

ALGEBRA Chapter 16,17 Y 18





RETROALIMENTACI ÓN





Luego de resolver el sistema

$$12x + 7y = 260..(\alpha)$$

 $4x - 5y = -60...(\beta)$

$$calcule \sqrt{x + y + 19}$$

Resolución



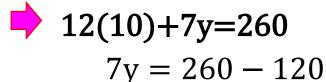
$$7(\beta) = 28x - 35y = -420$$



$$88x = 880$$

$$x = 10$$

Remplazando en (α)



$$7y=140$$

$$y = 20$$



Piden:
$$\sqrt{x+y+19}$$

$$\sqrt{49} = 7$$



Rpta: 7



Si el sistema es compatible indeterminado.

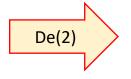
$$\begin{cases} (a-3)x + (b-2)y = 12\\ (a+1)x + (b+4)y = 18. \end{cases}$$
calcule $a + b$

Resolución

Compatible indeterminado debe cumplirse $\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{b_1}{b_2} = \frac{c_1}{c_2}$



$$\frac{a-3}{a+1} = \frac{b-2}{b+4} = \frac{12}{18} = \frac{2}{3}$$



$$\frac{b-2}{b+4} = \frac{2}{3}$$



Piden a+b:



$$11 + 14 = 25$$



$$\frac{a-3}{a+1}=\frac{2}{3}$$

$$3a - 9 = 2a + 2$$

$$a = 11$$

$$3b - 6 = 2b + 8$$

$$b = 14$$



Calcule el valor de X si:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = 5 \dots (\alpha) \\ \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{z} = 6 \dots (\beta) \\ \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z} = 7 \dots (\gamma) \end{cases}$$

Resolución

Sumando $(\alpha)+(\beta)+(\gamma)$

$$2(\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z}) = 18$$

$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z} = 9$$

$$\frac{(\gamma)}{(\gamma)} \qquad \frac{1}{x} + 7 = 9$$
Reemplazando(γ)

$$\frac{1}{x}=2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = x$$



Respuesta = 0, 5

Resuelva e indique el intervalo solucion:

$$-4<\frac{5x+2}{7}\leq 6$$

Resolución

$$-4 < \frac{5x + 2}{7} \le 6$$

$$-28 < 5x + 2 \le 42$$

$$-30 < 5x \le 40$$

$$-30 < 5x \le 40$$
 $-6 < x \le 8$

$$x \in \{-6, 8\}$$

Rpta
$$cs = < -6; 8$$
]

PROBLEMA 5 Indique el intervalo de solución



$$\frac{x+2}{3} + \frac{2x-3}{6} \ge \frac{x+1}{2} + \frac{7}{6}$$

Resolución

$$mcm(2, 3, 6) = 6$$

$$2(x+2)+1(2x-3) \ge 3(x+1)+1(7)$$

$$2x+4+2x-3 \ge 3x+3+7$$

$$4x+1 \ge 3x+10$$

$$x \ge 9$$

$$cs = [9; +\alpha >$$

 $Six \in [2, 4]$; halle el menor valor entero de m para que:

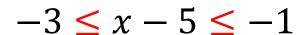
$$\frac{x+3}{x-5} < m$$
.....(1)

Resolución

$$\frac{\mathbf{de}(1)}{1 + \frac{8}{x - 5}} = \frac{x + 3}{x - 5}$$

del dato:

$$2 \le x \le 4$$



$$-1 \le \frac{1}{x-5} \le -\frac{1}{3}$$



se invierte

$$-1 \le \frac{1}{x-5} \le -\frac{1}{3}$$



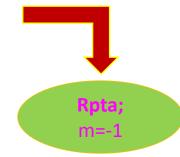
x8

$$-8 \le \frac{8}{x-5} \le \frac{-8}{3}$$



$$-7 \le 1 + \frac{8}{x - 5} \le \frac{-5}{3} = -1.6.$$

$$\frac{\text{siendo } \frac{x+3}{x-5} < m$$





Halle la variación de x en:

$$x(5x-14)-16 \le x(x-2)$$

Resolución



$$5x^2 - 14x - 16 \le x^2 - 2x$$



$$4x^2 - 12x - 16 \le 0$$

$$x^2 - 3x - 4 \le 0$$

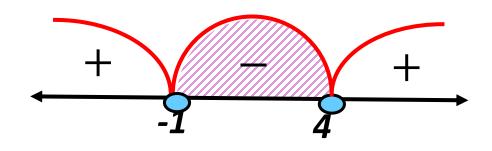




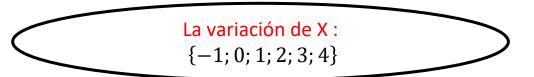


$$x -4 = 0 \rightarrow X = 4$$

•
$$x + 1 = 0 \rightarrow X = -1$$



$$Cs=[-1; 4]$$



PROBLEMA 8 si:
$$x^2 < 25(α)$$
 $x^2 \ge 3x(β)$

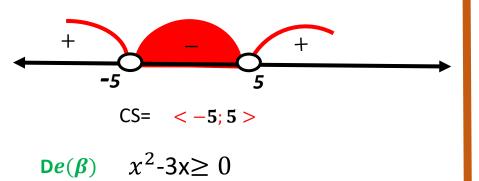
Indique el número de valores enteros que verifican

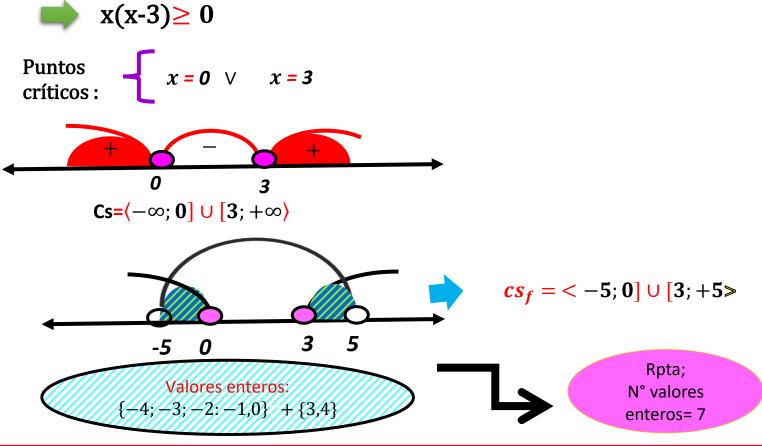
RESOLUCIÓN

De(
$$\alpha$$
): $x^2-25 < 0$

$$(x+5)(x-5) < 0$$

Puntos
$$x = 5 \lor x = -5$$
 críticos:





Determine el menor valor entero de m $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$ se cumple: 7 +

$$12x - 2x^2 \le m$$

Resolución

Recuerda: teorema del trinomio positivo:

Sea $ax^2 + bx + c \ge 0$; $\forall x \in R$ $\Delta \le 0 \land a > 0$

$$0 \le 2x^2 - 12x + m - 7$$

$$2x^2 - 12x + m - 7 \ge 0$$

de ii:

$$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac \leq 0$$

$$(-12)^2 - 4(2)(m-7) \le 0$$

$$144 \le 8(m-7)$$

$$18 \le m - 7$$

Los valores de "m" son : $M=\{25,26,27....+\infty\}$

El menor valor de m es 25



Rpta: 25

El número de viajes que realiza Martín al norte del Perú durante el año coincide con el mayor valor entero de la inecuación al resolver $(x+3)^2+(x-5)^2 \le 8x+24$ ¿Cuántos viajes al año hace Martín?

RESOLUCIÓN

$$(x+3)^{2} + (x-5)^{2} \le 8x + 24$$

$$x^{2} + 6x + 9 + x^{2} - 10x + 25 \le 8x + 24$$

$$2x^{2} - 12x + 10 \le 0$$

$$x^{2} - 6x + 5 \le 0$$

$$x - 5$$

