

Localized Conformal Prediction

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1 Conformal Prediction General[1]

Definition 1.1 (Exchangeability). [4] For any r.v. x_1, \dots, x_k , we say they are exchangeable if for any permutation $\sigma : [k] \rightarrow [k]$ (bijection), $(x_1, \dots, x_k) \stackrel{d.}{=} (x_{\sigma(1)}, \dots, x_{\sigma(k)})$.

Definition 1.2 (Weighted Exchangeability). [5] For any r.v. x_1, \dots, x_k , we say they are weighted exchangeable if their joint density can be factorized as

$$f(x_1, \dots, x_k) = \prod_{i=1}^k w_i(x_i) \cdot g(x_1, \dots, x_k),$$

where g is exchangeable, i.e., $g(x_1, \dots, x_k) = g(x_{\sigma(1)}, \dots, x_{\sigma(k)})$.

For conformal prediction two classes of targets are studied.

Definition 1.3 (Marginal Coverage). $(X, Y) \in \mathbb{R}^p \times \mathbb{R} \sim P_{XY}$ which is unknown. Given training set $Tr = \{(X_i, Y_i)\}_{i=1}^n$, and test on (X_{n+1}, Y_{n+1}) , both i.i.d.

C_α satisfies distribution-free marginal coverage at level $1 - \alpha$ if

$$P(Y_{n+1} \in C_\alpha(X_{n+1})) \geq 1 - \alpha, \quad \forall P_{XY}$$

The probability is with respect to $\{(X_i, Y_i)\}_{i=1}^{n+1}$.

Definition 1.4 (Conditional Coverage). $(X, Y) \in \mathbb{R}^p \times \mathbb{R} \sim P_{XY}$ which is unknown. Given training set $Tr = \{(X_i, Y_i)\}_{i=1}^n$, and test on (X_{n+1}, Y_{n+1}) , both i.i.d.

C_α satisfies distribution-free marginal coverage at level $1 - \alpha$ if

$$P\left(Y_{n+1} \in C_\alpha(X_{n+1}) \mid X_{n+1} = x\right) \geq 1 - \alpha, \forall P_{XY}$$

The probability is with respect to $\{(X_i, Y_i)\}_{i=1}^n$ and Y_{n+1} .

Definition 1.5 (Conformal Score Function). For data pair (X, Y) and point predictor and any loss function $V(\cdot, \cdot)$, call $R = S(X, Y) = V(Y, \hat{f}(X))$ be the conformal score (or residual).

Definition 1.6 (Efficiency). X is some r.v. following the testing distribution and C_α is efficient if $\mathbb{E}[|C_\alpha(X)|]$ is small. Define $\text{Size}(C_\alpha) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n |C_\alpha(X_i)|$.

2 Localized CP Article1

Conformalized Quantile Regression [3]

The core idea is if conditional distribution function $F(y|X = x)$ is known and conditional quantile is $q_\alpha(x) = \inf\{y : F(y|X = x) \geq \alpha\}$, for $\alpha_1 = \alpha/2$, $\alpha_2 = 1 - \alpha/2$ we can define conformal set to be $C_\alpha(x) = [q_{\alpha_1}(x), q_{\alpha_2}(x)]$. Next is to estimate quantiles from data.

Follow the split CP setting,

- First divide training set D into two sets: D_1 for proper training set and D_2 for calibration set. And let $n_i = |D_i|$, fit point predictor \hat{q}_{α_1} , \hat{q}_{α_2} on D_1 .
- Calculate conformity scores on calibration set: $R_i = \max\{\hat{q}_{\alpha_1}(X_i) - Y_i, Y_i - \hat{q}_{\alpha_2}(X_i)\}$ for $i \in D_2$, and $R = \max\{\hat{q}_{\alpha_1}(X_i) - Y_i, Y_i - \hat{q}_{\alpha_2}(X_i)\}$
- Find the $\lceil(1 - \alpha)(n_2 + 1)\rceil$ -th empirical quantile of R_i , $i \in D_2$ as \hat{q} and construct conformal set $C_\alpha(x) = [\hat{q}_{\alpha_1}(x) - \hat{q}, \hat{q}_{\alpha_2}(x) + \hat{q}]$

Note that $\{Y \in C_\alpha(X)\} = \{R \leq \hat{q}\}$. With exchangeability of R_i , $i \in D_2$ and R the coverage is assured.

Remark 2.1. Can also define $R_1 = \hat{q}_{\alpha_1}(X_i) - Y_i$, $R_2 = Y_i - \hat{q}_{\alpha_2}(X_i)$ and their $\lceil(1 - \alpha)(n_2 + 1)\rceil$ -th empirical quantile \hat{q}_1 , \hat{q}_2 . Define conformal set $C_\alpha(X) = [\hat{q}_{\alpha_1}(X) - \hat{q}_1, \hat{q}_{\alpha_2}(X) + \hat{q}_2]$.

3 Localized CP Article2

Distribution-Free Predictive Inference For Regression[2]

The setting is similar here. Consider the split setting, divide training set D into two sets: D_1 for proper training set and D_2 for calibration set.

- Train $\hat{f}(x)$ on D_1 as a point predictor and based on $(X_i, |Y_i - \hat{f}(X_i)|)$, $i \in D_1$, train $\hat{\rho}$ as an estimator of conditional MAD $|Y - f(X)| \Big| X = x$. For a given test point X fix trial data y .
- Calculate scores on calibration set $R_i = \frac{|Y_i - \hat{f}(X_i)|}{\hat{\rho}(X_i)}$, $i \in D_2$, $R = \frac{|y - \hat{f}(X)|}{\hat{\rho}(X)}$ and find the $\lceil (1 - \alpha)(n_2 + 1) \rceil$ -th empirical quantile \hat{q}_α .
- Define conformal set $C_\alpha(X) = \{y : R \leq \hat{q}_\alpha\}$.

Note that $\{Y \in C_\alpha\} = \{R \leq \hat{q}_\alpha\}$ and R, R_i , $i \in D_2$ are exchangeable, it's easy to prove the coverage.

4 Localized CP Article3

Split Localized Conformal Prediction[?]

If score is defined by $R = |Y - \hat{f}(X)|$, the split CP follows setting $Y = \hat{f}(X) + \varepsilon$ where ε is independent of X . However this is not always true, we need to estimate the distribution of $R|X = x$.

Follow split CP setting, divide training set D into two sets: D_1 for proper training set and D_2 for calibration set.

We can estimate the distribution of $R|X = x$ with kernel smoothing. Assume distribution $F(R = r|X = x) = \mathbb{E}\mathbb{1}(R \leq r|X = x)$, and NW estimator is

$$\hat{F}_h(R = r|X = x) = \sum_{i \in D_1} w_h(X_i|x) \mathbb{1}\{R_i \leq r\},$$

where $w_h(X_i|x) = \frac{K(\|g(X_i) - g(x)\|/h)}{\sum_{j \in D_1} K(\|g(X_j) - g(x)\|/h)}$ with some embedding function g . But di-

rectly find the α quantile of $\hat{F}_h(R = r|X = x)$ as \hat{q}_α and construct conformal set as

$\{y : R \leq \hat{q}_\alpha\}$ cannot guarantee coverage. Further, calculate a residual score on calibration set $R'_i = R_i - Q(\alpha, \hat{F}_h(R|X = X_i))$, $i \in D_2$, $R' = R - Q(\alpha, \hat{F}_h(R|X = X))$. The exchangeability still holds on R'_i . The conformal set is $C_\alpha = \{y : R \leq \hat{q}'_\alpha\}$, where \hat{q}'_α is $\lceil(1 - \alpha)(n_2 + 1)\rceil$ -th empirical quantile of R'_i , $i \in D_2$. Entire procedure is

- Train point predictor \hat{f} on D_1 and calculate score $R_i = |Y_i - \hat{f}(X_i)|$, $i \in D_1$. Choose h to get NW estimator.
- Calculate on calibration set R_i , $Q(\alpha, \hat{F}_h(R|X = X_i))$, $i \in D_2$ and given X , for any trial data y , calculate R and $Q(\alpha, \hat{F}_h(R|X))$
- Calculate residual score on calibration set $R'_i = R_i - Q(\alpha, \hat{F}_h(R|X = X_i))$, $i \in D_2$ and $R' = R - Q(\alpha, \hat{F}_h(R|X))$. Find $\lceil(1 - \alpha)(n_2 + 1)\rceil$ -th empirical quantile of R'_i , $i \in D_2$
- Define conformal set $C_\alpha(X) = \{y : R \leq \hat{q}'_\alpha\}$

References

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