

# **Why is the predator diversity and prey diversity correlated?**

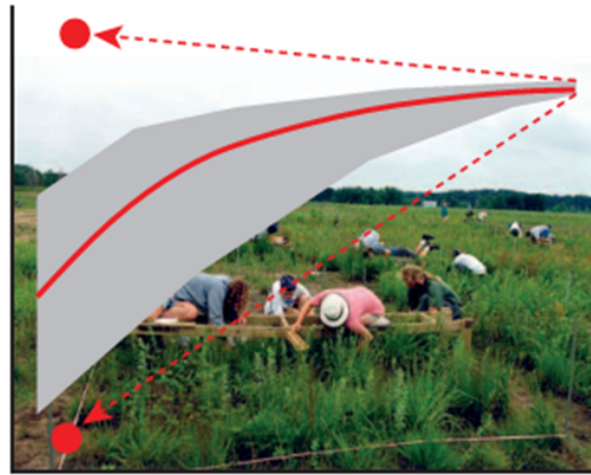
## **Implications from community assembly processes**

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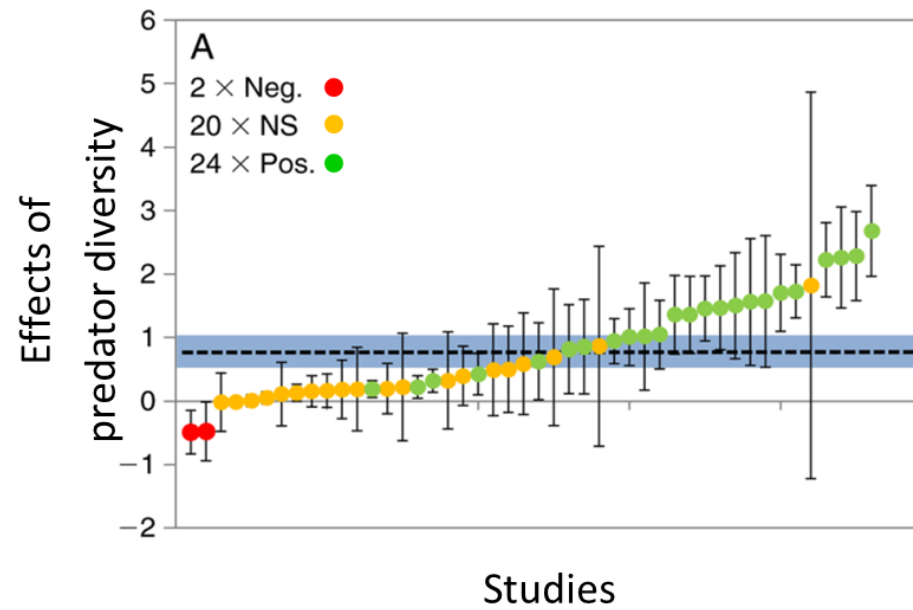
16 January, 2020

Ecosystem  
function  
(resource capture,  
biomass production,  
decomposition, nutrient  
recycling)



Biological diversity  
(variation in genes, species,  
functional traits)

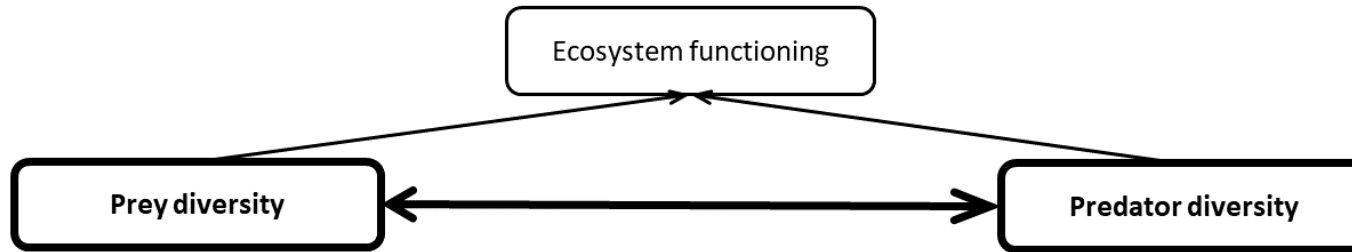
Cardinale et al. 2012 @ Nature



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Griffin et al. 2013 @ Ecology

# The effects of predator diversity and prey diversity are coufounded

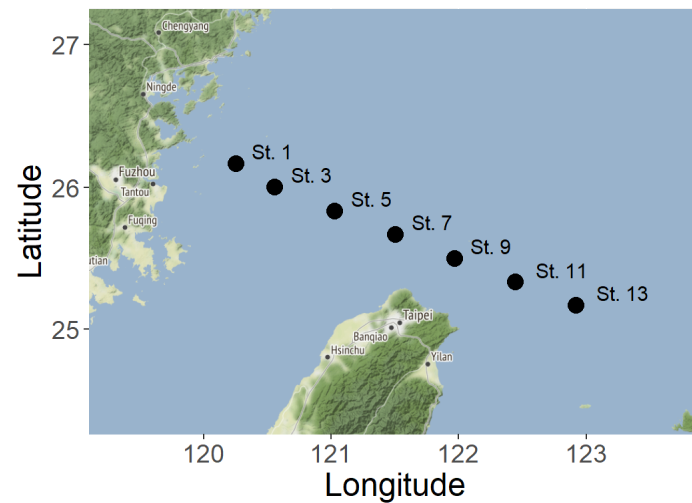


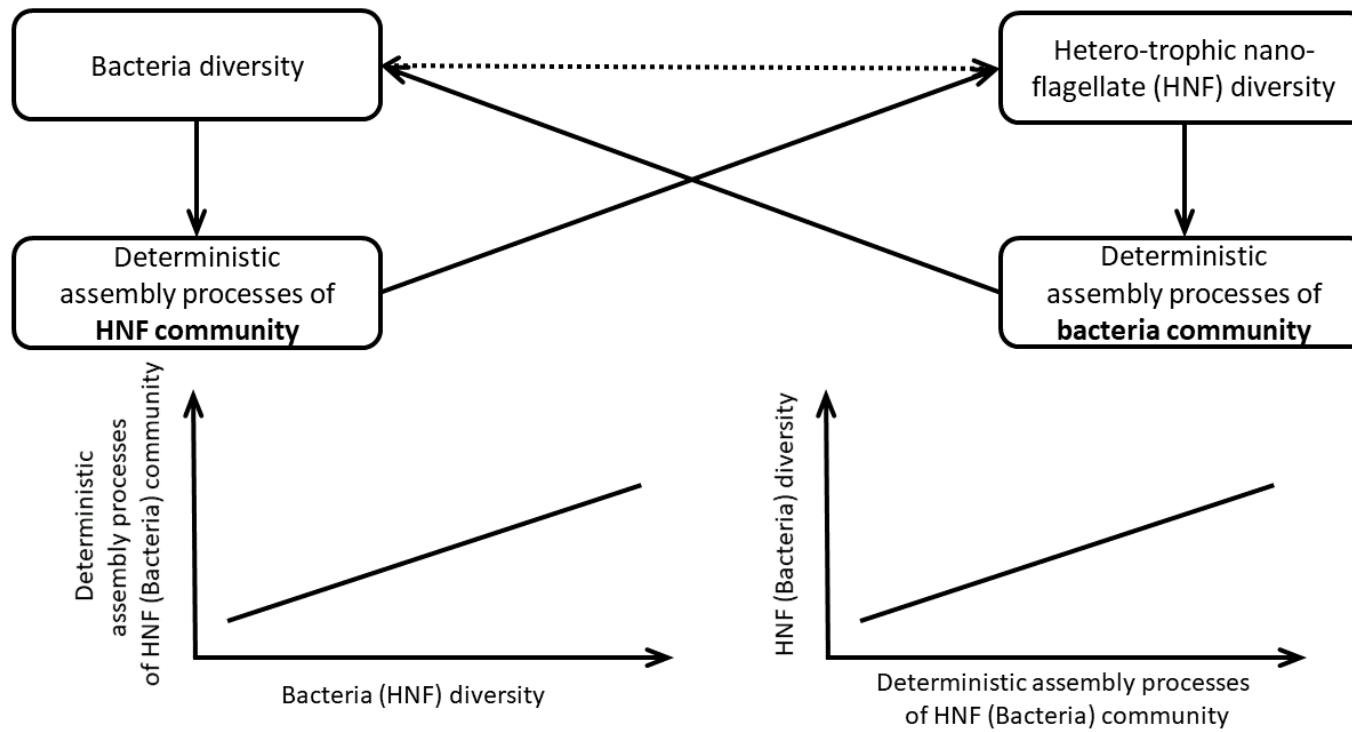
# Why is the predator $\alpha$ diversity and prey $\alpha$ diversity correlated?

Hypothesis:

The predator-prey  $\alpha$  diversity relationship would be driven by **the strength of deterministic assembly processes**.

- Predator : hetero-trophic nano-flagellate
- Prey : bacteria
- Deterministic assembly processes : non-random processes / environmental filtering and/or other species interactions (e.g. predation)



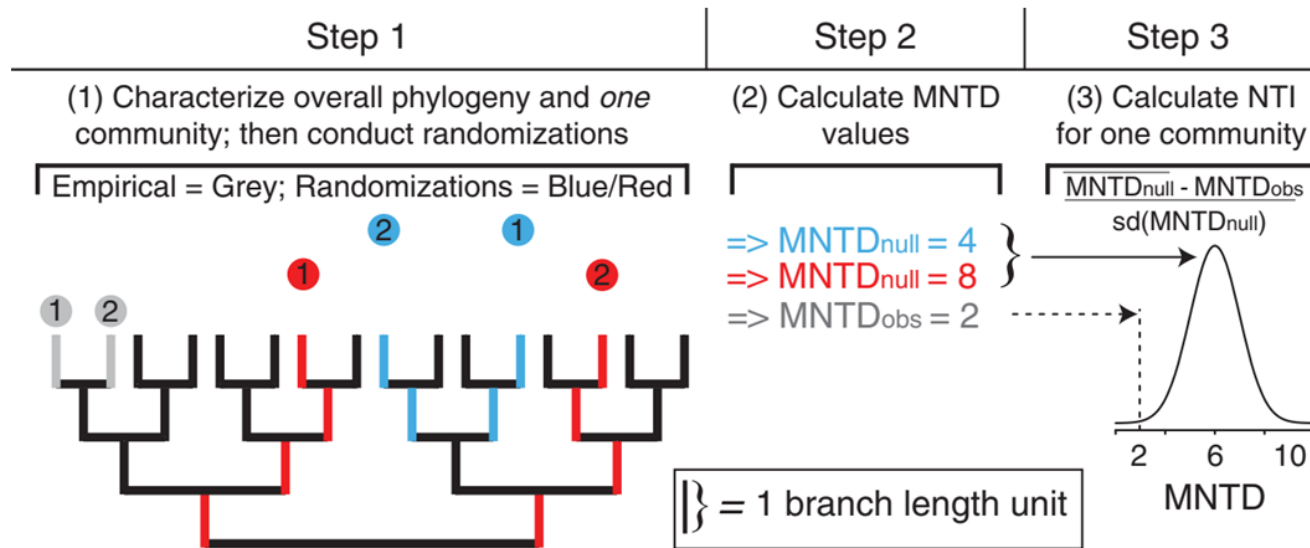


## Deterministic assembly processes

- Indicated by between-assemblage **N**earest **T**axon **I**ndex ( $\beta NTI$ ), which is calculated from mean nearest taxon distance ( $\beta MNTD$ )
- Between community dissimilarity

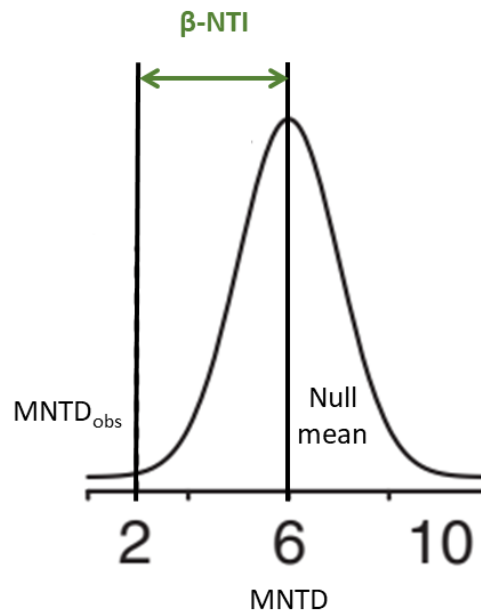
$$\beta NTI = \frac{\beta MNTD_{obs} - \overline{\beta MNTD_{null}}}{sd(\beta MNTD_{null})}$$

, where  $\beta MNTD_{null}$  is the null distribution of between-assemblage mean nearest taxon distance.



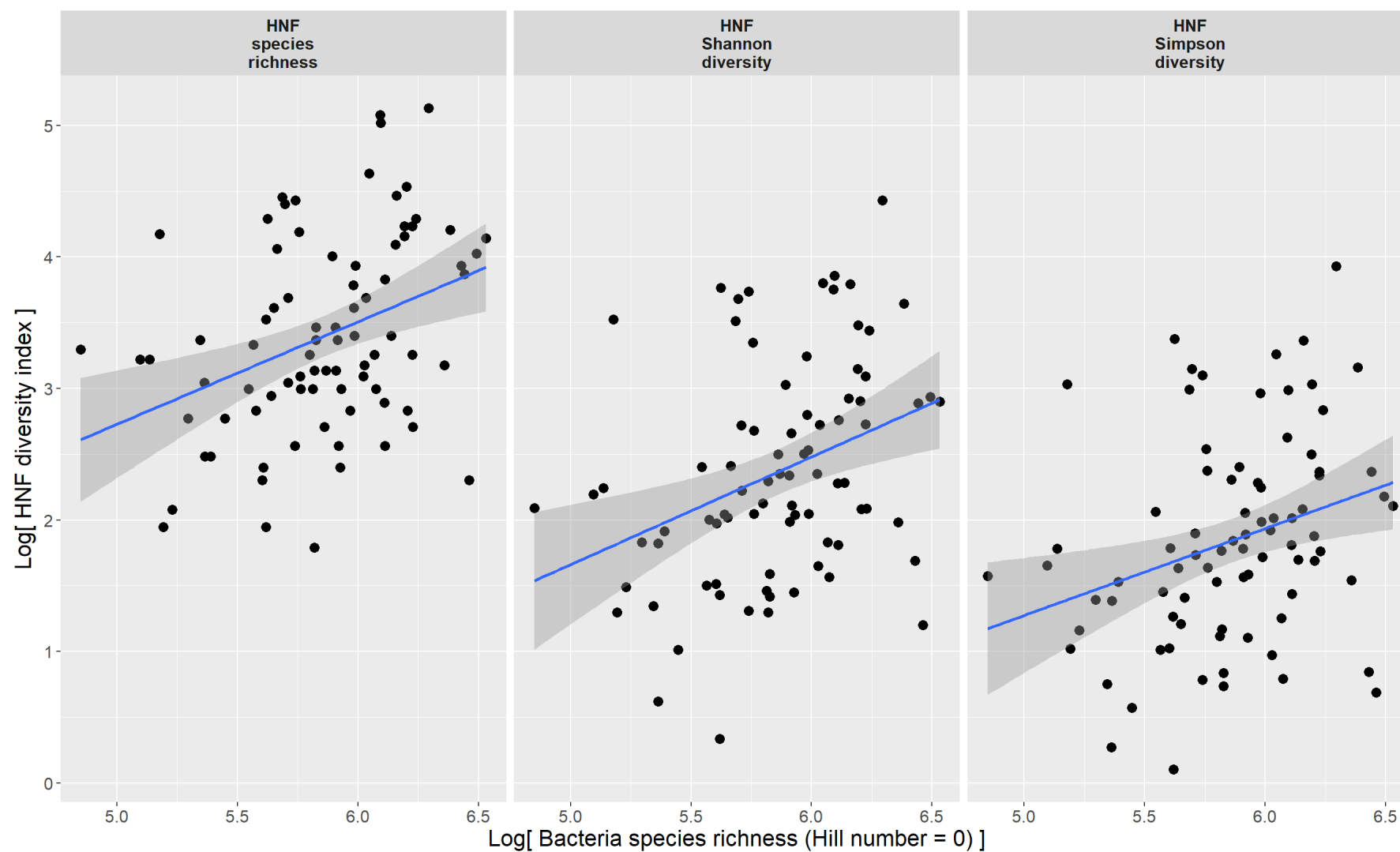
Stegen et al. 2012 @ ISME



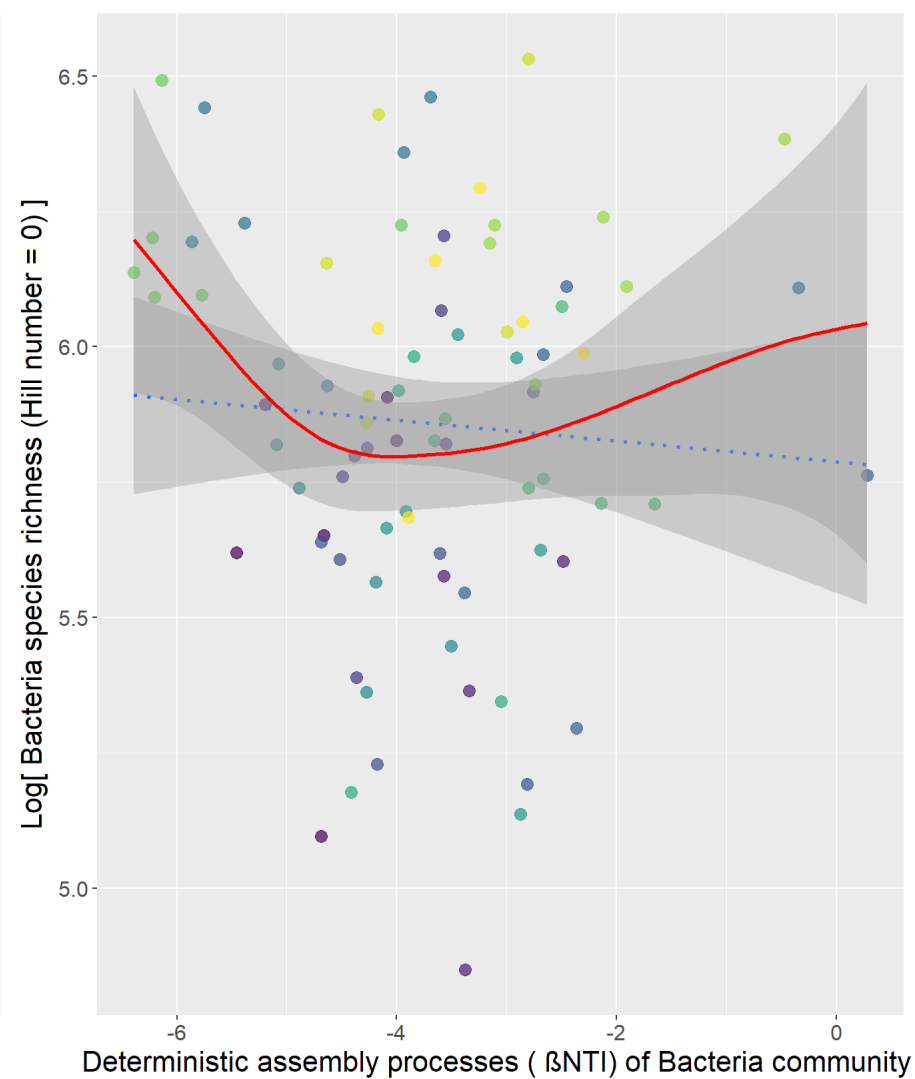
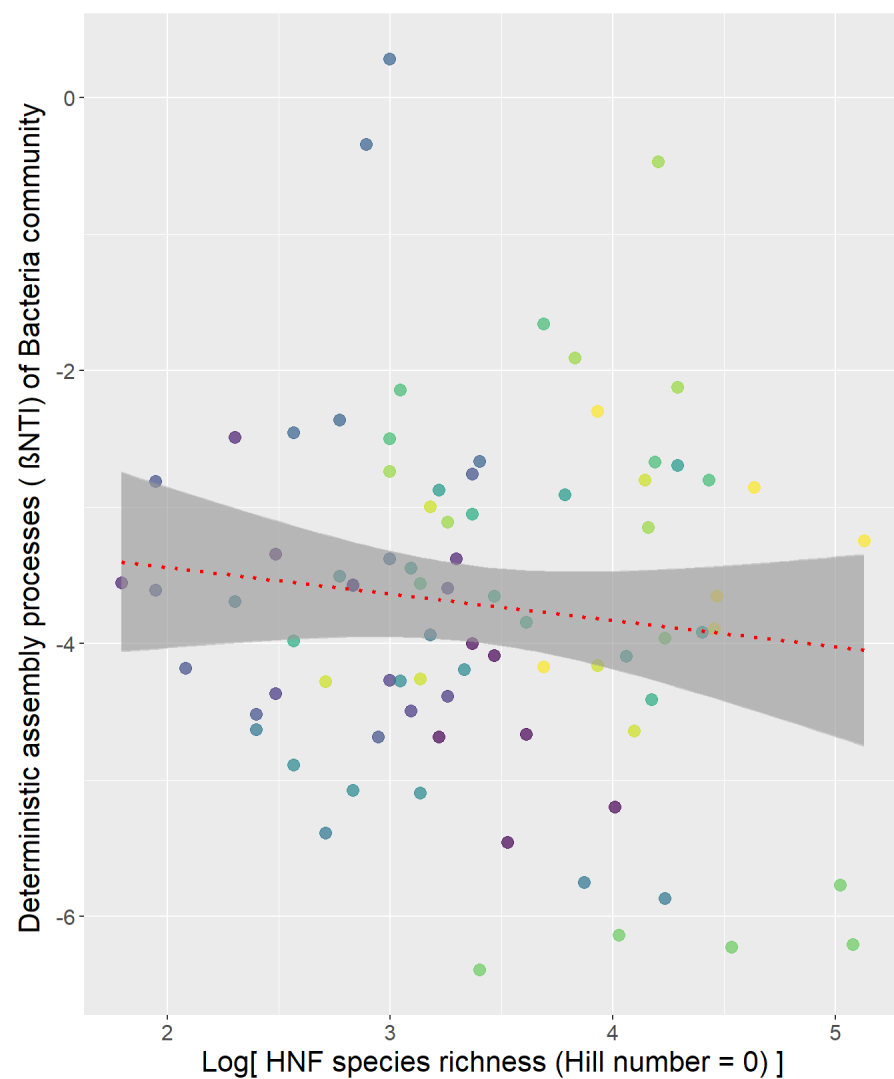


- The more  $\beta\text{NTI}$  deviated from the null, the stronger the deterministic assembly processes is.
- negative  $\beta\text{NTI}$  implies homogeneous selection
- positive  $\beta\text{NTI}$  implies divergent selection

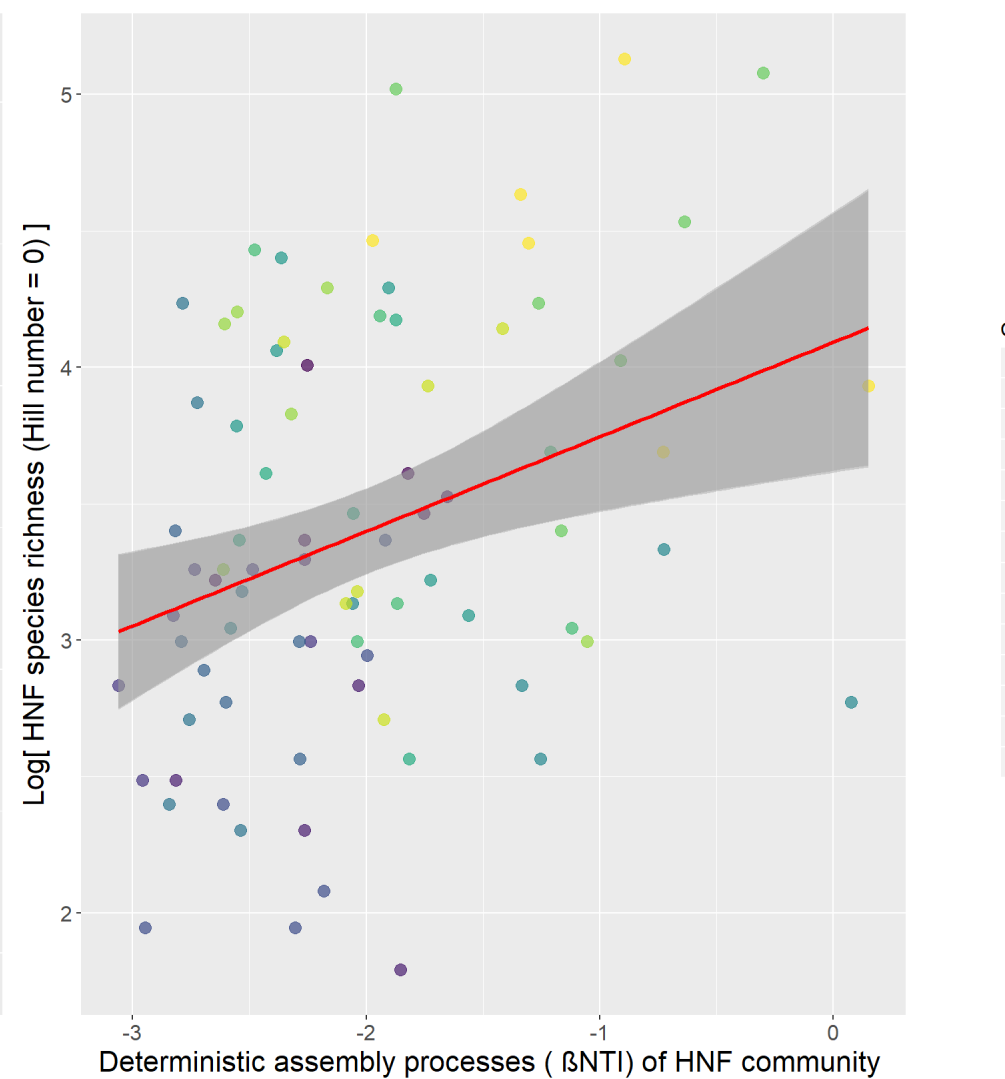
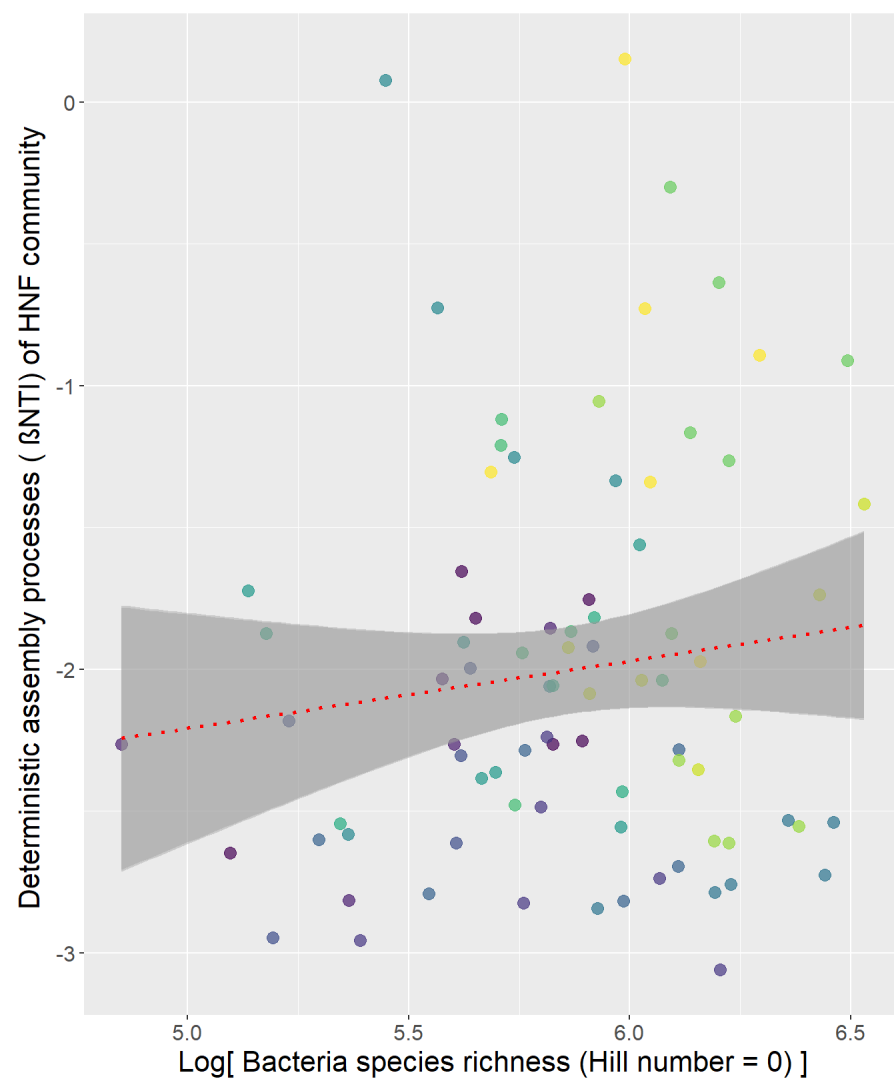
## Bacteria-HNF $\alpha$ diversity relationships



# HNF $\alpha$ diversity $\rightarrow$ bacteria $\beta NTI \rightarrow$ bacteria $\alpha$ diversity

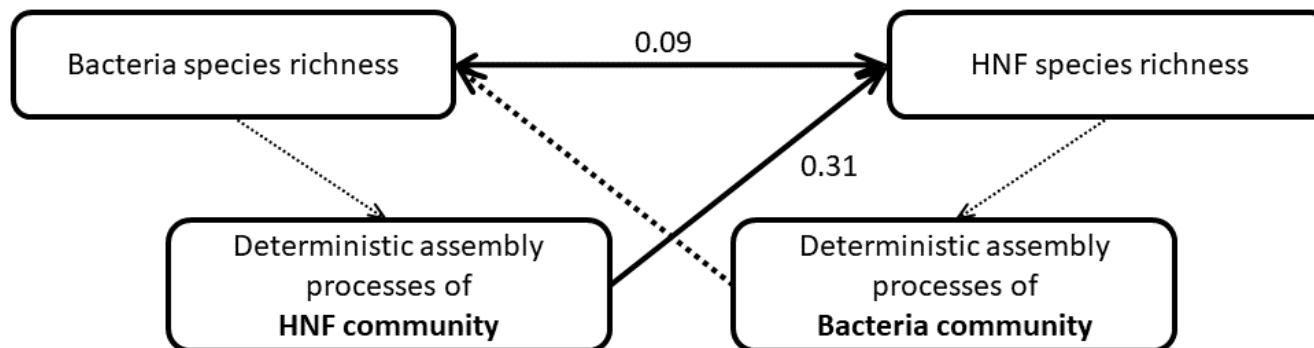


# Bacteria $\alpha$ diversity $\rightarrow$ HNF $\beta NTI \rightarrow$ HNF $\alpha$ diversity



- Community assembly processes are not associated with the other trophic level.
- Some deterministic processes **decreases** both predator and prey  $\alpha$  diversity.

## Path model



## $\beta NTI$ might be more informative to $\beta$ diversity...future work

