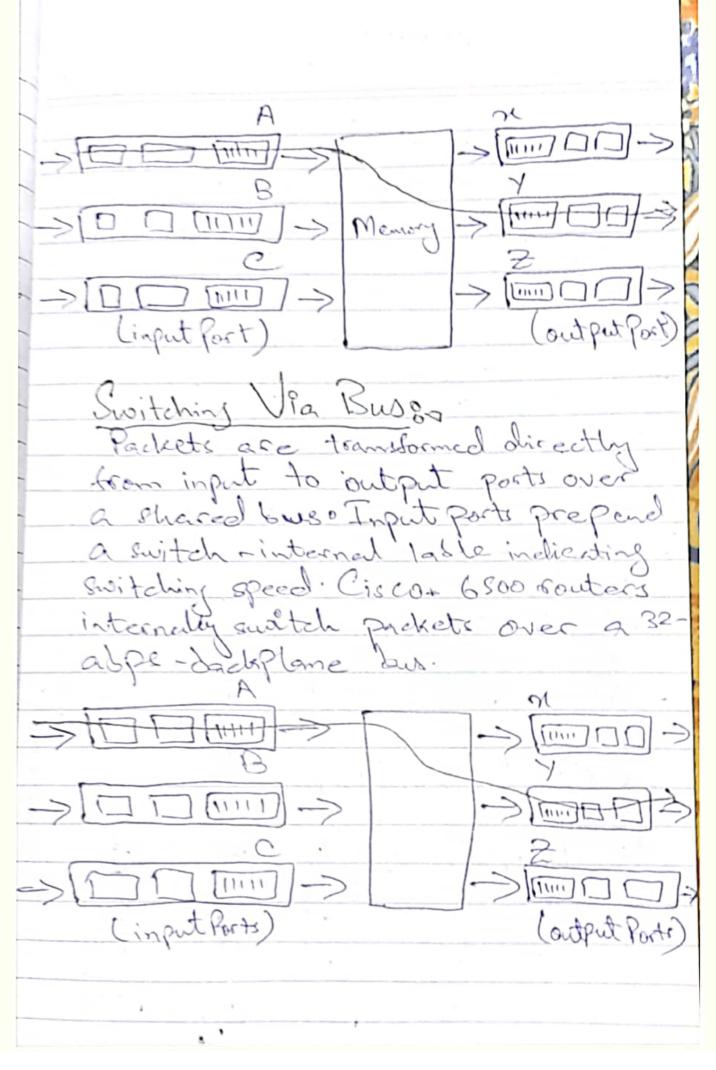
Course - Computer Roll = K21 - 4568 Networking(C) ASSIGNMENT = 03 (2) (a) Software Defined Network (SAN) is approach to networking that aims to make network management more alyram and Placible by separting the control Plane from the doite plane. In traditional network control plane, that determines that how packets are Sorwarded , is tightly integrated with network devices (routers, switches, etc). Howard SDN, The control plane is decoupled and centralized in a Software - based controller pte, which communicates with data plane devices through an open protocol such as ofen flow. In SDN, The control Plane is centralized in a software controllers which provides a globle network resources Eased on traffic patterns, policies and other factors. adaption of network of changing conditions such as toa ffic patterns or

Security threats, by chramically reconfiguring network policies an forwarding behaviors in real time. Traditional network requires memual interaction to adjust to such changes leading to slower response times and potential network disruptions. Switching Via Memory It involves the routing processor manages packet forwarding, tackets are copied from input ports processor memory for processing Processing on input lines cards handles lookup and storage into memor Cis Co Catalyst And 500 Series switches use this method



Switching Via An Interconnection It uses a interconnection to etwork. like a cross but ensitely. Leon Bar Switch Consists of 2N busy encecting Ninputs and output parts. Each en intersection has a controllab. Le cron point allowing parallel packet

Le cron point allowing parallel packet

Sorwarding Cisco 12000 Series ewitche

use a cross bar switching network, While the cisco 7600 series cambo Configured for either bus or Cross bar Switch.

For The time to which packets 2 through 12 each leave the queue So, the packets That entered the queue First (arrival time), leaves the queue first (leaving time) for the FIFO Service. Delay Time = Leaving Time - Acrival Time A orivaltime Servictime Delay Time 6 5 7 8 9 

The average of = Total number of Jackets
This delay over Total number of particles al 12 packets = 0+1+1+2+2+2+3+2+3+2 +2+2+3 =1.9167= Classful addressing in TPV4 "is an addressing scheme where IP addresses are divided into predefine classes, each with its own range of addresses. There are five class of IPVY addresses:-Class A 1class A addresses are identified by having first bit set to They have as anyo of from. 0.0.0 to 127, 255.255.255. The range 10.0.0.0 to .10.255.255

285 is reserved for private use with Organization. Class B:-Class Baddresses are identified by having the first two bit set to 10. They have a sange from 128.0.0.0 to 191.255.255.255. The range 172.16.00 to 172.31.255.255 is reserved for private use within an organization. Class C addresses are identified by having the first 3 bits Set to 110. They have a range from 192.0.0.0 to 223.255.255.255 The range 192.168.0.0 to 1920 168.255.255 is reserved for private use within an organization.

Class Daddiess are identified by having the first 4. bits
Set to 1120. Class Daddresses here a range from 224.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.255. Class E:-Class E addresses are Identified by having the first Sits set to 1111- Clare addresses have arrange from 240.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255. Variable Length Subnet Mark (VISM) isa technique used in IP addressing to allocate IP addresses efficiently by allowing diff cubet subnets to have of subnet mark lengths. This means that subnets to bank can be divided into smaller subnets of various sizes, optimizing the allocation Of It addresses sased on the Specific requirements of each subnet.

In VLSM, a subnet mask have varing numbers of configurous configurous Os. IPaddet 192.168.10.160 Subnet Mark = 255.255.255.224 To determine the sun number of Sub-network bits, count The number of Consecutive Is in the subnet mask 11111111 11111111 11111111 11100000 255.255.255.224/27 No. of Sul-network Site = 27 Total no. of bits = 32 # Hosts = 32-27=5 usable address No. of Subnet Per subnet = 2 host Perbits

No. of host bits = 5

25-2=30

