



ENGLISH

Chapter 3

5th
SECONDARY



Subject and Object Questions

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Subject and Object Questions

- 1** Read the questions below. Underline the verbal structures and circle the question words.
 - a** Who helped Aminata?
 - b** What happened when she started school?
 - c** Who did Aminata miss?
 - d** What did Aminata and her new friends start at school?



2 Look at the rules below. Complete the chart with the words in the box.

did...miss helped
did...start happened

- a** Sometimes question words carry no auxiliary verb and the order in the question is not inverted. In this case, they are the subject of sentences that are called *subject questions*.
- b** The answer of a subject question will be the subject.
- c** When the question word is followed by auxiliary + subject + main verb in the base form, that is an *object question*. The answer in object questions will come after the verb, in the object.



subject questions

Who _____ Aminata?

Her new friends helped her.

What _____ when she started school?

Some students were awful to her.

object questions

Who _____ Aminata _____?

She missed her friends from Senegal.

What _____ Aminata and her new friends
_____ at school?

They started a diversity group.



3 Read the questions and answers. Which one is an *object question* (O) and which is a *subject question* (S)?

a What did you do yesterday?

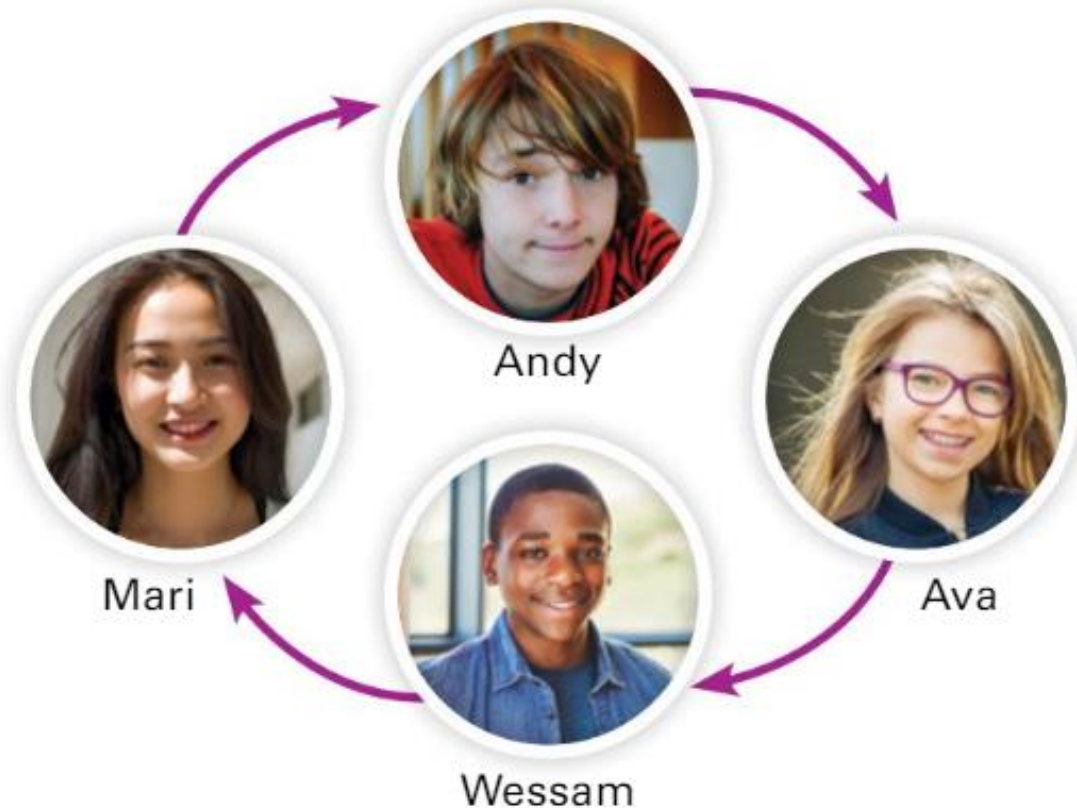
☐ *I went to the movies.*

b What happened at the movies?

☐ *All the tickets were sold out.*



- 4** Look at the diagram. Match the questions with the answers.



- a** Who did Andy write to?
 - b** Who wrote to Andy?
 - c** Who did Wessam write to?
 - d** Who wrote to Wessam?
- ☐ Ava wrote to him.
 - ☐ Mari wrote to him.
 - ☐ He wrote to Ava.
 - ☐ He wrote to Mari.



SCIENCE


Animal Migration

Many species in the animal kingdom migrate, including birds, fish, mammals and reptiles. They often travel great distances to reach another part of the world. Humpback whales swim more than 5,000 miles in one direction, while one species of bird flies 7,000 miles non-stop in just eight days. Animals migrate because they need to find food (some plants or animals may only be available in a certain area at particular times of the year), a better climate (the winter may be very cold) or the best place to reproduce.

The migration cycle may happen every time the seasons change, once a year, or perhaps just once in the animal's lifetime. For example, Scottish salmon are born in freshwater rivers. Then they swim thousands of miles north to find food in the Atlantic Ocean. When it's time for the salmon to reproduce, it swims back to the river where it was born. After it lays its eggs there, it dies.

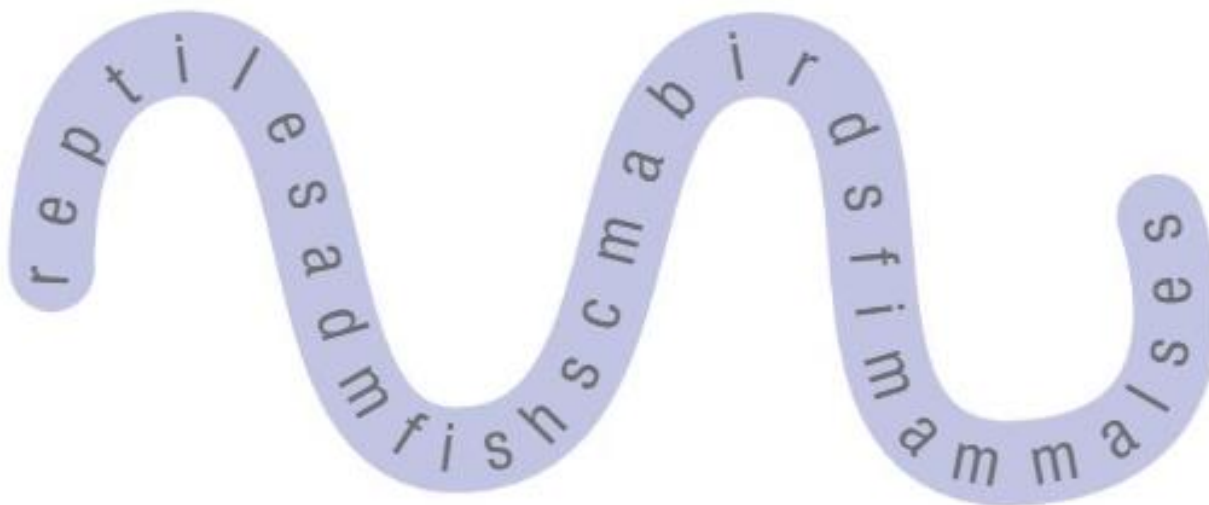




- 1**  17 Read and listen. Answer the question.

Why do Scottish salmon migrate?

- 2** Find and circle four types of animals that migrate.



3 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

climate distances food lifetime
miles reasons year

- a** When animals migrate they often travel great _____.
- b** Humpback whales swim more than 5,000 _____ in one direction.
- c** Animals migrate for many different _____.
- d** They often migrate at a particular time of the _____.
- e** Some animals migrate in order to find _____.
- f** When they migrate, some animals are looking for a better _____ or a place to reproduce.
- g** Some animals migrate every year and some only once in a _____.



become rich



change schools



drop out of college



have an accident



get into trouble



go abroad



go for a job interview



make new friends



move



retire



settle down



start your own business



take a gap year



win an award

Verb + Preposition



agree about/
agree with



argue about/
argue with



depend on



dream about



listen to



look forward to



participate in



talk to



wait for



worry about



PROGRESS CHECK

Life-changing Events

1 Match a-d with 1-4 to make sentences.

- a** ☐ Dan and Mandy moved
 - b** ☐ They decided to start
 - c** ☐ Mike made
 - d** ☐ Kathy said that she wanted to take
- 1** their own business.
 - 2** a gap year before college.
 - 3** last year.
 - 4** new friends after he changed schools.



Verb + Preposition

2 Complete the expressions with the correct prepositions.

- a** agree _____ someone
- b** talk _____ something
- c** look forward _____ something
- d** depend _____ someone
- e** participate _____ something



Simple Past and *used to*

- 3** Choose the correct answers.
- a** I **used to move / moved** to France three years ago.
 - b** I **used to go / went** hiking twice a month when I was younger.
 - c** Last weekend I **used to go / went** shopping but I **didn't use to buy / didn't buy** anything.
 - d** What **did you use to do / did you do** on weekends when you were 10?
 - e** Peter **used to get / got** married last week.



4 Complete the questions and answers with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

- a** Did you _____ to _____ (live) in a different town or city?

Yes, I _____ (live) in Albuquerque, but I _____ (live) in Miami now. I _____ (move) here two months ago.

- b** _____ (Sue / like) vegetables?

No, she _____ (not like) them, but now she _____ (be) a vegetarian. She _____ (stop) eating meat last year.

- c** What _____ (Tony / do) every Saturday?

He _____ (go) swimming, but last year he _____ (start) playing football. He _____ (not go) swimming now.



Subject and Object Questions

- 5** Write subject or object questions with *who* or *what* for the information in bold. Then answer the questions.

Sally went shopping **with her friends**.

Who did Sally go shopping with?

She went shopping with her friends.

- a** **Sally** went shopping with her friends.

- b** Mike visited **the new museum**.

- c** **Mike** visited the new museum.



Grammar Buildup 1

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8



6 Choose the correct answers.

Nick **a used to win / won** the lottery ten years ago and he **b used to change / changed** his life. Before, he **c got up / used to get up** early, but then he **d used to start getting up / started getting up** very late, like 12 o'clock! In his old life, he **e was working / used to work** very hard, but he **f stopped working / didn't use to stop working** after the lottery. To get to work he **g was catching / used to catch** the bus, but he **h used to buy / bought** a new car and he **i traveled / used to travel** everywhere in his car for about three years. Nick **j didn't use to go / didn't go** to dinner parties or travel abroad, but since winning the lottery he's done that many times!

