

EXERCISE 2.4 [1-24]

Date: _____
 M T W T F S S

(1) - (4) Compute derivatives, using:

(a) multiplying and deriving

(b) Product rule, $[f(x)g(x)]' = uv' + vu'$

Verify if (a) & (b) yield same result.

$$(a) f(x) = (x+1)(2x-1)$$

Conclusion:

$$\begin{aligned} (a) \quad f(x) &= 2x^2 - x + 2x - 1 \\ &= 2x^2 + x - 1 \end{aligned}$$

Yielding same result.

$$f'(x) = 4x + 1.$$

$$(b) \quad (x+1)(2) + (2x-1)(1)$$

$$2x+2 + 2x - 1$$

$$f'(x) = 4x + 1.$$

$$(2) \quad f(x) = (3x^2-1)(x^2+2)$$

Conclusion:

$$\begin{aligned} (a) \quad f(x) &= 3x^4 + 6x^3 - x^2 + 2 \\ &= 3x^4 + 5x^2 - 2 \end{aligned}$$

Yielding same result.

$$f'(x) = 12x^3 + 10x$$

$$(b) \quad (3x^2-1)(2x) + (x^2+2)(6x)$$

$$6x^3 - 2x + 6x^3 + 12x$$

$$f'(x) = 12x^3 + 10x$$

$$(3) \quad f(x) = (x^2 + 1)(x^2 - 1)$$

Conclusion:

$$(a) \quad f(x) = x^4 - x^2 + x^2 - 1 \\ = x^4 - 1$$

Yielding same result.

$$f'(x) = 4x^3$$

$$(b) \quad (x^2 + 1)(2x) + (x^2 - 1)(2x)$$

$$2x^3 + 2x + 2x^3 - 2x$$

$$f'(x) = 4x^3$$

$$(4) \quad f(x) = (x+1)(x^2 - x + 1)$$

Conclusion:

$$(a) \quad f(x) = x^3 - x^2 + x + x^2 - x + 1 \\ = x^3 + 1$$

Yielding same result.

$$f'(x) = 3x^2$$

$$(b) \quad (x+1)(2x - 1) + (x^2 - x + 1)(1)$$

$$2x^2 - 2x + 2x - 1 + x^2 - x + 1$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2$$

(5) - (20) Find $f'(x)$.

$$(5) f(x) = (3x^2 + 6)(2x - \frac{1}{4})$$

Using Product Rule:

$$(3x^2 + 6)(2) + (2x - \frac{1}{4})(6x)$$

$$18x^2 + 12 + 12x^2 - \frac{3}{2}x$$

$$18x^2 + 12x - \frac{3}{2}x$$

$$\times [f'(x) = 6x^2 + \underline{45x}] \times$$

$$f'(x) = 18x^2 + 12x - \frac{3}{2}x.$$

$$(6) f(x) = (2 - x - 3x^3)(7 + x^5)$$

$$= 14 + 2x^5 - 7x - x^6 - 21x^3 - 3x^8$$

$$f'(x) = 10x^4 - 7 - 6x^5 - 63x^2 - 24x^7$$

$$(8) f(x) = (x^3 + 7x^2 - 8)(2x^{-3} + x^{-4})$$

$$= 2 + x^{-1} + 14x^{-1} + 7x^{-2} - 16x^{-3} - 8x^{-4}.$$

$$f'(x) = -x^{-2} - 14x^{-2} - 14x^{-3} + 48x^{-4} + 32x^{-5}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{x^2} - \frac{14}{x^2} - \frac{14}{x^3} + \frac{48}{x^4} + \frac{32}{x^5}$$

$$= \frac{-15}{x^2} - \frac{14}{x^3} + \frac{48}{x^4} + \frac{32}{x^5}$$

$$(8) \quad f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2} \right) (3x^3 + 27).$$

$$= (x^{-1} + x^{-2}) (3x^3 + 27).$$

$$= 3x^2 + 27x^{-1} + 3x + 27x^{-2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= 6x - 27x^{-2} + 3 - 54x^{-3} \\ &= \frac{6x}{x^2} + 3 - \frac{54}{x^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$(9) \quad f(x) = (x-2)(x^2+2x+4)$$

Using Product Rule:

$$(x-2)(2x+2) + (x^2+2x+4)(1)$$

$$2x^2 + 2x - 4x - 4 + x^2 + 2x + 4$$

$$3x^2 + 4x - 4x + 4 - 4$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2$$

$$(10) \quad f(x) = (x^2+x)(x^2-x)$$

$$= x^4 - x^2$$

$$f'(x) = 4x^3 - 2x$$

$$(11) \quad f(x) = \frac{u}{v} \quad QR = \frac{vu' - uv'}{v^2}$$

u
 $\underline{3x+4}$
 $x^2+1.$
 v

Using Quotient rule:

$$\frac{(x^2+1)(3) - (3x+4)(2x)}{(x^2+1)^2}$$

$$\frac{3x^2 + 3 - 6x^2 - 8x}{(x^2+1)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-3x^2 - 8x + 3}{(x^2+1)^2}$$

$$(12) \quad f(x) = \frac{x-2}{x^4+x+1}$$

Using Q.R :

$$\frac{(x^4+x+1)(1) - (x-2)(4x^3+1)}{(x^4+x+1)^2}$$

$$\frac{x^4+x+1 - [4x^4+x - 8x^3 - 2]}{(x^4+x+1)^2}$$

$$\frac{x^4+x+1 - 4x^4 - x + 8x^3 + 2}{(x^4+x+1)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-3x^4 + 8x^3 + 3}{(x^4+x+1)^2}$$

$$(13) \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2}{3x-4}$$

Using Q.R :

$$\frac{(3x-4)(2x) - (x^2)(3)}{(3x-4)^2}$$

$$\frac{6x^2 - 8x - 3x^2}{(3x-4)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{3x^2 - 8x}{(3x-4)^2}$$

$$(14) \quad f(x) = \frac{2x^2 + 5}{3x-4}$$

Using QR :

$$\frac{(3x-4)(4x) - (2x^2+5)(3)}{(3x-4)^2}$$

$$\frac{12x^2 - 16x - [6x^2 + 15]}{(3x-4)^2}$$

$$\frac{12x^2 - 6x^2 - 16x - 15}{(3x-4)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{6x^2 - 16x - 15}{(3x-4)^2}$$

$$(15) \quad f(x) = \frac{(2\sqrt{x} + 1)(x - 1)}{x + 3} = \frac{(2x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1)(x - 1)}{x + 3}$$

$$= \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x - 1}{x + 3} \rightarrow u$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 3x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + 1$$

Using QR:

$$\frac{(x+3)(3x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + 1) - (2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x - 1)(1)}{(x+3)^2}$$

$$3x^{\frac{3}{2}} - x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x + 9x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 3x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + 3 - 2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x + 1$$

$$3x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 9x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 3x^{-\frac{1}{2}} - x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2^{-\frac{1}{2}} + 5$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 10x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 3x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + 4}{(x+3)^2}$$

$$(16) \quad f(x) = (2\sqrt{x} + 1) \left(\frac{2-x}{x^2+3x} \right) = \frac{4x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2 - x}{x^2 + 3x} \rightarrow u$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 2x^{-\frac{1}{2}} - 3x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 1$$

$$dx$$

$$\frac{(x^2+3x)(2x^{-\frac{1}{2}} - 3x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 1) - (4x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2 - x)(2x+3)}{(x^2+3x)^2}$$

$$2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3x^{\frac{5}{2}} - x^2 + 6x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 9x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3x - \left[8x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 4x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 4x - 2x^2 + 12x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 6x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6 - 3x \right]$$

$$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3x^{\frac{5}{2}} - x^2 + 6x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 9x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3x - 8x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 4x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 4x + 2x^2 - 12x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 6x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 6 + 3x}{(x^2+3x)^2}$$

$$(x^{\frac{5}{2}} + x^2 - 9x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 4x - 6x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 6) / (x^2 + 3x)^2$$

$$(17) \quad f(x) = (2x+1)\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)(x^{-3}+7)$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= (2x+1)\left(1 + x^{-1}\right)(x^{-3}+7) \\ &= (2x+2+1+x^{-1})(x^{-3}+7) \\ &= (2x+3+x^{-1})(x^{-3}+7) \\ &= 2x^{-2} + 14x + 3x^{-3} + 21 + x^{-4} + 7x^{-1} \\ &= -4x^{-3} + 14 - 9x^{-4} + 0 - 4x^{-5} - 7x^{-2} \\ &= 14 - 7x^{-2} - 4x^{-3} - 9x^{-4} - 4x^{-5}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (18) \quad f(x) &= x^{-5}(x^2+2x)(4-3x)(2x^9+1) \\ &= x^{-5}(4x^2-3x^3+8x-6x^2)(2x^9+1) \\ &= x^{-5}(-2x^2-3x^3+8x)(2x^9+1) \\ &= x^{-5}(-4x^{11}-2x^2-6x^{12}-3x^3+16x^{10}+8x) \\ &= -4x^6 - 5x^{-3} - 6x^7 - 3x^{-2} + 16x^5 + 8x^{-4} \\ f'(x) &= -24x^5 + 6x^{-4} - 42x^6 + 6x^{-3} + 80x^4 - 32x^{-5}. \end{aligned}$$

$$(19) \quad f(x) = (x^7+2x-3)^3.$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= 3(x^7+2x-3)^2 \times (7x^6+2) \\ &= 21x^6(x^7+2x-3)^2 + 6(x^7+2x-3)^2. \end{aligned}$$

$$(20) \quad f(x) = (x^2+1)^4$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= 4(x^2+1)^3 \times 2x \\ &= 8x(x^2+1)^3. \end{aligned}$$

(21) - (24) Find $\frac{dy}{dx} \Big|_{x=1}$.

$$(21) \quad y = \frac{2x-1}{x+3} \quad \begin{matrix} \rightarrow u \\ \rightarrow v \end{matrix}$$

Using QR.

$$\frac{(x+3)(2) - (2x+1)(1)}{(x+3)^2}$$

$$\frac{2x+6 - [2x-1]}{(x+3)^2}$$

$$\frac{2x+6 - 2x+1}{(x+3)^2}$$

$$f'(x) \Big|_{x=1} = \frac{7}{(1+3)^2} = \frac{7}{16}$$

$$(22) \quad y = \frac{4x+1}{x^2-5} \quad \begin{matrix} \rightarrow u \\ \rightarrow v \end{matrix}$$

Using QR.

$$\frac{(x^2-5)(4) - (4x+1)(2x)}{(x^2-5)^2}$$

$$\frac{4x^2 - 20 - [8x^2 + 2x]}{(x^2-5)^2}$$

$$\frac{4x^2 - 20 - 8x^2 - 2x}{(x^2-5)^2}$$

$$\frac{-4x^2 - 2x - 20}{(x^2-5)^2} \Big|_{x=1} \Rightarrow -\frac{13}{8}$$

$$(23) \quad f(x) = \left(\frac{3x+2}{x} \right) (x^{-5} + 1) .$$

$$f_1 = \frac{3x^{-4} + 3x + 2x^{-5} + 2}{x} \rightarrow u$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = -12x^{-5} + 3 = 10x^{-6}$$

Using QR:

$$\frac{(x)(-12x^{-5} + 3) - 10x^{-6}}{x^2} - (3x^{-4} + 3x + 2x^{-5} + 2)(1)$$

$$y' = \frac{-12x^{-4} + 3x - 10x^{-5} - 3x^{-4} - 3x - 2x^{-5} - 2}{x^2} .$$

$$y'(1) = -12(1)^{-4} + 3(1) - 10(1)^{-5} - 3(1)^{-4} - 3(1) - 2(1)^{-5} - 2.$$

$$y'(1) = -29.$$

$$(24) \quad y = (2x^7 - x^2) \left(\frac{x-1}{x+1} \right) = \frac{2x^8 - 2x^7 - x^3 + x^2}{x+1} \rightarrow v.$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 16x^7 - 14x^6 - 3x^2 + 2x$$

$$\frac{(x+1)(16x^7 - 14x^6 - 3x^2 + 2x) - (2x^8 - 2x^7 - x^3 + x^2)(1)}{(x+1)^2} .$$

$$\frac{16x^8 - 14x^7 - 3x^3 + 2x^2 - 2x^8 + 2x^7 + x^3 - x^2}{(x+1)^2} .$$

$$y'|_{x=1} = \frac{16 - 14 - 3 + 2 - 2 + 2 + 1 - 1}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{4}$$