

matRiks

An R package for the automatic generation of Raven-like matrices

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European Meeting of the Mathematical Psychology Group

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- 2 Generating rules
- 3 The matRiks package
- 4 Why?

1 Introduction

2 Generating rules

3 The matRiks package

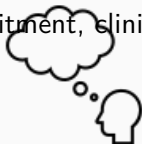
4 Why?

Raven and Raven-like matrices

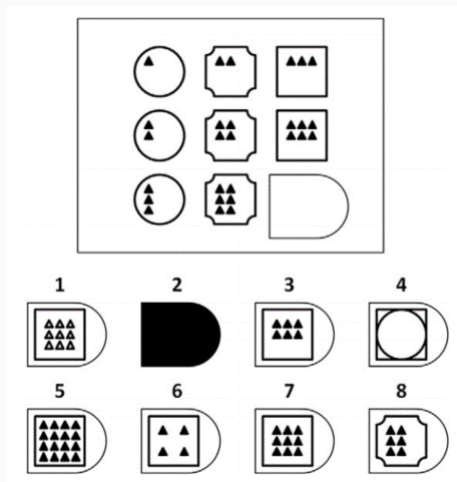


Assessment of fluid intelligence or abstract reasoning

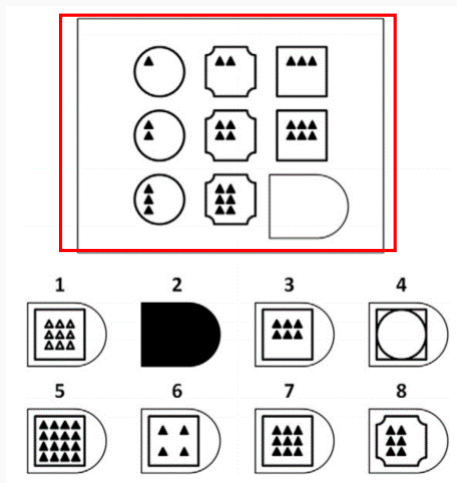
Job recruitment, clinical assessment



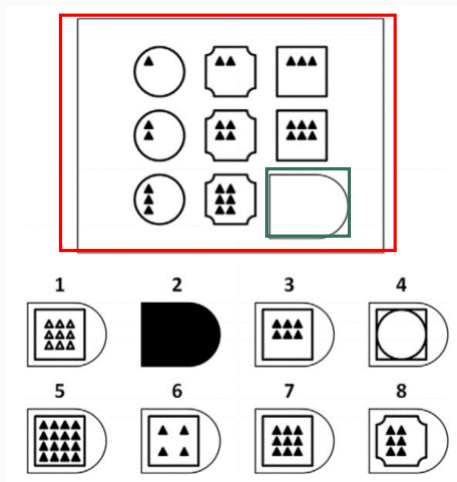
An example



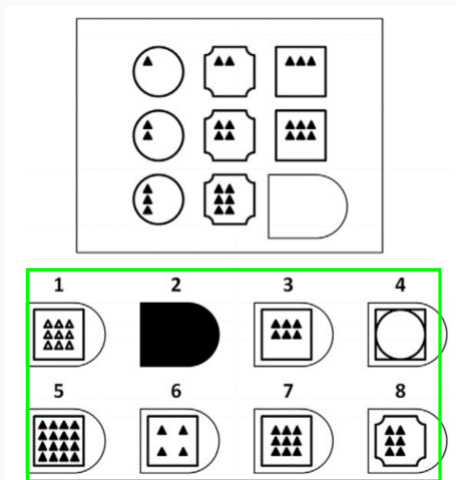
An example



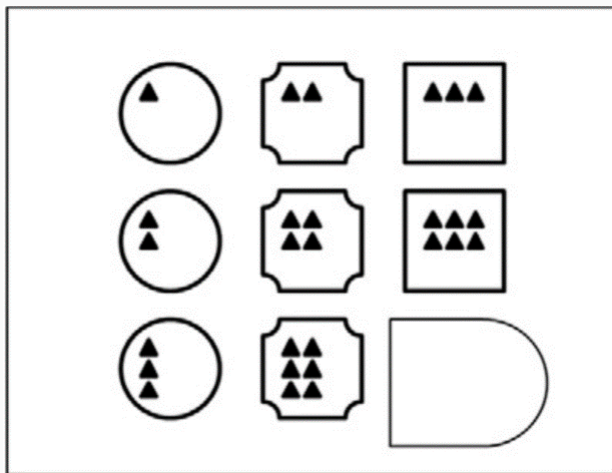
An example



An example

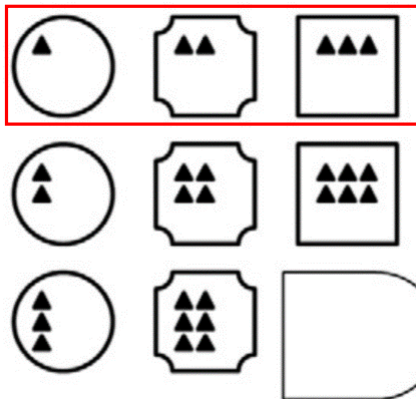


An example: The matrix

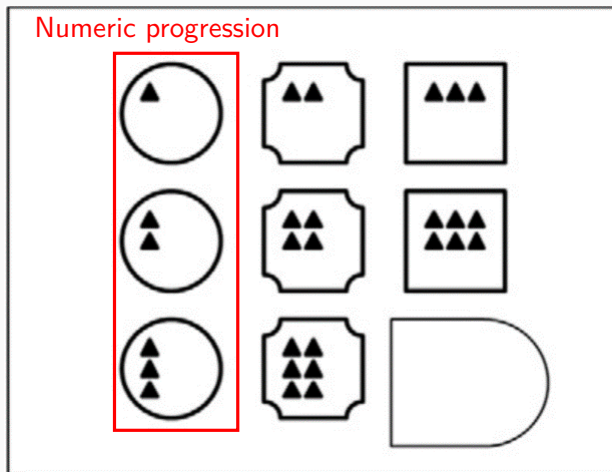


An example: The matrix

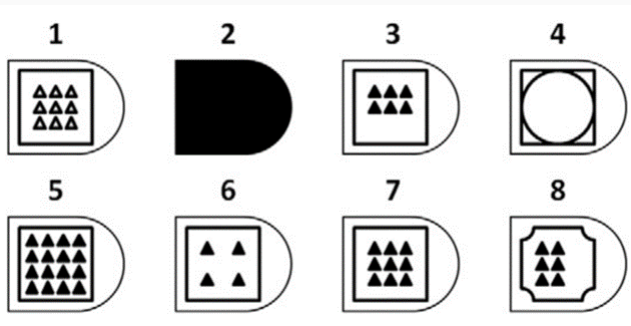
Change shapes & numeric progression



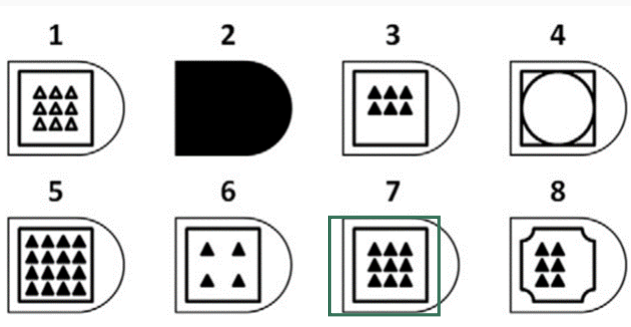
An example: The matrix



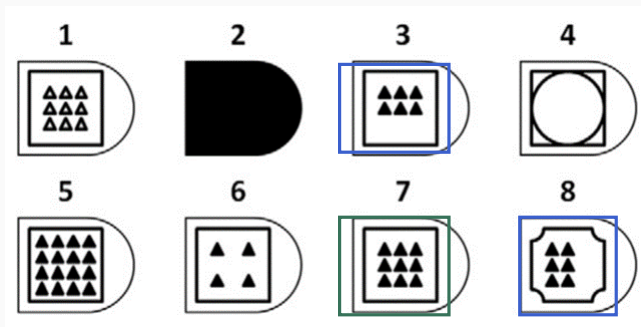
An example: The response options



An example: The response options



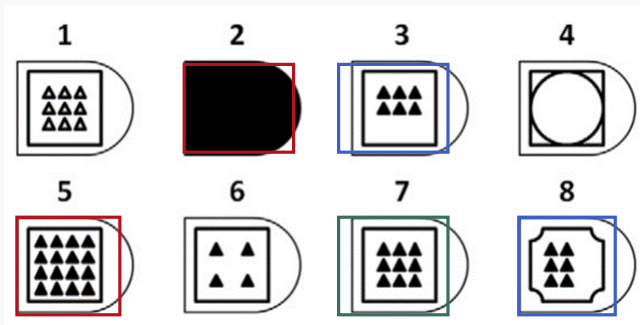
An example: The response options



Repetition of a cell **adjacent** to the blank space

Repetition

An example: The response options



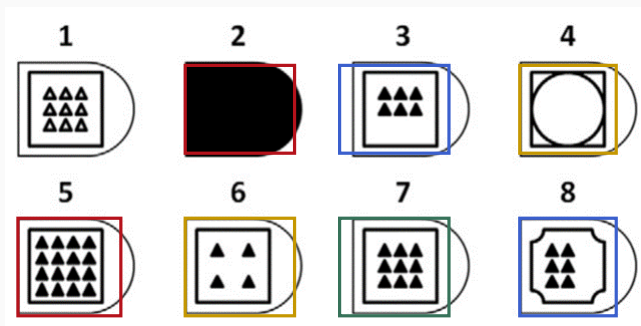
Repetition

Difference

Repetition of a cell **adjacent** to the blank space

Different in appearance from every element of the matrix

An example: The response options



Repetition

Difference

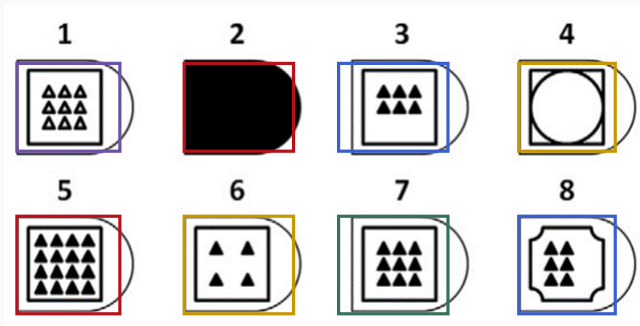
Wrong Principle

Repetition of a cell **adjacent** to the blank space

Different in appearance from every element of the matrix

Copy of a cell or combination of cells

An example: The response options



Repetition

Difference

Wrong Principle

Incomplete Correlate

Repetition of a cell **adjacent** to the blank space

Different in appearance from every element of the matrix

Copy of a cell or combination of cells

Almost the correct response

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4 Why?

Rules

| Category | Rule name | Definition |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Visuospatial rules | Object addition/subtraction | Visually merge two elements |
| | Movement | With a steady background, the movement changing the position of an object across cells |
| | Rotation | The spatial orientation of the figure changes across cells |
| | Mental transformation | The third cell results from the application of the characteristics in the second cell to the figures in the first cell |
| | Completeness | ???? |
| | Numeric progression | Quantitative increase or decrease in the number of figures from cell to cell |
| | Changes in shape | The figures change across cells |
| | Changes in shade | The shading of the figures changes across cells |
| | Changes in size | The size of the figures changes across cells |

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matRiks

Generates 2×2 and 3×3 Raven-like matrices and the related set of distractors

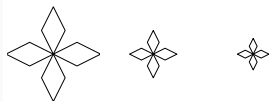
Allows for concatenating figures together

Allows for creating multi-layer matrices by combining concatenating single-layer matrices together

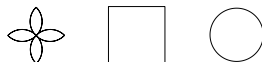
Allows for creating new figures from scratch

Visuo-spatial rules

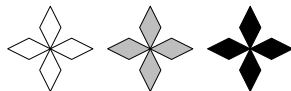
Size



Shape



Shade



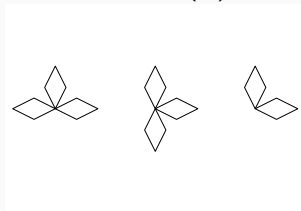
Rotate



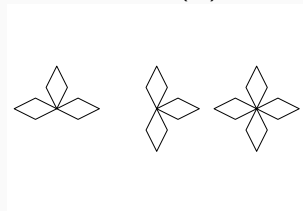
...

Logical rules

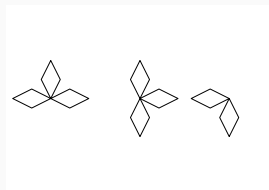
AND (\cap)



OR (\cup)



XOR (Δ)



The “workflow”

Qui farò un grafico con le frecce direzionate, ora non ho idea di come farlo

Choose a figure or a concatenation of figures

Choose the rule or a combination of rules to be applied vertically, horizontally, or diagonally.

Generate and draw the matrix

Generate the set of distractors

figure

```
$shape  
[1] "square"
```

```
$size.x  
$size.x[[1]]  
[1] 15
```

```
$size.y  
$size.y[[1]]  
[1] 15
```

```
$theta.1  
$theta.1[[1]]  
[1] 0
```

```
$theta.2  
$theta.2[[1]]  
[1] 0
```

```
$rotation  
$rotation[[1]]  
[1] 0.7853982
```

```
$pos.x  
$pos.x[[1]]  
[1] 0
```

```
$pos.y  
$pos.y[[1]]  
[1] 0
```

```
$lty  
$lty[[1]]  
[1] 1
```

```
$lwd  
$lwd[[1]]  
[1] 3
```

```
$num  
$num[[1]]  
[1] 1
```

```
$nv  
$nv[[1]]  
[1] 4
```

```
$shade  
$shade[[1]]  
[1] NA
```

```
$visible  
[1] 1
```

```
$tag  
$tag[[1]]  
[1] "simple" "fill" "d.ex
```

Built-in figures



cof()

concatenation of figures

```
single = FALSE
```

```
draw(cof(square(),  
      size(ninja())))
```

```
single = TRUE
```

```
draw(cof(square(),  
      size(ninja())),  
      single = TRUE,  
      name = "my_figure")
```

cof()

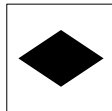
concatenation of figures

```
single = FALSE
```

```
draw(cof(square(),  
      size(ninja())))
```

```
single = TRUE
```

```
draw(cof(square(),  
      size(ninja())),  
      single = TRUE,  
      name = "my_figure")
```



List of 15

```
$ shape : chr [1:3] "square" "luck" "luck"
$ size.x :List of 3
..$ : num 15
..$ : num 5.56
..$ : num 5.56
$ size.y :List of 3
..$ : num 15
..$ : num 8.33
..$ : num 8.33
$ theta.1 :List of 3
..$ : num 0
..$ : num 0
..$ : num 1.57
$ theta.2 :List of 3
..$ : num 0
..$ : num 0
..$ : num 1.57
$ rotation:List of 3
..$ : num 0.785
....
```

List of 15

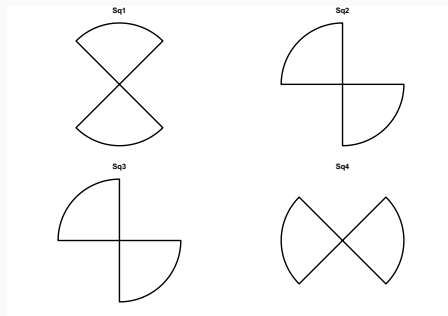
```
$ shape : chr "my_figure"
$ size.x :List of 2
..$ : num [1:2] 15 5.56
..$ : num [1:2] 15 5.56
$ size.y :List of 2
..$ : num [1:2] 15 8.33
..$ : num [1:2] 15 8.33
$ theta.1 :List of 2
..$ : num [1:2] 0 0
..$ : num [1:2] 0 1.57
$ theta.2 :List of 2
..$ : num [1:2] 0 0
..$ : num [1:2] 0 1.57
$ rotation:List of 2
..$ : num [1:2] 0.785 1.571
..$ : num [1:2] 0.785 3.142
$ pos.x :List of 2
..$ : num [1:2] 0 0
..$ : num [1:2] 0 0
....
```

mat_apply(): 2×2

```
mat_apply(Sq1, hrules, vrules, mat.type)
```

```
mat_apply(axe(),  
  vrules = "rotate",  
  hrules = "rotate",  
  mat.type = 4)
```

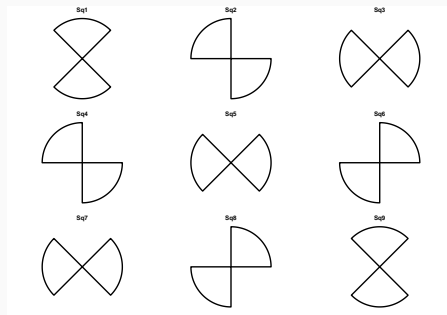
| | [,1] | [,2] |
|------|-------|-------|
| [1,] | "Sq1" | "Sq2" |
| [2,] | "Sq3" | "Sq4" |



mat_apply(): 3×3

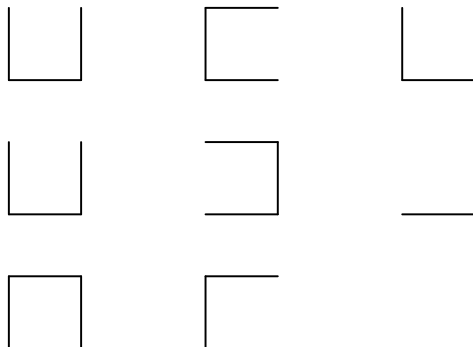
```
mat_apply(axe(),  
  vrules = "rotate",  
  hrules = "rotate",  
  mat.type = 4)
```

| | [,1] | [,2] | [,3] |
|------|-------|-------|-------|
| [1,] | "Sq1" | "Sq2" | "Sq3" |
| [2,] | "Sq4" | "Sq5" | "Sq6" |
| [3,] | "Sq7" | "Sq8" | "Sq9" |



Single-layer vs. multi-layer matrices

```
draw(mat_apply(cof(square4()), hrules = "AND"), hide = TRUE)
```



Single-layer vs. multi-layer matrices

concatenation of matrices: `com()`

```
draw(com(mat_apply(square4(), hrules = "AND"),  
        mat_apply(size(maxi(), 2), vrules = "OR", hrules = "OR")), hide = TRUE)
```



Single-layer vs. multi-layer matrices

concatenation of matrices: `com()`

```
draw(com(mat_apply(square4(), hrules = "AND"),  
        mat_apply(size(maxi(), 2), vrules = "OR", hrules = "OR")), hide = TRUE)
```



The distractors

| Distractors | Definition |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| R-Left | Sq8 |
| R-Top | Sq6 |
| R-diag | Sq5 |
| Wp-Copy | One within SQ1, SQ2, SQ3, SQ4, SQ7 |
| WP-Matrix | One within SQ1, SQ2, SQ3, SQ4, SQ7 with the superimposition of another cell. |
| Difference | One within SQ1, SQ2, SQ3, SQ4, SQ7 with the superimposition of a figure which is not manipulated in the matrix. |

The distractors

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| Difference | One within SQ1, SQ2, SQ3, SQ4, SQ7 with the superimposition of a figure which is not manipulated in the matrix. |
| IC-Inc | Correct response with a missing element |
| | Single-Layer: Not possible |
| | Multi-layer: |
| IC-Neg | Color inversion of the correct response |
| | Single-layer matrix: Color inversion of the figure in the correct response |
| | Multi-layer matrix: |
| IC-Flip | Rotation of the correct response |
| | Single-layer matrix: Rotation of the figure in the correct response |
| | Multi-layer matrix: |
| IC-Scale | Resize of the correct response |
| | Single-layer: Resize of the figure in the correct response |
| | Multi-layer matrix: |

The distractors

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|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| R-Left | Sq8 |
| R-Top | Sq6 |
| R-diag | Sq5 |
| Wp-Copy | One within SQ1, SQ2, SQ3, SQ4, SQ7 |
| WP-Matrix | One within SQ1, SQ2, SQ3, SQ4, SQ7 with the superimposition of another cell. |
| Difference | One within SQ1, SQ2, SQ3, SQ4, SQ7 with the superimposition of a figure which is not manipulated in the matrix. |
| IC-Inc | Correct response with a missing element |
| | Single-Layer: Not possible |
| | Multi-layer: The most internal figure is removed from the correct response. |
| IC-Neg | Color inversion of the correct response |
| | Single-layer matrix: Color inversion of the figure in the correct response |
| | Multi-layer matrix: Color inversion of the foreground figure of the correct response |
| IC-Flip | Rotation of the correct response |
| | Single-layer matrix: Rotation of the figure in the correct response |
| | Multi-layer matrix: Rotation of the foreground figure of the correct response |
| IC-Scale | Resize of the correct response |
| | Single-layer: Resize of the figure in the correct response |
| | Multi-layer matrix: Resize of the foreground figure of the correct response |

response_list()

```
draw(response_list(my_mat), main = TRUE)
```

correct



r_diag



r_left



r_top



wp_copy



wp_matrix



difference



ic_neg



ic_flip



ic_size



ic_inc



Don't like the difference distractor?

Change the random seed

correct



r_diag



r_left



r_top



wp_copy



wp_matrix



difference



ic_neg



ic_flip



ic_size



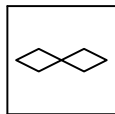
ic_inc



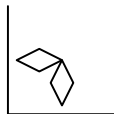
A handful of distractors

```
draw(response_list(my_mat, seed = 17),  
      main = TRUE, distractors = c("r_left", "wp_copy",  
                                    "difference", "ic_inc"))
```

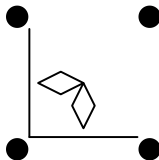
r_left



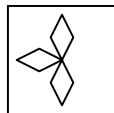
wp_copy



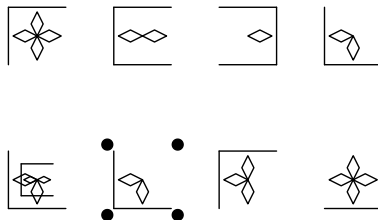
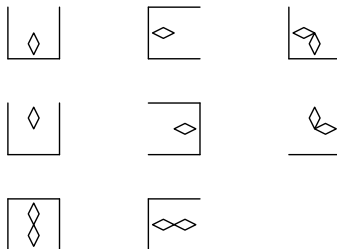
difference



ic_inc



The final result




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2 Generating rules

3 The matRiks package

4 Why?

PsycAssist



PsycAssist

A Psychological Assistant for accurate and adaptive neuropsychological assessments

PsycAssist



Campione

le scuole

Come è andataa con rasch
