Project Management Professional (PMP)® SUCCESS SHEET



FOUNDATIONAL ELEMENTS (not all-inclusive)

*Agile/Adaptive Environments: Expectations of the project manager do not change, but control of detailed planning and delivery is delegated to the team, emphasis on collaborative decision making and ensuring the team has the ability to respond to changes.

*Business Value: Net quantifiable benefit derived from a business endeavor, and is the return, in the form of elements such as money, goods, or intangibles in return for something exchanged.

*Projects Drive Change: A project is aimed at moving an organization from one state to another state in order to achieve a specific objective.

 $\textbf{*Projects Enable Business Value Creation:} \ \ \text{Benefit may be tangible, intangible, or both.}$

PROJECT LIFE CYCLE

Starting the Project



Organizing and Preparing



Carrying Out the Work





***Project Life Cycle:** The series of phases that a project passes through from start to completion (through "Phase Gates" (PG)).

- *Organizational Project Management (OPM): A framework in which portfolio, program, and project management are integrated with organizational enablers to achieve strategic objectives.
- ***Project:** A temporary work endeavor undertaken to create a unique product, service or result.
- *Project Management: The application of knowledge, skills, tools and techniques to project activities to meet project requirements.
- *Program: Related projects, subsidiary programs, and program activities managed in a coordinated manner to obtain benefits not available from managing them individually.
- *Program Management: The application of knowledge, skills, tools, and techniques to a program to achieve program objectives and obtain benefits and control not available by managing program components individually.
- *Portfolio: Projects, programs, subsidiary portfolios, and operations managed as a group to achieve strategic objectives.
- *Portfolio Management: The centralized management of one or more portfolios to achieve strategic objectives.

10 KNOWLEDGE		5 PROJECT MANAGEMENT PROCESS GROUPS AND 49 PROCESSES						
		INITIATING	PLANNING EXECUTING		MONITORING & CONTROLLING CLOSING			
AREAS	Ē	2	24	10	12	1		
PROJECT INTEGRATION MANAGEMENT	7	Develop Project Charter	Develop Project Management Plan	Direct and Manage Project Work Manage Project Knowledge	Monitor and Control Project Work - Perform Integrated Change Control	Close Project or Phase		
PROJECT SCOPE MANAGEMENT	6		Plan Scope Management Collect Requirements • Define Scope • Create WBS		Validate Scope Control Scope			
PROJECT SCHEDULE MANAGEMENT	6		Plan Schedule Management Define Activities • Sequence Activities • Estimate Activity Durations • Develop Schedule		Control Schedule			
PROJECT COST MANAGEMENT	4		Plan Cost Management Estimate Costs Determine Budget		Control Costs			
PROJECT QUALITY MANAGEMENT	3		Plan Quality Management	Manage Quality	Control Quality			
PROJECT RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	6		Plan Resource Management Estimate Activity Resources	Acquire Resources • Develop Team • Manage Team	Control Resources			
PROJECT COMMS MANAGEMENT	3		Plan Communications Management	Manage Communications	Monitor Communications			
PROJECT RISK MANAGEMENT	7		 Plan Risk Management • Identify Risks • Perform Qualitative Risk Analysis Perform Quantitative Risk Analysis Plan Risk Responses 	Implement Risk Responses	Monitor Risks			
PROJECT PROCUREMENT MANAGEMENT	3		Plan Procurement Management	Conduct Procurements	Control Procurements			
PROJECT STAKEHOLDER MANAGEMENT	4	Identify Stakeholders	Plan Stakeholder Engagement	Manage Stakeholder Engagement	Monitor Stakeholder Engagement			

PROCESS GROUPS 4.0 INTEGRATION MANAGEMENT 4.7 Close Project or 4.6 Perform 4.5 Monitor & Control 4.4 Manage Project 4.1 Develop Project 4.2 Develop Project 4.3 Direct & Manage Integrated CC Phase **Project Work** Knowledge **Project Work** Mgt Plan Charter · PC · PM Plan: Ay Comp · PM Plan: Change Mgt • PM Plan: Any Comp • Proj • PM Plan: Any Comp Proj Charter (PC) • PM Plan: Any Comp · Bus Docs: Bus Case, Plan, Config Mgt Plan, · Proj Docs: AL, BoE, CL, Outputs from Other Docs: Change Log (CL), · Proj Docs: LLR, · Proj Docs: Assumption Benefits Mgt Plan IL, LLR, ML, Proj Comms, Lessons Learned Register Log (AL), Basis of Est Scope Baseline (BL), Sch Proj Team Asgmts, Processes Agmts Quality Control (QC) Meas, BL, Cost BL (BoE), Cost Forecasts, (LLR), Milestone List (ML), Resource Breakdown . FEF Enterprise OR, Ramts Doc, RR, Risk · Proj Docs: BoE, RTM, · OPA Proj Comms, Proj Sch, Ramts Structure (RBS), Source Issue Log (IL), LLR, ML, Environmental Quality Rpts (QR), RR, Risk Risk Rpt Rpt • Acptd Deliverables Traceability Matrix (RTM), Risk Selection (SS) Criteria, Factors (EEF) · WP Rpts · Bus Docs: Bus Case, Register (RR), Risk Rpt Stakeholder Register Rpt, Sch Forecasts Organizational · Aprvd Change Rqsts (CR) · · Work Perf (WP) Info · CR Bus Mgt Plan · Agmts · (SR) • Deliverables Process Assests (OPA) · EEF · OPA Procurement Doc • OPA EEF · OPA · EEF · OPA · Agmts · EEF · OPA • EJ • Change Control · EJ • EJ • Knowledge Mgt • • EJ • Data Analy: Alt • EJ • Data Gathering: · EJ Expert Judgment Tools · Data Analy: Alt · Data Analy: Doc Analy, Brainstorming, PM Info System (PMIS) Info Mat Analy, Cost-Benefit Analy, (EJ) • Data Gathering: Analy, Cost-Benefit Regression Analy, Trend Earned Value (EV) Analy, • Interpersonal & Team Brainstorming, Focus Checklists, Focus Grps, Mtas Analy • Decision Analy, Variance Analy Skills: Active Listening, Root Cause Analy, Trend Grps, Interviews Interviews Making: Voting, Auto-• Interpersonal & Team Facilitation, Edrshp. Analy, Variance Analy · Mtgs Interpersonal & Team cratic Decision Making, Skills: Conflict Mgt, Skills: Conflict Mgt Networking, Political Decision Making Multicriteria Decision Facilitation, Mtg Mgt Facilitation, Mtg Mgt **Awareness** Mtgs Analy (MDA) • Mtgs Mtgs Mtgs Aprvd CR · PDU: LLR • Deliverables • WP Data · WP Rpts · PC · PM Plan · LLR • PM Plan Updates: Any • Final Product, Service or • IL • CR • PM Plan Updates: • PM Plan Updates: Any · CR Assumption Log **Result Transition** Comp Any Comp • Project Docs PM Plan Updates: Any · PDU: CL · Final Rpt Updates (PDU): Activity List, OPA Updates Comp OPA Updates AL, LLR, Ramts Doc, RR, SR · PDU: Cost Forecasts, IL, OPA Undates LLR, RR, Sch Forecasts *Business Case: A documented economic feasibility study used to establish validity of the benefits of a selected component lacking INTEGRATION MANAGEMENT sufficient definition and that is used as a basis for the authorization of further project management activities. Reviewing all of the *Project Charter: A document issued by the project initiator or sponsor that formally authorizes the existence of a project and provides 49 processes in the Project the project manager the authority to apply organizational resources to project activities. PMBOK® Guide and Plan *Project Mgt Plan: A formally approved document that defines how the project is executed, monitored and controlled, and closed. determining how they *Project Mgt Information System (PMIS): An information system consisting of the tools and techniques used to gather, integrate, and are integrated into the disseminate the outputs of project management processes. project plan to work Process *Issue Log: A project document where information about issues is recorded and monitored. together seamlessly A, B ... *Change Request: A formal proposal to modify any document, deliverable, or baseline. to ensure a successful *Knowledge Management tools and techniques connect people so they can work together to create new knowledge, share tacit project. knowledge, and integrate the knowledge of diverse team members. C PROCESS GROUPS 5.0 SCOPE MANAGEMENT 5.6 Control Scope 5.1 Plan Scope Mgt 5.2 Collect Requirement 5.3 Define Scope 5.4 Create WBS 5.5 Validate Scope • PM Plan: SM Plan, Ramts Mgt · PC · PM Plan: Quality · PC · PM Plan: Scope Mgt (SM) Plan, Ramts Mgt · PC • PM Plan: SM Plan • PM Plan: SM Plan, Ramts Plan, Change Mgt Plan, Config • PM Plan: SM Plan Mgt Plan, Scope BL · Proj Doc: Proj Mgt (QM) Plan, Proj Plan, Stakeholder Engagement (SE) Plan Mgt Plan, Scope BL, Perf Meas · Proj Docs: AL, LLR, SR · Proj Docs: AL, Ramts Scope Stmt, Ramts · Proj Docs: LLR, QR, Ramts Life Cycle Description, Development Approach Doc, RTM BL . Proj Docs: LLR, Ramts · Bus Docs: Bus Case Docs, RR Doc Verified Deliverables Doc, RTM · EEF · OPA · EEF Agmts · EEF · WP Data · WP Data · OPA · OPA · EEF · OPA · OPA · EJ Inspection · Data Analy: Variance Analy, • EJ • Data Analy: Alt • EJ • Data Gathering: Brainstorming, Interviews, • EJ • Data Analy: Decision Making: Voting Trend Analy Focus Grps, Questionnaires & Surveys, Bench-Alt Analy • Decision Decomp Analy • Mtgs marking . Data Analy: Doc Analy . Decision Making: MDA . Interpersonal & Team Making: Voting, MDA . Data Rep: Affinity Diag, Mind Mapping • Interpersonal & Team Skills: Skills: Facilitation Nominal Grp Technique, Observation/Conversation, · Product Analy Facilitation • Context Diag • Prototypes · SM Plan • Ramts Doc · Proj Scope Stmt Scope BL Acptd Deliverables WP Info • CR • PM Plan · PDU: AL, Ramts Doc, · PDU: AL, Ramts · WP Info · CR Updates: SM Plan, Scope BL, · Rgmts Mgt Plan · RTM 0 • PDU: LLR, Ramts Doc, RTM Sch BL, Cost BL, Perf Meas BL RTM, SR Doc · PDU: LLR, Ramts Doc, RTM *Scope: The sum of the products, services, and results to be provided as a project. Work Breakdown Structure (WBS): Project *Scope Baseline: The approved version of a scope statement, work breakdown structure (WBS), and its associated A deliverable-oriented decomposition WBS dictionary, that can be changed using formal change control procedures and is used as a basis for comparison of a project into smaller components. Decomposition A WBS is a key project deliverable *Scope Management Plan: A component of the Project Management Plan that describes how the scope will be that organizes the team's work into Control Accounts defined, developed, monitored, controlled, and validated. *Requirement: A condition or capability that is necessary to be present in a product, service, or result to satisfy a manageable sections. Decomposition business need. *Requirements Management Plan: A component of the Project Management Plan that describes how project Output of SCOPE **Work Packages** MANAGEMENT and product requirements will be analyzed, documented, and managed. *Requirements Traceability Matrix: A grid that links product requirements from their origin to the deliverables **Output of TIME** that satisfy them Activities MANAGEMENT *Scope Creep: The uncontrolled expansion to product or project scope without adjustments to time, cost, and resources Decomposition is an important technique used in WBS *Work Breakdown Structure (WBS): A hierarchical decomposition of the total scope of work to be carried out by creation (Scope Management) and definition of activities (Time the project team to accomplish the project objectives and create the required deliverables. *WBS Dictionary is a document that provides detailed deliverable, activity, and scheduling information about Management). It is the subdivision of the project deliverables into smaller, more manageable components until the work and each component in the work breakdown structure. *Work Package: The work defined at the lowest level of the work breakdown structure for which cost and duration deliverables are defined to the work package level, whereby

are estimated and managed.

activities can then be scheduled.

PROCESS GROUPS 6.0 SCHEDULE MANAGEMENT 6.5 Develop Schedule 6.6 Control Schedule 6.4 Estimate Activity Durations 6.1 Plan 6.2 Define 6.3 Sequence Schedule Mgt Activities Activities • PM Plan: Sched Mgt Plan, Scope BL • • PM Plan: Sched Mgt Plan, Scope BL · PM Plan: Sched Mgt Plan, Sched BL, · PM Plan: Sched Mgt · PM Plan: Sched Mgt · PC Proj Docs: Activity Attributes, Activity • Proj Docs: Activity Attributes, Activity Scope BL, Perf Mat BL · PM Plan: Plan, Scope BL Plan, Scope BL · Proj • Proj Doc: LLR, Proj Calendars, Proj · EEF · OPA List, AL, LLR, ML, Proj Team Asgmts, List, AL, BoE, Duration Est, LLR, ML, Proj SM Plan, Docs: Activity Attributes, Sched Network Diag, Res Calendars, Res Sched, Res Calendar, Sched Data RBS, Res Calendars, Res Ramts, RR Activity List, AL, ML Development · WP Data Approach · EEF · OPA · FFF · OPA Ramts, RR • Agmts · EEF · OPA · OPA · EEF · OPA · Data Analy: EV Analy, Iteration . EJ . · EJ Precedence • EJ • Analogous Est · Sched Network Analy Burndown Chart, Performance Diagramming Method · Critical Path Method · Res Opt Data Analy Decomp Parametric Est Reviews, Trend Analy, Variance Analy, • Mtgs · Data Analy: What-If Scenario Analy, Rolling Wave (PDM) • Dependency · 3-Point Est Planning Determination & · Bottom-Up Est Simulation What-If Scenario Analy Critical Path Method • PMIS · Data Analy: Alt Analy, Res Analy · Leads & Lags Integration • Leads & · Mtgs · Res Optimization · Leads & Lags Sched Compression Lags • PMIS Decision Making • Mtgs · PMIS · Agile Release Planning Sched Compression · Sched BL · Proj Sched · Sched Data · • WP Info • Sched Forecasts • CR Sched Mgt Plan Activity List · Proj Sched Network Duration Est PM Plan Updates: Sched Mgt Plan, Activity Attributes Diag · RoF Proi Calendars • CR • PM Plan Updates: Sched Mgt Plan, Scope BL Sched BL, Cost BL, Perf Meas BL · ML · CR · PDU: Activity PDU: Activity Attributes, AL, LLR · PDU: AL, BoE, LLR, Proj Sched, Res • PM Plan Updates: Attributes, Activity List, · PDU: Activity Attributes, AL, Duration Est, LLR, Res Ramts, RR Calendars, RR, Sched Data Sched BL, Cost BL AL. ML **SCHEDULE FORMULAS** Triangular Distribution = $tE = (tO + tM + tP) \div 3$ TF = LS - ES or LF - EF SD = P-0 ÷ 6 $PERT = (O+4ML+P) \div 6$ $PERT Var = [(P-O) \div 6]^2$ tM = most likely; tO = optimistic; tP = pessimistic *Earned Value Management is a methodology that combines scope, schedule, and resource measurements to assess project performance and progress. *Schedule Variance (SV) is a measure of schedule performance expressed as the difference between the earned value and the planned value. SV = EV - PV *Schedule Performance index (SPI) is a measure of schedule efficiency expressed as the ratio of earned value to planned value. *Precedence Relationships

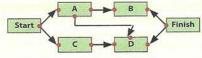
· Finish-to-Start (FS) - B cannot start till A finishes.

· Start-to-Start (SS) - B cannot start till A starts

· Finish-to-Finish (FF) - B cannot finish till A finishes.

· Start-to-Finish (SF) - B cannot finish till A starts (rare)

В



*Precedence Diagramming Method (PDM): A technique used for constructing a schedule model in which activities are represented by nodes and are graphically linked by one or more logical relationships to show the sequence in which the activities are to be performed.

*Critical Path: The sequence of activities that represents the longest path through a project, which determines the shortest possible duration.

*Crashing: A technique used to shorten the schedule duration for the least incremental cost by adding resources.

*Fast Tracking: A schedule compression technique in which activities or phases normally done in sequence are performed in parallel for at least a portion of their duration.

*Float: The amount of time a schedule activity can be delayed without delaying the project finish date.



· PC · PM Plan: Sched

Mgt Plan, RM Plan

· EEF · OPA

· Data Analy

· CM Plan

·FI

Mtgs

7.2 Estimate Costs 7.1 Plan Cost Mgt

· PM Plan: Cost Mgt (CM) Plan, QM Plan, Scope BL

· Proj Docs: LLR, Proj Sched, Res Ramts, RR

· EEF · OPA

• EJ • Analogous Est • Parametric Est

• Bottom-Up Est • 3-Point Est

· Data Analy: Alternatives Analy, Res Analy, Cost of Quality

• PMIS • Decision Making: Voting

Cost Est

· BoE

· PDU: AL, LLR, RR

7.3 Determine Budget

• PM Plan: CM Plan, Res Mgt Plan, Scope BL • Proj Docs: PM Plan: CM Plan, Cost BL, Perf Meas BL BoE, Cost Est, Proj Sched, RR . Bus Docs: Bus Case, Benefits Mgt Plan • Agrmts • EEF • OPA

PROCESS GROUPS

• EJ • Cost Aggregation

· Data Analy: Res Analy

• Historical Info Review • Funding Limit

Reconciliation • Financing

Cost BL

Proj Funding Ramts

· PDU: Cost Est, Proj Sched, RR

7.4 Control Costs

• Proj Docs: LLR • Proj Funding Ramts

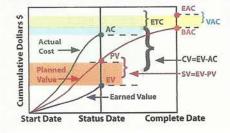
· WP Data · OPA

• EJ • Data Analy: EV Analy, Variance Analy, Trend Analy, Res Analy

C

• To-Complete Perf Index • PMIS

WP Info . Cost Forecasts . CR . PM Plan Updates: Cost Mgt Plan Updates, Cost BL, Perf Meas BL . PDU: AL, BoE, Cost Est, LLR, RR



EARNED VALUE FORMULAS CPI = EV + AC EV = Actual % X BAC CV = EV - ACTCPI = (BAC-EV) ÷ (BAC-AC) VAC = BAC - EAC SPI = EV + PV PV = Planned % X BAC EAC = BAC + CPI CPIC = EVC + ACC SV = EV - PVAC = Sum of actual costs ETC = EAC - AC

Actual Costs (AC): The actual cost of work done

Budget at Complete (BAC): The total planned value for the project

Cost Performance Index (CPI): A measure of cost efficiency on a project. (CPI < than 1 indicates an unfavorable condition e.g. -.91)

Cost Variance (CV): Amount of budget deficit or surplus

Earned Value (EV): The value of the work done

Estimate at Complete (EAC): What project will cost at completion

Estimate to Complete (ETC): Estimated cost to complete the project from the current point in time

Forecasting: EAC, ETC, and VAC are all forcasted values

Planned Value (PV): The work scheduled to be done, (Performance Measurement Baseline)

Schedule Performance Index (SPI): A measure of schedule efficiency on a project. SPI equal to or greater than one is favorable (e.g. -1.1)

Schedule Variance (SV): Amount by which the project is ahead or behind the planned delivery date

S-Curve: Graphic display of cumulative costs, labor hours, etc., plotted against time

To-Complete Performance Index (TCPI): Ratio of remaining work to remaining budget Variance at Complete (VAC): Actual or potential difference in BAC & EAC

8.0 QUALITY MANAGEMENT

PROCESS GROUPS

8.1 Plan Quality Management

• PC • PM Plan: Ramts Mgt Plan, RM Plan, SE Plan, Scope BL . Proj Docs: AL, Ramts Doc, RTM, RR, SR . EEF • OPA

• EJ • Data Gathering: Benchmarking, Brainstorming, Interviews . Data Analy: Cost Benefit Analy, Cost of Quality (CoQ) . Decision Making: MDA · Data Rep: Flowcharts, Logical Data Model, Matrix Diag, Mind Mapping

Test & Inspection Planning • Mtgs

- QM Plan Quality Metrics
- PM Plan Updates: RM Plan, Scope BL
- PDU: LLR, RTM, RR, SR

8.2 Manage Quality

• PM Plan: QM Plan • Proj Docs: LLR, QC Meas, Quality Metrics, Risk Rpt . OPA

 Data Gathering: Checklists • Data Analy: Alternatives Analy, Doc Analy, Process Analy, Root Cause Analy

 Decision Making: MDA • Data Rep: Affinity Diag, Cause & Effect Analy, Flowcharts, Histograms, Matrix Diag, Scatter Diag • Audits • Design for X • Problem Solving • Quality Improvement Methods

QR • Test & Eval Docs • CR • PM Plan Updates: QM Plan, Scope BL, Sched BL, Cost BL . PDU: IL, LLR, RR

8.3 Control Quality

• PM Plan: QM Plan • Proj Docs: LLR, Quality Metrics, Test & Eval Docs • Aprvd CR • Deliverables • WP Data • EEF • OPA

· Data Gathering: Checklists, Check Sheets, Statistical Sampling, Questionnaires & Surveys

· Data Analy: Perf Reviews; Root Cause Analy

Inspection • Testing/Product Evaluations

• Data Rep: Cause & Effect Diag, Control Charts, Histogram, Scatter Diagrams • Mtgs

· QC Meas · Verified Deliverables · WP Info · CR

• PM Plan Updates: QM Plan

• PDU: IL, LLR, RR, Test & Eval Docs

*Quality: The degree to which a set of inherent characteristics fulfills requirements.
Product Quality: Conformance to requirements or specifications and fitness for use.
Process Quality: The ability of the project processes used to create the desired outcome of
the project.
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*Cost of Quality: All costs incurred over the life of the product by investment in preventing nonconformance to requirements, appraisal of the product or service for conformance to requirements, and failure to meet requirements.

Prevention Costs - Costs related to the prevention of poor quality in the products, deliverables, or services of the specific project.

Appraisal Costs - Costs related to evaluating, measuring, auditing, and testing the products, deliverables, or services of the specific project.

Failure Costs (Internal/External) - Costs related to nonconformance of the products, deliverables, or services to the needs or expectations of the stakeholders.

*Cost-Benefit Analysis: A financial analysis tool used to determine the benefits provided by a project against its costs. Grade: The characteristics and features of a product.

Grade vs. Quality: Low quality is usually not acceptable, however, low grade might be,e.g., a software system might be high quality (no bugs and works as advertised), but lowgrade (meaning it has few features).

	QUA	LITY RESEARCH	HERS		
Deming	Poor Quality is Due: *85% Process *15%	14 Key Principles			
Juran	Quality Trilogy: 1) Planning 2) Control 3) Assurance				
Shingo	Mistake Proofing / P	Source Inspection			
Crosby	Quality is Free	Zero Defects	Conformance to Rqmts		
Ishikawa	Ishikawa Diagram (Fishbone)	Design Statistics	Quality Circles		
Shewart	PDCA - Plan, Do, Check, Act				

9.0 RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

9.1 Plan Resource Mgt

· PC · PM Plan: QM Plan, Scope BL

Ramts Doc, RR, SR • EEF List, AL, Cost Est, Res · OPA

• EJ • Data Rep: Hierarchical Charts,

Responsibility Asgmt Matrix, Text-Oriented **Formats**

 Org Theory Mtgs

· Res Mgt Plan

9.2 Estimate Activity Resources

· PM Plan: Res Mgt Plan · Scope BL · Proj Docs:

· Proj Docs: Proj Sched, Activity Attributes, Activity Calendars, RR • EEF • OPA

• EJ • Bottom-Up Est

Analogous Est

Parametric Est

· Data Analy: Alt Analy

· PMIS

· Mtgs

9.3 Acquire Resources

· PM Plan: Res Mat Plan, Procurement Mgt Plan, Cost BL • Proj Docs: Proj Sched, Res Calendars, Res Ramts, SR

· EEF · OPA

· Decision Making: MDA

 Interpersonal & Team Skills: Negotiation

· Pre-Asamt

Virtual Teams

9.4 Develop Team

• PM Plan: Res Mgt Plan

· Proj Docs: LLR, Proj Sched, Proj Team Asgmts, Res Calendars, Team Charter

PROCESS GROUPS

· EEF · OPA

• Colocation • Virtual Teams • Comm • Interpersonal & Team Tech • Interpersonal & Team Skills: Conflict Mgt, Influencing, Motivation, Negotiation, Team Bldg

Recognition & Awards • Training

Individual & Team Assessments

9.5 Manage Team

• PM Plan: Res Mgt Plan

· Proj Docs: IL, LLR, Project Team Asgmts, Team Charter

· WP Rpts • Team Perf Assess • EEF • OPA

Data Analy: Alt Analy, Cost-Benefit Analy, Perf

Skills: Conflict Mgt, Decision Making, Emotional Intelligence, Influencing, Ldrshp

· PMIS

Reviews, Trend Analy Problem Solving Interpersonal & Team

Skills: Negotiation, Influencing · PMIS

 Team Charter · PDU: AL, RR

• Res Ramts

· BoE

· RBS

· PDU: Activity Attribute, AL, LLR

Physical Res Asgmts • Proj Team • Team Perf Assessments • CR

Asgmts • Res Calendars • CR • PM Plan Updates: Res Mgt

Plan, Cost BL . PDU: LLR, Proj Sched, RBS, Res Ramts, RR, SR • EEF Updates • OPA Updates

· PM Plan Updates: Res Mgt Plan

• PDU: LLR, Proj Sched, Proj Team

Asgmts, Res Calendars, Team Charter EEF Updates • OPA Updates

Mgt Plan, Sched BL, Cost BL PDU: IL, LLR, Proj Team

Asamts EEF Updates

• CR • PM Plan Updates: Res • WP Info • CR • PM Plan Updates: Res

Mgt Plan, Sched BL,

C

9.6 Control Resources

• PM Plan: Res Mgt Plan

· Proj Docs: IL, LLR, Physi-

RBS, Res Ramts, RR • WP

Data · Agrmts · OPA

cal Res Asgmts, Proj Sched,

· PDU: AL, IL, LLR, Physical Res Asgmts, RBS, RR

*Responsibility Assignment Matrix (RAM): A grid that shows the project resources assigned to each work package.

*Plan Resource Management: The process of defining how to estimate, acquire, manage, and utilize physical and team resources.

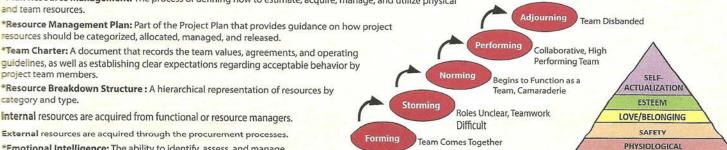
*Resource Management Plan: Part of the Project Plan that provides guidance on how project resources should be categorized, allocated, managed, and released. *Team Charter: A document that records the team values, agreements, and operating

project team members. *Resource Breakdown Structure: A hierarchical representation of resources by category and type.

Internal resources are acquired from functional or resource managers.

External resources are acquired through the procurement processes.

*Emotional Intelligence: The ability to identify, assess, and manage the personal emotions of oneself and other people, as well as the collective emotions of groups of people.



Tuckman's Stages of Team Development

Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs

PROCESS GROUPS C 10.0 COMMUNICATIONS MANAGEMENT 10.1 Plan Communications Mgt 10.2 Manage Communications 10.3 Monitor Communications • PC • PM Plan: Res Mgt, SE Plan • Proj Docs: Ramts • PM Plan: Res Mgt, Comms Plan, SE Plan • Proj Docs: CL, IL, LLR, • PM Plan: Res Mgt, Comms Plan, SE Plan • Proj Docs: Doc, SR . EEF . OPA QR, Risk Rpt, SR • WP Rpts • EEF • OPA IL, LLR, Proj Comms . WP Data . EEF . OPA EJ • Comm Rqmts Analy • Comm Technology • Comm Technology • Comm Methods • Comm Skills: Comm • EJ • PMIS • Data Analy: SE Assess Matrix · Comm Models · Comm Methods Competence, Feedback, Nonverbal, Presentations • PMIS • Proj · Interpersonal & Team Skills: Observation/ · Interpersonal & Team Skills: Comm Styles Assess, Reporting • Interpersonal & Team Skills: Active Listening, Conflict Conversation • Mtgs Political Awareness, Cultural Awareness • Data Rep: SE Mgt, Cultural Awareness, Mtg Mgt, Networking, Political Awareness Assess Matrix . Mtgs Comms Plan • PM Plan Updates: SE Plan • PDU: Proj WP Info • CR • PM Plan Updates: Comms Plan, • Proj Comms • PM Plan Updates: Comms Plan, SE Plan PDU: IL, LLR, Proj Sched, RR, SR • OPA Updates SE Plan • PDU: IL, LLR, SR *Communication Requirements Analysis: An analytical technique to determine the information needs of the project stakeholders through Communication Mgt Plan: interviews, workshops, study of lessons learned from previous projects, etc. √Who Sends-Who Receives *Communication Technology: Specific tools, systems, computer programs, etc., used to transfer information among project stakeholders. *Communication Models: A description, analogy, or schematic used to represent how the comm process will be performed for the project. √What is Sent and How √ Frequency of Updates *Communications Management Plan: A component of the project, program, or portfolio management plan that describes how, when, and by ✓ Glossary of Terms whom information about the project will be administered and disseminated. 11.0 RISK MANAGEMENT **PROCESS GROUPS** C 11.3 Perform Qualitative Risk 11.4 Perform Quantitative 11.1 Plan Risk 11.2 Identify Risks 11.5 Plan Risk Responses 11.6 Implement 11.7 Monitor Mgt Analysis **Risk Analysis** Risk Responses Risks · PC · PM Plan: Rgmt Mgt Plan, • PM Plan: RM Plan • PM Plan: RM Plan, Scope BL, PM Plan: Res Mgt Plan, RM Plan, · PM Plan: RM • PM Plan: RM Plan • PM Plan: All SM Plan, CM Plan, QM Plan, · Proj Docs: AL, RR, SR Sched BL, Cost BL Cost BI · Proj Docs: IL, LLR, Plan • Proj Docs: Comp Res Mgt Plan, RM Plan, • Proj Docs: LLR, Proj Sched, Proj · Proj Docs: RR, Risk Rpt LLR, RR, Risk Rpt · Proj Docs: SR Scope BL, Sched BL, Cost · OPA AL, BoE, Cost Est, Cost Forecasts, Team Asgmts, Res Calendars, RR, · WP Data · OPA · EEF BL . Proj Docs: AL, Cost Est, • WP Rpts Duration Est, ML, Res Ramts, RR, Risk Rpt, SR · OPA Duration Est, IL, LLR, Ramts Risk Rpt, Sched Forecasts . EEF Doc, Res Ramts, SR . Agrmts . EEF · OPA • Procurement Doc • EEF · OPA · OPA · EJ • EJ · EJ · Data Gathering: Interviews · EJ · EJ · Data Analy: Tech · El - Data Analy: - Data Gathering: • Data Gathering: · Data Analy: Risk Data Gathering: Interviews Interpersonal Perf Analy, Reserve Stakeholder Brainstorming, Checklists, Data Qual Assess, Risk Interviews · Interpersonal & Team Skills: & Team Skills: Analy Analy Interviews • Data Analy: Probability & Impact Assess, · Interpersonal & Team Skills: Facilitation Audits Influencing Assess of other Risk Parameters · Mtgs Root Cause Analy, Facilitation Strat for Threats · PMIS Mtgs Assumption & Constraint Interpersonal & Team · Rep of Uncertainty · Strat for Opps · Contingent Analy, SWOT Analy, Doc Skills: Facilitation • Risk · Data Analy: Simulations, Res Strat • Strat for Overall Proj Analy • Interpersonal & Categorization • Data Rep: Sensitivity Analy, Decision Tree Risk . Data Analy: Alt Analy, Team Skills: Facilitation Probability & Impact Matrix, Analy, Influence Diag Cost-Benefit Analy · Prompt Lists · Mtgs Hierarchical Charts . Mtgs · Decision Making: MDA · RMP · PDU: AL, IL, RR, · RR · PDU: Risk Rpt • CR • PM Plan Updates: SM Plan, • CR · WP Info · Risk Rot Risk Rpt CM Plan, QM Plan, Res Mgt Plan, PDU: IL, LLR. · CR · PM Plan · PDU: AL, IL, LLR Procurement Mgt Plan, Scope BL, Proj Team Updates: Any Sched BL, Cost BL . PDU: AL, Cost Asgmts, RR, Risk Comp . PDU: AL, Forecasts, LLR, Proj Sched, Proj IL, LLR, RR, Risk Rpt Rpt Team Asgmts, RR, Risk Rpt OPA Updates *Risk: An uncertain event or condition that, if it occurs, has a positive or negative effect on a project's objectives. **THREAT Strategies OPPORTUNITY Strategies** Opportunity: A condition or situation favorable to the project. Threat: A condition or situation unfavorable to the project. Qualitative Risk Analysis: A method of evaluating the probability and impact of project risks and conditions, and classifying them as high, moderate, and low. Quantitative Risk Analysis: A method of measuring the probability and impact of risks and estimating their impact on project objectives. *Risk Register: Condition there is a possibility that Consequence will occur A repository in which outputs of risk management processes are recorded.

12.0 PROCUREMENT MANAGEMENT

PROCESS GROUPS

- 1

Р

E

12.1 Plan Procurement Management

- PC Bus Docs: Bus Case, Benefits Mgt Plan PM Plan: SM Plan, QM Plan, Res Mgt Plan, Scope BL • Proj Docs: ML, Proj Team Asgmts, Rqmts Doc, RTM, Res Rqmts, RR, SR • EEF • OPA
- EJ Data Gathering: Market Research Data Analy:
 Make-or-Buy Analy SS Analy Mtqs
- · Procurement Mgt Plan · Procurement Strategy
- Bid Docs Procurement SOW SS Criteria Make-or-Buy Decisions • Independent Cost Est • CR
- PDU: LLR, ML, Ramts Doc, RTM, RR, SR OPA Updates

12.2 Conduct Procurements

- PM Plan: SM Plan, Ramts Mgt Plan, Comms Mgt Plan, RM Plan, Procurement Mgt Plan, Config Mgt Plan, Cost BL Proj Docs: LLR, Proj Sched, Ramts Doc, RR, SR
- Procurement Doc Seller Proposals EEF OPA
- EJ Advertising Bidder Conferences Data Analy: Proposal Eval • Interpersonal & Team Skills: Negotiation
- Selected Sellers Agrmts CR PM Plan Updates: Rqmts Mgt Plan, QM Plan, Comms Mgt Plan, RM Plan, Procurement Mgt Plan, Scope BL, Sched BL, Cost BL
- PDU: LLR, Ramts Doc, RTM, Res Calendars, RR, SR OPA

12.3 Control Procurement

- Procurement Doc Aprvd CR WP Data EEF OPA
- EJ Claims Admin Data Analy: Perf Reviews, EV Analy, Trend Analy • Inspection • Audits
- Closed Procurements WP Info Procurement Doc Updates • CR • PM Plan Updates: RM Plan, Procurement Mgt Plan, Schedule BL, Cost BL • PDU: LLR, Res Rqmts, RTM, RR, SR • OPA Updates

C

Project Management Professional (PMP)® SUCCESS SHEET

Contract: Mutually binding agreement that obligates the seller to provide the product, service or result and the buyer to pay for it.

IFB: Invitation for Bid on potential work, used when selection is based on price.

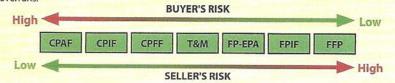
Point of Total Assumption: Cost point where Seller assumes responsibility for all cost overruns.

RFI: Request for Information regarding proposed work.

RFP: Request for Proposal from seller on work, used when skill or technical capabilities are required.

RFQ: Request for Quotation from seller on proposed work, typically used when selection is based on price.

Target Price = Target Cost + Target Fee



13.0 STAKEHOLDER MANAGEMENT

13.1 Identify Stakeholders

- •PC Bus Docs: Bus Case, Benefits Mgt Plan • PM Plan: Comms Mgt Plan, SE Plan Plan, RM Plan
- Proj Docs: CL, IL, Ramts Doc
- Agrmts EEF OPA

HIGH Power,

LOW Interest

Meet their needs

Keep Satisfied

LOW Power,

LOW Interest

- EJ Data Gathering: Questionnaires & Surveys, Brainstorming
- Data Analy: Stakeholder Analy, Doc Analy
- Data Rep: Stakeholder Mapping/Rep
- Mtgs

High

Low

• SR • CR • PM Plan Updates: Ramts Mgt • SE Plan Plan, Comms Mgt Plan, RM Plan, SE Plan • PDU: AL, IL, RR

13.2 Plan Stakeholder Engagement

- PC PM Plan: Res Mgt Plan, Comms Mgt
- Proj Docs: AL, CL, IL, Proj Sched, RR, SR Agrmts • EEF • OPA
- EJ Data Gathering: Benchmarking
- · Data Analy: Assumption & Constraint Analy, Root Cause Analy . Decision Making: Prioritization/Ranking • Data Rep: Mind Mapping, SE Assess Matrix . Mtgs

13.3 Manage Stakeholder Engagement

PROCESS GROUPS

- PM Plan: Comms Mgt Plan, RM Plan, SE Plan, Change Mat Plan
- · Proj Docs: CL, IL, LLR, SR
- · EEF · OPA
- EJ Comm Skills: Feedback Inter--personal & Team Skills: Conflict Mgt, Cultural Awareness, Negotiation, Observation/ Conversation, Political Awareness • Ground
- CR PM Plan Updates: Comms Mgt Plan, SE WP Info CR Plan . PDU: CL, IL, LLR, SR

13.4 Monitor Stakeholder Engagement

- PM Plan: Res Mgt Plan, Comms Mgt Plan, SE Plan Proj Docs: IL, LLR, Proj Comms, RR, SR
- WP Data
- · EEF · OPA
- Data Analy: Alt Analy, Root Cause Analy, Stakeholder Analy . Decision Making: MDA, Voting • Data Rep: SE Assess Matrix • Comm Skills: Feedback, Presentations • Interpersonal & Team Skills: Active Listening, Cultural Awareness, Ldrshp, Networking, Political Awareness . Mtgs

- PM Plan Updates: Res Mgt Plan, SE Plan
- · PDU: CL, IL, LLR, SR

Power-Interest Grid: Grouping stakeholders based on their level of authority (power) and their level of concern (interest) in the project outcome. Other methods include: the power/influence grid, and impact/influence grid

Stakeholder Analysis: Approach for gathering and analyzing information to determine whose interest should be taken into account for the project, relating the interests, expectations, and influence to its purpose

Stakeholder Engagement Assessment Matrix: Used to document stakeholder level of engagement vs desired level of engagement in five categories: Unaware, Resistant, Neutral, Supportive, Leading.

Stakeholder Management Plan: Provides guidance on how stakeholders can be best involved in the project

Stakeholder Register: Used to plan ways to engage project stakeholders and contains all details related to indentified stakeholders, including identification info, assessment info, and stakeholder classification. Updated throughout the lifecycle of the project as stakeholders may change or new ones are identified

Least Important Show Consideration Minimal Effort Keep Informed INTEREST

HIGH Power.

HIGH Interest

Key Player

Keep Engaged

LOW Power.

HIGH Interest

High

PMP EXAM TIPS

There is not enough room to spell out every process name for this Success Sheet; use it as a memory jogger in combination with the PMBOK® Guide, and a proven training class.

Before the Exam

- · Select a training provider with a proven track record of success.
- · Complete the PMI exam application process at www. pmi.org.
- · After receiving PMI approval, schedule your test with Prometric.
- Use practice exams to measure progress, target 90% or better.
- · Bring 2 forms of ID & eligibility letter, ensure the
- · Pre-visit the Prometric test center and plan to arrive 30 minutes early.

Get a good night's rest before the exam - don't cram the night before.

While Taking the Exam

- · When the exam begins, take 10 minutes to create a formula sheet, and capture any other memory aids for ready reference during the exam.
- Read all four answers; many will seem correct, but only one is the best answer.
- · Do not choose any answer that involves skipping steps or shortcuts.
- · There is no penalty for a wrong answer. Be sure to answer ALL 200 questions.
- Remember that PMs do not delegate decision making, PMs always make the decision.
- · Do not be tempted to answer questions on the exam based on your experience, PMI's view is the only one that counts.
- Sequence processes from inputs and outputs, do not bypass a process.

- · Sometimes it helps to scan the answers first, read the question, and then read the answers again.
- · Stay calm don't stress. Take a break if needed.
- · Do not be confused with distracting information, learn how to eliminate information provided that is not relevant to answering the guestion.
- · Many questions have 2 obviously correct answers and 2 that are obviously incorrect. Learn to spot the incorrect answers.
- · Statements that represent all-inclusive generalizations are usually incorrect, so pay attention for words like "never", "always", "must", and so on. However, words such as "often", "may", "sometimes", "could" usually indicate carefully qualified statements and are generally correct.
- Prometrics will offer ear plugs, many find them helpful to reduce distractions.

DO YOU NEED HELP WITH PROJECT MANAGEMENT?

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