## Homework 2 solutions

## Question 3

(a)

$$\vec{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix}, \ \vec{p} = \begin{pmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \\ p_3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

$$\hat{\vec{L}} = \hat{\vec{x}} \times \hat{\vec{p}} = \cdots \tag{2}$$

$$[\hat{L}_1, \hat{L}_2] = [x_2p_3 - x_3p_2, x_3p_1 - x_1p_3] \tag{3}$$

$$[A+B,C+D] = [A+B,C] + [A+B,D]$$
(4)

$$= [A, C] + [B, C] + [A, D] + [B, D]$$
(5)

$$\Rightarrow [L_1, L_2] = [x_2p_3, x_3p_1] - [x_3p_2, x_3p_1] - [x_2p_3, x_1p_3] + [x_3p_2, x_1p_3]$$
II III IV (6)

$$[A, BC] = B[A, C] + [A, B]C \tag{7}$$

$$[AB, C] = A[B, C] + [A, C]B$$
 (8)

$$[x_i, p_j] = i\hbar \delta_{ij}, \ [p_i, x_j] = -i\hbar \delta_{ij} \tag{9}$$

$$[x_i, x_j] = [p_i, p_j] = 0 (10)$$

$$I = [x_2p_3, x_3]p_1 + x_3[x_2p_2, p_1]$$
(11)

$$= [x_2, x_3]p_3p_1 + x_2[p_3, x_3]p_1 + x_3[x_2, p_1]p_3 + x_2x_3[p_3, p_1]$$
(12)

$$= -i\hbar x_2 p_1 \tag{13}$$

$$II = [x_3p_2, x_3]p_1 + x_3[x_3p_2, p_1]$$
(14)

$$= x_3[p_2, x_3]p_1 + +[x_3, x_3]p_1p_2 + x_3x_3[p_2, p_1] + x_3[x_3, p_1]p_2$$
(15)

$$= 0 \tag{16}$$

$$III = [x_2p_3, x_1]p_3 + x_1[x_2p_3, p_3] = 0$$
(17)

$$IV = [x_3p_2, x_1]p_3 + x_1[x_3p_2, p_3]$$
(18)

$$= [x_3, x_1]p_2p_3 + x_3[p_2, x_1]p_3 + x_1[x_3, p_3]p_2 + x_1x_3[p_2, p_3]$$
(19)

$$= i\hbar x_1 p_2 \tag{20}$$

$$[L_1, L_2] = i\hbar(x_1p_2 - x_2p_1) = i\hbar L_3 \tag{21}$$

$$[L_i, L_j] = \varepsilon_{ijk} i\hbar L_k \tag{22}$$

(b)

$$[\hat{\vec{L}}_1^2, \hat{L}_1] \tag{23}$$

$$\hat{\vec{L}}^2 = \hat{L}_1^2 + \hat{L}_2^2 + \hat{L}_3^2 \tag{24}$$

$$= [L_1^2 + L_2^2 + L_3^2, L_1] = 0 (25)$$

$$= [L_2^2, L_1] + [L_3^2, L_1] \tag{26}$$

$$= L_2[L_2, L_1] + [L_2, L_1]L_2 + L_3[L_3, L_1] + [L_3, L_1]L_3$$
(27)

$$= -i\hbar L_2 L_3 - i\hbar L_3 L_2 + i\hbar L_3 L_2 + i\hbar L_2 L_3 \tag{28}$$

$$= -i\hbar(L_2L_3 + L_3L_2) + i\hbar(L_3L_2 + L_2L_3) = 0$$
(29)

(c)

$$\vec{L} \times \vec{L} = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 p_3 - x_3 p_2 \\ x_3 p_1 - x_1 p_3 \\ x_1 p_2 - x_2 p_1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} x_2 p_3 - x_3 p_2 \\ x_3 p_1 - x_1 p_3 \\ x_1 p_2 - x_2 p_1 \end{bmatrix}$$
(30)

$$= \begin{bmatrix} (x_3p_1 - x_1p_3)(x_1p_2 - x_2p_1) - (x_1p_2 - x_2p_1)(x_3p_1 - x_1p_3) \\ (x_1p_2 - x_2p_1)(x_2p_3 - x_3p_2) - (x_2p_3 - x_3p_2)(x_1p_2 - x_2p_1) \\ (x_2p_3 - x_3p_2)(x_3p_1 - x_1p_3) - (x_3p_1 - x_1p_3)(x_2p_3 - x_3p_2) \end{bmatrix}$$
(31)

$$= \begin{bmatrix} [L_2, L_3] \\ [L_3, L_1] \\ [L_1, L_2] \end{bmatrix} = 0 \tag{32}$$

$$(\vec{L} \times \vec{L})_l = \sum_{m,n} \varepsilon_{lmn} L_m L_n = \varepsilon_{lmn} (L_m L_n - L_n L_m) = \varepsilon_{lmn} [L_m, L_n] = i\hbar L_l$$
 (33)

(d)

$$\left[\frac{p^2}{2m}, x_i\right] = \frac{1}{2m} [p^2, x_i] \tag{34}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2m} [p_1^2 + p_2^2 + p_3^2, x_i] \tag{35}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2m} [p_i^2, x_i] \tag{36}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2m} (p_i[p_i, x_i] + [p_i, x_i]p_i)$$
(37)

$$= \frac{1}{2m}(p_i(-i\hbar) - i\hbar p_i) \tag{38}$$

$$=\frac{-i\hbar}{m}p_i\tag{39}$$

$$[V(x), p_i]\psi = (V(-i\hbar\partial_{x_i}) - (-i\hbar\partial_{x_i})V)\psi$$
(40)

$$= V(-i\hbar)\partial_{x_i}\psi - (-i\hbar)\partial_{x_i}(V\psi) \tag{41}$$

$$= V(-i\hbar)\partial_{x_i}\psi - V(-i\hbar)\partial_{x_i}\psi - (-i\hbar)(\partial_{x_i}V)\psi \tag{42}$$

$$=\underbrace{i\hbar(\partial_{x_i}V)}_{[V(x),p_i]}\psi\tag{43}$$

$$[L_1, x_1] = [x_2p_3 - x_3p_2, x_1] = 0 (44)$$

$$[L_1, x_2] = [x_2p_3 - x_3p_2, x_2]$$

$$= [x_2p_3, x_2] - [x_3p_2, x_2]$$
(45)
$$(46)$$

$$= x_2[p_3, x_2] + [x_2, x_2]p_3 - (x_3[p_2, x_2] + [x_3, x_2]p_2)$$

$$(47)$$

$$= -x_3[p_2, x_2] (48)$$

$$= i\hbar x_3 \tag{49}$$

## Question 4

(a)

$$\psi(x,0) = Ae^{ik_0x}e^{\frac{-x^2}{2b^2}} \tag{50}$$

$$\rho(x,0) = |\psi(x,0)|^2 = \psi^* \psi \tag{51}$$

is the probability density of the wave function

$$\rho(x,0)dx\tag{52}$$

is the probability to find the particle in (x, x + dx) therefore,

$$1 = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \rho(x,0)dx \tag{53}$$

$$=A^{2}\int e^{-\frac{x^{2}}{b^{2}}}dx\tag{54}$$

$$(u = \frac{x}{b}) = A^2 b \int e^{-u^2} du$$
 (55)

$$=A^2b\sqrt{\pi}\tag{56}$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{\pi}} \tag{57}$$

(b)

$$\tilde{\psi}(k) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx e^{-ikx} \psi(x,0)$$
 (58)

$$\tilde{\psi}(k) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx e^{-ikx} e^{ik_0 x} e^{\frac{-x^2}{2b^2}}$$
(59)

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx \exp\left[-i(k-k_0)x - \frac{x^2}{2b^2}\right]$$
 (60)

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2b^2} \left(x^2 + 2b^2 i(k - k_0)x - b^4 (k - k_0)^2\right) - \frac{b^2}{2} (k - k_0)^2\right]$$
(61)

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2b^2} \left(x + b^2 i(k - k_0)\right)^2 - \frac{b^2}{2} (k - k_0)^2\right]$$
 (62)

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{\pi}} e^{-\frac{b^2}{2}(k-k_0)^2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2b^2} \left(x + b^2 i(k-k_0)\right)^2\right]$$
 (63)

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{\pi}} e^{-\frac{b^2}{2}(k-k_0)^2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx' \exp\left[-\frac{x'^2}{2b^2}\right]$$
 (64)

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{\pi}} e^{-\frac{b^2}{2}(k-k_0)^2} \sqrt{2b} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx'' \exp\left[-x''^2\right]$$
 (65)

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{\pi}}e^{-\frac{b^2}{2}(k-k_0)^2}\sqrt{2b\pi}$$
 (66)

$$=\sqrt{2b\sqrt{\pi}}e^{-\frac{b^2}{2}(k-k_0)^2}\tag{67}$$

(c)

$$(\tilde{\psi}(k))^2 = e^{-b^2(k-k_0)^2} 2b\sqrt{\pi} \tag{68}$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{-1} = e^{-b^2(k-k_0)^2} \tag{69}$$

$$-1 = -b^2(k - k_0)^2 (70)$$

$$\frac{1}{b} = |k - k_0| = \frac{1}{2}\Delta k \tag{71}$$

(d)

$$\psi(x,t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dk}{2\pi} \exp\left[i\left(kx - \frac{\hbar k^2}{2m}t\right)\right] \tilde{\psi}(k)$$
 (72)

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dk}{2\pi} \exp\left[i\left(kx - \frac{\hbar k^2}{2m}t\right)\right] \sqrt{2b\sqrt{\pi}} e^{-\frac{b^2}{2}(k-k_0)^2}$$
 (73)

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2b\sqrt{\pi}}}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dk \exp\left[i\left(kx - \frac{\hbar k^2}{2m}t\right) - \frac{b^2}{2}(k - k_0)^2\right]$$
(74)

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2b\sqrt{\pi}}}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dk \exp\left[ikx - \frac{\hbar k^2}{2m}it - \frac{b^2}{2}k^2 + b^2kk_0 - \frac{b^2}{2}k_0^2\right]$$
 (75)

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2b\sqrt{\pi}}}{2\pi} e^{-\frac{b^2}{2}k_0^2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dk \exp\left[ikx - \frac{\hbar k^2}{2m}it - \frac{b^2}{2}k^2 + b^2kk_0\right]$$
 (76)

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2b\sqrt{\pi}}}{2\pi} e^{-\frac{b^2}{2}k_0^2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dk \exp\left[k(ix + b^2k_0) + k^2\left(-\frac{\hbar}{2m}it - \frac{b^2}{2}\right)\right]$$
(77)

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2b\sqrt{\pi}\pi}}{2\pi} e^{-\frac{b^2}{2}k_0^2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{2m}it + \frac{b^2}{2}}} \exp\left[\frac{(ix + b^2k_0)^2}{4(\frac{\hbar}{2m}it + \frac{b^2}{2})}\right]$$
(78)

$$= \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{m}it + b^2}} \exp\left[\frac{(ix + b^2k_0)^2}{2(\frac{\hbar}{m}it + b^2)} - \frac{b^2}{2}k_0^2\right]$$
(79)

(e)