## Midterm 2

All code should be written in C++. Unless otherwise specified, you may (and I generally will):

- assume that the user of any code you write will be cooperative with the input they supply;
- omit std:: and the return value of main();
- assume that all necessary libraries have been #included;
- omit main() entirely for problems that ask ONLY for function definitions;
- not concern yourself with having optimal solutions (within reason);
- not worry yourself about prompt messages for user input (I sometimes give descriptive prompts in sample runs, to clarify problems);
- not recopy code I have provided, or which you have written in other parts of problems.

Partial credit will be given, so do your best if you encounter a difficult question. PLEASE BOX YOUR ANSWER if it is not otherwise clear!

- 1. I have a file named shopping.txt, which contains several sentences, which looks like:
  - I buy 5 computers.
  - I buy 13 books about programming.
  - I buy 25 used keyboards.

The file could have several lines, but each sentence will be on a line by itself, and start with "I buy" followed by a number, and an item.

Write a program which opens this file, and prints out the total number of items I buy. (For example, with the file shown, the number printed would be 43, since 5 + 13 + 25 = 43.) I suggest using stringstreams.

For full credit, your program should work for any file named shopping.txt, which contains some number of sentences which begin with "I buy" followed by an int.

2. You are interested in sports analytics. You want to write a program to analyze how teams perform through a season.

You want to create a class called **Team**. Each object is meant to represent a football team. Each **Team** object should have the following **private member variables**:

- string name, the name of the team;
- string opps[16], an array of strings representing the opponents in the 16 games of the regular season, which should be initialized with each entry set to "---";
- int score[16] and int opp\_score[16], representing the scores of each team in question and their opponent in each of the games.

The class should also support the following **methods**:

- a constructor which receives one string parameter which sets opps as described above and each entry of score and opp\_score to -1 (signifying the game has yet to be played).
- void add\_game(int game\_no, string opp, int s\_us, int s\_them). This method should check that game\_no is an appropriate value (0 to 15). If it is, it should update all the attributes, by setting index game\_no in all three arrays to equal the corresponding argument.
- double win\_percent(), which returns the percentage of games that have been played so far that our team has won (if no games have been played yet, then 0 should be returned). Games that have been played can be identified by checking if the opponent is "---".
- a. Write the declaration for the class Team, and the definitions for all methods. Mark methods as const as appropriate.
- b. Write code in main() which declares a Team object for a team called the Tigers. Data for games 0 and 1 should be supplied: the opponents are the Bulldogs and Gators; the respective scores are 3-28 and 10-0 (the Tigers' score is listed first). Then, print out Tigers' win percentage (which should be 0.5 or 50% I don't care about the format).

3. Write a class for quadratic polynomials. The class should be written so as to make the following code work:

When you write your class, there should be 3 private member variables (the coefficients, doubles), and probably 4 public member/friend functions (including the constructor) – roughly, each line should correspond to one of the functions.

(Hint: the last function is an operator overload which we have not discussed, but which works very similarly to one that we have discussed.)

4. Consider the following code, which doesn't do anything interesting, but will cause a memory leak if used:

```
class Leaky {
private:
   int *ptr;
   string identity;
public:
   Leaky() {
       ptr = new int[100];
       identity = "???";
       cout << identity << endl;</pre>
   }
   Leaky(const string& x) {
       ptr = new int[100];
       identity = x;
       cout << identity << endl;</pre>
   Leaky(const Leaky& rhs) {
       ptr = rhs.ptr;
       identity = rhs.identity + "copy";
       cout << identity << endl;</pre>
   }
   ~Leaky() {
       cout << identity << "BYEBYEBYE" << endl;</pre>
};
int main(){
   cout << "111" << endl;
   Leaky a;
   Leaky b("Fred");
   cout << "222" << endl;
   b = a;
   cout << "333" << endl;
   Leaky c = b;
   cout << "444" << endl;
}
```

- a. What would print out when the code above is run? (Note: the last three lines to print should do so in a particular order, but I did not discuss this and so won't deduct points if the last 3 lines are permuted.)
- b. This class will cause memory leaks because heap-allocated memory is not deallocated when objects go out of scope. Write one extra line in one of the member functions that "solves" this problem, and be sure to be clear about which member function you're adding it to.
- c. The reason that I put "solves" in quotation mark is because the one extra line, on its own, will stop the memory leak, but it will cause other problems for example, if the code above is run with just the change of part b, there will be probably be a runtime error. Explain why an error occurs with this code, as clearly as you can.