

GEOMETRÍA Capítulo 17



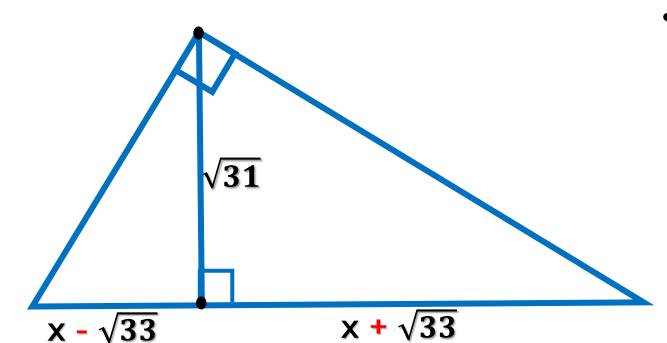


Resolución

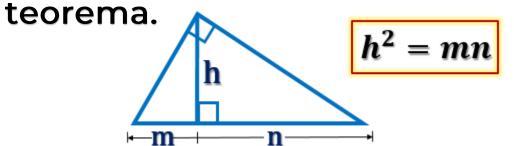
01

En la figura, calcule x.





- Piden:
- Por



$$\left(\sqrt{31}\right)^2 = \left(x - \sqrt{33}\right)\left(x + \sqrt{33}\right)$$

$$31 = (x)^2 - \left(\sqrt{33}\right)^2$$

$$31 = x^2 - 33$$

$$64 = x^2$$

$$x = 8$$

Resolución





a



a

M

• Sea
$$\overrightarrow{CH} \perp \overrightarrow{AB}$$
 ($H \in \overrightarrow{AB}$).

BM: Base media de

$$\frac{2}{2} = \frac{CH}{2} \rightarrow 4 = CH$$

BHC:

$$x^2 = 32$$

$$x = 4\sqrt{2}$$



Resolución







Se traza la altura BH.

$$AH = HC =$$

Por teorema de Pitágoras.

$$41^2 = 40^2 + (BH)^2$$

81 = (BH)²

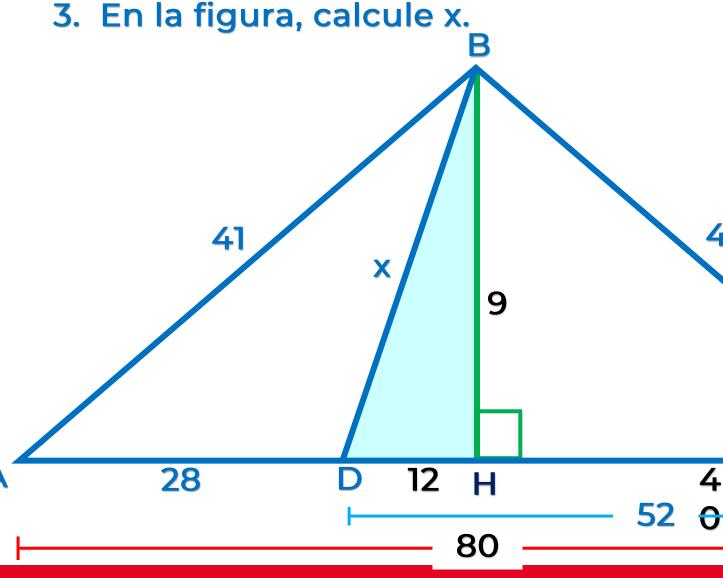
$$9 = BH$$

BHD:

$$x^2 = 9^2 + 12^2$$

$$x^2 = 225$$

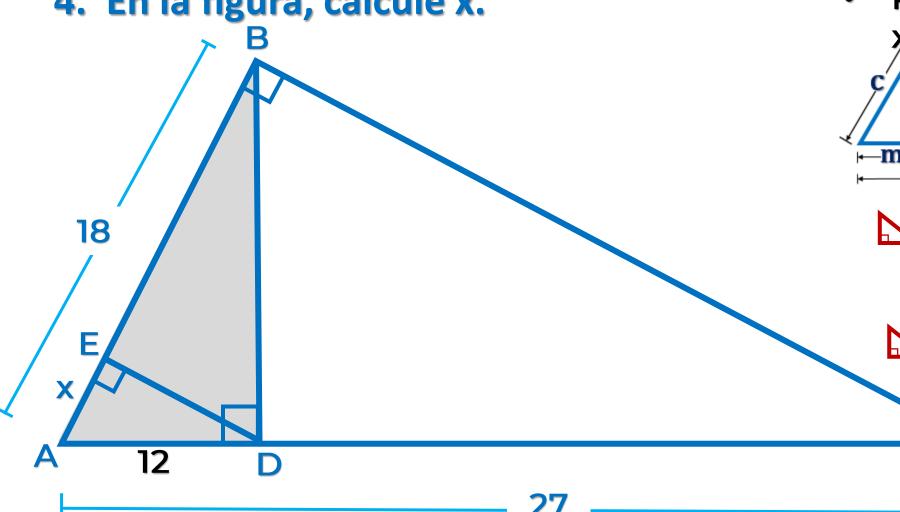
$$x = 15$$



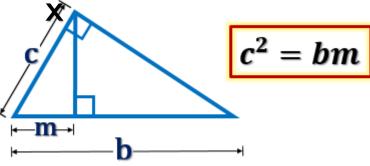
Resolución











$$\triangle$$
 ABC: $18^2 = 27(AD)$

$$12 = AD$$

$$\triangle$$
 ADB: $12^2 = 18.x$

$$144 = 18x$$

$$8 = x$$

Resolución



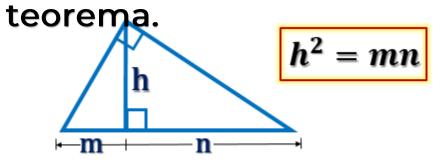
5. En la figura, calcule x.







Por



ABC:
$$(BH)^2 = 1.3$$

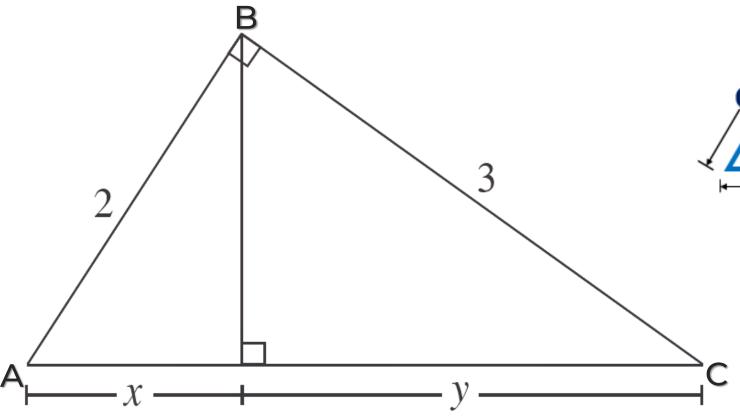
BH =
$$\sqrt{3}$$

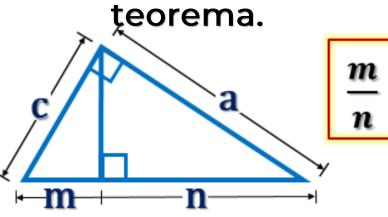
BHC Notable de 30° y 60°

$$x = 30^{\circ}$$



- 6. Según el gráfico, calcule $\frac{x}{y}$.
- Piden: $\frac{x}{y}$
- ABC :Por

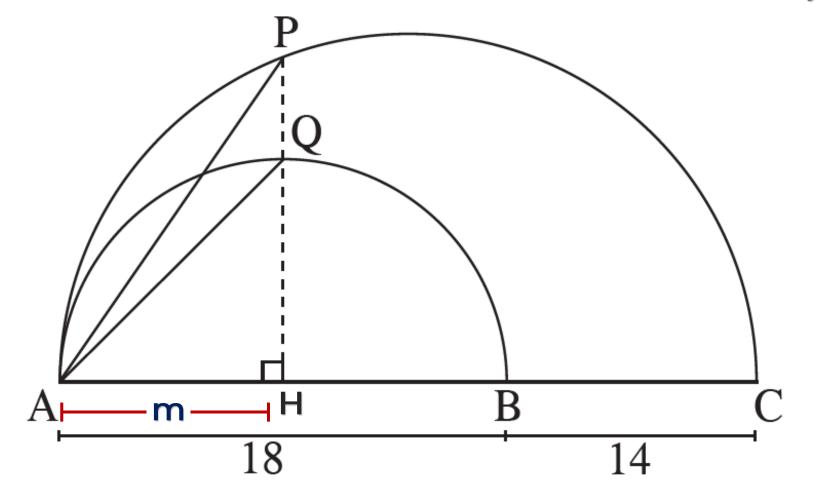




$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{2^2}{3^2}$$

$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{4}{9}$$

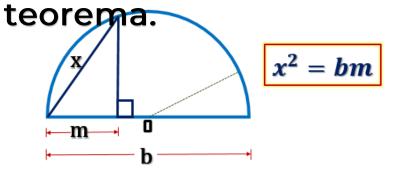
7. Si \overline{AB} y \overline{AC} son diámetros, calcule $\frac{AP}{AO}$.



Resolución



- Piden: $\frac{AP}{AQ}$.
- Por



$$(AP)^2 = m.32$$
 ... (1)

$$(AQ)^2 = m.18 \dots (2)$$

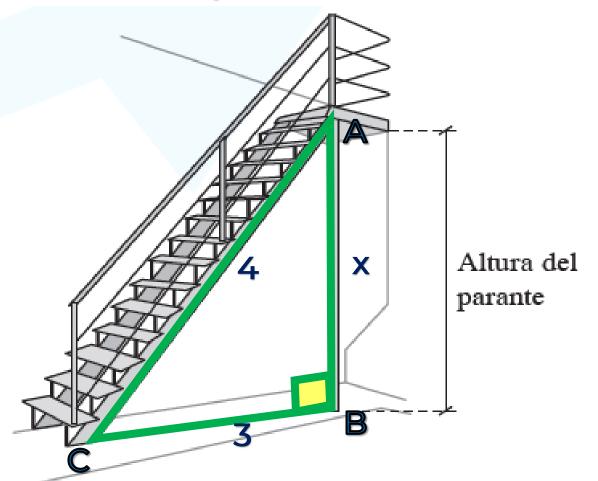
Dividiendo 1 y

2.
$$\frac{(AP)^{2}}{(AQ)^{2}} = \frac{m \cdot 32}{m \cdot 18} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{AP}{AQ} = \frac{4}{3}$$



8. Si la escalera tiene una longitud de 4 m y la distancia del pie de la escalera al parante es de 3m, determine la altura del parante.



Resolución

Piden:

x Por teorema de Pitágoras. x2 + 32

$$16 = x^2 + 9$$

$$7 = x^2$$

$$\sqrt{7}$$
 m = x