ENGLISH

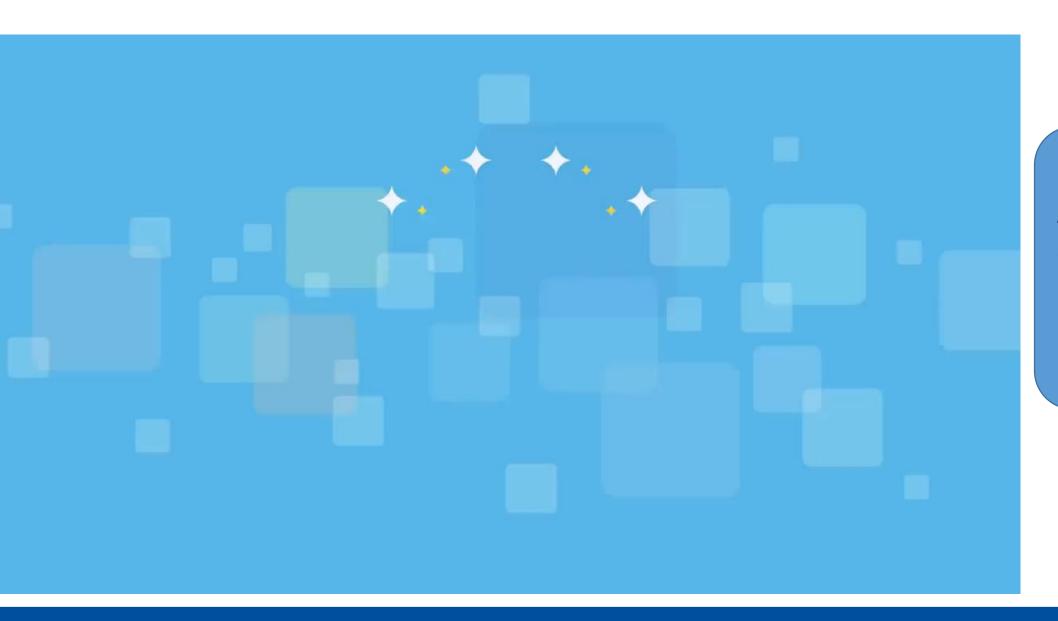


REVIEW (CHAPTERS 1-3)



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MOTIVATING STRATEGY



Pay attention to the meaning of the different uses of the verbs and prepositions



I. Complete the sentences with the correct option.
1. The day is beautiful. Let ´s go for a walk the park. a. at
2. Basketball is enjoyable but all I love soccer. a. about b. to bove
3. I m teaching my son to walk the sidewalk. on b. by c. through
4. I was in New York two weeks. a. since or c. during
5. The cat ran the kitchen when it heard the can open. into b. to c. at
6. The museum is full tourists in July. a. from b. for



II. Complete the paragraph with the correct words from the box



take a gap year went abroad made new friends went for a job interview changed school drop out of college

Luna was in her final year when she decided to drop out of college. She was having a difficult time and decided to take a gap year. She and her sister went abroad on a trip to several countries. As soon as they got to England, Luna went for a job in a hostel, made some money,

made new friendand kept traveling. After a year abroad, they came back, and Luna changed school

finally graduated with a degree in International Relations.

and



III. Complete the life-changing events with the correct verbs.

а	schools	sta
b	abroad	tak
С	new frie	ch
d	an award	wi
е	a gap ye	ha
f	rich	bed
g	an accid	se
h	to a new	g
i	your ow	ma
j	down	mo

art ke nange /in ave ecome ettle ake ove

SIMPLE PAST TENSE



SIMPLE PAST TENSE (SUBJECT + V2)



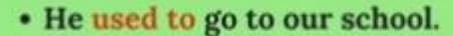


A I visited my grammother stayed for 1 or 2



Used to + V(infinitive).

We use the structure used to do something when we talk about something we did regularly in the past, but do not do it now.





She used to be overweight but became she a model last year.

We can use it for the habit in the past if it is used adverbs of frequency

- I always did my homework on time when I was a student.
- My Father often read me tales before I went to bed.
- When I was young, I walked 10 miles to workplace everyday.

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IV. Make affirmative, negative or interrogative sentence using "used to

I / live in a flat when I was a child.

I used to live in a flat when I was a child

2. We / go to the beach every summer?

Did we use to go to the beach every summer?



He / not / smoke.

He didn 't use to smoke.

- 5. I / play tennis when I was at school.

 I used to play tennis when I was at school.
- 6. She / be able to speak French, but she has forgotten it all.

 She used to be able to speak French, but she has forgotten it all.
- 7. He / play golf every weekend?
 Did he use to play golf every weekend?

- V. Match the columns to make sentences.
- 1. He used to have a motorbike but
- 2. I used to eat a lot of sweets
- 3. Sam used to work in Dublin but
- 4. He used to take the train to work but
- 5. When I was 10 I didn 't use to eat fish
- 6. When I lived in the city
- 7. They used to go to a very traditional school
- 8. I used to enjoy his company but
- 9. She used to play the piano
- 10. We used to go to the beach for our holidays

- a. I often used to go to the theatre
- b. where they wore a uniform
- c. now he drives a boring family car
- d. now she plays the guitar
- e. when we were children
- f. now I m on a diet
- g. now he works in Brighton
- h. now I 'm finding him a little bit boring
- i. now I eat a lot
- j. now he drives



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ENGLISH

Subject questions

 If you don't know who has done something and would like to find out, you ask subject questions

Who live here?

 When who or what is the subject of the question we use the affirmative form of the verb.

Who gave you the money?

 When a question word is the subject of a simple present or simple past question, we don 't use do/does or did

Who painted the Mona Lisa?

Object questions

 When you ask an object question you know who the person is and would like to get some information about it Where does Tom live?

 When who or what is the object of the question we use the interrogative form of the verb

What did Mark give you for your birthday?

 When a question word is the object of a Simple Past question, use do/does or did.

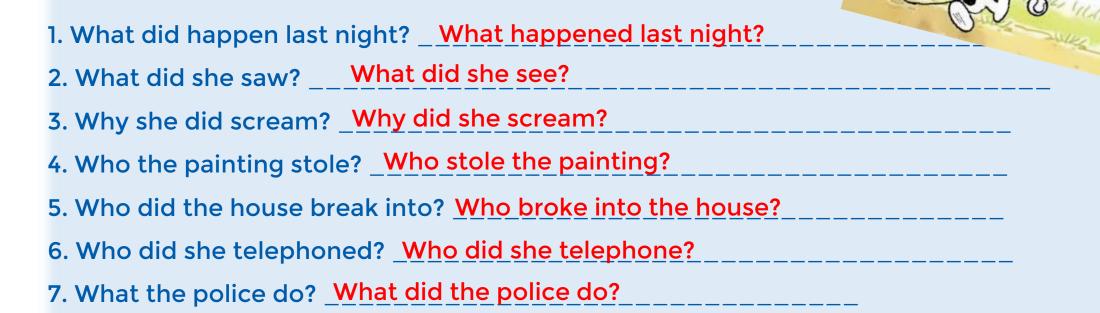
Which authors do you like best?

V	I. Identify if the questions are subject or object questions
 3. 4. 	What did he hear? Who shouted for help? Subject What did Kate say? Subject Who did you meet? Object Who saw him shoplifting? Subject
	What made that noise? Subject Subject

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VII. Correct the mistakes in the sentences.

8. Who the crime committed? Who committed the crime?



VIII.	Write subject or object questions with who or what for the information in bold.
a	Shakespeare wrote Romeo and Juliet.
	Who wrote Romeo and Juliet?
b	Shakespeare wrote Romeo and Juliet. What did Shakespeare write?
	 Wanventhe geld gedahied beid Quetera eters.
	Who visited the new art gallery?
d	Sally and her friends visited the new art gallery. What did Sally and her friends visit?
	 Willip anet Denfrieatdtheisiteobtt e new art gallery.
	Who did Peter meet at the airport?
f	Peter met Jenny at the airport.
	What did they have for lunch?

IX. Complete the sentences with the correct preposition from the box

to on about in to about with						
a. Elena told me I should talk to the teacher about the problems I have with some students.						
b. My decision depends on the conversation I'm having with my parents tonight.						
c. You don't need to agree with her, but you should listen to your mother.						
d. They always argue about their son's education.						
e. Eva has participated in a group for young mathematicians.						
f. Don't worry about me. I'm OK.						

- X. Unscramble the words to make sentences.
- 1. money/My/ always/arguing/are/parents/about My parents are always arguing about money.
- 2. for/long/did/wait/a/for/taxi/How? How long did you wait for a taxi?
- 3. about/sick/future/worry/She's/her/with
 She 's sick with worry about her future.
- 4. about/never/We/agree/anything
 We never agree about anything.
- 5. day/not/dream/boss/a/about/one/working/for/I/myself/and/having

 <u>I dream about one day working for myself and not having a boss.</u>
- 6. Your always depend on Michaeline perisis/can
- 7. distrementation of the state of the state



Read the text and choose the correct answers.



Jason Hill used to work at a bank in San Francisco. He was very good at his job and he earned quite a lot of money. The problem was that Jason was really bored. He didn't enjoy the one-hour journey to work on a crowded subway train every morning and he hated working in a busy, noisy office from 9am to 5pm every weekday. One day, Jason was on his way to work when he saw an ad in the newspaper for non-speaking parts in a movie. Later that day, he called the number in the ad. He was invited for an audition and was given a small part in the movie. He enjoyed the experience so much that he decided that he wanted to become an actor. On his 30th birthday, Jason made a lifechanging decision. He decided to quit his job and study drama. In October 2006, he began his drama course at a theater school in New York. The course was difficult and there were times when he thought about dropping out, but he studied hard and finally passed the course in June 2008. Soon after that, he got his first acting job when he was given a part in a television soap opera. In December 2008, he was watching television at home when the telephone rang. It was a well-known American movie director. He asked Jason if he wanted a part in his new movie. Jason was astonished. He accepted and he is now living in California and is really enjoying his new life.

a	How much time did Jason use to spend traveling each day?			
	one hour () two hours () three hours			
b	What was the problem with his job?			
	() It was hard			
С	Where was he when he saw the ad?			
	on a train () at work () in a taxi			
d	He made his life-changing decision on his birthday.			
	() 13th 30th () 20th What did ne decide to study? () film studies drama () art How long did his course last?			
е	What did ne decide to study?			
	() film studies drama () art			
f	How long did his course last?			
	almost two years () exactly two years () more than two years			



Look at the sentences below. You will hear a boy, Neil, and a girl, Elvira, talking about how their hobbies have changed. Listen and decide if each sentence is correct or incorrect. Check (v) the right box.

	Correct	Incorrect
1 Elvira has always enjo		Ø
2 Neil sometimes plays	Ø	
3 Elvira went to the ma		Ø
4 Neil is going to the m		Ø
5 Neil likes the idea of k	Ø	



