

Project 2

Act Report

ALX Nanodegree Data Analyst Program

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1. Introduction:

WeRateDogs is a [Twitter](#) account that rates people's [dogs](#) with a humorous comment about the dog. The account was started in 2015 by college student Matt Nelson, and has received international media attention both for its popularity and for the attention drawn to [social media copyright law](#) when it was suspended by Twitter for breaking these aforementioned laws.

During this project, I gathered data about the WeRateDogs tweets from different sources using different methods, then assessed and cleaned it to get a final clean dataset containing different information about these tweets.

This dataset was then analyzed in order to derive insights about this account and its tweets.

So how are dog stages distributed? What are the top 20 dog breeds? How does the distribution of retweet counts and favorite counts look like?

These questions are more will be answered all along the insights and visualizations steps.

2. Insights:

- Distribution of dog stages:

```
Entrée [80]: dog_archive_clean['dog_stage'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[80]: pupper      222  
doggo       72  
puppo       23  
floofer      9  
Name: dog_stage, dtype: int64
```

⇒ The most dominant dog stage is “pupper”

- Top 20 dog breeds:

```
Entrée [81]: dog_archive_clean['dog_breed'].value_counts()[0:20]
```

```
Out[81]: Golden Retriever      158  
Labrador Retriever      108  
Pembroke                95  
Chihuahua               91  
Pug                    62  
Toy Poodle              51  
Chow                   48  
Samoyed                 42  
Pomeranian              42  
Malamute                33  
Chesapeake Bay Retriever 31  
French Bulldog          31  
Cocker Spaniel          30  
Miniature Pinscher      25  
Eskimo Dog              22  
Cardigan                21  
German Shepherd         21  
Staffordshire Bullterrier 21  
Beagle                  20  
Shih-Tzu                20  
Name: dog_breed, dtype: int64
```

- Distribution of the 'source' of Twitter usage:

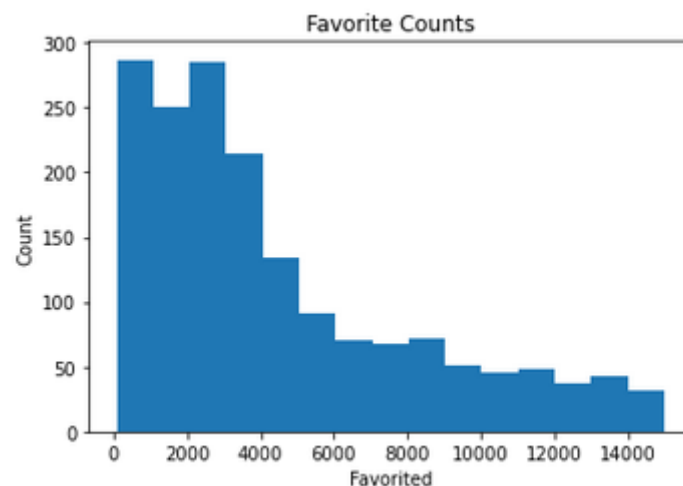
Entrée [82]: `dog_archive_clean['source'].value_counts()`

```
Out[82]: Twitter-iPhone    1985
Vine                      91
Twitter                   30
Tweetdeck                 11
Name: source, dtype: int64
```

⇒ Twitter for iPhone is the dominating source for Twitter usage

3. Visualizations:

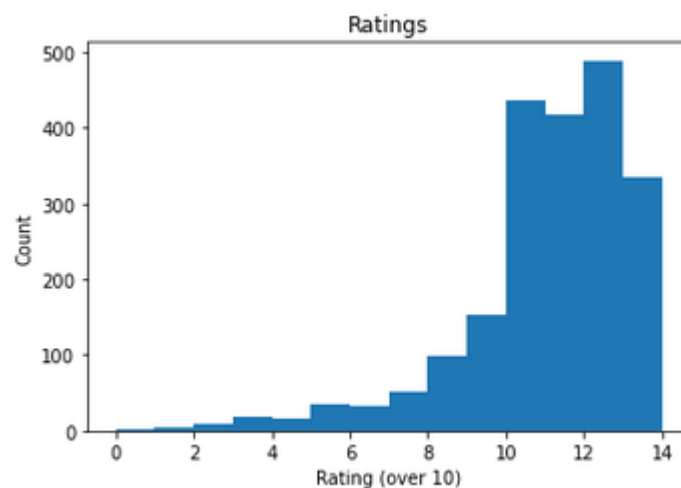
- Plot favorite_count and retweet_count to get insights about the popularity of WeRateDogs



⇒ More than 275 Tweets were favorited between 0 and 1000 times

⇒ Almost 100 Tweets were favorited between 5000 and 6000 times

- Plot rating numerators to get insights about how dogs are rated



⇒ Almost 500 dogs have a rating between 12 and 13 over 10

4. Challenges and Limitations:

The major limitation I encountered during the insights and visualizations step is not being able to use all the variables for analysis mainly due to missing values.