

CS--218 DATA STRUCTURES &
ALGORITHM

PROJECT REPORT

FILE COMPRESSION TOOL

Group Members:

Osama Hassan -- CS-24120

Muhammad Ali -- CS-24134

Basil Hassan -- CS-24133

1. Problem Statement

The aim of this project is to develop a file compression tool that reduces the size of text files efficiently while maintaining data integrity. The project includes a Graphical User Interface (GUI) developed using Streamlit, allowing users to compress and decompress files easily without requiring command-line interaction.

The tool demonstrates complex problem-solving through algorithm selection, implementation, and optimization

2. Compression Algorithm

For this project, the Huffman Coding Algorithm was selected due to its efficiency in lossless text compression.

Algorithm Overview:

1. *Frequency Calculation:* Count the occurrence of each character in the input file.
2. *Huffman Tree Construction:* Build a binary tree where the least frequent characters have the longest codes.
3. *Code Generation:* Assign variable-length binary codes to each character based on the tree structure.
4. *Encoding:* Replace each character in the file with its corresponding Huffman code.
5. *Decoding:* Traverse the Huffman tree to retrieve the original text from compressed codes.

Reason for Selection: Huffman coding guarantees optimal prefix codes, ensuring minimal average code length and adequate compression for text data.

3. Implementation (Code Overview)

The project was implemented in Python with Streamlit for GUI interaction.

Key Features:

- Select input text files for compression.
- Display compressed file size and compression ratio.
- Save compressed output to disk.
- Decompress files back to original content.
- Visual feedback via Streamlit interface.

4. Future Enhancements

Future improvements may include:

- Support for multiple file types (images, videos)
- Improved compression using hybrid algorithms (Huffman + LZW)
- Adding encryption for secure compressed files
- Performance dashboard in GUI
- Drag-and-drop support in Streamlit

5. Time and Space Complexity

Time Complexity:

Frequency calculation: $O(n)$

Heap construction: $O(k)$ ($k = \text{number of unique characters}$)

Tree construction: $O(k \log k)$

Encoding file: $O(n)$

Overall: $O(n + k \log k)$, where $n = \text{file size in characters}$

Space Complexity:

Frequency dictionary: $O(k)$

Huffman tree: $O(k)$

Encoded output: $O(n)$ bits

Overall: $O(n + k)$, efficient for typical text files

6. Sample Input and Output

i- Compressing (PY File):

3) Compression Summary

Original Size	Compressed Size	Space Saved
8754 bytes	4872 bytes	44.35%

Compression ratio: 0.5565

Unique symbols: 85

Padding bits: 0

4) Processing Timings

	Step	Time (s)
0	Read File	0.0352
1	Build Tree	0.0019
2	Make Codes	0.0001
3	Encode & Pack	0.0046
4	Write File	0.0041
5	Total	0.0459

i-Decompressing (PY File):

3) Decompression Report

Compressed file size	Restored file size	Padding bits
4872 bytes	8754 bytes	0

4) Processing Timings

	Step	Time (s)
0	Read File	0.0038
1	Remove Padding	0.0026
2	Rebuild Tree	0.0003
3	Make Decode	0.0116
4	Rewrite file	0.0025
5	Total	0.0208

ii- Compressing (PDF File):

3) Compression Summary

original Size	Compressed Size	Space Saved
98859 bytes	86181 bytes	12.82%

Compression ratio: 0.8718

Unique symbols: 256

Padding bits: 4

4) Processing Timings

	Step	Time (s)
0	Read File	0.0257
1	Build Tree	0.0139
2	Make Codes	0.0003
3	Encode & Pack	0.0785
4	Write File	0.0033
5	Total	0.1217

ii- Decompression (PDF file):

3) Decompression Report

Compressed file size	Restored file size	Padding bits
86181 bytes	98859 bytes	4

4) Processing Timings

	Step	Time (s)
0	Read File	0.0217
1	Remove Padding	0.0734
2	Rebuild Tree	0.0013
3	Make Decode	0.2281
4	Rewrite file	0.0021
5	Total	0.3266

7. Conclusion

The project successfully demonstrates:

Application of Huffman coding for efficient text compression.
Streamlit-based GUI for user-friendly interaction.
Effective compression with significant size reduction.
Clear understanding of algorithmic complexity and practical implementation.

The tool is ready to be presented with a GUI for demonstration.