



CERTIFICATE

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VINAYAK GANESH VAZE COLLEGE
OF ARTS, SCIENCE & COMMERCE
(AUTONOMOUS)

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Dissertation
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THE APPROVAL PROJECT PROPOSAL

(Note: All entries of the proforma of approval should be filled up with appropriate and complete information. Incomplete proforma of approval in any respect will be summarily rejected.)

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Vaccine Management System

(Drug_Lord_v.1.10)

[Le-Vaccine]

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Synopsis

Project Synopsis

Title.

Vaccine Management System Codename: DrugLordv1.10

Problem Statement

The main objective of this System is to maintain records of vaccinations to monitor the quality of vaccines and timely assurance in rural areas where health centres are not easily accessible.

Why this Topic?

To reduce the paperwork required for maintaining records instead digitizing them for data visualization to minimize reading of records and provide easy access to third-party bodies to get, deliver, and administer vaccines.

Objective and Scope.

- To reduce the paperwork required
- To maintain a detailed record of each individual with ease
- To analyse data easily for the person/body using this system
- To create a system that manages both deliveries along with a facility for vaccine administration

Methodology for developing project.

In this system, I am going to use Extreme Programming for developing an appropriate system as a solution for rapidly changing requirements

Advantages: Communication, Simple, Easy, Agile.

Proposed Architecture

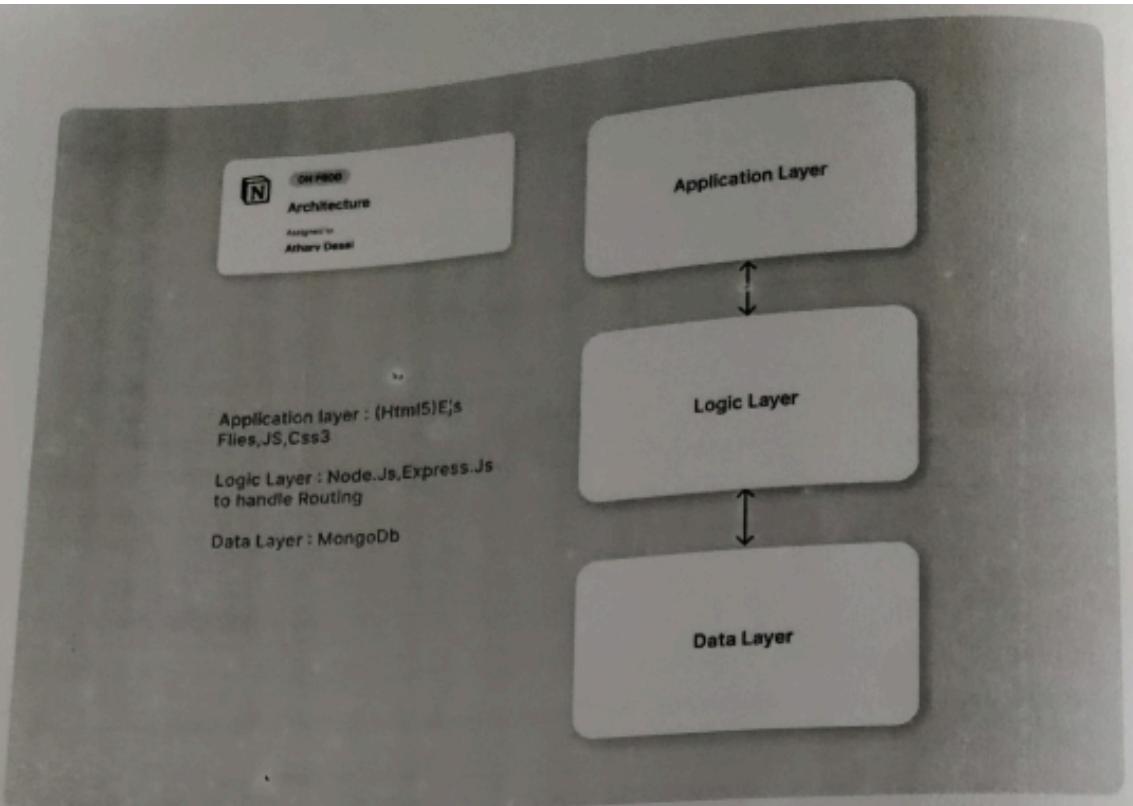


Figure 1.1 Architecture Design

Requirements

Software Requirements

- Front-end : HTML5, CSS , JS,Tailwindcss
- Back-end :,ExpressJs, NodeJS, MongoDB.
- Operating System: Windows 7.0 +.

Hardware Requirements

- Processor: Intel Core Duo 2.0 GHz or more.
- RAM: 2 GB or more.
- Monitor: 17 CRT or LCD.
- Hard disk: 500 GB or more.
- Keyboard: Normal or multimedia.

Platform

Visual Studio Code

Contribution

This system will help people in rural areas get access to vaccines along with reduced paperwork and record generation and keep each individual to date.

Conclusion

This system will help to reduce paperwork and provide access to people in rural areas.

1. Introduction

1.1 Background

The current Vaccination Systems which are used are not centralized i.e., the data generated is confined to an organization or a company except due to a recent pandemic newer methods are cultivated

References

- <https://www.servicenow.com/solutions/vaccine-management.htm>
- <https://www2.deloitte.com/us/en/pages/public-sector/solutions/vaccine-management-system.htm>
- [{Intelex Vaccine Solution}](https://www.intelex.com/products/applications/vaccine-management)

1.2 Objective

The main purpose of this project is to help benefit NGOs in providing vaccine access to rural areas people without using many resources, by providing verified personnel of NGOs or any individual to request access to medical vaccines under the guidance of a medical practitioner.

1.3 Purpose

- Provide rural areas with exposure to vaccine
- Create a platform where people can register for an appointment, and delivery as well as monitor the records.

1.4 Application

The idea can be fundamentally used in any management system of products in any medical field.

1.5 Scope

Creating a platform for all domestic producers to sell their vaccines to local consumers, NGOs, etc, and to simplify the delivery process, regulations and management.

1.6 Achievements

Through this project, I will get to learn various technologies used to develop a system. This system will give a digital platform to the all-Domestic producers of vaccines which will increase the vaccine production rate and simplify the delivery process as well as help them to manage their data. Once they get satisfactory results from the system, users will start trusting the system and eventually, most of the tasks will get digital. Encourage B2B and C2C relations

2. Survey of Technology

The number of Technologies available for the implementation is listed below

- ASP.NET(MVC) Core 5.0+
 - Is a framework developed by Microsoft to create enterprise-grade web apps in a short amount of time
 - Languages : C#, HTML, CSS, jQuery
 - Backend: Microsoft SQL Server
- Django (MVC)
 - Framework to create scalable single-page web apps, web-API using Python as the main programming language
 - Language : Python,HTML,CSS,jQuery,JS
 - Backend: MongoDB
- Ruby on Rails
 - Framework based on Ruby Programming Language for easy file directory structure and dataflow subroutines
 - Language: Ruby,HTML,CSS,JS
 - Backend: MySQL Server
- Node.js
 - Backend as well and Frontend using vanilla Javascript as main primary language useful in API creation
 - Language: JS (EMAC5), HTML(ejs), JS,jQuery
 - Backend: MongoDB
- Flask
 - Python Backend Framework, useful in developing fast prototypes of ML and AI searches, etc
 - Language: Python

For my current project, I am going to use Node.js as a development platform for easy implementation of the requirements proposed.

Why Node.js?

Easy routing through Express.JS library and ejs content to render with minimum requirements to hosting a server and is platform independent

Required: Node.js is installed

3. Requirement and Analysis

3.1 Problem Definition

What to expect about the system?

The system will manage and record all the deliveries along with orderly administration of vaccines. It will also keep a detailed record of all the domestic suppliers, users requesting appointments, providers buying vaccines, and local company producers producing vaccines.

- [Users, Providers, Producers]
 - Will be allowed to log in as each unique individual account.
- [Producers, Providers]
 - Help manage, and administer vaccine drives with all the information centralized for easy fetch
 - The system will keep a detailed record of all individual's information both registered for vaccine drives as well as seeking appointments
- [Provider]
 - To set up appointments for the user or use for delivery purposes.
- [Producer]
 - Set up vaccine stocks for order processing
- [User]
 - Book a nearby appointment for quick administration

3.1.1 Sub Problems

- For Users
 - How users can add their information?
 - How to schedule and select an appointment?
 - How to get the vaccine?
- For Providers
 - How to get verified?
 - How to select your order?
 - How do schedule appointments for the people?
- For Producers
 - How to set up your vaccine Stocks?
 - How to process Orders?
 - How to Deliver?

3.1.2 Problem Description.
The system will help find required clients for domestic producers as well as enable recipients to get vaccine appointments in their nearby locality

3.2 Requirements Specification

3.2.1 Requirement analysis

Identify stakeholders i.e., in case the people who are going to use this app

- Capture requirements
- Holding One-One interviews
- Conduct Group Workshops
- Get Feedbacks
- Build Small Prototypes

For the current situation, I used the Feedback method to identify the requirements for the project using Google Forms as a means to collect the data

The below figures are the collected data that was generated.

Responses were based on:

Vaccine\$?

LeVaccine

atharvdesai2002@gmail.com Switch account

* Required

Email *

Your email

Any more questions?

Your answer

Name *

Your answer

Figure 3.2.1

Was the registration process online ?(expect for CoWin) *

Yes
 No

Ever had any medical query registration except CoWin?

Yes
 No
 Maybe

(Start from img) there was a webapp/website which could manage deliveries /orders /vaccination administration / and visualise it and scalable would I have your attention?



Figure 3.2.2

Phone?

Your answer

Ever had a Vaccine? *

Yes
 Maybe
 No

Getting appointments was time consuming?

Strongly disagree
 Disagree
 Neutral
 Agree
 Strongly agree

Figure 3.2.3

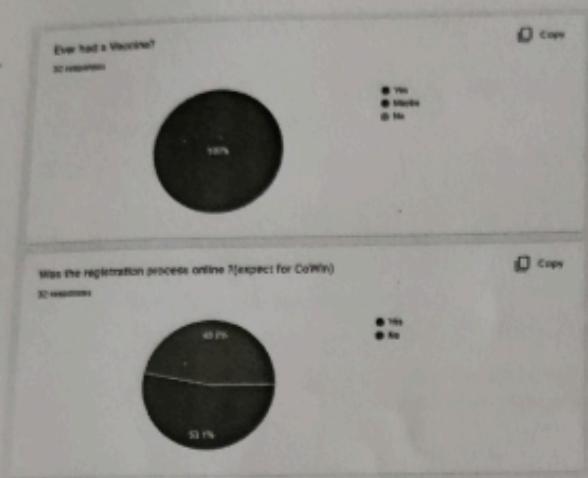


Figure 3.2.4

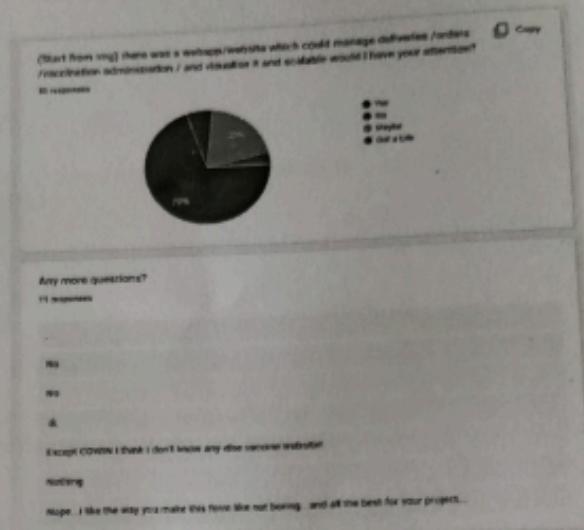


Figure 3.2.5

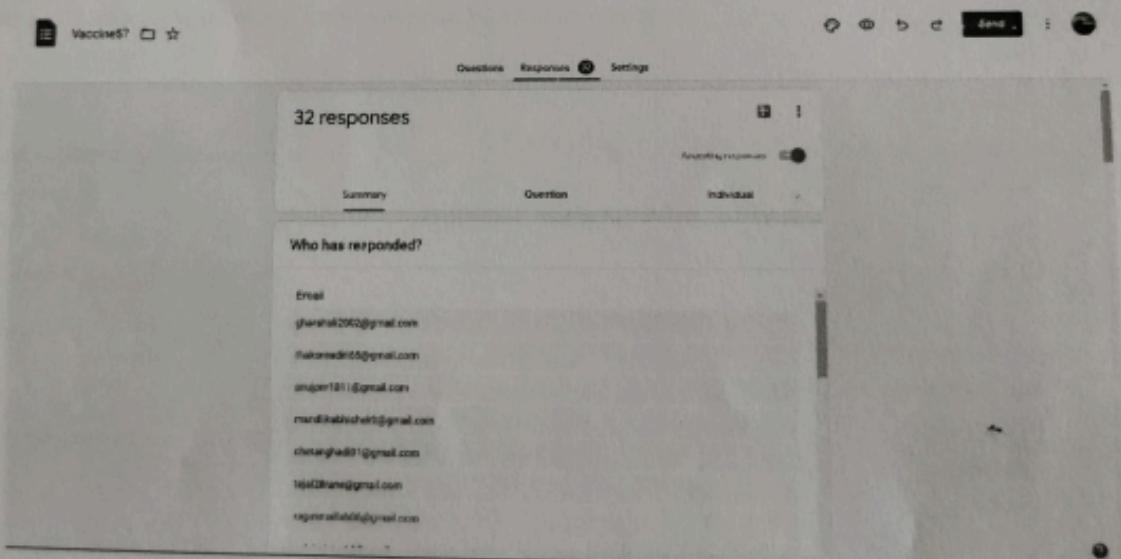


Figure 3.2.6

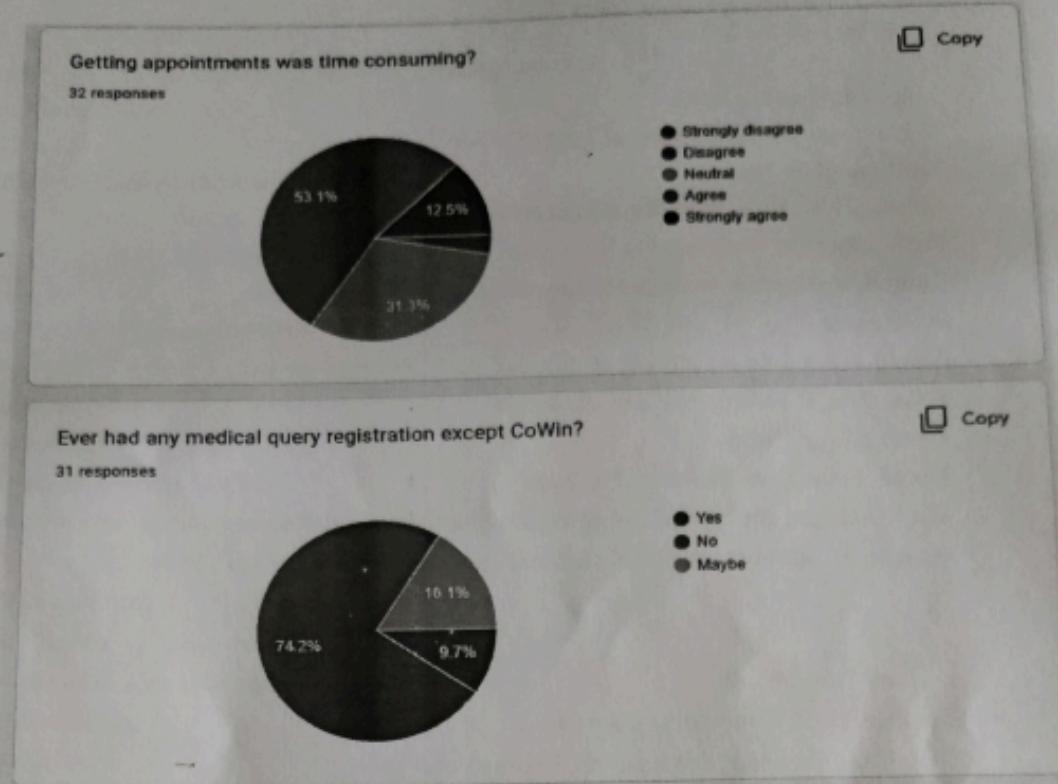


Figure 3.2.7

3.2.2 Functional Requirements

1. The system should allow users to fill up for an appointment in their locality
2. The system should keep a detailed record of user's info
3. The system should allow users to note any problems after vaccination is completed
4. The system should provide Producers, NGOs, and Companies to order and sell their vaccines
5. The system should keep a detailed record of all domestic producers, providers and along with the info of users

3.2.3 Non-Functional Requirements

1. Usability: Should be user-friendly and only required detail should be shown in a minimal way
2. Reliability: The system should be user-friendly to use.
3. Scalability: To increase the load of data handling
4. Flexibility: can run on any Platform

3.2.3 Sub- Systems

- Login

Function: Used for login

Input: User, Provider, Producer Login Details

Pre-Condition: None

Source: From User, Provider, Producer

Post-Condition: Redirected to Dashboard if Credentials are valid

Exception: An error message is shown if credentials don't match

- Register

Function: Used for registering an account

Input: User, Provider, Producer all details

Pre-Condition: None

Source: From User, Provider, Producer

Post-Condition: Redirected to log in if details are valid and correct

Exception: An error message is shown if any field is wrong or not valid

- Users-Info Update

Function: Used for updating account

Input: User, Provider, Producer all details to change

Pre-Condition: None

Source: From User, Provider, Producer

Post-Condition: The user's details are updated

Exception: The error message is shown if any field is wrong or not valid

- Post-Review

Function: Used for Posting Reviews

Input: User Reviews

Pre-Condition: None

Source: From User

Post-Condition: User's reviews get added

Exception: The error message is shown if anything goes wrong

- Book Appointment

Function: Used for booking an appointment

Input: User to book appointment

Pre-Condition: None

Source: From User

Post-Condition: Appointment is booked

Exception: The error message is shown if anything goes wrong

- Set appointments

Function: Used for setting appointments
Input: Provider, Producer all details for setting the appointment
Pre-Condition: None
Source: Provider
Post-Condition: Appointment is generated
Exception: The error message is shown if anything goes wrong

- Buy Vaccines

Function: Used for Buying vaccines
Input: Provider all details for buying vaccines
Pre-Condition: None
Source: Provider
Post-Condition: Order is Placed
Exception: An error message is shown if anything goes wrong

- Update Vaccine Stocks

Function: Used for updating vaccine stocks
Input: Producer all details of vaccine
Pre-Condition: None
Source: Producer
Post-Condition: Vaccine Stocks are updated or created
Exception: The error message is shown if anything goes wrong

3.3 Planning & Scheduling

3.3.1 Activity Table

Activities	Start-Date	End-Date
Synopsis	27/04/22	16/06/22
1. Introduction	20/06/22	25/06/22
2. Survey of Technology	20/06/22	25/06/22
3. Requirement and analysis	27/06/22	15/09/22
3.1 Problem Definition	4/07/22	9/07/22

		16/07/22
3.2 Requirement Specification	11/07/22	23/07/22
3.3 Planning & Scheduling	18/07/22	23/07/22
3.4 Hardware & Software Requirements	18/07/22	
3.5 Conceptual Models	26/07/22	15/09/22
3.5.1 Data Model	26/07/22	1/08/22
3.5.2 Data Flow	1/08/22	22/08/22
3.5.3 Class Diagram	22/08/22	29/09/22
3.5.4 Use Case Diagram	29/09/22	12/09/22
3.5.5 Sequence Diagram	12/09/22	15/09/22
3.5.6 State Machine Diagram	12/09/22	16/09/22
3.5.7 Activity Diagram	13/09/22	19/09/22
4. System Design	19/09/22	22/09/22
4.1 Interface Design	17/09/22	20/09/22
4.2 Test Cases	18/09/22	22/09/22

Table 3.1

3.3.2 Gantt Chart

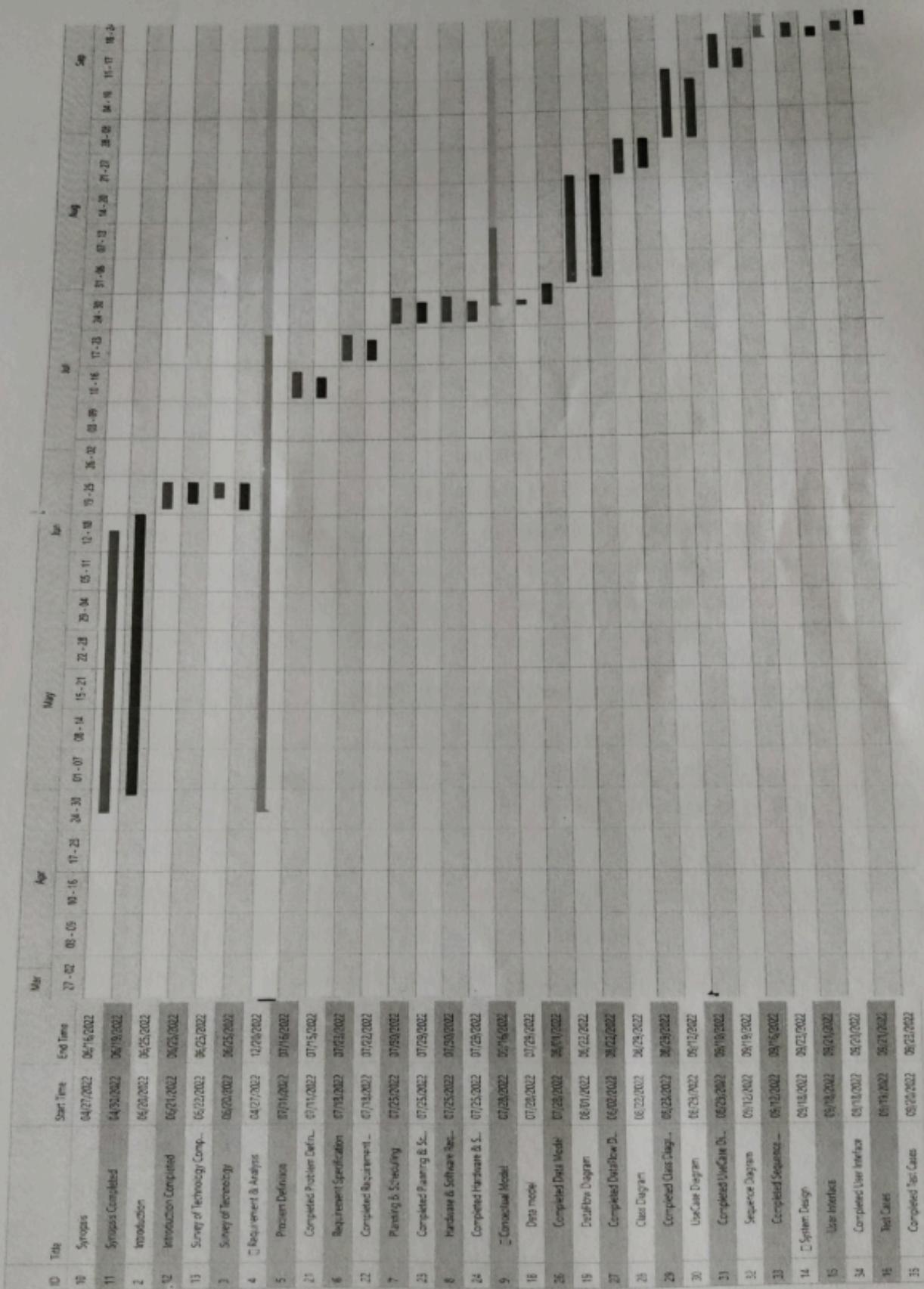


Figure 3.1 GANTT Chart

3.4 Hardware & software requirements

3.5.1 Hardware

- Processor: Intel Core i3 or more.
- RAM: 4GB or more.
- Monitor: 17 CRT or LCD, Plasma, etc.
- Hard-Disk: 256 GB or more (SSD preferable)
- Keyboard: Normal or multimedia.
- Mouse: Compatible

3.5.2 Software

- System O.S: Windows or Linux (Debian or Arch).
- Frontend: HTML, CSS, TailwindCSS.
- Backend: Node.js, Express.js
- Database: MongoDB (NoSQL)

3.5 Conceptual Model

3.5.1 Data Model

Unlike SQL databases, where you must determine and declare a table's schema before inserting data, MongoDB's collections, by default, do not require their documents to have the same schema. That is:

- The documents in a single collection do not need to have the same set of fields and the data type for a field can differ across documents within a collection.

Embedded Data

Embedded documents capture relationships between data by storing related data in a single document structure. MongoDB documents make it possible to embed document structures in a field or array within a document. These *denormalized* data models allow applications to retrieve and manipulate related data in a single database operation.

The key decision in designing data models for MongoDB applications revolves around the structure of documents and how the application represents relationships between data. MongoDB allows related data to be embedded within a single document.

References :

- Practical MongoDB: Architecting, Developing, and Administering MongoDB
Author :Shakuntala Gupta Edward & Navin Sabharwal,
- <https://www.mongodb.com/docs/manual/core/data-modeling-introduction/>

```

{
  "_id:<obj()>,
  Username : <string>,
  Password : <string>,
  Name:[
    "FirstName":<string>,
    "MiddleName":<string>,
    "LastName":<string>
  ],
  Age:<int>,
  Gender:<string>,
  Address:<string>,
  Mail:<string>,
  Phone:<string>,
  City:<string>,
  Region:<string>,
  Zip:<int>,
  State:<string>,
  Date:[
    {"createdon":ISO(),
     "modifiedon":ISO()
    }
  ]
}

```

Users

```

{
  "_id:<obj()>,
  providerId:<obj()>,
  Date:<date>,
  user:<obj()>,
  Region:<string>
  Zip:<int>
  Date:<date>
}

```

Appointments

```

{
  "_id:<obj()>,
  producerId:<obj()>,
  providerId:<obj()>,
  status:<string>,
  History:<string> (deleted or active
  Date:<date>
}

```

Orders

```

{
  "_id:<obj()>,
  providerId:<obj()>,
  Time:<string>,
  Region:<string>
  Zip:<int>
  changed:<bool>
  Date:ISO(),
}

```

Appointmentlist

```

{
  "_id:<obj()>,
  Username : <string>,
  Password : <string>,
  Name:[
    "FirstName":<string>,
    "MiddleName":<string>,
    "LastName":<string>
  ],
  Age:<int>,
  Gender:<string>,
  Address:<string>,
  Mail:<string>,
  Phone:<string>,
  City:<string>,
  Region:<string>,
  Zip:<string>,
  State:<string>,
  Company:[
    Name:<string>,
    Address:<string>,
    Zip:<int>,
    Phone:<string>
  ],
  Date:[
    {"createdon":ISO(),
     "modifiedon":ISO()
    }
  ]
}

```

Producer

```

{
  "_id:<obj()>,
  Username : <string>,
  Password : <string>,
  Name:[
    "FirstName":<string>,
    "MiddleName":<string>,
    "LastName":<string>
  ],
  Age:<int>,
  Gender:<string>,
  Address:<string>,
  Mail:<string>,
  Phone:<string>,
  City:<string>,
  Region:<string>,
  Zip:<int>,
  State:<string>,
  Isverified:<bool>,
  Date:[
    {"createdon":ISO(),
     "modifiedon":ISO()
    }
  ]
}

```

Provider

```

{
  "_id:<obj()>,
  producerId:<obj()>,
  VaccineName: <string>,
  VaccineCode:<string>
  Date:ISO(),
  Description:[
    content:<string>,
    description:<string>
  ]
}

```

Stocks

Figure 3.2 Data Model

3.5.2 Data-Flow Diagram

A **data flow diagram** (or DFD) is a graphical representation of the information flow in a business process. It demonstrates how data is transferred from the input to the file storage and reports generation. By visualizing the system flow, the flow charts will give users helpful insights into the process and open up ways to define and improve their business.

References:

- Software Engineering 9th Edition Author : Ian Sommerville
- <https://www.lucidchart.com/pages/uml-data-flow-diagram>

Name	Symbol	Description
Process		A process transforms incoming data flow into outgoing data flow.
Database		Data stores are repositories of data in the system.
Data Flow		Data flows are pipelines through which packets of information flow. Label the arrows with the name of the data that moves through it.
External Entity		External entities are objects outside the system, with which the system communicates

Table 3.2

DFD 0

DFD Level 0 is also called a Context Diagram. It's a basic overview of the whole system or process being analysed or modelled. It's designed to be an at-a-glance view, showing the system as a single high-level process, with its relationship to external entities.

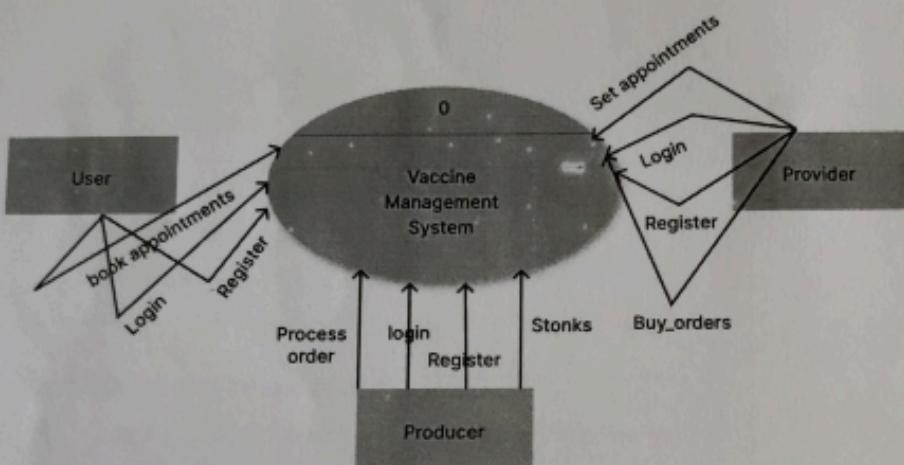


Figure 3.3 DFD 0

DFD 1

In 1-level DFD, the context diagram is decomposed into multiple bubbles/processes. In this level, we highlight the main functions of the system and breakdown the high-level process of 0-level DFD into subprocesses

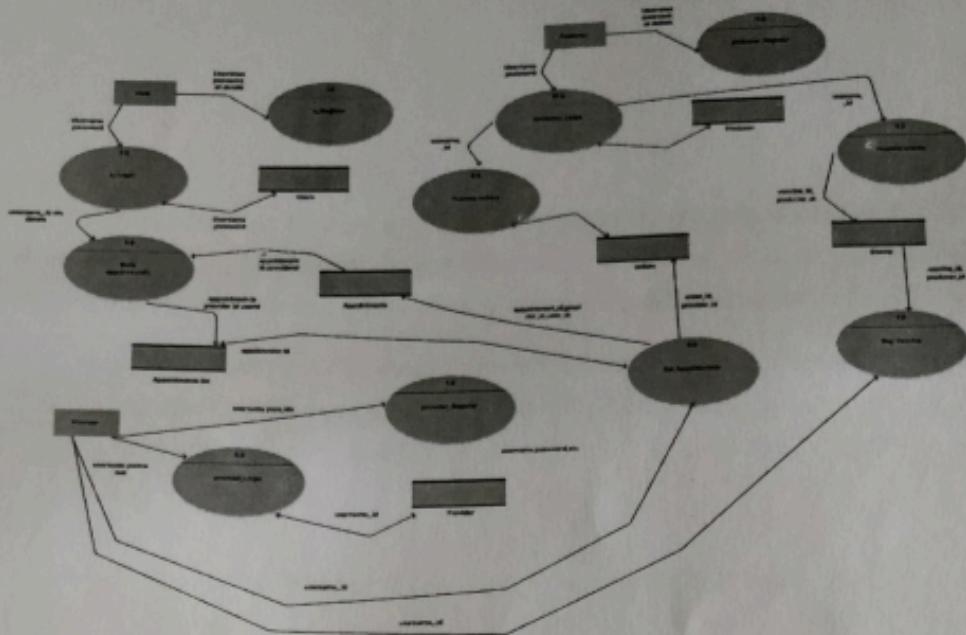


Figure 3.4 DFD1

DFD 2

2-level DFD goes one step deeper into parts of 1-level DFD. It can be used to plan or record the specific/necessary detail about the system's functioning.

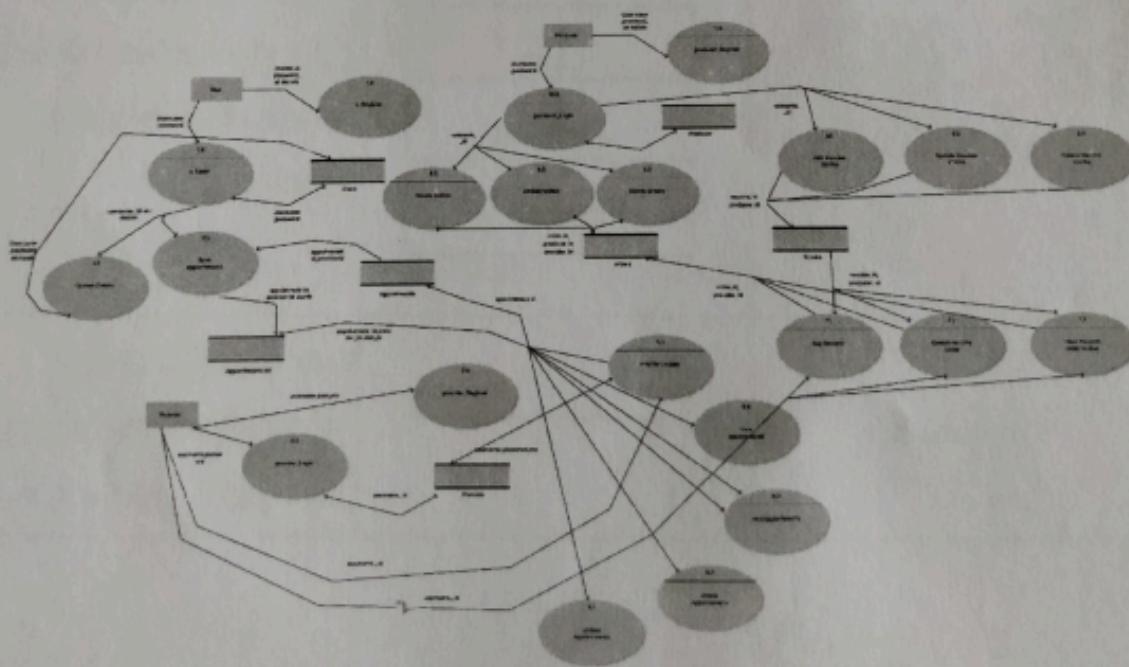


Figure 3.5 DFD 2

3.5.3 Class Diagram

Class diagram is a static diagram. It represents the static view of an application. Class diagram is not only used for visualizing, describing, and documenting different aspects of a system but also for constructing executable code of the software application.

The purpose of class diagram is to model the static view of an application. Class diagrams are the only diagrams which can be directly mapped with object-oriented languages and thus widely used at the time of construction.

References:

- Software Engineering 9th Edition Author : Ian Sommerville
- <https://www.lucidchart.com/pages/class-diagram>

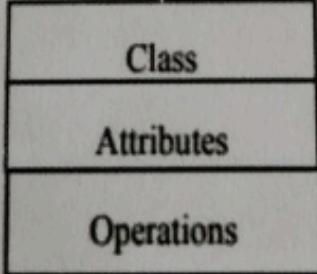
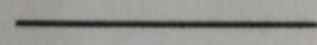
Name	Symbol	Description
Class		Classes and interfaces in UML show architecture and features of the designed system.
Association		Represents the static relationship shared among the objects of two classes

Table 3.3

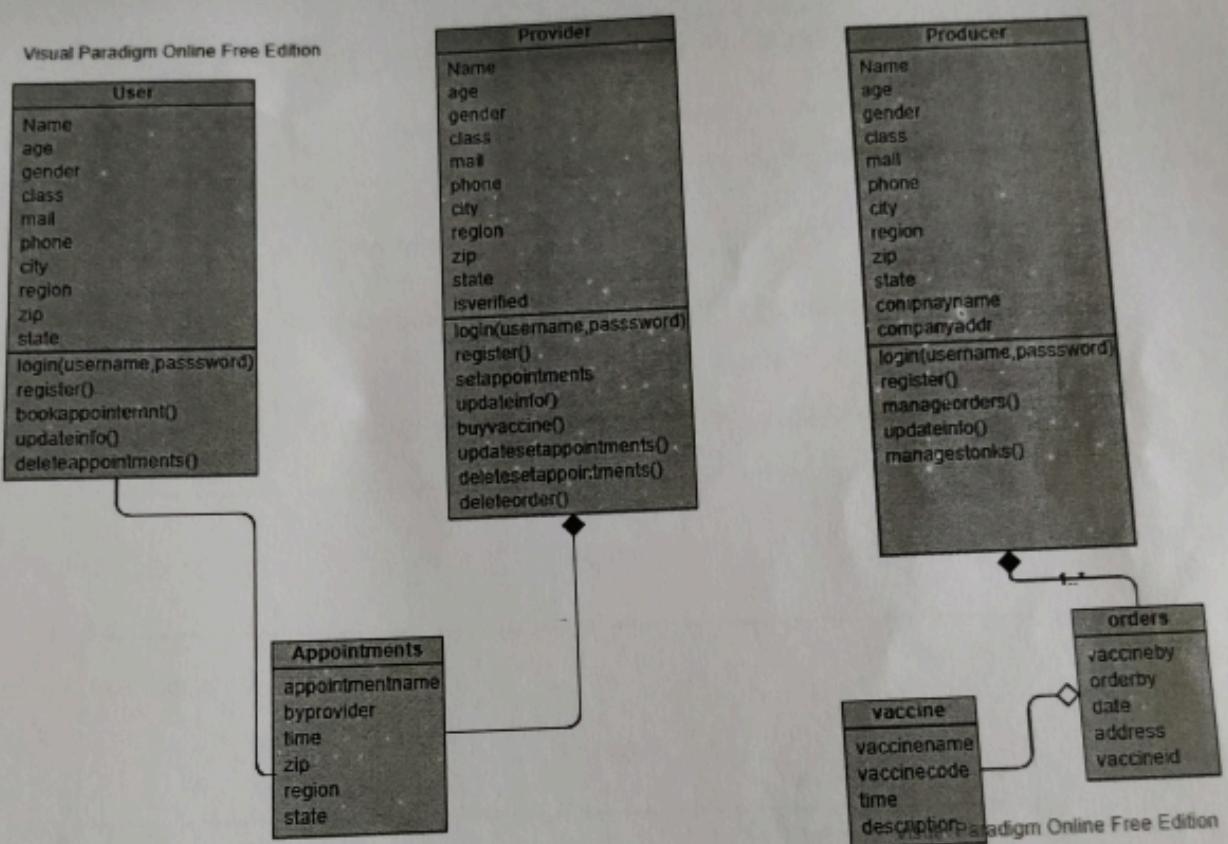


Figure 3.6 Class Diagram

3.5.4 Use-Case Diagram

In the Unified Modelling Language (UML), a use case diagram can summarize the details of your system's users (also known as actors) and their interactions with the system. To build one, you'll use a set of specialized symbols and connectors. An effective use case diagram can help your team discuss and represent:

- Scenarios in which your system or application interacts with people, organizations, or external systems
- Goals that your system or application helps those entities (known as actors) achieve
- The scope of your system

References:

- Software Engineering 9th Edition Author : Ian Sommerville
- <https://www.lucidchart.com/pages/uml-use-case-diagram>

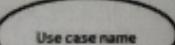
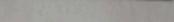
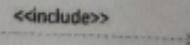
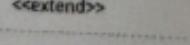
 Actor name	Actor
 Use case name	Use case
	Generalization symbol used between actors and between use cases
	Association between actor and use case
	Include relationship between use cases
	Extend relationship between use cases
Symbols in a use case diagram	

Table 3.4

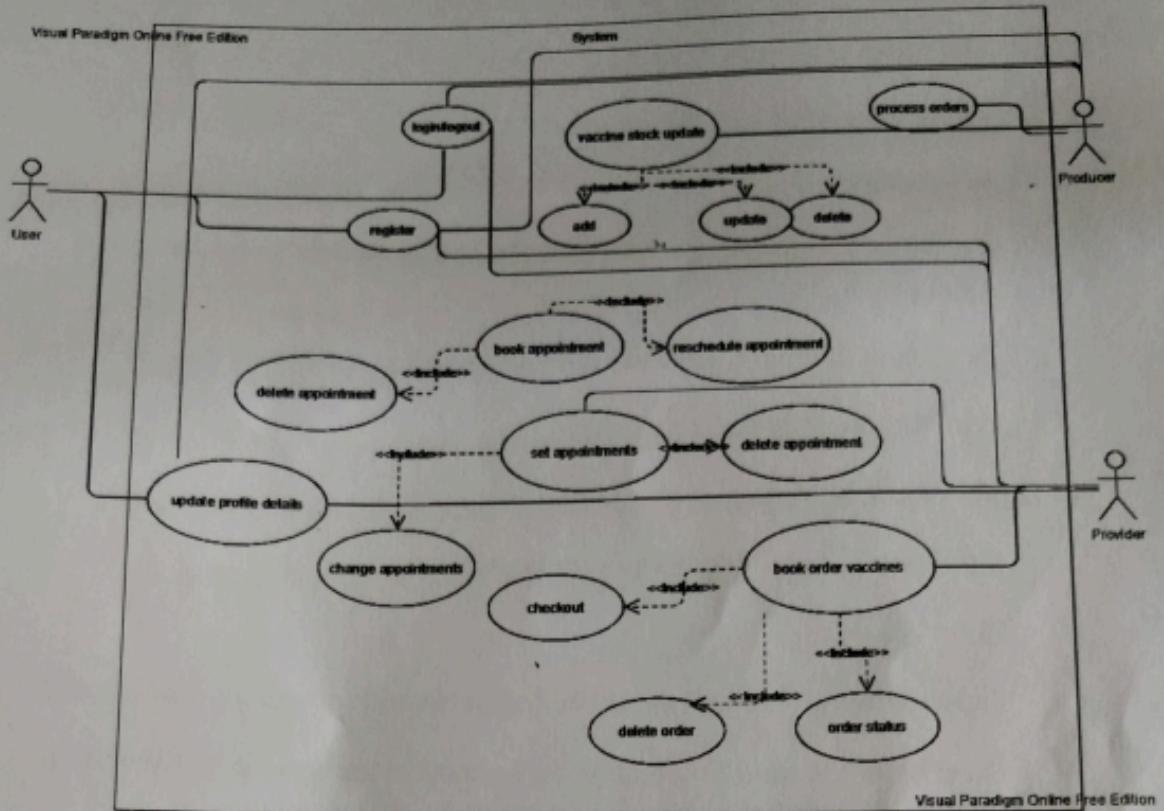


Figure 3.7

Use Case Description:

- Login

Summary: Used to log in and Logout of the system

Actor: User, Provider, Producer.

Pre-condition: None.

Description: The System waits for the credentials to be entered for validations and necessary for logout

Exception: If credentials are not valid an error message is thrown

Post-condition: Display user dashboard

- Register
 - Summary: Used for registration
 - Actor: User, Provider, Producer.
 - Pre-condition: None.
 - Description: Is used for creating an account in the service by fill certain details
 - Exception: If proper fields are not valid an error message is thrown
 - Post-condition: redirect to login
- Book an appointment
 - Summary: Used for booking an appointment
 - Actor: User.
 - Pre-condition: The user should be logged in with proper account details.
 - Description: Is used for creating an account in the service by fill certain details
 - Exception: If slots get filled during registration error message is shown
 - Post-condition: Appointment is booked.
- Book orders
 - Summary: Used for buying vaccines.
 - Actor: Provider.
 - Pre-condition: Provider should be logged in and valid
 - Description: For buying vaccines from a domestic producer
 - Exception: If proper fields are not valid an error message is thrown
 - Post-condition: Order is booked
- Set Appointments
 - Summary: Used for setting up appointments
 - Actor: Provider.
 - Pre-condition: Provider should be logged in and valid

Description: For setting appointments for users in his/her locality
Exception: If proper fields are not valid an error message is thrown
Post-condition: Appointment is successfully registered.

- Process Orders

Summary: Used for processing orders.

Actor: Producer.

Pre-condition: None.

Description: For processing vaccines orders of a provider.

Exception: If an internal problem happens error message is thrown.

Post-condition: Order is successfully processed

3.5.5 Sequence Diagram

UML Sequence Diagrams are interaction diagrams that detail how operations are carried out. They capture the interaction between objects in the context of a collaboration. Sequence Diagrams are time focus and they show the order of the interaction visually by using the vertical axis of the diagram to represent time what messages are sent and when.

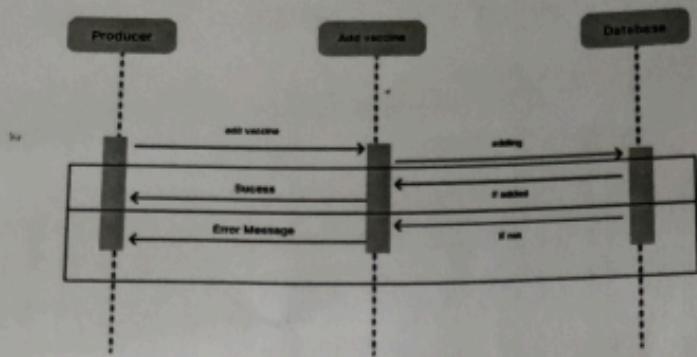
- Model high-level interaction between active objects in a system
- Model the interaction between object instances within a collaboration that realizes a use case
- Model the interaction between objects within a collaboration that realizes an operation
- Either model generic interactions (showing all possible paths through the interaction) or specific instances of a interaction (showing just one path through the interaction)

References:

- Software Engineering 9th Edition Author : Ian Sommerville
- <https://www.lucidchart.com/pages/uml-sequence-diagram>

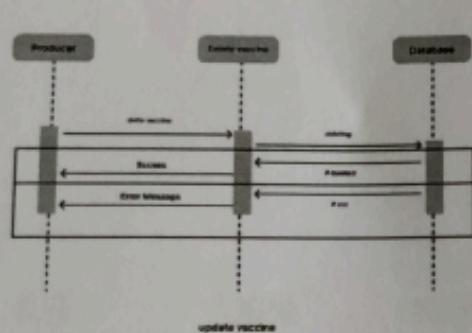
Name	Symbol	Description
Synchronous Message	→	An instantaneous communication between objects that conveys information, with the expectation that an action will be initiated as a result.
Activation Box	█	The period during which an object is performing an action.
Object	█	An object that is created, performs actions, and/or is destroyed during the lifeline

Table 3.5



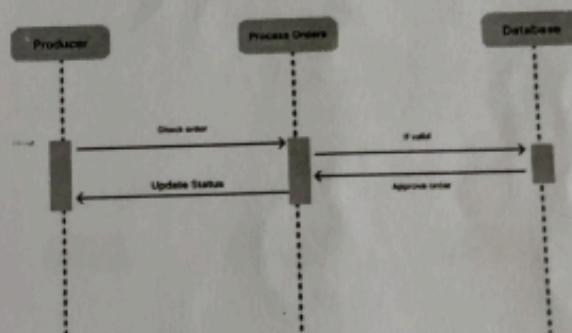
Add vaccine

Figure 3.9



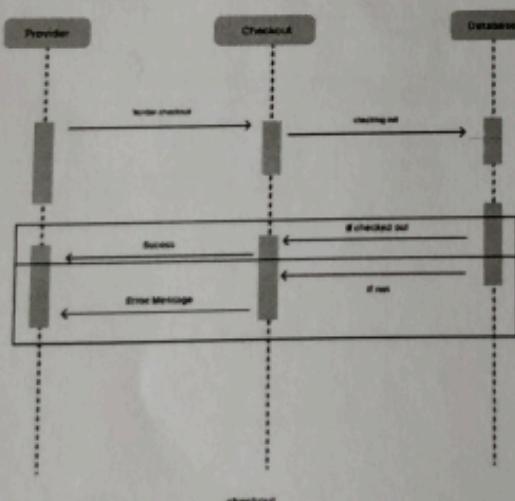
update vaccine

Figure 3.11



Process Orders

Figure 3.10



checkout

Figure 3.12

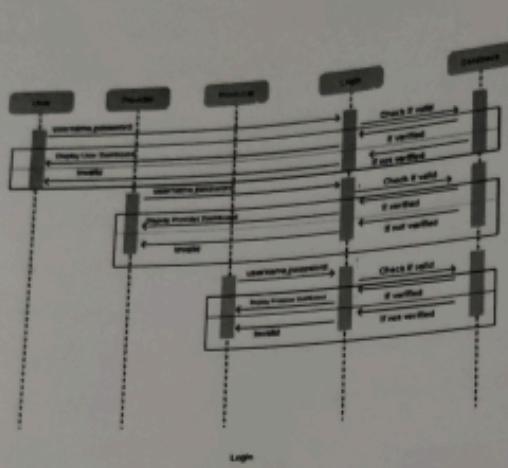


Figure 3.13

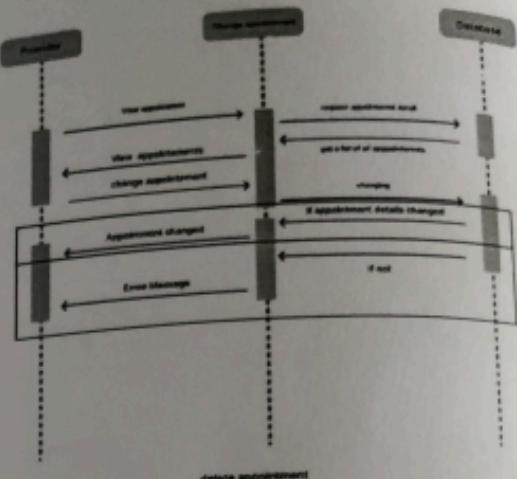
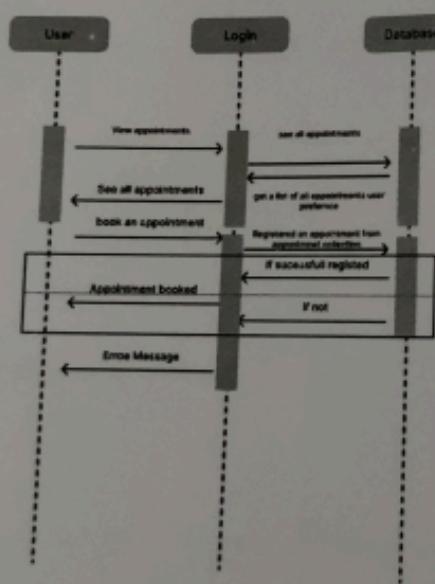


Figure 3.14



Book appointment

Figure 3.16

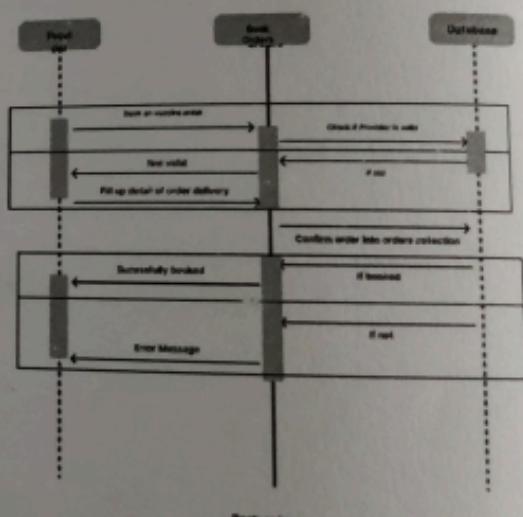


Figure 3.15

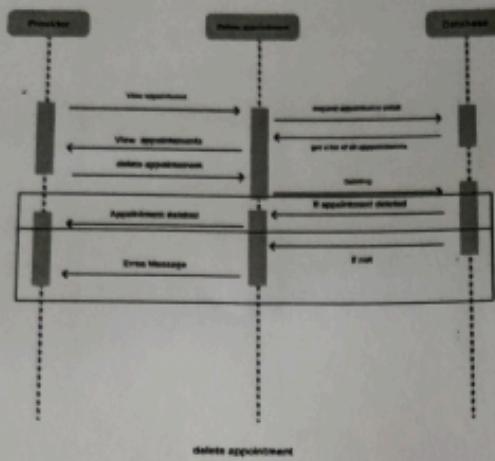


Figure 3.17

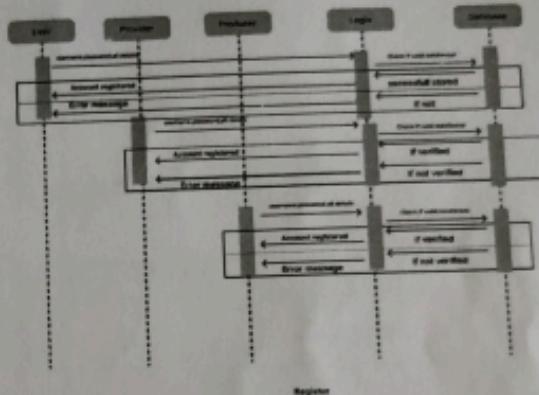


Figure 3.18

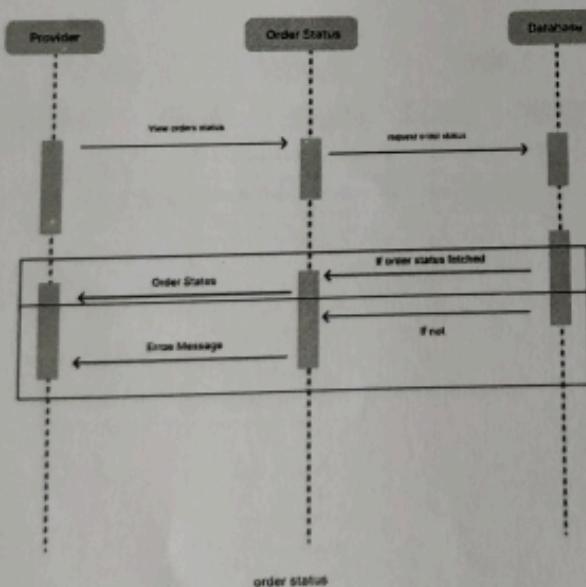


Figure 3.19

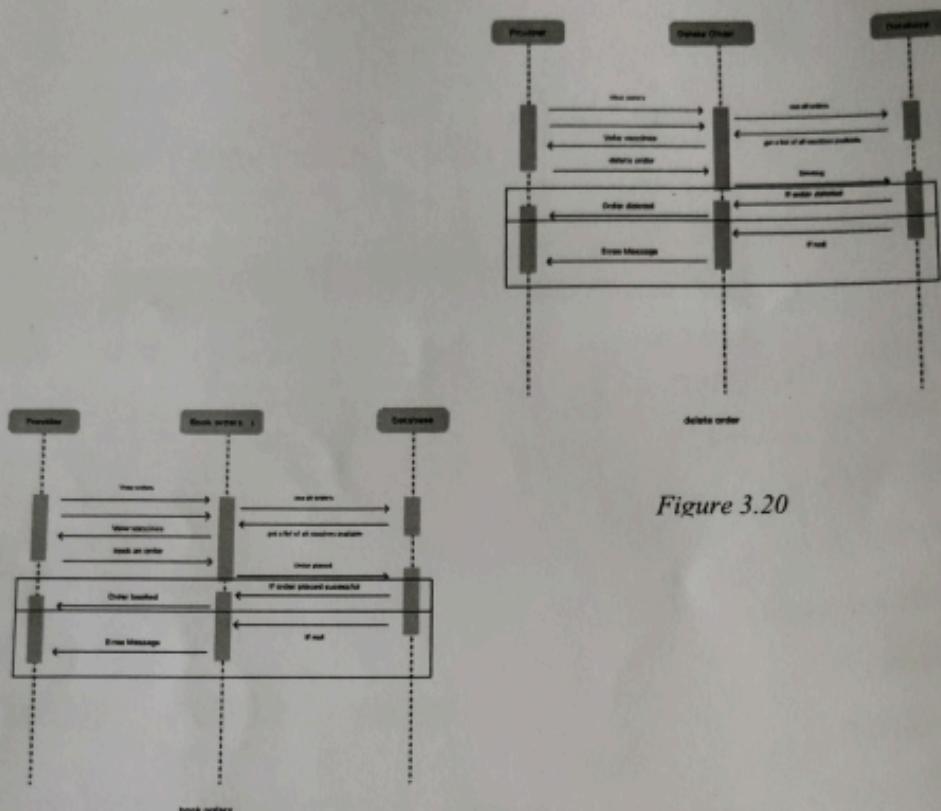


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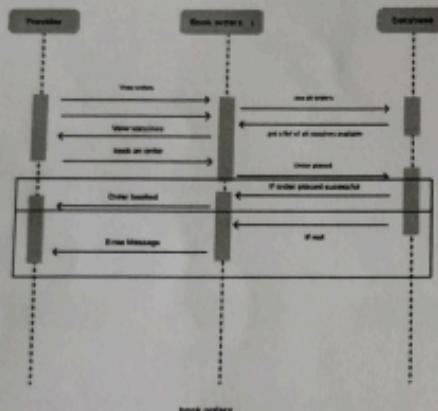


Figure 3.21

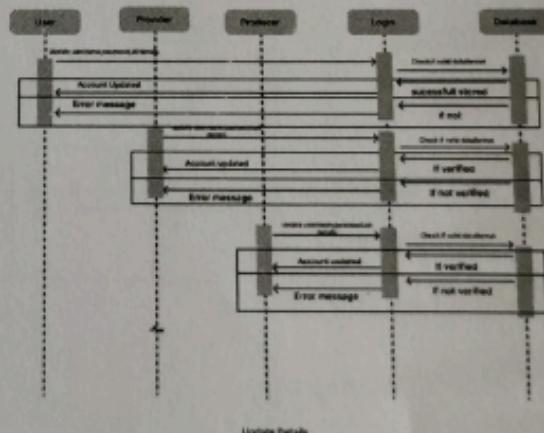


Figure 3.22

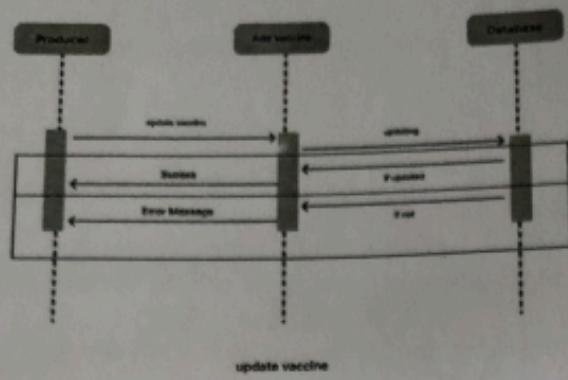


Figure 3.23

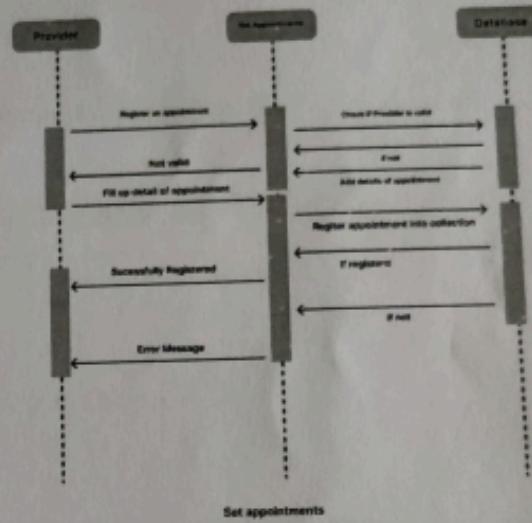


Figure 3.24

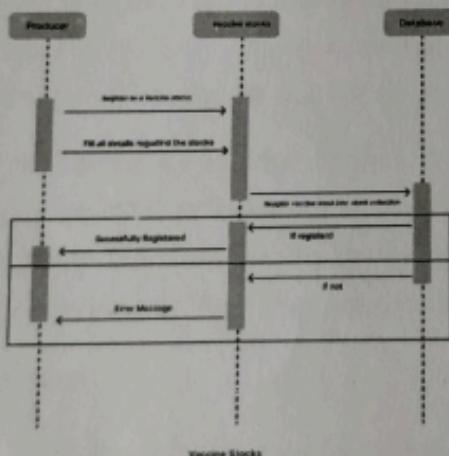


Figure 3.25

3.5.5 State Activity Diagram

Activity diagrams present several benefits to users. Consider creating an activity diagram to:

- Demonstrate the logic of an algorithm.
- Describe the steps performed in a UML use case.
- Illustrate a business process or workflow between users and the system.
- Simplify and improve any process by clarifying complicated use cases.
- Model software architecture elements, such as method, function, and operation.

References:

- Software Engineering 9th Edition Author : Ian Sommerville
- <https://www.lucidchart.com/pages/uml-state-diagram>

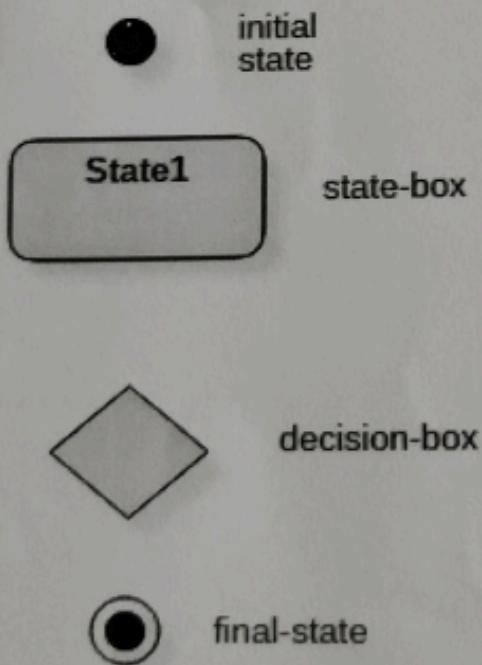


Table 3.6

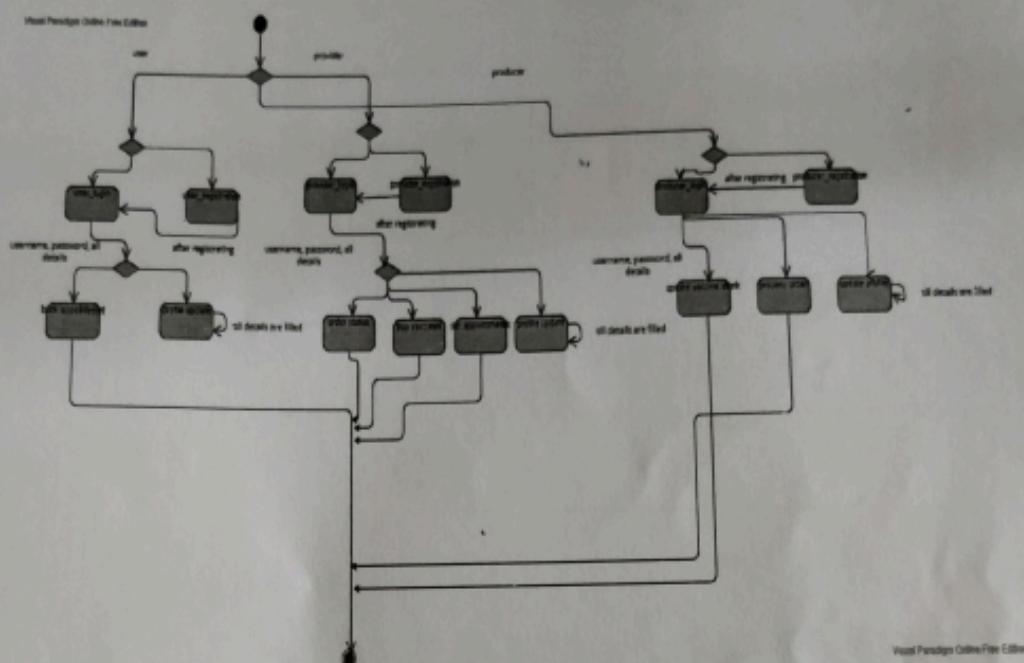


Figure 3.26 State Diagram

3.5.6 Activity Diagram

Activity diagrams are mainly used as a flowchart that consists of activities performed by the system. Activity diagrams are not exactly flowcharts as they have some additional capabilities. These additional capabilities include branching, parallel flow, swim lane, etc.

Before drawing an activity diagram, we must have a clear understanding of the elements used in the activity diagram. The main element of an activity diagram is the activity itself. An activity is a function performed by the system. After identifying the activities, we need to understand how they are associated with constraints and conditions.

References:

- Software Engineering 9th Edition Author : Ian Sommerville
- <https://www.lucidchart.com/pages/uml-activity-diagram>

Sr. No	Name	Symbol
1.	Start Node	●
2.	Action State	□
3.	Control Flow	→
4.	Decision Node	◇
5.	Fork	↓
6.	Join	↗
7.	End State	○

Table 3.7

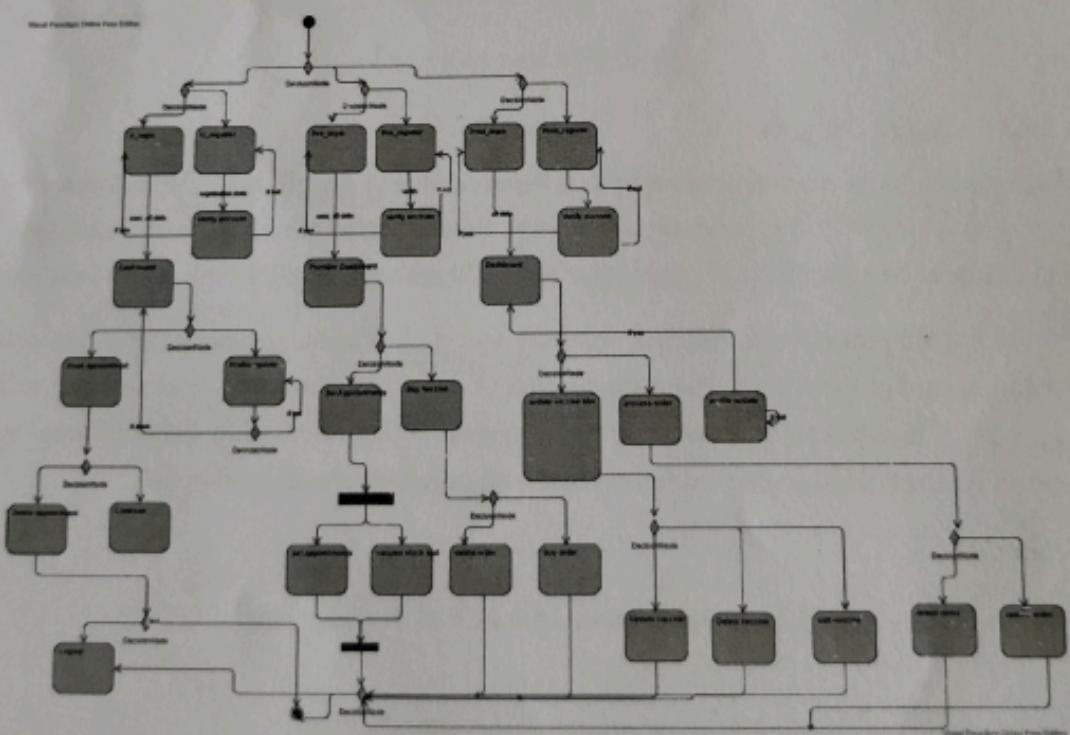


Figure 3.27 Activity Diagram

4.1 Interface Design

User Interface (UI) Design focuses on anticipating what users might need to do and ensuring that the interface has elements that are easy to access, understand, and use to facilitate those actions. UI brings together concepts from interaction design, visual design, and information architecture.

Interface elements include but are not limited to:

- Input Controls: buttons, text fields, checkboxes, radio buttons, dropdown lists, list boxes, toggles, date field
- Navigational Components: breadcrumb, slider, search field, pagination, slider, tags, icons
- Informational Components: tooltips, icons, progress bar, notifications, message boxes, modal windows
- Containers: accordion

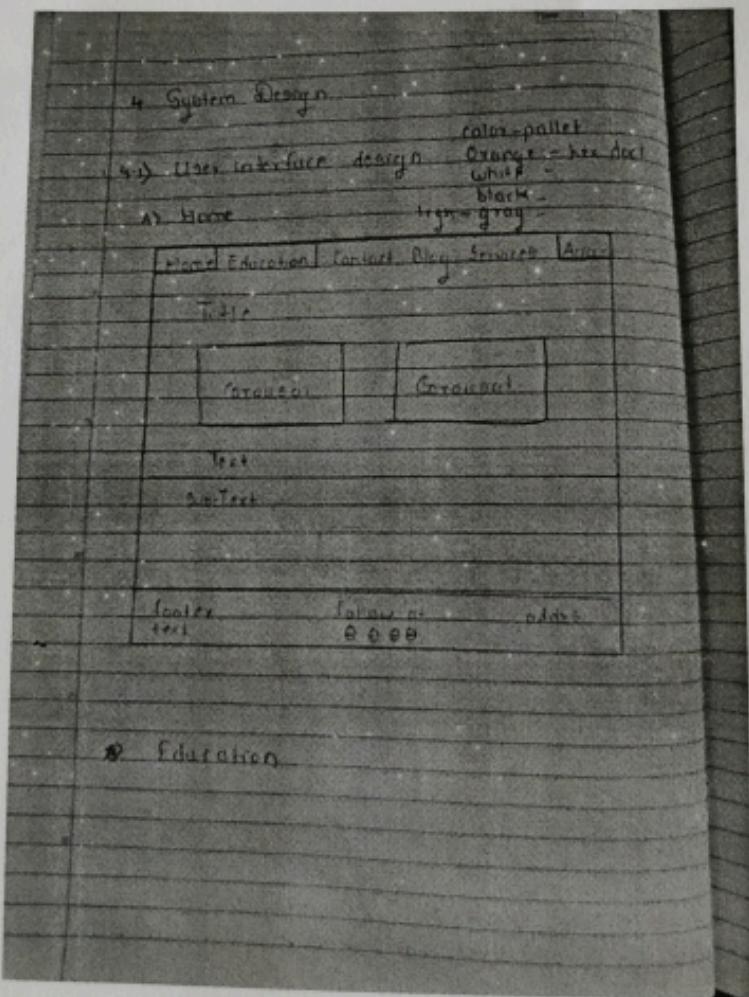


Figure 4.1

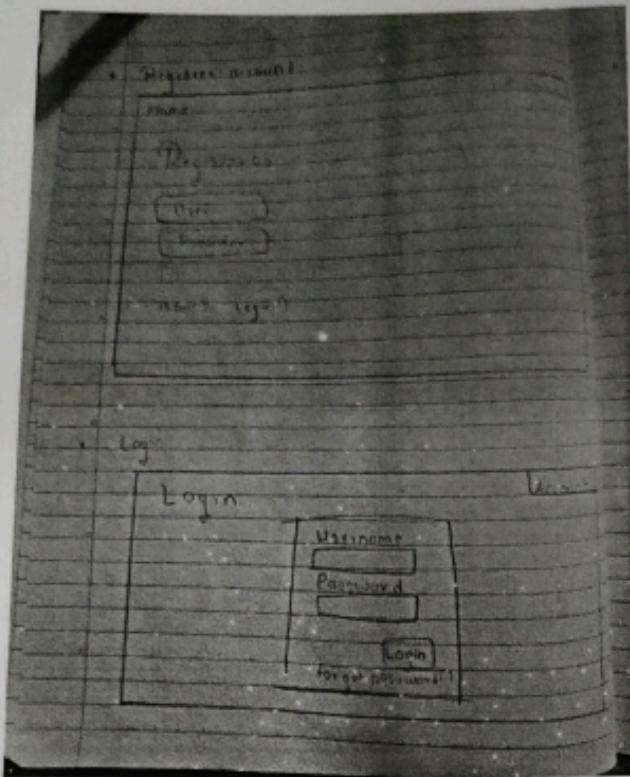


Figure 4.2

Two hand-drawn wireframes on lined paper. The top one is a "Login" screen with fields for "Username" and "Password", and a "Login" button. The bottom one is a "Premier Dashboard" with sections for "Dashboard", "Vaccines", "Stocks", and "Orders".

→ Update Stocks

Update Stocks

vaccines

description

count

Add vaccine

update

cancel

Figure 4.4

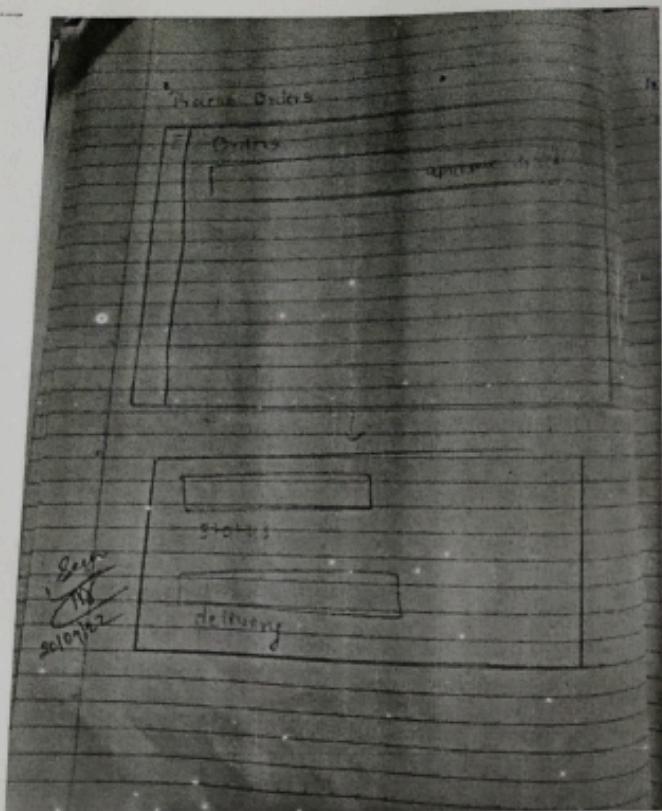


Figure 4.5

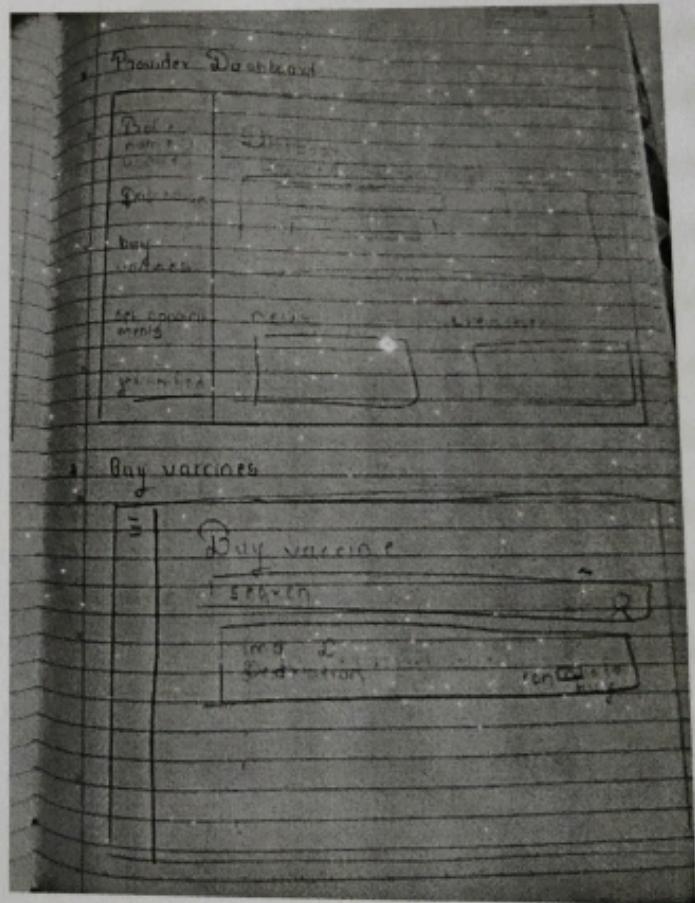


Figure 4.6

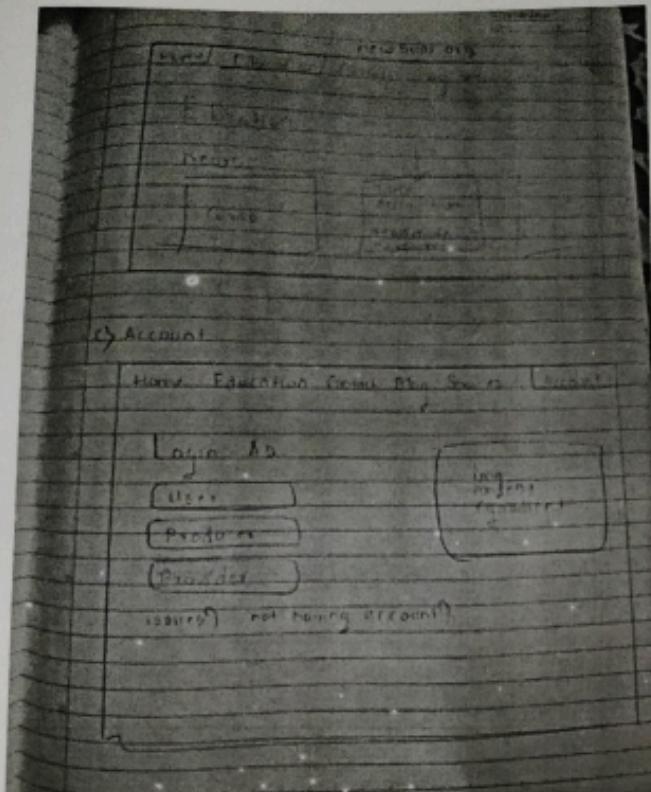


Figure 4.7

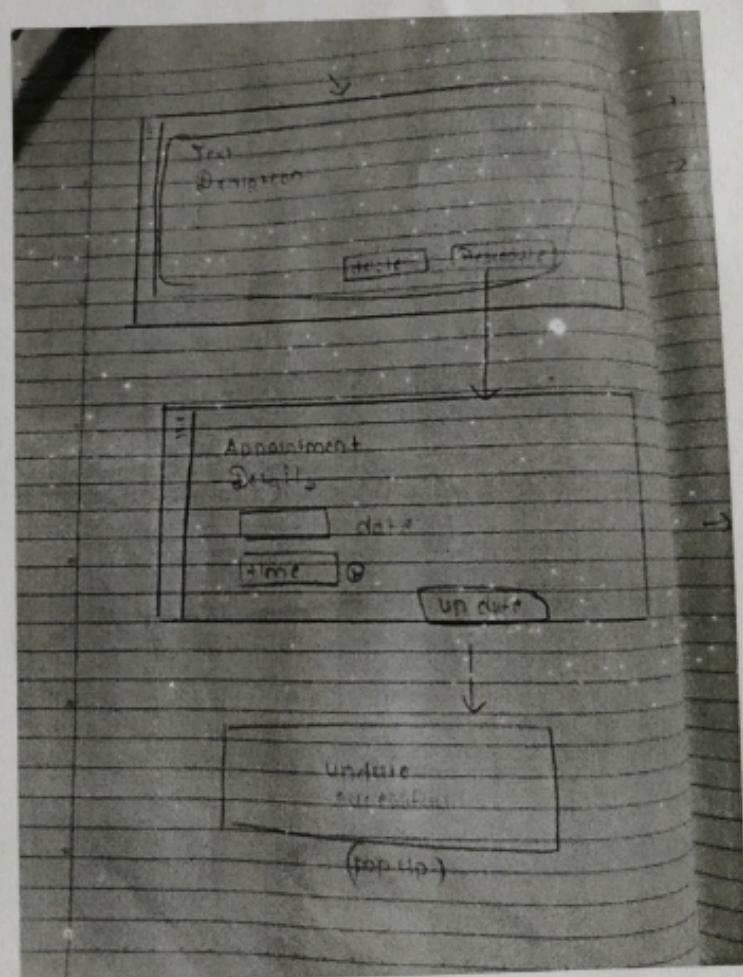


Figure 4.8

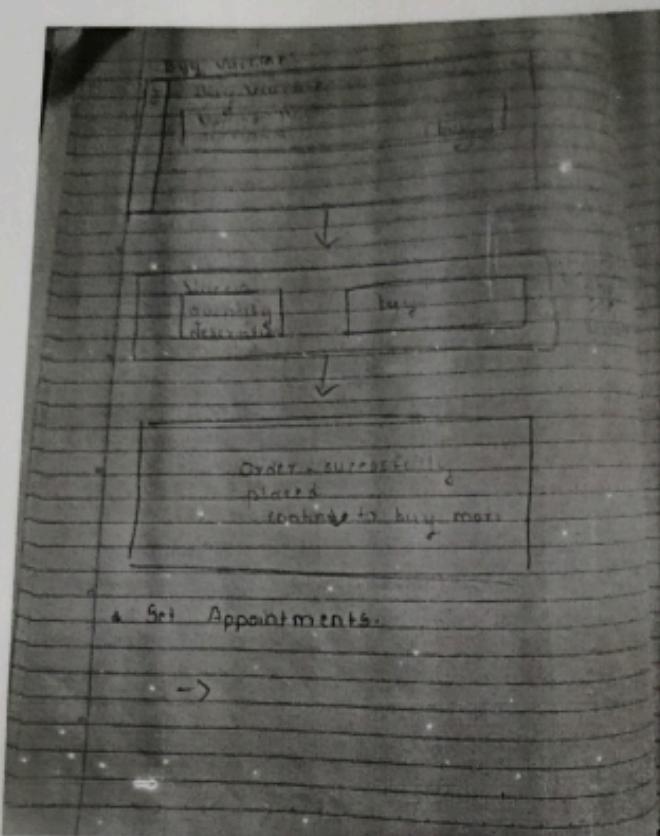


Figure 4.9

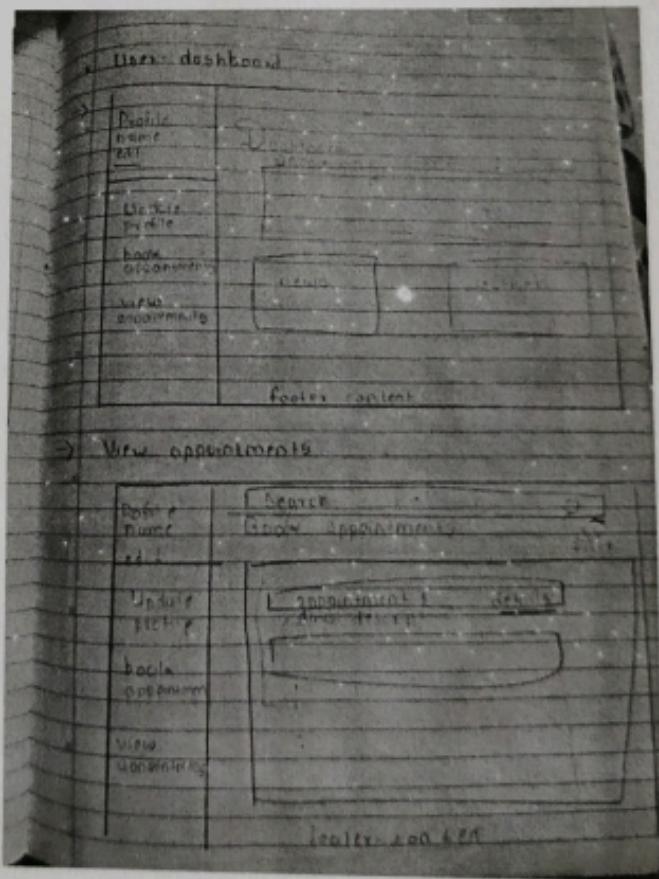


Figure 4.10

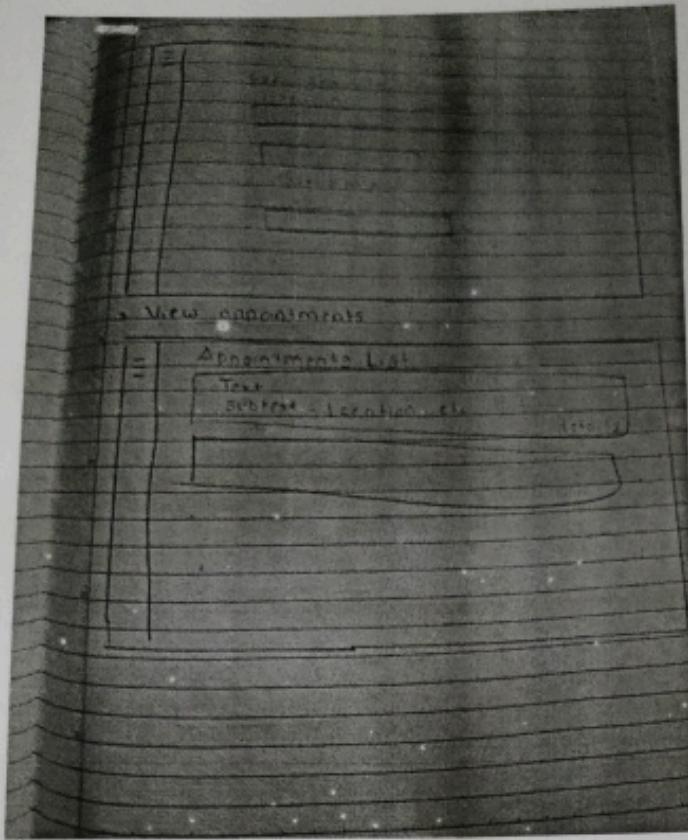


Figure 4.11

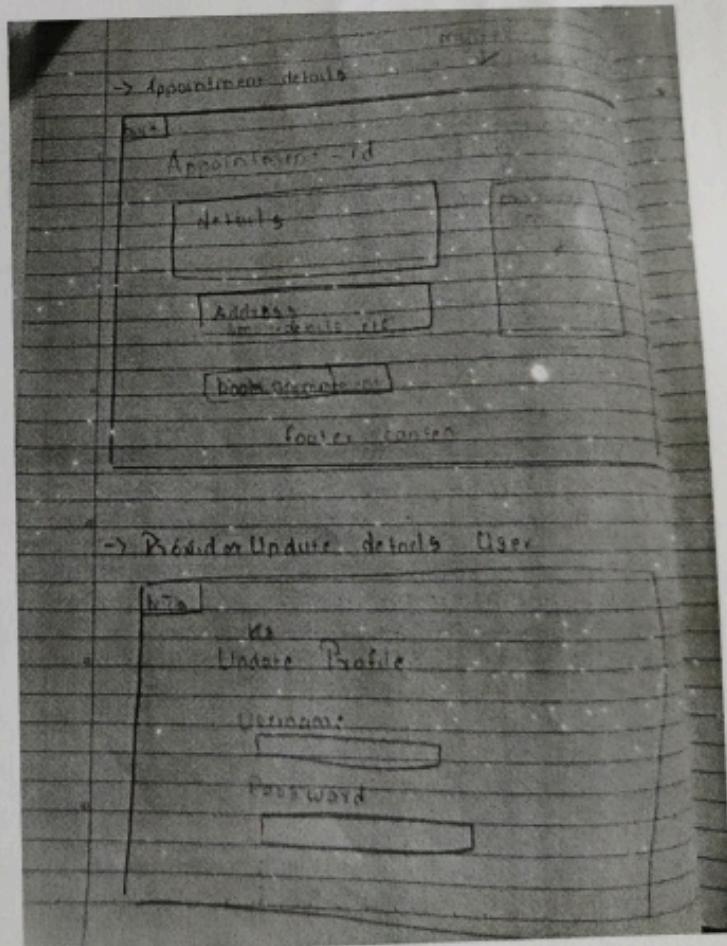


Figure 4.12

4.2 Test Cases

The test case is defined as a group of conditions under which a tester determines whether a software application is working as per the customer's requirements or not. Test case designing includes preconditions, case names, input conditions, and expected results. A test case is a first-level action derived from test scenarios.

ID	Test Case Description	Test Case Data	Expected Result	Actual Result	Remark
0	Login for user	Username: Otherwa Password: admin	Should get redirected to the dashboard		
2	Register for User	Username: Otherwa Password: admin Name: Atharv Ankush Desai, Age 20, gender male, Adhar no 12121243445, pincode 42120, phone-no 8828388979, email atharvdesai2002@gmail.com	Error due to Adhar no		
3	Book Appointments	Appointment Name XXY Appointment Time 13:00 – 14:00 Date: 21/09/222 (On Book Button Click)	The appointment Should be booked	~	
4	Update Profile for user	Username: Otherwa Password: admin Name: Atharv Ankush Desai, Age 20, gender male, Adhar no 2023023023, pincode 42120, phone-no 8828388979, email	User Profile Updated		

		atharvdesai2002@gmail.com		
5	Register for User	Username: Otherwa Password: admin Name: Atharv Ankush Desai, Age 20,gender male, Adhar no 1212232pincode 421201,phone-no 882838899,email atharvdesai2002@gmail.com	Error due to Phone number	
6	Set Appointments	Appointment Name : XYZ Appointment Location : Nalasopara/202,22e Appointment Timming : 13:00 – 14:00 Appointment Date : 24/09/22	Appointemn t should be setted up	
7	Buy Vaccine	On certain vaccine buy confirm order button click and checkout	Order should be placed	
8	Profile Update for provider	Username: Otherwa Password: admin Name: Atharv Ankush Desai, Age 20,gender male, Adhar no 1212232pincode 421201,phone-no 882838899,email atharvdesai2002@gmail.com NGO : Atmaram NGO	Profile Updated	
9	Profile Update for provider	Username: Otherwa Password: admin Name: Atharv Ankush Desai, Age 20,gender male,	Profile Not Updated NGO Field Blank	

		Adhar no 1212232pincode 421201,phone-no 882838899,email atharvdesai2002@gmail.co m NGO :			
10	Update profile for provider	Username: Otherwa Password: admin Name: Atharv Ankush Desai, Age 20,gender male, Adhar no 1212232pincode 421201,phone-no 8828388979,email atharvdesai2002@gmail	Error due to invalid email		
11	Set Appointments	Appointment Name : XYZ Appointment Location : Nalasopara /202,22e Appointment Timming : 13:00 – 14:00 Appointment Date :	Error due to no date specified		
12	Set Appointments	Appointment Name : XYZ Appointment Location : Nalasopara /202,22e Appointment Timming : 13:00 – Appointment Date : 20.09.22	Error due to no end time specified		
13	Process Orders	On button Click of delete order status order should be deleted	Order Should get deleted		
14	Process Orders	On button Click of Update order status order should be updated	Order Should get Updated		
15	Update Vaccine Stocks	Vaccine Name : BCG Vaccine Code : 2033 Description: wfwddssdsd Quantity:203	Vaccine stocks not Updated due		

			to faulty description		
16	Profile Update For Producer	Username: Otherwa Password: admin Name: Atharv Ankush Desai, Age 20,gender male, Adhar no 1212232pincode 421201,phone-no 8828388979,email <u>atharvdesai2002@gmail.co</u> m Company Name : Le- Vaccine Company Address : C/202 Shree Samartha Krupa	Should not get updated Successfully Not valid Company Name		
17	Profile Update For Producer	Username: Otherwa Password: admin Name: Atharv Ankush Desai, Age 20,gender male, Adhar no 1212232pincode 421201,phone-no 8828388979,email <u>atharvdesai2002@gmail.co</u> m Company Name : Bhartia Biotech Company Address : C/202 Shree Samartha Krupa	Should get updated Successfully		
18	Process Orders	On the button Click of Update order status order should be updated	Order Should get Updated		
19	View Order Status	On button click of view status	Order status should be shown		

20	Update Vaccine Stonks	Vaccine Name: BCG Vaccine Code: 2033 Description: For Immunity etc, Quantity:203	Vaccine stocks Updated		
21	Update Vaccine Stonks	Vaccine Name: BCG Vaccine Code: 2033 Description: For Immunity etc, Quantity:0	Vaccine stocks Updated		
22	Update Vaccine Stonks	Vaccine Name: BCG Vaccine Code: 2033 Description: For Immunity etc, Quantity:	Vaccine stocks are not Updated		
23	Profile Update For Producer	Username: Otherwal Password: admin Name: Atharv Ankush Desai, Age 20,gender male, Adhar no 1212232pincode 421201,phone-no 8828388979,email atharvdesai2002@gmail.com Company Name: Bhartia Biotech Company Address: C/202 Shree Samartha Krupa	The username is already taken error		
24	Profile Update For Producer	Username: Otherwa Password: admin Name: Atharv Ankush Desai, Age 20,gender male, Adhar no 1212232pincode 421201,phone-no 8828388979,email	Should not get updated Successfully		

		<u>atharvdesai2002@gmail.co</u> m Company Name: Bhartia Biotech Company Address :		
25	Profile Update For Producer	Username: Otherwa Password: admin Name: Atharv Ankush Desai, Age 20, gender male, Adhar no 1212232pincode 421201, phone-no 8828388979, email <u>atharvdesai2002@gmail.co</u> m Company Name : Company Address : C/202 Shree Samartha Krupa	Should not get updated Successfully	

Table 4.1

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as of 22/09/22
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as of 01/09/22
- <https://www2.deloitte.com/us/en/pages/public-sector/solutions/vaccine-management-system.htm>
as of 02/06/22
- <https://www.intelex.com/products/applications/vaccine-management> {Intelex Vaccine Solution}
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