

HTTPS

Generar clave privada:

```
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$ openssl genrsa 2048 > clave.key
```

Generar solicitud de la firma a partir de la clave generada:

```
e is 65537 (0x010001)
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$ openssl req -new -key clave.key > clave.csr
You are about to be asked to enter your information as requested by the CA.
-----
```

Pedirá información sobre el servidor:

```
-----
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:ES
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:Zamora
Locality Name (eg, city) []:Benavente
Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:Sauces
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:DAW
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:www.oscar.local
Email Address []:oscar.llapar@educa.jcyl.es
-----
```

El apartado de contraseña se puede dejar vacío:

```
-----
Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password []:
An optional company name []:
-----
```

Generar el certificado con el siguiente comando:

```
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$ openssl x509 -req -days 365 -in clave.csr -signkey clave.k
ey > clave.crt
Signature ok
subject=C = ES, ST = Zamora, L = Benavente, O = Sauces, OU = DAW, CN = www.oscar
.local, emailAddress = oscar.llapar@educa.jcyl.es
Getting Private key
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$
```

Los tres ficheros "clave" estarían generados:

```
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$ ls
clave.crt  clave.key
clave.csr  DAWDespliegueAplicacionesWeb
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$
```

Activar el módulo de Apache SSL:

```
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$ sudo a2enmod ssl
```

Tras activarlo, reiniciar servidor:

```
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$ sudo service apache2 restart
```

Comprobar que el puerto 443, que pertenece a https esté abierto:

```
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$ ss -pnta
Netid State  Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address:Port Peer Address:Port Process
udp    UNCONN  0      0      127.0.0.53%lo:53    0.0.0.0:*
tcp    LISTEN  0      151     0.0.0.0:3306        0.0.0.0:*
tcp    LISTEN  0     4096     127.0.0.53%lo:53    0.0.0.0:*
tcp    LISTEN  0      128     0.0.0.0:22         0.0.0.0:*
tcp    ESTAB   0      0      192.168.3.114:22    192.168.3.14:62740
tcp    LISTEN  0      511      *:80               *:80
tcp    LISTEN  0      100      *:8080             *:8080
tcp    LISTEN  0      128      [::]:22            [::]:22
tcp    LISTEN  0      511      *:443              *:443
tcp    LISTEN  0      70       *:33060            *:33060

adminwes@OLP-USED:~$ ss -pta
Netid State  Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address:Port Peer Address:Port Process
udp    UNCONN  0      0      127.0.0.53%lo:domain 0.0.0.0:*
tcp    LISTEN  0      151     0.0.0.0:mysql         0.0.0.0:*
tcp    LISTEN  0     4096     127.0.0.53%lo:domain 0.0.0.0:*
tcp    LISTEN  0      128     0.0.0.0:ssh           0.0.0.0:*
tcp    ESTAB   0      64      192.168.3.114:ssh     192.168.3.14:62740
tcp    LISTEN  0      511      *:http               *:80
tcp    LISTEN  0      100      *:http-alt           *:8080
tcp    LISTEN  0      128      [::]:ssh             [::]:22
tcp    LISTEN  0      511      *:https              *:443
tcp    LISTEN  0      70       *:33060              *:33060

adminwes@OLP-USED:~$
```

Mover la clave privada (.key) a /etc/ssl/private:

```
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$ sudo mv clave.key /etc/ssl/private
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$ sudo ls -l /etc/ssl/private
total 8
-rw-rw-r-- 1 adminwes adminwes 1675 feb 23 11:31 clave.key
-rw-r----- 1 root      ssl-cert 1704 oct  5 10:50 ssl-cert-snakeoil.key
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$
```

Cambio de permisos de la clave privada (propiedad de root:ssl-cert):

```
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$ sudo chown root:ssl-cert /etc/ssl/private/clave.key
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$ sudo chmod 640 /etc/ssl/private/clave.key
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$ sudo ls -l /etc/ssl/private
total 8
-rw-r----- 1 root ssl-cert 1675 feb 23 11:31 clave.key
-rw-r----- 1 root ssl-cert 1704 oct  5 10:50 ssl-cert-snakeoil.key
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$
```

Mover el certificado a /etc/ssl/certs:

```
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$ sudo mv clave.crt /etc/ssl/certs
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$ sudo ls -l /etc/ssl/certs | grep clave
-rw-rw-r-- 1 adminwes adminwes 1346 feb 23 11:37 clave.crt
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$
```

Cambiar propietario del certificado a root:

```
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$ sudo chown root:root /etc/ssl/certs/clave.crt
adminwes@OLP-USED:~$
```

En /etc/apache2/sites-available, crear un nuevo sitio ssl copiando el archivo default-ssl.conf y poniendo el nombre del sitio seguido de -ssl:

```
admindwes@OLP-USED:/etc/apache2/sites-available$ sudo cp default-ssl.conf
daw202-ssl.conf
```

Contenido del fichero creado:

```
<IfModule mod_ssl.c>
    <VirtualHost *:443>
        ServerName daw202.oscar.local
        ServerAlias www.daw202.oscar.local
        ServerAdmin daw202@oscar.local
        DocumentRoot /var/www/daw202/public_html

        # Available loglevels: trace8, ..., trace1, debug, info, notice,
        # error, crit, alert, emerg.
        # It is also possible to configure the loglevel for particular
        # modules, e.g.
        #LogLevel info ssl:warn

        ErrorLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/error-daw202-ssl.log
        CustomLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/access-daw202-ssl.log combined

        # For most configuration files from conf-available/, which are
        # enabled or disabled at a global level, it is possible to
        # include a line for only one particular virtual host. For example,
        # the following line enables the CGI configuration for this host only
        # after it has been globally disabled with "a2disconf".
        #Include conf-available/serve-cgi-bin.conf

        # SSL Engine Switch:
        # Enable/Disable SSL for this virtual host.
        SSLEngine on

        # A self-signed (snakeoil) certificate can be created by installing
        # the ssl-cert package. See
        # /usr/share/doc/apache2/README.Debian.gz for more info.
        # If both key and certificate are stored in the same file, only the
        # SSLCertificateFile directive is needed.
        SSLCertificateFile      /etc/ssl/certs/clave.crt
        SSLCertificateKeyFile   /etc/ssl/private/clave.key

        # Server Certificate Chain:
        # Point SSLCertificateChainFile at a file containing the
        # concatenation of PEM encoded CA certificates which form the
        # certificate chain for the server certificate. Alternatively
        # the referenced file can be the same as SSLCertificateFile
        # when the CA certificates are directly appended to the server
        # certificate for convinience.
        #SSLCertificateChainFile /etc/apache2/ssl.crt/server-ca.crt
```

Activar el sitio ssl:


```
adminwes@OLP-USED:/etc/apache2/sites-available$ sudo a2ensite daw202-ssl.conf
Enabling site daw202-ssl.
To activate the new configuration, you need to run:
  systemctl reload apache2
adminwes@OLP-USED:/etc/apache2/sites-available$
```




Reiniciar Apache:

```
adminwes@OLP-USED:/etc/apache2/sites-available$ systemctl reload apache2
==== AUTHENTICATING FOR org.freedesktop.systemd1.manage-units ====
Authentication is required to reload 'apache2.service'.
Authenticating as: admin (adminwes)
Password:
==== AUTHENTICATION COMPLETE ====
adminwes@OLP-USED:/etc/apache2/sites-available$
```

Entrada a la dirección por el navegador:



Index of /

	Name	Last modified	Size	Description
	ninja/	2022-01-21 12:30	-	
	profesor/	2022-01-21 12:09	-	
	uno/	2022-01-12 11:04	-	

Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu) Server at daw202.oscar.local Port 443