

$P-S_1$: first sum of hand (1st card drawn)

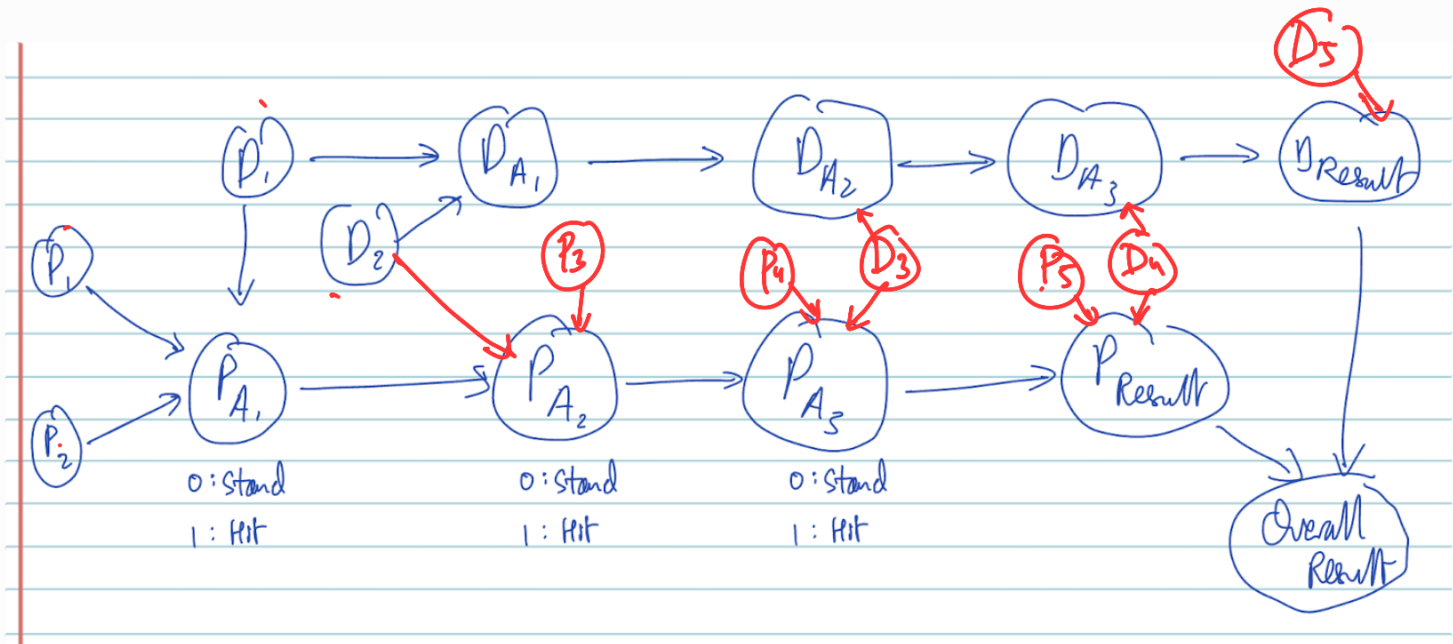
C_u : u th card drawn $u \in [2, 5]$

$P-S_i$: i th sum of hand $i \in [1, 5]$

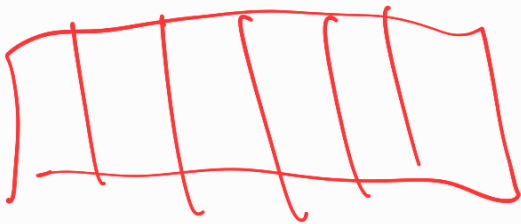
Deck Composition

4 aces	16	16	16
High	Low	Medium	10s
0	-1	omit	1

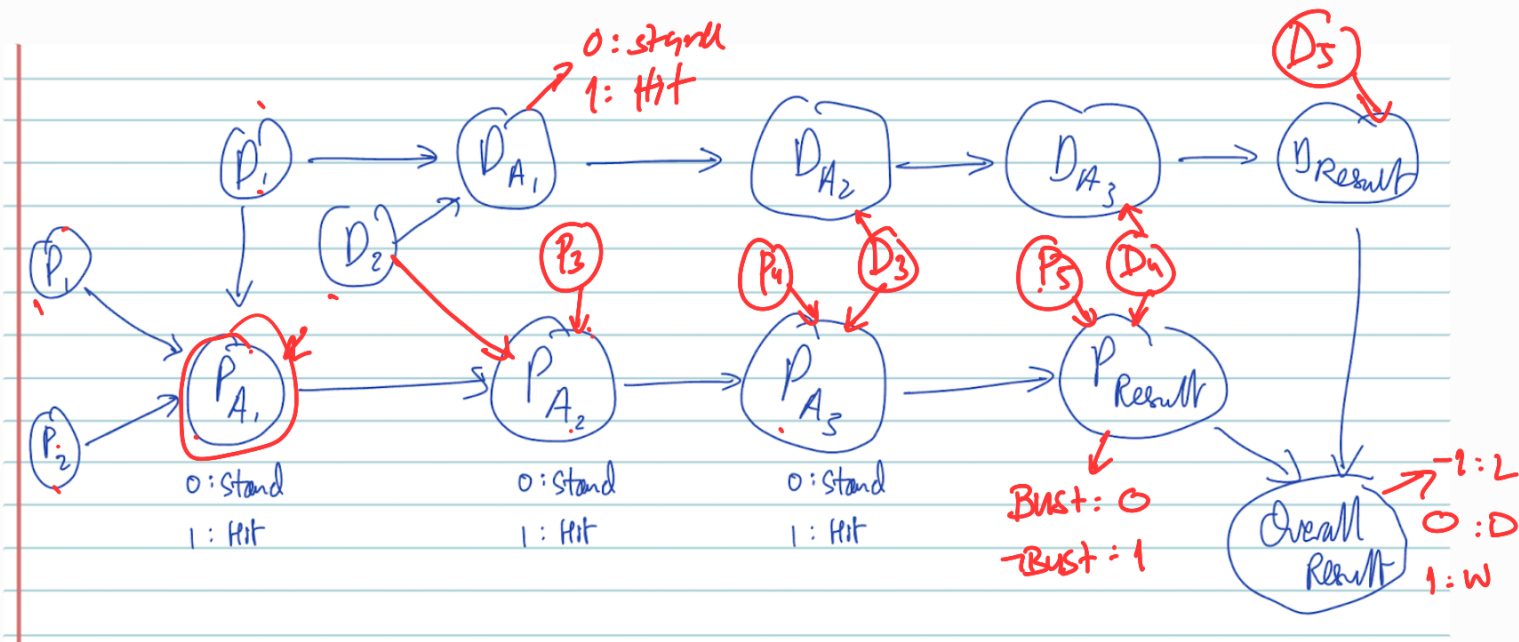
$c1 \rightarrow c5$, $d1$



Agent:
[Able to estimate the dealer's sum]



Action
H
S



Player CPT:

$$P(PA_1 | P_1, P_2, D_1)$$

$$P(PA_2 | PA_1, P_3, P_2)$$

$$P(PA_3 | PA_2, P_4, D_3)$$

$$P(P_r | PA_3, P_5, D_4)$$

Dealer CPT:

$$P(DA_1 | D_1, D_2)$$

$$P(DA_2 | DA_1, D_3)$$

$$P(DA_3 | DA_2, D_4)$$

$$P(D_r | DA_3, D_5)$$

$$P(R | P_r, D_r)$$

9 possible
CPTs

Assume that
the deck is always JZ!

Player CPT:

Dealer CPT:

$$\rightarrow P(PA_1 | P_1, P_2, D_1)$$

$$P(DA_1 | D_1, D_2)$$

$$\rightarrow P(PA_2 | PA_1, P_3, P_2)$$

$$P(DA_2 | DA_1, D_3)$$

$$\rightarrow P(PA_3 | PA_2, P_4, D_3)$$

$$P(DA_3 | DA_2, D_4)$$

$$\rightarrow P(P_r | PA_3, P_5, D_4)$$

$$P(D_r | DA_3, D_5)$$

$$P(R | P_r, D_r)$$

Ace, Low, 10s
0 -1 1

100,000 hands

Filter observations for

$P_1 \rightarrow P_5, D_1 \rightarrow D_5,$

$PA_1 \rightarrow PA_3, DA_1 \rightarrow DA_3$

P_r, D_r, R

9 empty dictionaries

5 keys

→ 27 entries

another dictionary
to keep a counter for each observation

use it to compute CPT
yeah?

observed dictionary

$\{P_1 : \{0: x, 1: y, -1: z\}\}$ ← observation nested dictionary

$$\text{Count}(P_1, P_2, D_1, PA_1)$$

$$\text{Count}(D_1, D_2, PA_n)$$

$$\text{Count}(PA_{n+1}, PA_n, D_{n+2}) \quad n \in [1, 4]$$

$$\text{Count}_{i \in [1, 3]}(PA_i, PA_{i+2}, D_{i+1})$$

numerator + denominator

1) Look at the dataset and count all the observations
↳ stored them in a dictionary

2) Compute CPT

Modeling Bet

75% after like
↑ 10 rounds
↓ increment betting
else

50% → stay conservative

EX. 1

P_1	P_2	D_1	PA_1	Count
0	0	0	0	x
				4

$$P_1 - P_2 - D_1 - PA_1 - \text{dict} = \{(0, 0, 0, 0) : \text{count}, \dots\}$$

$$P_1 - P_2 - D_1 - \text{dict} = \{(0, 0, 0) : \text{counts}\}$$

18 dictionaries

$$P(X_1) \cdot E(X_1) + P(X_2) \cdot E(X_2) + \dots + P(X_n) \cdot E(X_n)$$

Burke-forsyth Method