```
Data: KB (knowledge base); property weights; f_l; f_q; c_{max}
    Result: Weighted edges for graph traversal
 1 foreach node in KB do
         /* Exclude triples with literals, only count traversable connections
                                                                                                                     */
        l_{in} \leftarrow \mathbf{count}\ (s,\ p,\ node)\ \mathbf{where}\ s\ \text{is not a literal};
        l_{out} \leftarrow \mathbf{count} \ (node, p, o) \ \mathbf{where} \ o \ \text{is not a literal};
 3
        l_{total} \leftarrow l_{in} + l_{out};
        insert (node, links, l_{total}) into KB;
 6 end
 7 E \leftarrow \mathbf{select}(s, p, o, l_s, l_o) from KB where (s, p, o) and (s, links, l_s) and (o, links, l_o);
 8 E \leftarrow \text{join E with property weights on } p;
    /* Enable traversing edges in both directions
                                                                                                                      */
 9 E_{spo} \leftarrow select (s:s, p:p, o:o, w_p:w_p, l:l_o, dir: 'spo') from E;
10 E_{ops} \leftarrow \mathbf{select}\ (s:o,\, p:p,\, o:s,\, w_p:w_p,\, l:l_s,\, dir:\text{'ops'}) from E;
11 E \leftarrow \text{concatenate } E_{spo}, E_{ops};
    /* Calculate the weights
                                                                                                                      */
12 E \leftarrow \text{sort and repartition } E \text{ by } s;
13 G \leftarrow \text{group } E \text{ by } s, p, dir;
14 result \leftarrow \emptyset;
15 foreach group in G do
        g_{size} \leftarrow \text{count items in } group;
        foreach item in group do
17
             item.w_{rel} \leftarrow item.w_p \cdot (item.l)^{f_l} \cdot (g_{size})^{f_g};
18
        group \leftarrow \mathbf{order} \ group \ \mathbf{by} \ w_{rel} \ \text{ascending limit} \ c_{max};
20
        foreach item in group do
             add ((item.s, genericRelation, item.o), weight, item.w_{rel}) to result;
22
        end
24 end
25 return result;
```

Algorithm 1: Edge weight calculation.

16

19

21

 $\mathbf{23}$

Algorithm 2: Graph neighborhood expansion.

```
Data: KB (knowledge base); candidate; depth_{max}; dist_{max}
   Result: List of entities in the neighborhood of candidate
 1 candidate.dist \leftarrow 0;
 2 active \leftarrow \{candidate\};
 3 result \leftarrow \emptyset;
 4 for depth \leftarrow 1 to depth_{max} do
        active_{new} \leftarrow \emptyset;
        foreach v in active do
 6
            if v.dist > dist_{max} then
 7
                continue;
            end
 9
            foreach (u, weight) in neighbors(v) do
10
                dist \leftarrow v.dist + weight;
11
                mutex lock u;
12
                if u not visited or u.dist > dist then
13
                    u.dist \leftarrow dist;
14
                    add u to active_{new};
15
                    add u to result;
16
                \quad \text{end} \quad
17
                mutex release u;
18
            end
19
        end
20
        active \leftarrow active_{new};
21
22 end
23 result \leftarrow select \ u \ from \ result \ where (u, isEntityLinkingTarget, true);
24 return result;
```

```
Algorithm 3: Entity-entity coherence algorithm.
   Data: max eliminate factor; data – array of (mention, candidates); where
           candidates in an array of (candidate, score, neighbors); where neighbors is an
           array of (neighbor, distance)
   Result: Mapping from candidate to boost
 1 all c \leftarrow \text{flatten } data.candidates;
 2 max candidates \leftarrow min(0.75 \cdot |all\ c|, 5 \cdot |data|);
 3 all\_c \leftarrow \mathbf{select} distinct (candidate, neighbors) from all\_c order by score descending
    limit max candidates;
 4 related ents \leftarrow flatten all c to (neighbor, distance, candidate);
 S \leftarrow 0_{|all \ c| \times |all \ c|};
 6 foreach c1 in related ents do
       foreach c2 in related ents do
           if c1 and c2 are linked to the same mention then continue end;
 8
           similarity \leftarrow 1 / (1 + c1.distance + c2.distance);
           if similarity > S[c1.candidate, c2.candidate] then
10
               S[c1.candidate, c2.candidate] \leftarrow similarity;
11
           end
12
       end
13
14 end
15 result \leftarrow \emptyset;
16 for i \leftarrow 0 to max\_eliminate\_factor \cdot |all\_c| do
       c_r \leftarrow \text{find a non-taboo row in } S \text{ with smallest sum};
17
       if c_r corresponds to the last candidate of a mention then
18
           add (candidate of c_r, sum of c_r row in S) to result;
19
           mark row c_r as taboo;
20
       else
\mathbf{21}
           set column c_r in S to zeros;
22
           mark row c_r as taboo;
23
\mathbf{24}
       end
25 end
```

26 add remaining non-taboo rows to result;

27 return result;

```
Algorithm 4: Candidate selection and enhancement.
   Data: mentions – an array of (mention, candidates); \beta – 0.3 by default
   Result: final set of relevant entities
   /* Collect all identified mentions and their parents
                                                                                                       */
 1 entities \leftarrow \emptyset;
 2 foreach (mention, candidates) in mentions do
       (candidate, score) \leftarrow \text{find top-scoring candidate in } candidates;
       add (mention.text, mention.lemma, candidate, score) to entities;
 4
       foreach parent in parent entities of candidate do
           \text{add } (mention.text, \, mention.lemma, \, parent, \, parent.weight \cdot score) \text{ to } entities;
 6
       end
 7
 8 end
   /* Group by candidate, aggregate scores
                                                                                                       */
 9 grouped \leftarrow group entities by candidate;
10 results \leftarrow \emptyset;
11 foreach g in grouped do
       score \leftarrow |\operatorname{unique}(g.lemma)| \cdot |g.lemma|^{\beta} \cdot \operatorname{mean}(g.score);
12
       add (g.candidate, score) to results;
13
14 end
   /* Narrow down the result set to n most relevant entities
                                                                                                       */
15 results \leftarrow \mathbf{order} \ results \ \mathbf{by} \ score \ descending;
16 knee \leftarrow find knee in results.score;
17 results \leftarrow take first knee rows in <math>results;
18 return results;
```