Quantification for a pseudo-filter. Suppose $f_i = if_s/(2N)$ for $0 \le i < N$. Find the cross-correlation vector p for this input and desired output.

$$x(k) = \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} C_i \cos(2\pi f_i kT)$$
$$d(k) = \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} A_i C_i \cos(2\pi f_i kT + \phi_i)$$

Solution

Using (9.2.13) and the trigonometric identitites from Appendix 4, we have

$$\begin{split} p_i &= r_{dx}(i) \\ &= E[d(k)x(k-i)] \\ &= E\left[\sum_{q=0}^{N-1} A_q C_q \cos(2\pi f_q k T + \phi_q) \sum_{r=0}^{N-1} C_r \cos(2\pi f_r [k-i]T)\right] \\ &= \sum_{q=0}^{N-1} \sum_{r=0}^{N-1} A_q C_q C_r E[\cos(2\pi f_q k T + \phi_q) \cos(2\pi f_r [k-i]T)] \\ &= 0.5 \sum_{q=0}^{N-1} \sum_{r=0}^{N-1} A_q C_q C_r E[\cos(2\pi \{f_q k + f_r [k-i]\}T + \phi_q) + \cos(2\pi \{f_q k - f_r [k-i]\}T + \phi_q)] \\ &= 0.5 \sum_{q=0}^{N-1} \sum_{r=0}^{N-1} A_q C_q C_r E[\cos(2\pi \{f_q k - f_r [k-i]\}T + \phi_q)] \\ &= 0.5 \sum_{q=0}^{N-1} A_q C_q^2 E[\cos(2\pi f_q i T + \phi_q)] \\ &= 0.5 \sum_{q=0}^{N-1} A_q C_q^2 \cos(2\pi f_q i T + \phi_q) \\ &= 0.5 \sum_{q=0}^{N-1} A_q C_q^2 \cos(2\pi f_q i T + \phi_q) \\ \end{split}$$