



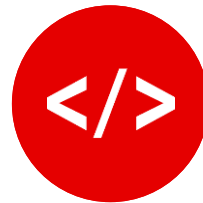
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About the Course

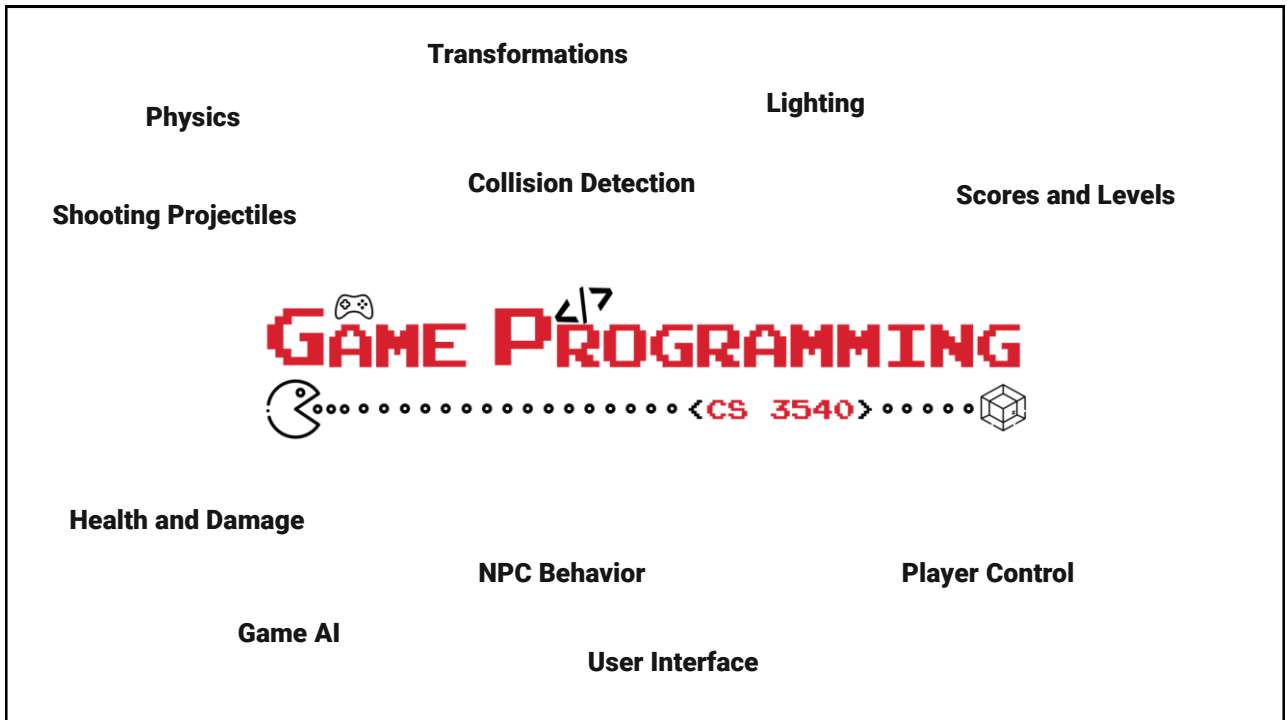


UNITY 3D



C# PROGRAMMING

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Unity 3D as a Game Engine

Game engine:

Software development environment or framework
Supports and combines several core components of games
Assets, lighting, audio, special effects, physics, animation, interactivity, and scripting

Unity 3D:

Free for educational projects and small-scale projects
Very popular among studios, independent developers, artists, etc.
Great documentation, tutorials, and community support

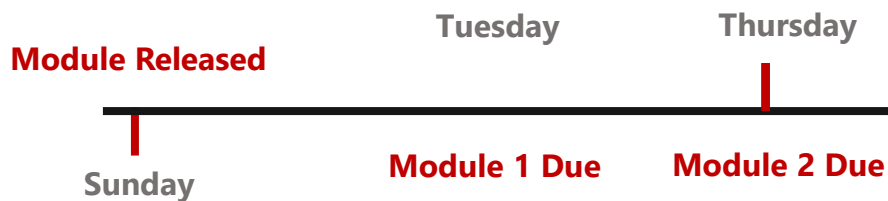
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Course Requirements

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Online Learning

Asynchronous content delivery



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What will you do in this course?

Syllabus

Schedule

Canvas Page

Final Project

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Final Project

GOAL

To give you hands-on experience applying the skills from this class to a life-like game development project in which you conceptualize and develop a 3D game from scratch

DELIVERABLES

FP1: Game Design Document

FP2: Level Design Prototype

FP3: Alpha Game Release

FP4: Beta Game Release

FP5: Gold Master Release

FP6: Game Demo

FP7: Peer Evaluation



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Final Project: Requirements

Be a 3D video game.

Feature high interactivity and appropriate visual and audio effects.

Use at least three different animations for visual effects.

Have a clear story and should support progression.

Have at least three levels with various game mechanics in each level.

Have an intuitive user interface that displays progress/time/health/etc.

Use a game manager that keeps track of time/level/health/ammo/etc.

Implement game AI and use intelligent behaviors for enemies and NPCs.

Have a main menu

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Foundations of Game Development

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Games...

What is in a video game?

What are some game genres?

What are game mechanics?



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Game Elements

Game world

Challenge and progress

Storytelling

Exploration and strategy

Game logic and rules (gameplay)

Feedback and rewards

Characters (players and enemies)

Aesthetics

Game mechanics

Interactivity

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Game Mechanics

Sicart (2008)

Methods invoked by agents, designed for interaction with the game state.

Järvinen (2008):

“Game mechanics are best described with verbs”

e.g., jump, look, switch weapons, slash boxes

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Game Design Documentation

High Concept Document

To flush out your vision for the game

Defines the scope of the game and basic game logic

Intentionally brief

Game Design Document

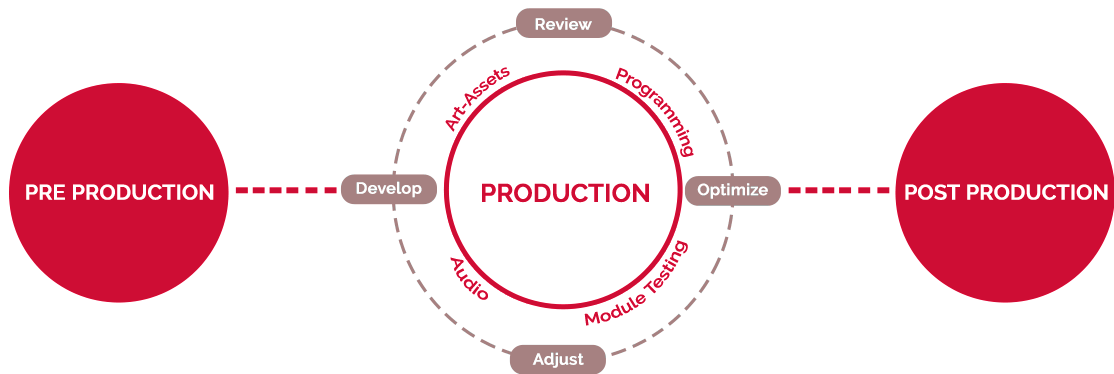
To flesh out your game with all the details

e.g., world, story, characters, core mechanics, aesthetics, etc.

Intentionally detailed

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Game Development Life Cycle



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Pre-Production

Game Concept

Ideation and brainstorming

Game Design Documentation

The core plan for features and game scope

Prototyping

Initial implementations such as sketches, grayboxing, etc.

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Production

Initial Production

Main cycle of development and Content creation
Implementation of core gameplay features

Production Stages

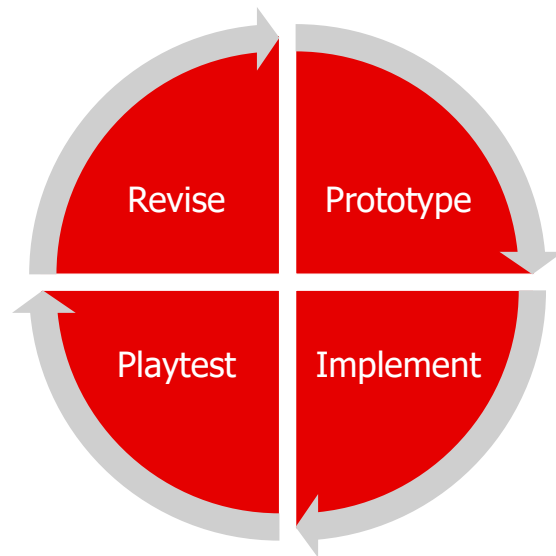
Alpha: Core gameplay features are implemented

Beta: Complete version of the game with fully functioning core game play features

Gold: Quality check and ready to be launched for the public release

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Production: An Iterative Process



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Post-Production

All actions after the game has been released

- Promotions
- Maintenance
- Patches
- Expansions
- Live content

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Installing Unity 3D

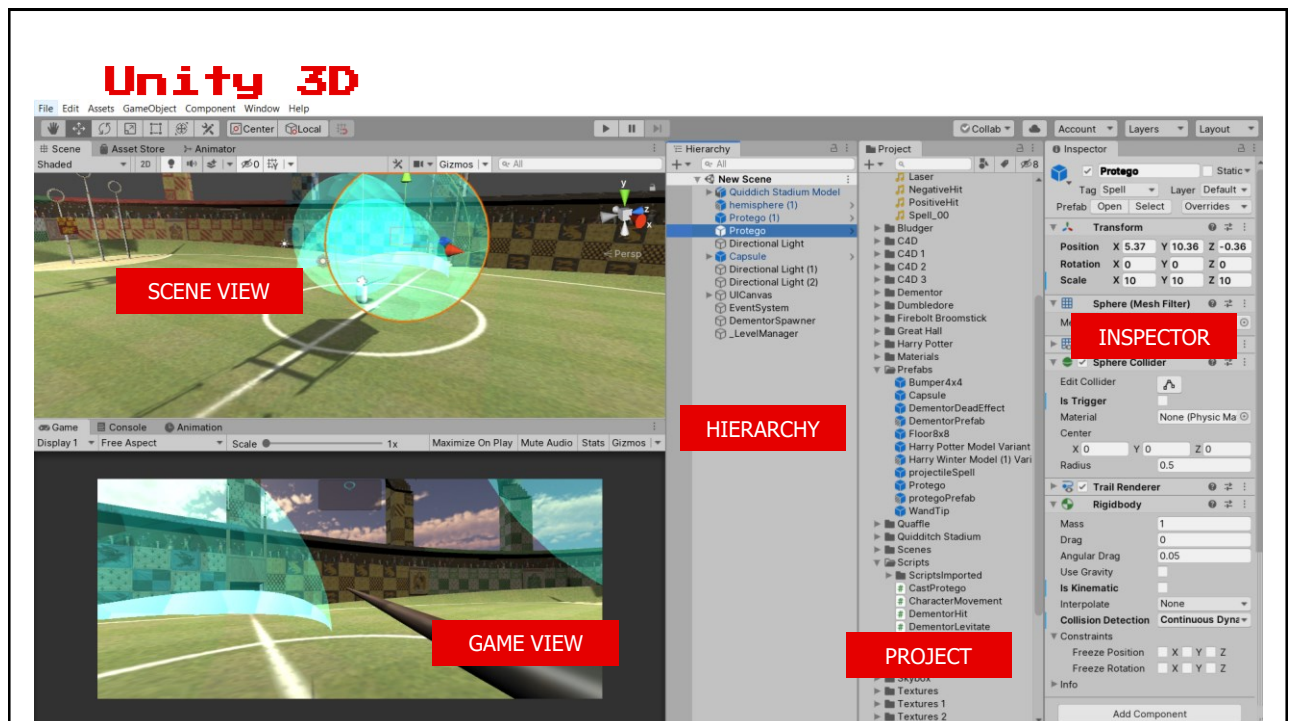


<https://unity.com/download>

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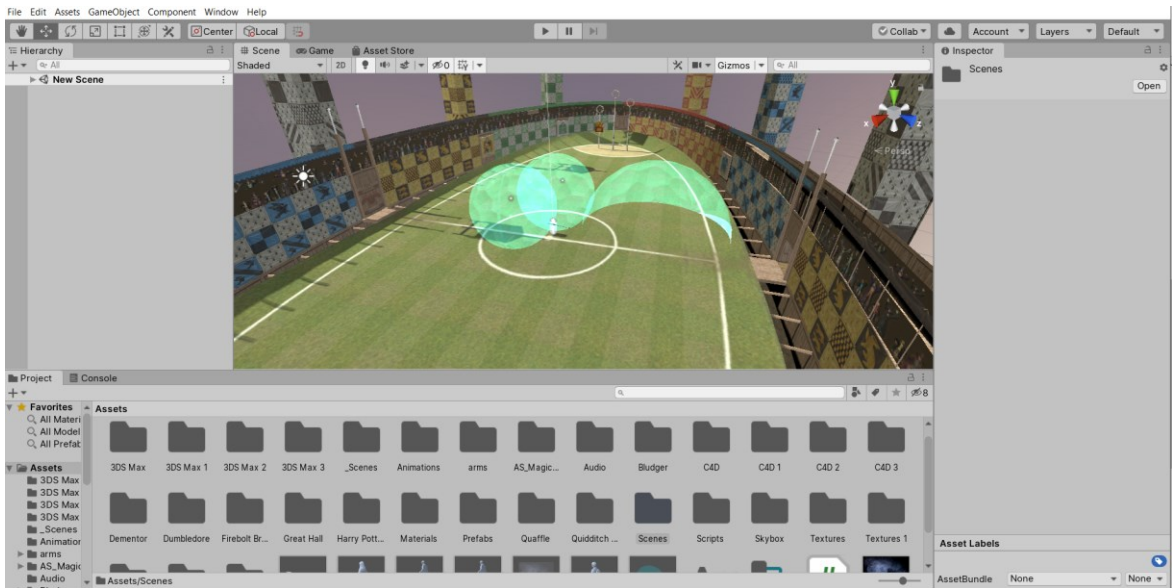
Unity 3D Environment

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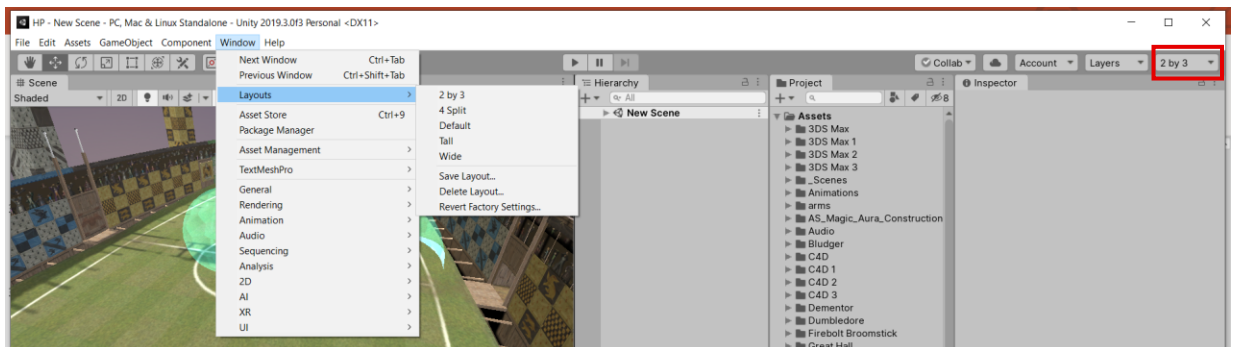
Unity 3D 2019.3



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Unity 3D

Can change your Layout through Windows > Layouts



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Hello Cube

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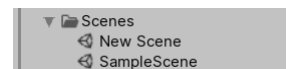
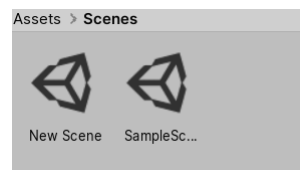
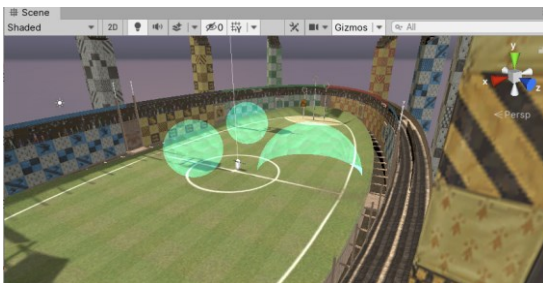
Unity 3D: Scenes

Scenes:

Contain the environments and menus of your game

A scene is essentially a level of your game

A project can (and usually does) contain multiple scenes



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Unity 3D: GameObjects

Every object in your game is a **GameObject**

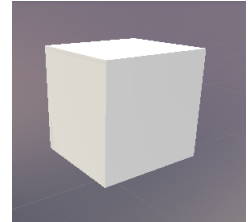
Players, collectibles, cameras, lights, and so on

GameObjects are more like containers or placeholders

They can't do anything on their own

Need to add some properties to GameObjects

Using **Components**



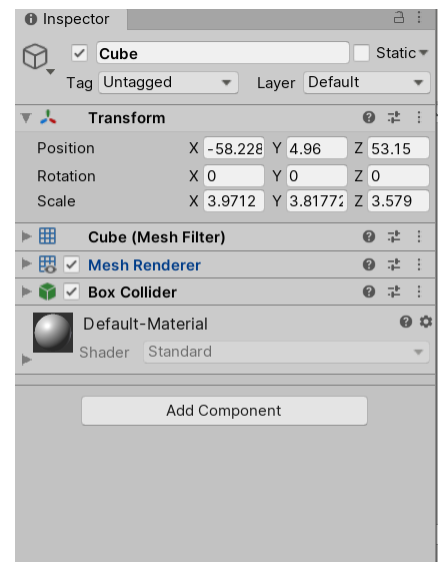
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Unity 3D: Components

Define and control the behavior of
GameObjects they are attached to

Implement the real functionality expected
of the GameObjects

Provide a multitude of editable properties



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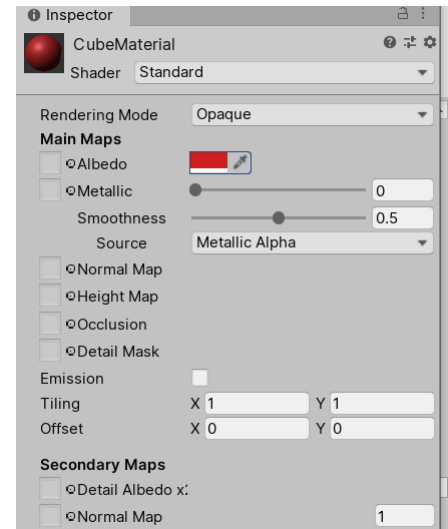
Unity 3D: Materials

Define how a surface should be rendered

Can change the appearance of a GameObject's surface

Combines information from
Textures,
Tiling information,
Color tints and more

The Albedo parameter controls the base color of the surface.



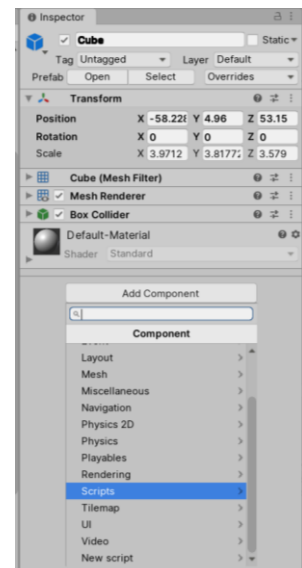
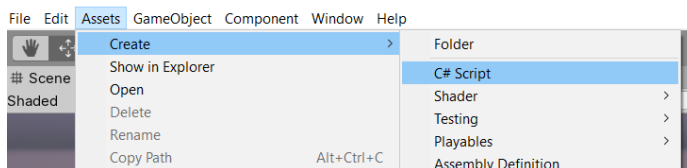
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Unity 3D: Scripts

Scripts are Components too!

Allow you to write your own Components

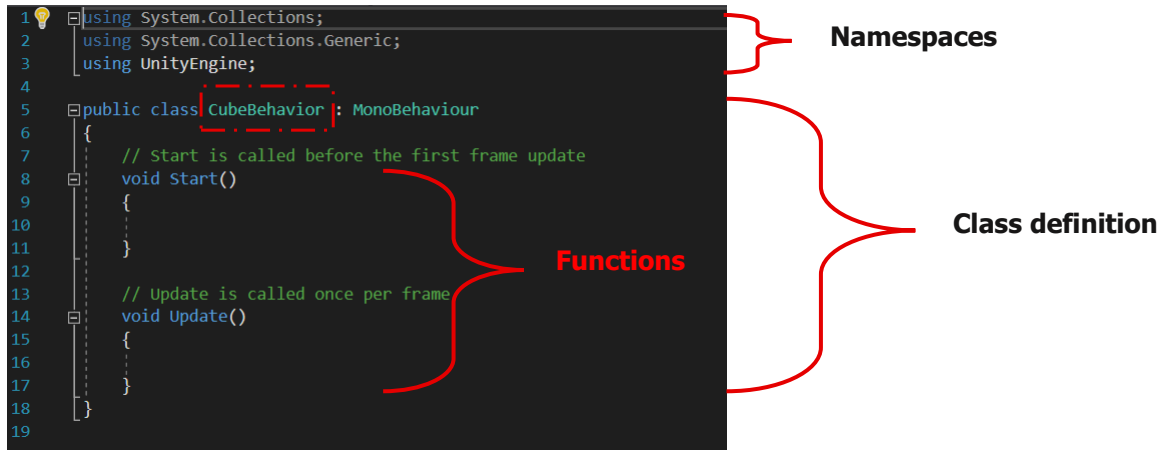
Enable you to customize GameObjects



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Anatomy of a Script File

All scripts, and thus classes, derive from the built-in class MonoBehaviour



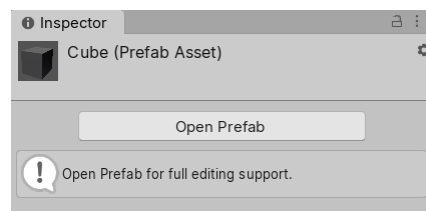
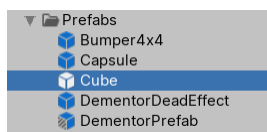
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Unity 3D: Prefabs

Allows you to create, configure, and store a GameObject with all its components

Can be thought of as templates

Can use multiple instances of a prefab in your scene



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Readings

<https://docs.unity3d.com/Manual/LearningtheInterface.html>

<https://docs.unity3d.com/Manual/CreatingScenes.html>

<https://docs.unity3d.com/Manual/GameObjects.html>

<https://docs.unity3d.com/Manual/Components.html>

<https://docs.unity3d.com/Manual/Materials.html>

<https://docs.unity3d.com/Manual/ScriptingSection.html>

<https://docs.unity3d.com/Manual/Prefabs.html>