## MICROACADEMIA DE PROGRAMACIÓN, PROGRAMACIÓN WEB I, RESUMEN 3 SEMESTRE PRIMAVERA 2019 Mtra. Liliana Gámez Zavala

ı. <article></article>	Specifies independent, self-contained content	17. <b><header></header></b>	Represents a container for introductory content
2. <b><aside></aside></b>	Defines some content aside from the content it is placed in  Example: <aside> <h4>Epcot Center</h4> The Epcot Center is a theme park in Disney</aside>		Example: <header> <hl>Most important heading here</hl> <h3>Less important heading here</h3> Some additional information here </header>
	World, Florida.	18. <b><iframe></iframe></b>	Specifies an inline frame. An inline frame is used to embed another document within the current HTML document.
3. <b><audio></audio></b>	Example: <audio controls=""> <source src="horse.ogg" type="audio/ogg"/></audio>		Example: <iframe src="https://www.w3schools.com"> </iframe>
	<source src="horse.mp3" type="audio/mpeg"/> 	19. <b><img/></b>	Defines an image
4. <b> </b>	Used for a line break		Example:
5. <b><button></button></b>	Defines a clickable button		<pre><img alt="Smiley face" height="42" src="smiley.gif" width="42"/></pre>
	Example: <button type="button">Click Me!</button>	20. <b><li></li></b>	Defines a list item
6. <b><canvas></canvas></b>	Used to draw graphics, on the fly, via scripting (usually JavaScript)	Example: <ol> <li>Coffee</li></ol>	
7. <caption></caption>	Defines a table caption		<li>Tea</li> <li>Milk</li>
8. <b><datalist></datalist></b>	Specifies a list of pre-defined options for an <input/> element		
9. <b><details></details></b>	Specifies additional details that the user can view or hide on demand	21. <b><link/></b>	Defines a link between a document and an external resource
10. <b><div></div></b>	Defines a division or a section in an HTML document		Example: <link href="theme.css" rel="stylesheet" type="text/css"/>
	Example: <div style="background-color:lightblue"></div>	22. <b><meta/></b>	Provides metadata (data information)about the HTML document
ii.	Tells the browser which version of HTML the page is using  Example: html		Example: <meta content="Free Web tutorials" name="description"/>
12. <b><fieldset></fieldset></b>	Groups related elements in a form	23. <b><nav></nav></b>	Defines a set of navigation links
13. <b><figure></figure></b>	Specifies self-contained content	24. <b><ol></ol></b>	Defines an ordered list
14. <footer></footer>	Defines a footer for a document or section		Example:
15. <b><form></form></b>	Defines a form that is used to collect user input		<ol> <li>Coffee</li> <li>Tea</li> </ol>
16. <b><hi>&gt; through</hi> <h6></h6></b>	Placed before a header of a page		<li>Ali&gt;Milk</li>
	Example: <h1>This is heading 1</h1>	25. <b><option></option></b>	Defines an option in a select list
	THE THIS IS HEAUTHY LYTH	26. <output></output>	Represents the result of a calculation

27. <b></b>	Starts a paragraph	37. <b><ul></ul></b>	Defines an unordered (bulleted) list	
28. <b><script></b></th><th>Example: This is some text in a paragraph. Used to embed or reference executable code  Example:</th><th></th><th>Example: <ul> <li>Coffee</li> <li>Tea</li> <li>Milk</li> </ul></th></tr><tr><th></th><th><pre><script> documentgetElementById("demo").innerHTML = "Hello JavaScript!"; </script></b>	Specifies video  Example: <video controls="" height="240" width="320"> <source src="movie.mp4" type="video/mp4"/> <source src="movie.ogg" type="video/ogg"/> </video>	Specifies video		
29. <b><section></section></b>		Defines sections such as headers or footers	_	
30. <b><source/></b>		Used to specify multiple media resources for media elements, such as <video>, <audio>, and <picture></picture></audio></video>	<source src="movie.ogg" type="video/ogg"/>	
31. <b><span></span></b>	Used to group inline-elements in a document	39. action attribute	Informs the browser what page (or script) to call once the "submit" button is pressed	
	Example: My mother has <span style="color:blue">blue</span> eyes.	40. Background property	Sets all the background properties in one declaration	
32. <b><style></b></th><th>Used to change the color of text on a page  Example:  <style></th><th></th><th>Example: body { background: lightblue url("img_tree.gif") no- repeat fixed center; }</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>hl {color:red;} p {color:blue;} </style></b>	41. Block element	An element that always starts on a new line and takes up the full width available		
33. <b><summary></summary></b> 34. <b><svg></svg></b> 35. <b><textarea>&lt;/b&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;Defines a visible heading for the &lt;details&gt; element&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th rowspan=2&gt;42. Border-&lt;br&gt;color&lt;br&gt;property&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;Sets the color of an element's four borders&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;Defines a container for SVG graphics&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;Example: div {border-color: coral;}&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th rowspan=3&gt;Example:  &lt;svg width="100" height="100"&gt;  &lt;circle cx="50" cy="50" r="40" stroke="green"  stroke-width="4" fill="yellow" /&gt;  &lt;/svg&gt;  Defines a multi-line text input control. Can hold an unlimited number of characters  Example:  &lt;textarea rows="4" cols="50"&gt; hello&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;43. Border-&lt;br&gt;style&lt;br&gt;property&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;Sets the style of an element's four borders  Example: div {border-style: dotted;}&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;44. Border-&lt;br&gt;width&lt;br&gt;property&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;Sets the width of an element's four borders  Example: div {border-width: thin;}&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;45. Box model&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;A box that wraps around every HTML element. It consists of: margins, borders, padding, and the actual content&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;36. &lt;b&gt;&lt;track&gt;&lt;/b&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;</textarea> Specifies text tracks for media elements (<audio> and <video>)</video></audio></b>	46. Color property	Specifies the color of content  Example: body { color: red;		
				}
			47. CSS absolute positioning	An element positioned relative to the nearest positioned ancestor
			48. CSS align	Centers an element horizontally and vertically

49. CSS float property	Used for positioning and layout on web pages.	60. Font-style property	Specifies the style of a font
property	Can have one of the following values:	property	Example: p.a {
	left - The element floats to the left of its container		font-style: normal; }
	right- The element floats to the right of its container none - The element does not float (will be	61. Font- weight	Sets how thick or thin characters in text should be displayed
	displayed just where it occurs in the text). This is default inherit - The element inherits the float value of its parent	property	Example: p.normal { font-weight: normal; }
50. CSS framework	A pre-prepared software framework that is meant to allow for easier, more standards-compliant web design	62. Form method attribute	Specifies how to send form-data (the form-data is sent to the page specified in the action attribute)
51. CSS overflow property	Controls what happens to content that is too big to fit into an area	63. <b>id</b>	Specifies a unique id for an HTML element  In this example, the ".city" is the id:
52. CSS relative positioning	A CSS element positioned relative to its normal position		city { background-color: tomato; color: white; padding: 10px;
53. CSS selector	Selects the content you want to style	64. Inline	An element that does not start on a new line
54. CSS syntax	A group of a selector and a declaration  Selector example: hl  Declaration example: {  color: red;  text-align: center; }	element 65. inline	and only takes up as much width as necessary.
		style sheet	A style within the <style> element</th></tr><tr><th>66. max-width</th><th>Specifies the maximum width of an element (as opposed to taking up the whole page)`</th></tr><tr><th>55. declaration</th><th>The code within curly braces { }</th><th>67. media query</th><th>Uses the @media rule to include a block of CSS properties only if a certain condition is true</th></tr><tr><th>56. <b>element</b></th><th>Anything within two angled brackets</th><th>68. <b>pseudo-</b> class</th><th>Used to define a special state of an element</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>Example: <a href="https://example.com/real/bases</th><th>69. Semantic</th><th>An element that clearly describes its meaning to</th></tr><tr><th>57. <b>external</b> style sheet</th><th>A style within the <link> element</th><th>tag</th><th>both the browser and the developer.</th></tr><tr><th>58. Font-</th><th>Specifies the font for an element</th><th></th><th>Example:</th></tr><tr><th>family element</th><th>Example:</th><th>70. Target attribute</th><th>Specifies where to open the linked document</th></tr><tr><th></th><th><pre>p.a { font-family: "Times New Roman", Times, serif; }</pre></th><th></th><th>Example: <a href="https://www.w3schools.com" target="_blank">Visit W3Schools</a></th></tr><tr><th>59. Font-size property</th><th>Specifies the size of a font</th><th>71. <b>Text-align</b> property</th><th>Specifies the horizontal alignment of text in an element</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>Example: div.a { font-size: 15px; }</th><th>Property</th><th></th></tr></tbody></table></style>

72. Text-decoration-color property	Specifies the color of the text-decoration
	Example: p { text-decoration: underline;
	text-decoration-color: red; }
73. Text-decoration-line property	Sets the kind of text decoration to use (like underline, overline, line-through)  Example: div.a { text-decoration-line: overline; }
74. Text-decoration property	Specifies the decoration added to text, and is a shorthand property for:  text-decoration-line (required) text-decoration-color text-decoration-style
75. Text-decoration-style property	Sets the style of the text decoration (like solid, wavy, dotted, dashed, double)  Example: div.a { text-decoration-line: underline; text-decoration-style: solid; }
76. Text-indent property	Specifies the indentation of the first line in a text-block  Example: div.a { text-indent: 50px; }
77. Viewport	The visible area of a web page
78. <b>Visibility element</b>	Specifies if an element is visible  Example: h2.a { visibility: visible; } h2.b { visibility: hidden; }