# Analyse de l'activité

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#### Charger les données

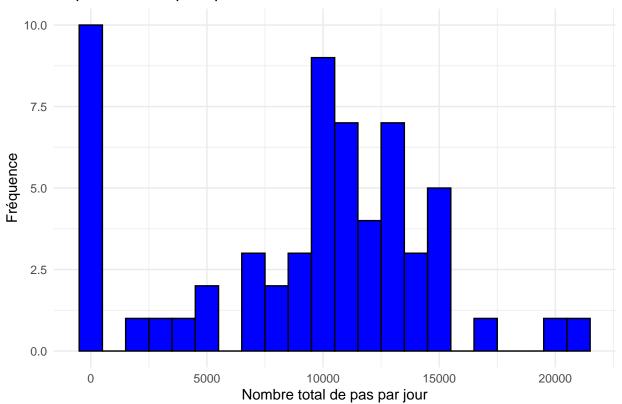
```
activity_data <- read.csv("/Users/bekkaryounes/Downloads/activity.csv", stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
# Vérifier les premières lignes
head(activity_data)
##
    steps
                date interval
       NA 2012-10-01
## 1
       NA 2012-10-01
                            5
## 2
      NA 2012-10-01
                          10
## 4
     NA 2012-10-01
     NA 2012-10-01
## 5
                           20
     NA 2012-10-01
## 6
# Vérifier la structure
str(activity_data)
                   17568 obs. of 3 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## \$ steps : int NA ...
## $ date : chr "2012-10-01" "2012-10-01" "2012-10-01" "2012-10-01" ...
## $ interval: int 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 ...
# Convertir la colonne date
activity_data$date <- as.Date(activity_data$date, format="%Y-%m-%d")</pre>
```

#### Analyser les valeurs manquantes

```
sum(is.na(activity_data$steps))
## [1] 2304
```

#### Nombre total de pas par jour

### Répartition des pas quotidiens



#### Moyenne et médiane des pas quotidiens

```
mean_steps <- mean(daily_steps$total_steps, na.rm = TRUE)
median_steps <- median(daily_steps$total_steps, na.rm = TRUE)
mean_steps</pre>
```

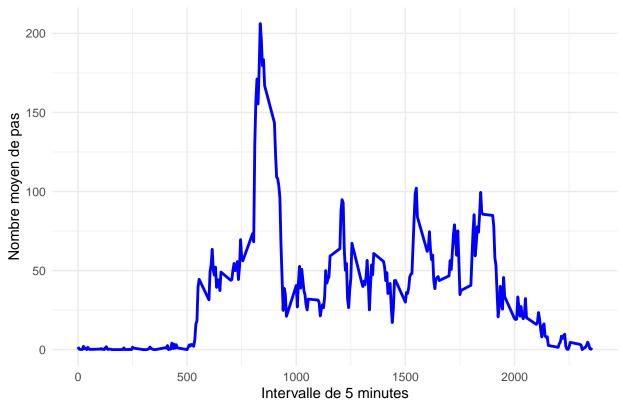
## [1] 9354.23

```
median_steps
```

## [1] 10395

#### Analyse des intervalles de 5 minutes

# Moyenne des pas par intervalle de 5 minutes



## Imputation des valeurs manquantes

```
activity_data_imputed <- activity_data %>%
  left_join(interval_avg, by = "interval") %>%
  mutate(steps = ifelse(is.na(steps), avg_steps, steps)) %>%
  select(-avg_steps)

# Vérification
sum(is.na(activity_data_imputed$steps))
```

## [1] 0

#### Comparaison semaine vs week-end

