4.5 Suppose h(k) and x(k) are both of length L = 2048.

- (a) Find the number of real FLOPs for a fast linear convolution of h(k) with x(k).
- (b) Find the number of real FLOPs for a direct linear convolution of h(k) with x(k).
- (c) Express the answer to (a) as a percentage of the answer to (b).

Solution

(a) Using (4.3.7) with L = 2048, the number of real FLOPs for fast convolution is

$$n_{\text{fast}} = 12L \log_2(2L) + 8L + 4$$

= $12(2048) \log_2(4096) + 8(2048) + 4$
= 311300

(b) Using (4.3.8) with L=2048, the number of real FLOPs for a direct linear convolution is

$$n_{\text{dir}} = L^2$$

= $(2048)^2$
= 4194304

(c) The ratio of computational efforts when L = 2048 is

$$\alpha = \frac{100n_{\text{fast}}}{n_{\text{dir}}}$$

$$= \frac{100(311300)}{4194304}$$

$$= 7.422 \%$$