

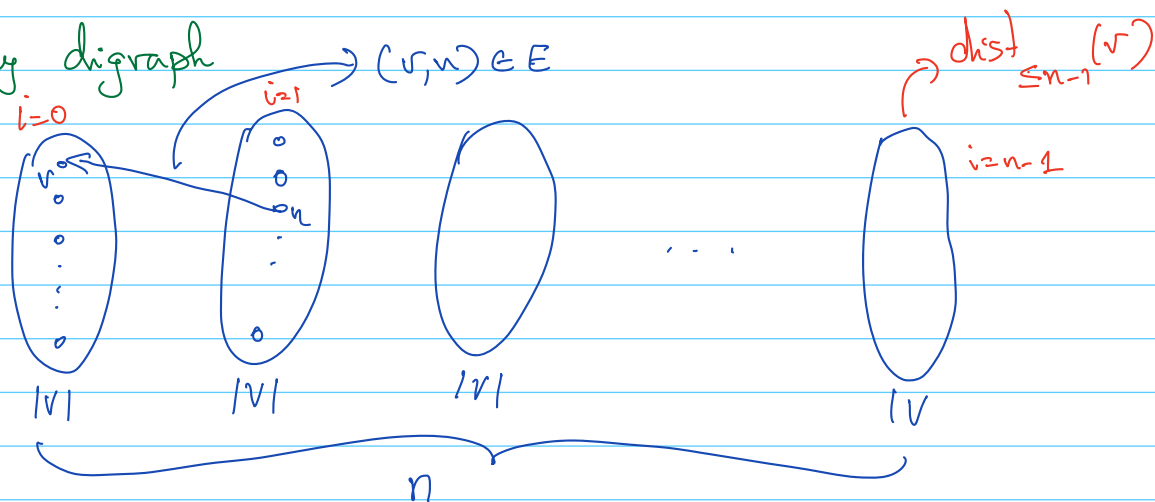
Bellman-Ford recurrence

$\text{dist}_{\leq i}(v) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } i=0 \text{ \& } v=s \\ \infty & \text{if } i \geq 0 \text{ \& } v \neq s \end{cases}$

\downarrow
 shortest path from s to v that contain $\leq i$ edges

$\min \left\{ \begin{aligned} &\text{dist}_{\leq i-1}(v) \\ &\min_{(u,v) \in E} \left\{ \text{dist}_{\leq i-1}(u) + w(u,v) \right\} \end{aligned} \right\}$

Dependency digraph

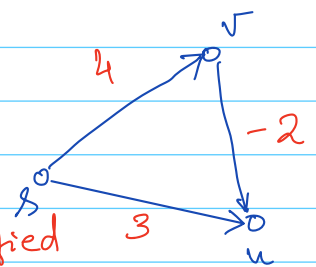


Bellman-Ford algorithm

$\forall v \in G \text{ dist}(v) = \infty$
 $\text{dist}(s) = 0$

$O(|V| \cdot |E|) \leftarrow$ Repeat $|V|-1$ times
 for each $(u, v) \in E \rightarrow$ order not specified

add an additional check



Relaxing an edge \leftarrow if $\text{dist}(v) > \text{dist}(u) + w(u, v)$
 $\text{dist}(v) = \text{dist}(u) + w(u, v)$

Repeat loop:
 1st iteration: (i) $(s, u), (u, v), (s, v)$ $\text{dist}(s)=0, \text{dist}(u)=3, \text{dist}(v)=4$
 (ii) $(s, v), (s, u), (v, u)$
 $\hookrightarrow \text{dist}(u) > \text{dist}(v) + w(v, u)$
 $3 > 4 - 2$

Ex: Check if G has a negative wt. cycle

Theorem: $\forall v \in G \ \& \ i \geq 0$. After the i^{th} iteration of the Repeat loop

$$\text{dist}(v) \leq \text{dist}_{\leq i}(v)$$

Proof: Base case: $i=0$ $\text{dist}(v) = \infty$ if $v \neq s$
 $\text{dist}(s) = 0$

Induction step: $s \rightarrow u_1 \rightarrow u_2 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow u_k \rightarrow v$

After the $(i-1)^{\text{st}}$ iteration

$$\text{dist}(u_k) \leq \text{dist}_{\leq i-1}(u_k)$$

\hookrightarrow shortest path from s to v with $\leq i$ edges

Instant when (u_k, v) is considered in the inner loop

$$\text{dist}(v) \leq \text{dist}(u_k) + w(u_k, v) \leq \text{dist}_{\leq i-1}(u_k) + w(u_k, v)$$

$$= \text{dist}_{\leq i}(v)$$

After $n-1$ iterations, $\forall v \in G$ $\text{dist}(v) \leq \text{dist}_{\leq n-1}(v)$ \rightarrow shortest path