

CS 4730: Computer Game Design

Lab 6: Tweening Engine

Overview

This week, you will be implementing a Tweening module for your game engine. The classes you will be building will be exactly as discussed in class. You will produce a very short demo showcasing your module's ability to Tween objects in various ways.

Overview of Classes

You will be implementing the following classes:

- *TweenableParam*: A list of strings representing the parameters of a Sprite that can be Tweened.
- *TweenParam*: Object storing information relevant to one parameter being tweened.
- *Tween*: Object representing on Sprite being tweened in some way. Can have multiple *TweenParam* objects.
- *TweenJuggler*: Singleton class that handles all of the tweens in the game and updates them appropriately once per frame.
- *TweenTransition*: Class representing different possible transition functions for tweens. You MUST include at least one non-linear Tween transition.
- *TweenEvent*: Extends Event and represents progress or completion of a Tween.

More Detailed API:

Here is the API that I used in my implementation of this lab. You do not have to implement your code exactly like mine, but hopefully this will be helpful to you nonetheless.

TweenableParams

- No Methods, just a list of static final strings (such as X, Y, SCALE_X, etc.). Makes code in other classes more readable. If using Java, an enum is probably more appropriate.

TweenParam

- TweenParam(TweenableParams paramToTween, double startVal, double endVal, double time);
- TweenableParams getParam();
- double getStartVal();
- double getEndVal();
- double getTweenTime();

Tween

- Tween(DisplayObject object);
- Tween(DisplayObject object, TweenTransitions transition);
- animate(TweenableParams fieldToAnimate, double startVal, double endVal, double time);
- update() //invoked once per frame by the TweenJuggler. Updates this tween / DisplayObject
- isComplete()
- setValue(TweenableParams param, double value);

TweenJuggler

- TweenJuggler()
- add(Tween tween);

- `nextFrame();` //invoked every frame by Game, calls `update()` on every Tween and cleans up old / complete Tweens

TweenTransitions

- `applyTransition(double percentDone);`
- `easeInOut(double percentDone);` //applies a specific transition function, can have more of these for each transition your engine supports. I will only list one here.

TweenEvent extends Event

- final static strings denoting the various events (e.g., `TWEEN_COMPLETE_EVENT`)
- `TweenEvent(String eventType, Tween tween);`
- `Tween getTween();`

Test Demo:

For this week's demo, you will build off of your platform demo from last week. Last week, your game involved a character jumping up platforms to collect a coin (or something similar). This week, you will simply add a couple tweens to this functionality.

1. Have your character "tween into existence" at the beginning of the game. You might have the tween from scale 0 to 1 and alpha 0 to 1, or even have them move in from the bottom of the screen.
2. After collecting the coin. Have the coin tween in the following manner:
 - a. Moves to the center of the screen while growing to 2-4x its size.
 - b. Once positioned and scaled, have the coin fade out of existence (you can add more to this if you'd like, feel free to have fun with it.)

Turn In

If done during lab, show your working code to the TA with the demo to prove it. Show your code and describe how it works. Otherwise, turn in your code by Wednesday as usual.