- High-Level Architecture:
 - * In User Service:
 - **X** In Publication Service:
- - Connect user_events_queue:
- Publication Service
 - users-events.controller.ts:
 - user-cache.service.ts:
 - user.interface.ts:
 - users.module.ts:
 - vsers.controller.ts:
- main.ts:
- IMPORTANT



In User Service:

- Use .emit() when user is created/updated.
- Configure a second RabbitMQ queue (user_events_queue) .

In Publication Service:

- Listen to events from user_events_queue .
- Receive data and store in in-memory cache via user-cache.service.ts.





In main.ts, add another microservice connection:

```
app.connectMicroservice<MicroserviceOptions>({
  transport: Transport.RMQ,
  options: {
    urls: ['amqp://user:password@localhost:5672'],
    queue: 'user_events_queue',
    queueOptions: { durable: true },
  },
});
```

Emit events in user service:

In your UserService (Register, updateUser, etc.):

```
constructor(
@Inject('PUBLICATION_EVENTS_SERVICE') private readonly userEventsClient:
ClientProxy
) {}
async createUser(dto: CreateUserDto) {
  const user = await this.userRepository.save(dto);// Emit event to publication
service
  this.userEventsClient.emit('user_created', {
    id: user.id,
    name: user.name,
    email: user.email,
    // any other fields
  });return user;
}
```

Register PUBLICATION SERVICE using ClientsModule with the same user events queue, the module with the same folder we have service like user.module

```
import { Module } from '@nestjs/common';
import { ClientsModule, Transport } from '@nestjs/microservices';
@Module({
  imports: [
    ClientsModule.register([
        name: 'PUBLICATION_EVENTS_SERVICE', // >> must match the Inject() token
        transport: Transport.RMQ,
        options: {
          urls: ['amqp://user:password@localhost:5672'],
          queue: 'user_events_queue', // ➡️ This is the queue to emit events to
          queueOptions: {
            durable: true,
```

```
},
        },
      },
    ]),
  ],
  providers: [
    // Your service that emits events (e.g., UserService)
  exports: [ClientsModule], // Export it if needed elsewhere
export class UserModule {}
```



Publication Service

- Do this Schema :

name ms/src/

- -> users/
- ->user-cache.service.ts
- -> user.interface.ts
- -> users-events.controller.ts
- -> users.controller.ts
- -> users.module.ts



users-events.controller.ts:

This listens for user events and updates the cache:

```
// publication-service/src/users/users-events.controller.ts
import { Controller } from '@nestjs/common';
import { EventPattern, Payload } from '@nestjs/microservices';
import { UserCacheService } from './user-cache.service';
import { User } from './user.interface';
@Controller('users-events')
export class UsersEventsController {
```

```
constructor(private readonly userCacheService: UserCacheService) {}
@EventPattern('user_created')
async handleUserCreated(@Payload() user: User) {
  console.log('[PUBLICATION_SERVICE]  Received user_created event', user);
  this.userCacheService.addUserToCache(user);
@EventPattern('user_updated')
async handleUserUpdated(@Payload() user: User) {
  console.log('[PUBLICATION_SERVICE]  Received user_updated event', user);
  this.userCacheService.updateUserInCache(user); // same method can update
}
```

user-cache.service.ts:

- You will find here two methods you can use to get any data from table user getUserById(id: number) & getAllUsers()
- How to use it, First add this to any controller or service where you want to use

privatereadonlyuserCacheService: UserCacheService

and add the methode like this

```
`const users =` `this.userCacheService.getUserById(id);`
`const users = this.userCacheService.getAllUsers();`
```

Simple in-memory caching:

```
// publication-service/src/users/user-cache.service.ts
import { Injectable, OnModuleInit, OnModuleDestroy } from '@nestjs/common';
import { Inject } from '@nestjs/common';
import { ClientProxy } from '@nestjs/microservices';
import { firstValueFrom } from 'rxjs';
import { User } from './user.interface';
@Injectable()
// export class UserCacheService implements OnModuleInit {
  export class UserCacheService implements OnModuleInit, OnModuleDestroy {
  private userCache: Map<number, User> = new Map();
  private refreshTimer: NodeJS.Timeout;
  constructor(
    @Inject('USER_SERVICE') private readonly userServiceClient: ClientProxy,
    // Optionally schedule cache clearing to prevent memory bloat
```

```
this.scheduleNextMidnightRefresh(); // Optional
 async onModuleInit() {
   // Fetch users when the service starts
    await this.loadInitialUsers();
   // Schedule daily cache refresh at midnight
   this.scheduleNextMidnightRefresh();
  }
 // Cleanup when module is destroyed
  onModuleDestroy() {
   if (this.refreshTimer) {
     clearTimeout(this.refreshTimer);
    }
  // Schedule the next midnight refresh
 private scheduleNextMidnightRefresh() {
   const now = new Date();
    const tomorrow = new Date(now);
    tomorrow.setDate(tomorrow.getDate() + 1);
    tomorrow.setHours(0, 0, 0, 0); // Set to midnight
    const timeUntilMidnight = tomorrow.getTime() - now.getTime();
    this.refreshTimer = setTimeout(async () => {
      console.log('Performing scheduled midnight cache refresh');
     this.clearCache();
     // await this.loadInitialUsers();
     // Schedule the next day's refresh
     this.scheduleNextMidnightRefresh();
   }, timeUntilMidnight);
    console.log(`Next cache refresh scheduled in ${Math.floor(timeUntilMidnight /
1000 / 60)} minutes`);
 // Clear the entire cache
 private clearCache() {
   const userCount = this.userCache.size;
   this.userCache.clear();
    console.log(`[CACHE] / Cleared ${userCount} users at midnight`);
  // Add methods to be called from event handlers
 addUserToCache(user: User) {
   this.userCache.set(user.id, {
      ...user,
     nomComplet: `${user.nom} ${user.prenom}`
   });
   console.log(`[CACHE] + User ${user.id} added`);
 updateUserInCache(user: User) {
   this.userCache.set(user.id, {
      ...user,
      nomComplet: `${user.nom} ${user.prenom}`
```

```
});
   console.log(`[CACHE]  User ${user.id} updated`);
  }
  removeUserFromCache(userId: number) {
   this.userCache.delete(userId);
   console.log(`[CACHE] X User ${userId} removed`);
  }
 private async loadInitialUsers() {
   try {
     console.log('[CACHE]  Loading initial users...');
     // Send Request to get all users via RabbitMQ from user service
     const response = this.userServiceClient.send({ cmd: 'get_all_users' }, {});
     console.log('Request sent to user service, waiting for response...');
     const users = await firstValueFrom(response);
     console.log('Received response from user service:', users);
     if (!users || users.length === 0) {
       return;
     // Add users to the cache
     users.forEach(user => {
       this.addUserToCache(user);
     });
     console.log(`[CACHE] ✓ Loaded ${users.length} users`);
     console.log('Current cache size:', this.userCache.size);
   } catch (error) {
     console.error('[CACHE] X Failed to load initial users:', error);
     console.error('Error details:', error.message);
     if (error.stack) console.error(error.stack);
   }
  }
  getUserById(id: number): User | undefined {
   const numericId = +id;
   return this.userCache.get(numericId);
  }
 getAllUsers(): User[] {
   return Array.from(this.userCache.values());
 }
}
```

user.interface.ts:

```
// publication-service/src/users/user.interface.ts
export interface User {
```

```
id: number;
email: string;
nom: string;
prenom: string;
role: string;
nomComplet?: string; // We'll compute this from nom and prenom
```

users.module.ts:

```
// publication-service/src/users/users.module.ts
import { Module } from '@nestjs/common';
import { ClientsModule, Transport } from '@nestjs/microservices';
import { UserCacheService } from './user-cache.service';
import { UsersEventsController } from './users-events.controller';
import { UsersController } from './users.controller';
@Module({
  imports: [
    ClientsModule.register([
        name: 'USER_SERVICE',
        transport: Transport.RMQ,
        options: {
          urls: ['amqp://user:password@localhost:5672'],
          queue: 'user_events_queue',
          queueOptions: {
            durable: true
          },
        },
      },
    ]),
  controllers: [UsersEventsController,UsersController],
  providers: [UserCacheService],
  exports: [UserCacheService],
})
export class UsersModule {}
```

users.controller.ts:

Use this if you want to send values to Frontend:

```
// publication-service/src/users/users.controller.ts
import { Controller, Get, Param, NotFoundException } from '@nestjs/common';
import { UserCacheService } from './user-cache.service';
```

```
@Controller('users')
export class UsersController {
  constructor(private readonly userCacheService: UserCacheService) {}
  // Get user by ID
  @Get(':id')
  getUserById(@Param('id') id: number) {
    const user = this.userCacheService.getUserById(id);
    if (!user) {
     throw new NotFoundException(`User with ID ${id} not found`);
    return user;
  // Get all users
 @Get()
  getAllUsers() {
    const users = this.userCacheService.getAllUsers();
    return users;
 }
}
```

main.ts:

• Add Before app.listen this:

```
// Connect to RabbitMQ for user events
app.connectMicroservice<MicroserviceOptions>({
    transport: Transport.RMQ,
    options: {
        urls: ['amqp://user:password@localhost:5672'],
        queue: 'user_events_queue',
        queueOptions: {
            durable: true
        },
      },
    });

// Puis démarrer l'application web
await app.listen(port, '0.0.0.0');
// Démarrer tous les microservices
await app.startAllMicroservices();
```

• And after app.listen this:

```
// Démarrer tous les microservices
await app.startAllMicroservices();
```

IMPORTANT

- Import UsersModule in AppModule
- MessagerieModule or PublicationModule ... :
 - o Import :

```
UsersModule,
   JwtModule.register({
    secret: process.env.JWT_SECRET || 'default_secret',
   }),
```

o providers: UserCacheService,

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