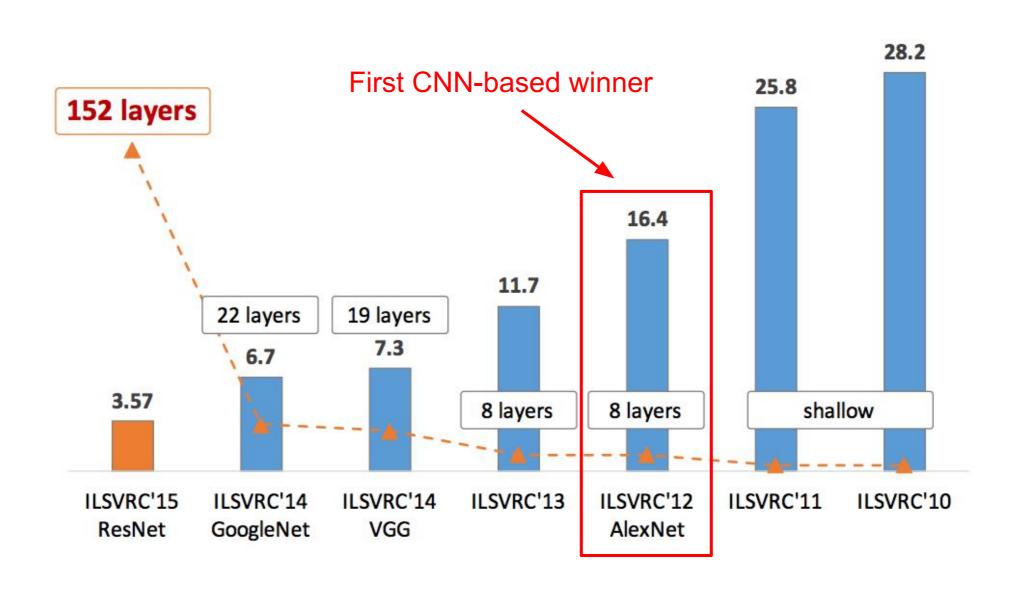
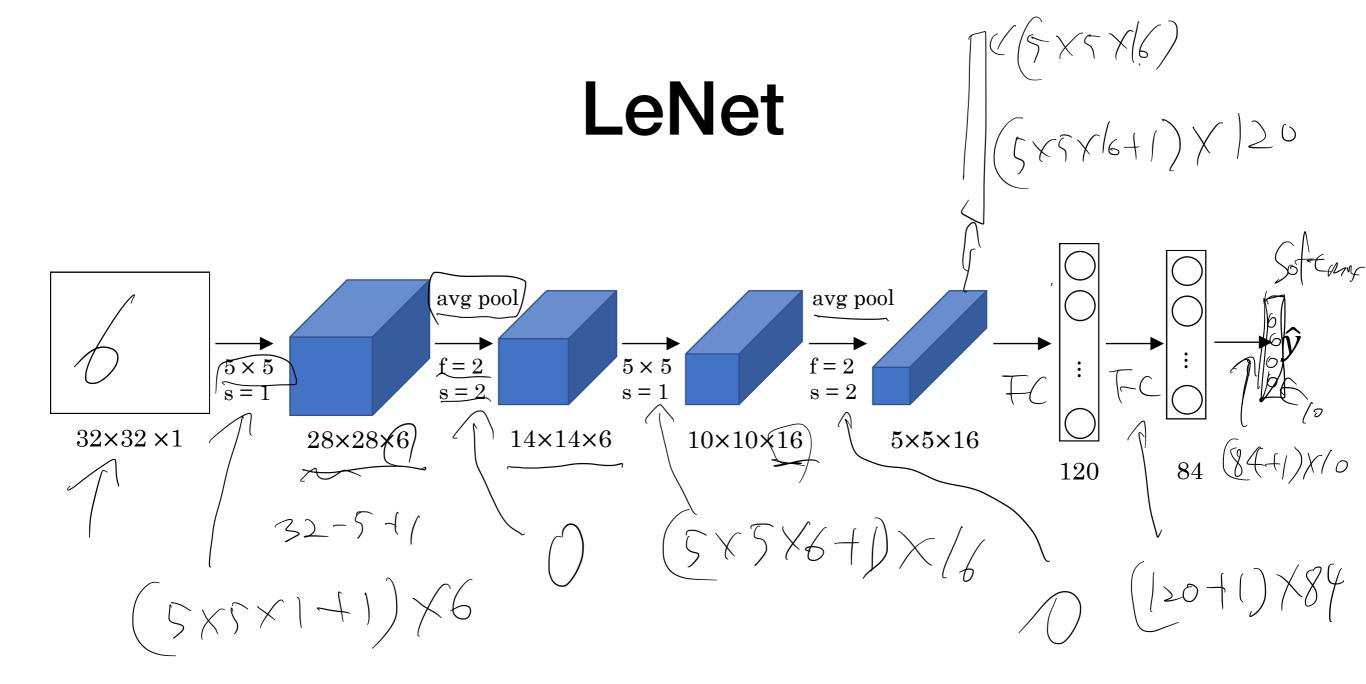
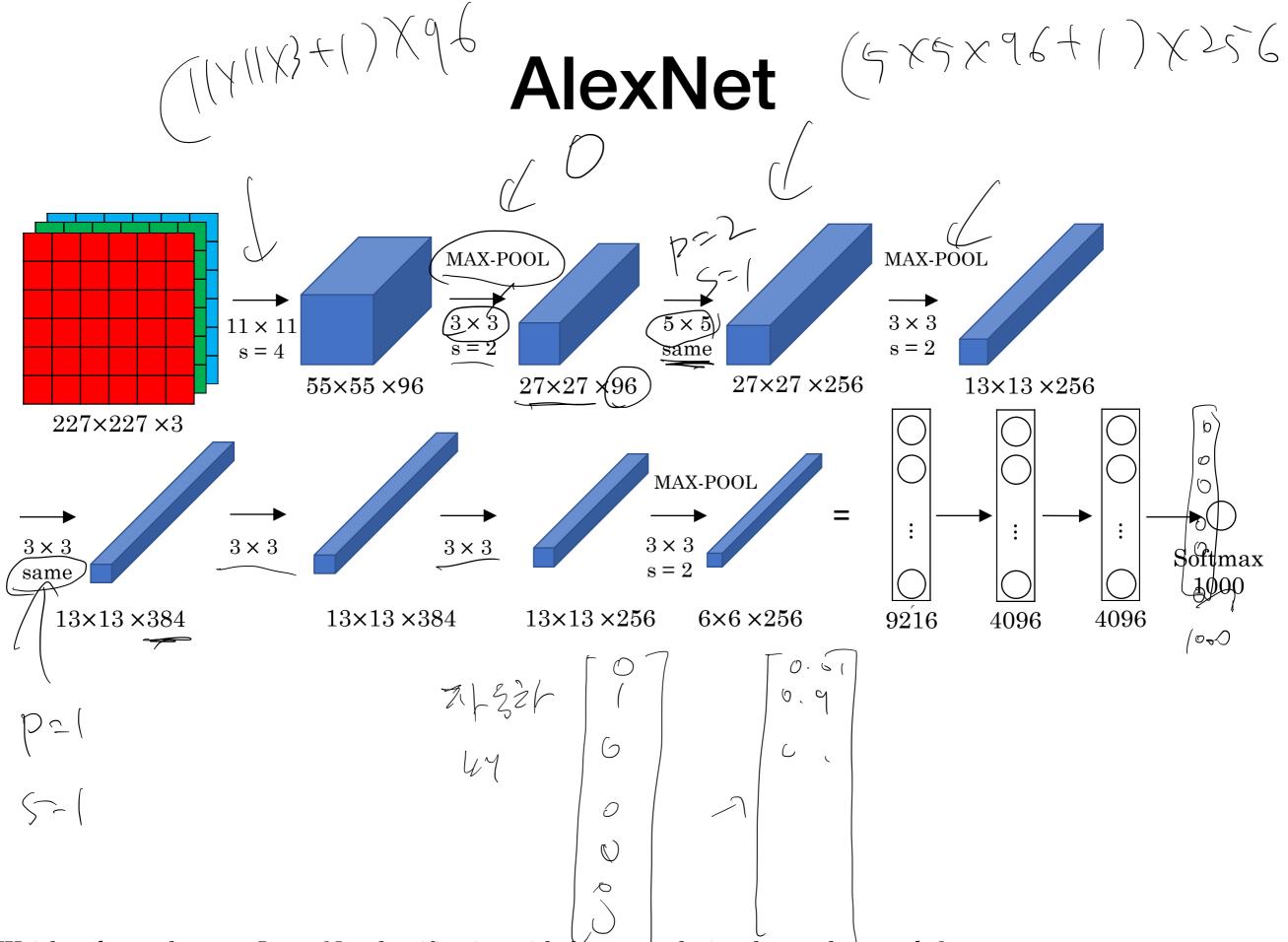
# **CNN Architectures**

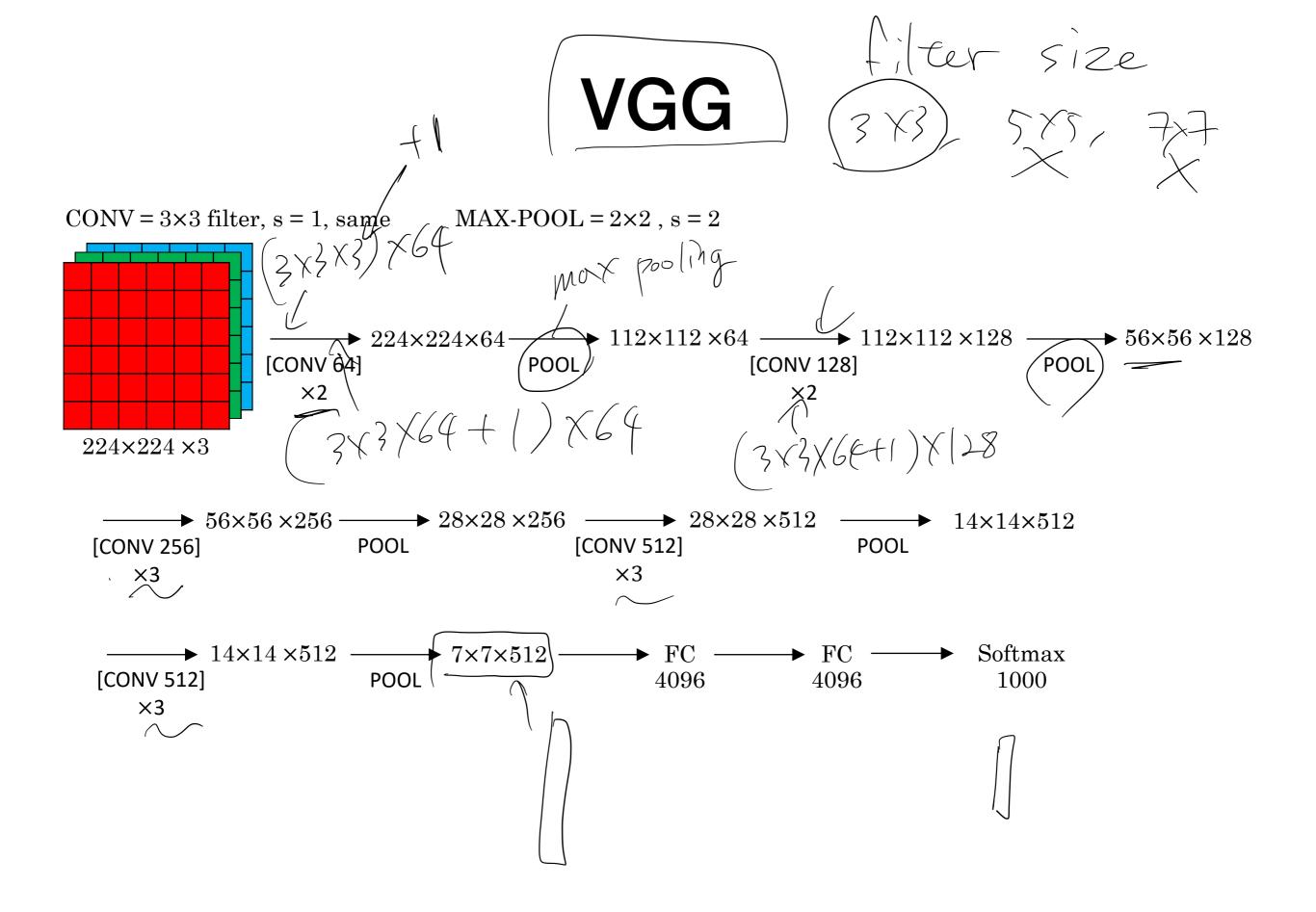
#### ImageNet Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge (ILSVRC) winners







[Krizhevsky et al., 2012. ImageNet classification with deep convolutional neural networks]



Inception Net gradient.

o Vanishing

gradient.

o too many parame

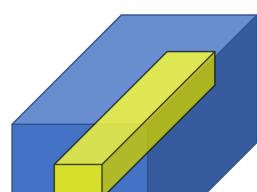
eas



http://knowyourmeme.com/memes/we-need-to-go-deeper

## Why does a 1 × 1 convolution do?

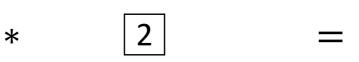
1	2	ന	6	5	8
3	5	5	1	ო	4
2	1	3	4	9	3
4	7	8	5	7	9
1	5	3	7	4	8
5	4	9	8	3	5

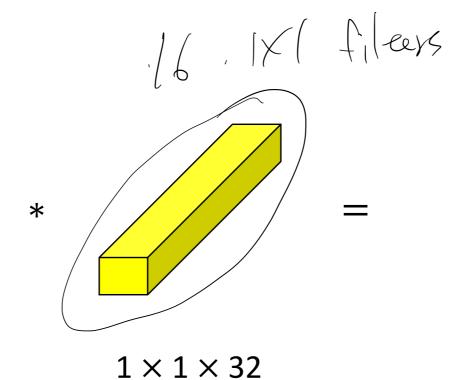


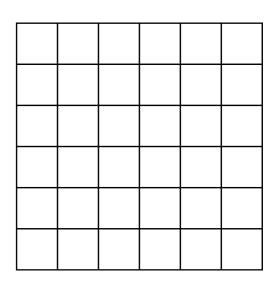
6 × 6

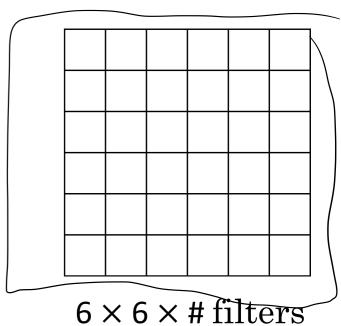
 $6 \times 6 \times 32$ 

[Lin et al., 2013. Network in network]

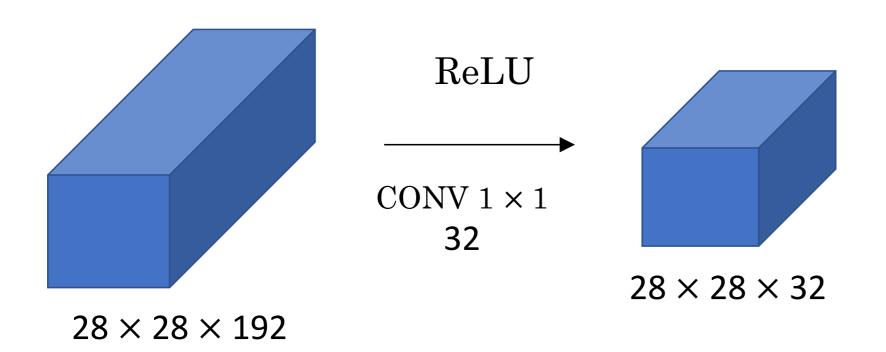








## Using 1×1 convolutions

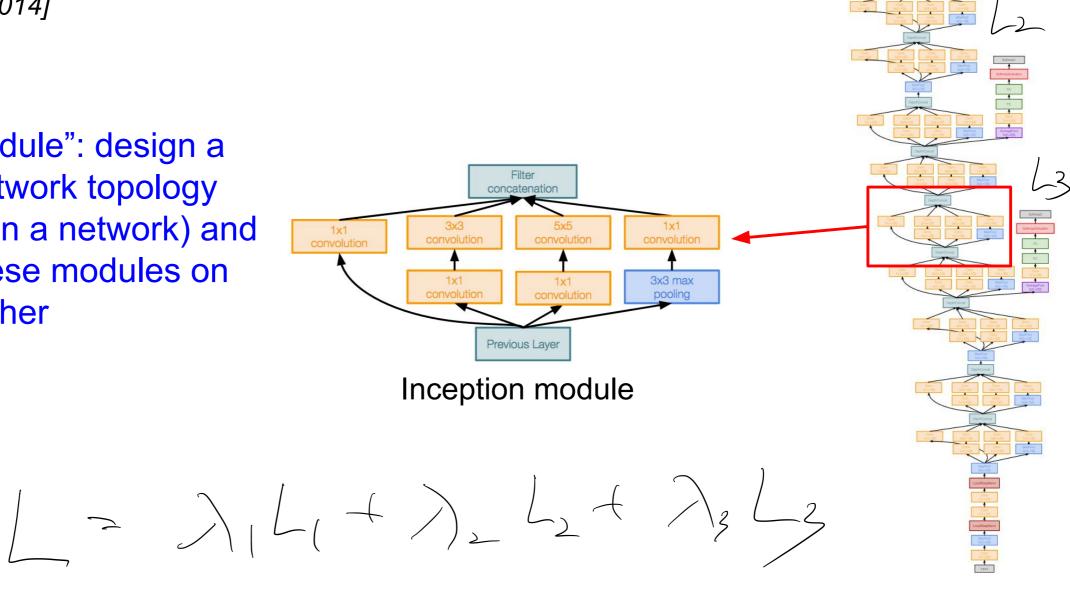


## Inception Module

#### Case Study: GoogLeNet

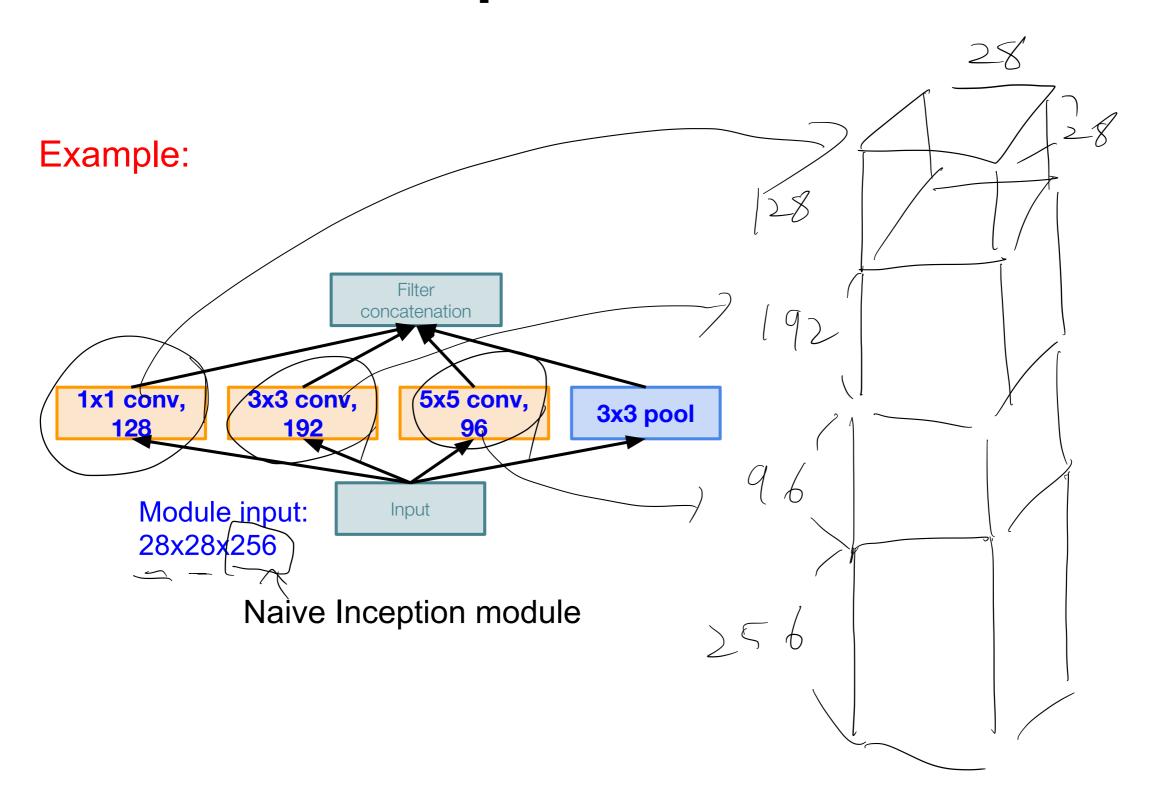
[Szegedy et al., 2014]

"Inception module": design a good local network topology (network within a network) and then stack these modules on top of each other



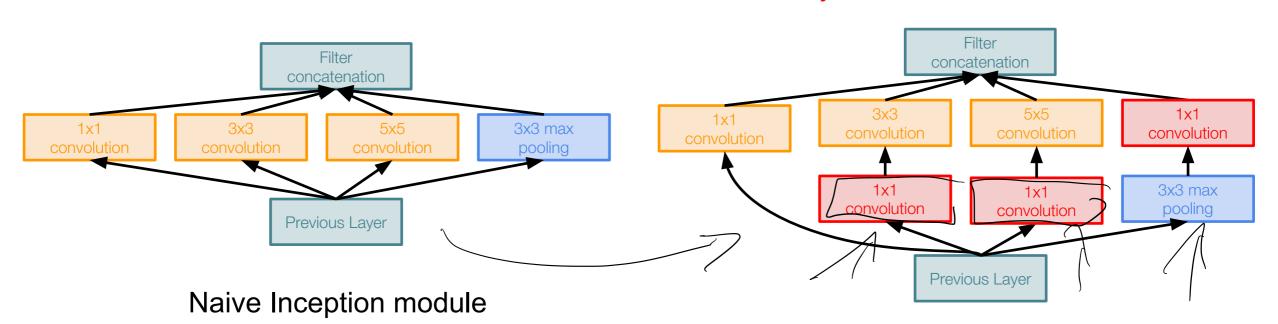
 $W \leftarrow W - V Vwl_{2}$ 

## Inception Module



#### With Bottleneck

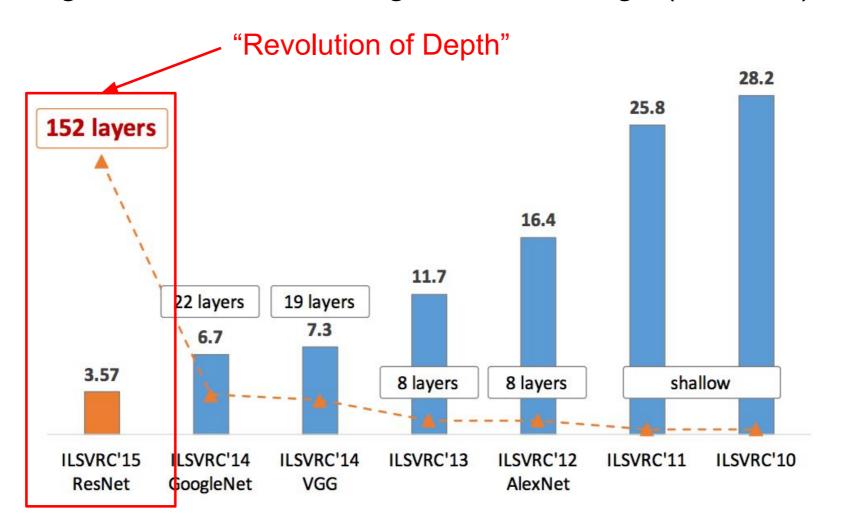
#### 1x1 conv "bottleneck" layers



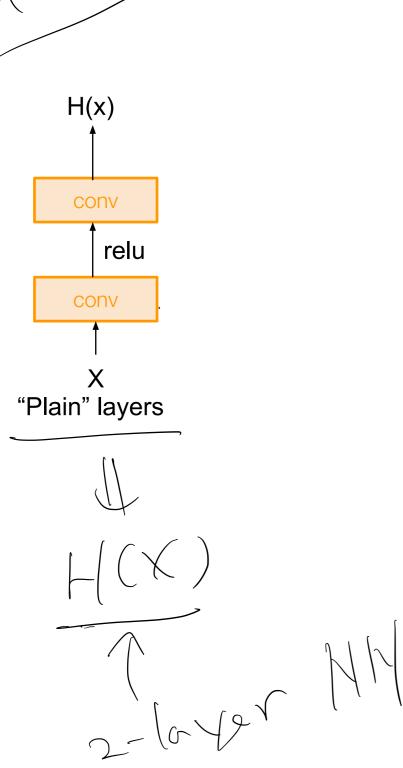
Inception module with dimension reduction

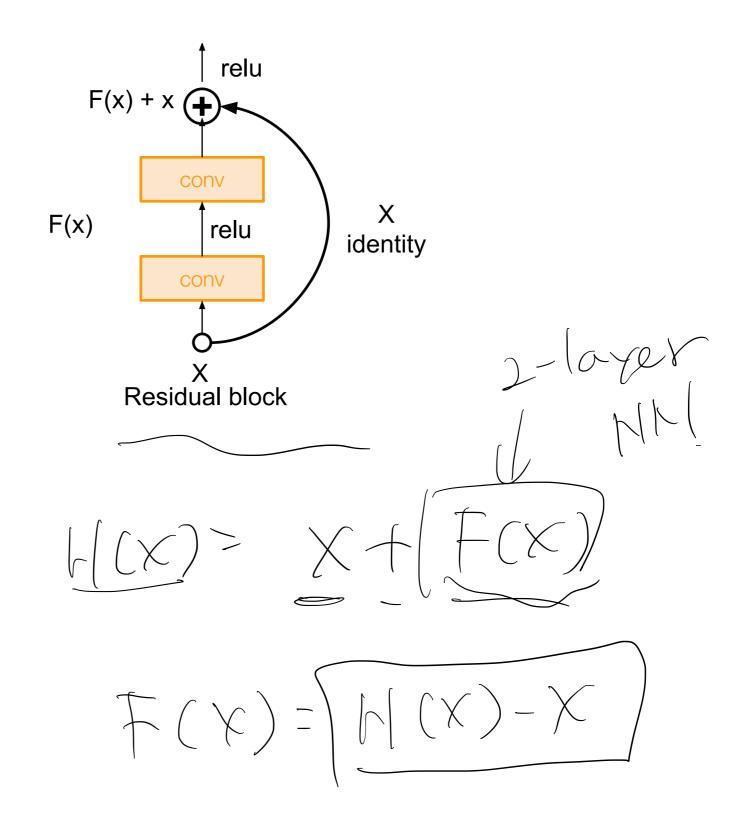
# 

ImageNet Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge (ILSVRC) winners



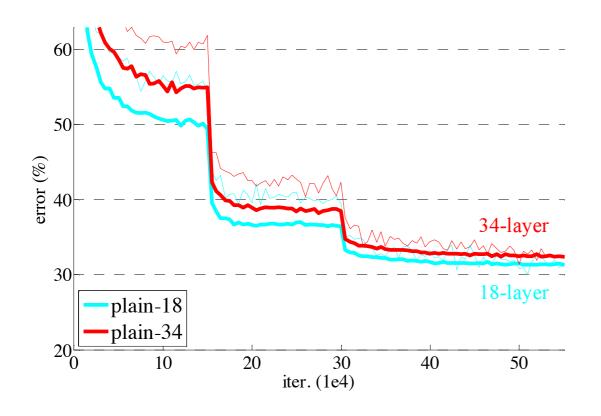
#### Residual Block

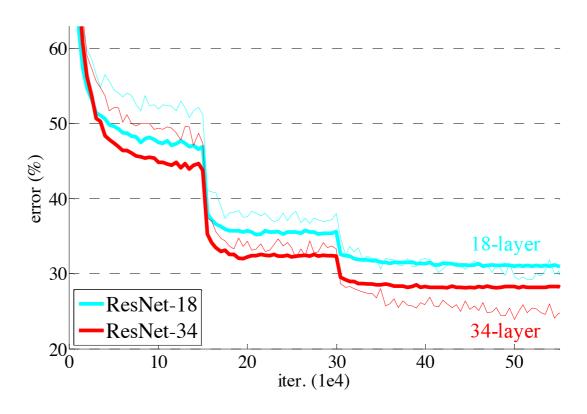


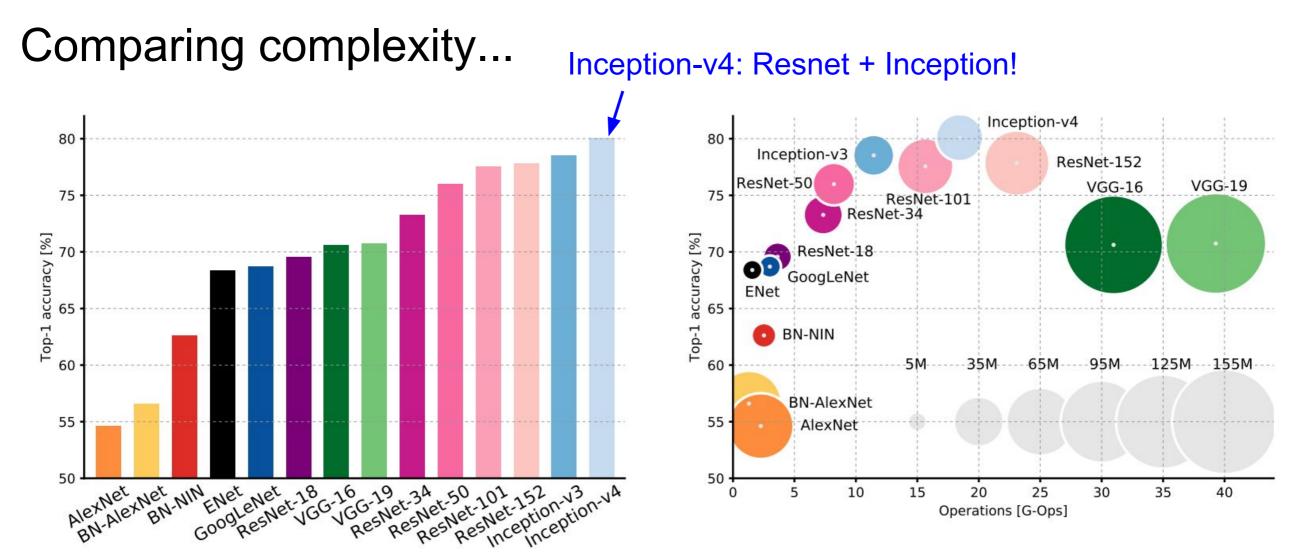


#### Softmax FC 1000 ResNet 3x3 conv, 512 relu 3x3 conv, 512, /2 F(x) + x3x3 conv X F(x) relu identity 3x3 conv. 128 3x3 conv 3x3 conv. 128 Residual block 3x3 conv. 64 7x7 conv. 64, / 2 Input 14

#### ResNet results







An Analysis of Deep Neural Network Models for Practical Applications, 2017.