin ReLU & Sigmoid"""
```

```
Ze_Model = Thor.keras.Sequential([
    Thor.keras.layers.Dense(20, activation = 'relu'),
    Thor.keras.layers.Dense(20, activation = 'relu'),
    Thor.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation = 'sigmoid')
])
```

```
"""This line of code will help us view the accuracy of the AI's correct prediction"""
```

```
Ze_Model.compile(optimizer=Thor.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=0.001),
    loss=Thor.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
    metrics=['Accuracy'])
```

```
"""This code initiate the training process and give us the accuracy"""
```

```
Ze_Model.evaluate(Training_X, Training_Y)
```

```
"""This will help improve the accuracy of the previous metrics"""
```

```
Ze_Model.fit(Training_X, Training_Y, batch_size=20, epochs=30, verbose=2, shuffle=True)
```

## SECOND ACTIVATION

#These are the imports that will be used in our diabetes AI

```
import numpy as NAEC
import pandas as Paladin
import matplotlib.pyplot as Paralyzer
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
import tensorflow as Thor
```

```
Delta = Paladin.read_csv("diabetes.csv")
```

```
"""Delta variable will import the diabetes.csv file for training and testing"""
```

```
x_matrices = Delta[Delta.columns[:-1]].values
```

```
y_matrices = Delta[Delta.columns[-1]].values
```

```
"""Sklearn train_test_split is function that will help us to split the training features and testing features.
```

```
test_size will use 50% of data in datasets for training & testing
```

```
random_state will also us to split every single time"""
```

```
Training_X, Temporary_X, Training_Y, Temporary_Y = train_test_split(x_matrices, y_matrices, test_size =
0.5, random_state = 0 )
```

```
"""Keras is an API that will help us build the Artificial Neural Network model
```

```
We used Dense NN model with 20 nodes and two activation functiin ReLU & Sigmoid"""
```

```
Ze_Model = Thor.keras.Sequential([
```

```
    Thor.keras.layers.Dense(20, activation = 'relu'),
```

```
    Thor.keras.layers.Dense(20, activation = 'relu'),
```

```
    Thor.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation = 'softmax')
```

```
])
```

```
"""This line of code will help us view the accuracy of the AI's correct prediction"""
```

```
Ze_Model.compile(optimizer=Thor.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=0.001),
```

```
    loss=Thor.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(),
```

```
    metrics=['Accuracy'])
```

```
"""This code initiate the training process and give us the accuracy"""
```

```
Ze_Model.evaluate(Training_X, Training_Y)
```

```
"""This will help improve the accuracy of the previous metrics"""
```

```
Ze_Model.fit(Training_X, Training_Y, batch_size=20, epochs=30, verbose=2, shuffle=True)
```