 



Database Programming with PL/SQL 4-5: Iterative Control: Nested Loops Practice Activities

# Vocabulary

*No new vocabulary for this lesson*

# Try It / Solve It

1. Write a PL/SQL block to produce a list of available vehicle license plate numbers. These numbers must be in the following format: NN-MMM, where NN is between 60 and 65, and MMM is between 100 and 110. Use nested FOR loops. The outer loop should choose numbers between 60 and 65. The inner loop should choose numbers between 100 and 110, and concatenate the two numbers together.

DECLARE

v\_outerloop NUMBER(2) := 60;

v\_innerloop NUMBER(3) := 100;

BEGIN

<<outer\_loop>>

FOR v\_outerloop IN 60..65 LOOP

<<inner\_loop>>

FOR v\_innerloop IN 100..110 LOOP

DBMS\_OUTPUT.PUT\_LINE('NN-MMM: ' || v\_outerloop || '-' || v\_innerloop);

END LOOP inner\_loop;

END LOOP outer\_loop;

END;

1. Modify your block from question 1 to calculate the sum of the two numbers on each iteration of the inner loop (for example, 62-107 sums to 169), and exit from the OUTER loop if the sum of the two numbers is greater than 172. Use loop labels. Test your modified code.

DECLARE

sum NUMBER := 0;

BEGIN

<<outer\_loop>>

FOR v\_outerloop IN 60..65 LOOP

<<inner\_loop>>

FOR v\_innerloop IN 100..110 LOOP

DBMS\_OUTPUT.PUT\_LINE('NN-MMM: ' || v\_outerloop || '-' || v\_innerloop ||' sum:'|| (v\_outerloop + v\_innerloop));

EXIT outer\_loop WHEN (v\_outerloop + v\_innerloop >= 172);

END LOOP inner\_loop;

END LOOP outer\_loop;

END;