Owen Richards CS3501: Embedded Circuits 9/18/2021

Verification for Reflectance Program

Table of Content

Introduction	2
Verification	2
Summary	11
Table of Figures	
Figure 1: Relectance_Init function	2
Figure 2: Read Expression for Center Sensor Array	4
Figure 3: Sensor Array Centered	4
Sensor 4: Read Expression for Left Sensor Array	5
Figure 5: Sensor Array to the Left	5
Figure 6: Read Expression for Right Sensor Array	6
Figure 7: Sensor Array to the Right	6
Figure 8: Center Left of Line	7
Figure 9: Left Center Expression Value	7
Figure 10: Center Right of Line	8
Figure 11: Right Center Expression Value	8
Figure 12: Left Sensor Array Bit	9
Figure 13: Left Position Expression Value	9
Figure 14: Right Sensor Array Bit	10
Figure 15: Right Position Expression Value	
Figure 16: Sensor Array Off Black Line	11
Figure 17: Position Expression Value when Off Black Line	

Introduction

In this module, I was tasked with programming the sensor array so that it is able to identify the difference between a black surface and a white surface. To program the sensor array, four functions were written to support the line sensor. These four functions is the Reflectance_Init(), Reflectance_Read(uint16_t time), Reflectance_Center(uint32_t time) and Reflectance_Position(). Throughout this report figure and verification will be give to show that all these functions were correctly implemented and ultimately that the task was completed.

Verification

The first function that was implemented to create this program was the Reflectance_Init() function. The Reflectance_Init() function is shown in Figure 1 below. However, this function doesn't have any tests to prove it was correctly programmed. The proof that this function was correctly implemented is in the other functions producing the correct expressions. Despite this, I will work though the code shown in figure 1 to display it is correct. Line 27 and 28 initialize sensor array to GPIO, then line 30 and 31 sets the LEDs for port 5 pin 3, and port 9 pin 2. Lines 33 - 40 sets sensors (port 7 and pins 0-7) as outputs.

```
20 //-----Reflectance Init-----
21// Initialize sensor array to GPIO, set LEDs (P5.3 and P9.2)
22// as output and sensors (P7.0-P7.7) as output
23 // Input: none
24// Output: none
25 void Reflectance_Init(void){
      GPIO setAsOutputPin(GPIO PORT P5, GPIO PIN3);
27
28
      GPIO_setAsOutputPin(GPIO_PORT_P9, GPIO_PIN2);
29
30
      GPIO_setOutputLowOnPin(GPIO_PORT_P5, GPIO_PIN3);
31
      GPIO_setOutputLowOnPin(GPIO_PORT_P9, GPIO_PIN2);
32
33
      GPIO_setAsOutputPin(GPIO_PORT_P7, GPIO_PIN0);
      GPIO_setAsOutputPin(GPIO_PORT_P7, GPIO_PIN1);
34
35
      GPIO_setAsOutputPin(GPIO_PORT_P7, GPIO_PIN2);
      GPIO setAsOutputPin(GPIO_PORT_P7, GPIO_PIN3);
36
37
      GPIO_setAsOutputPin(GPIO_PORT_P7, GPIO_PIN4);
38
      GPIO setAsOutputPin(GPIO PORT P7, GPIO PIN5);
39
      GPIO setAsOutputPin(GPIO PORT P7, GPIO PIN6);
      GPIO_setAsOutputPin(GPIO_PORT_P7, GPIO_PIN7);
40
41 }
42
```

Figure 1: Relectance_Init function

The expressions and placement of the sensor array is shown below in Figure 2, Figure 3, Figure 4, Figure 5, Figure 6, Figure 7. The figures illustrate the correct read expressions for the center, left and right placement of the sensor array. The read sensor will turn the bits 1 for the sensors above the black line, otherwise, the bits will be 0. The figures below verify the

function since the correct bits are 1 and 0 depending on the position of the sensor array. Therefore, the Reflectance_Read function was correctly implemented. In addition, Figures 2 and 3 highlight that both the position and center expression is correct meaning that both the Reflectance_Center(uint32_t time) and Reflectance_Position() functions were completed correctly. Both these functions will be verified later in this report.

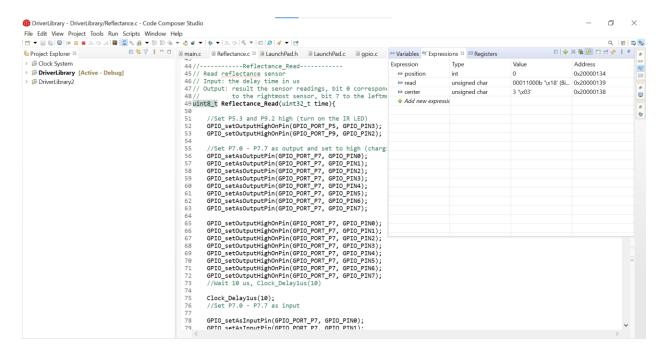
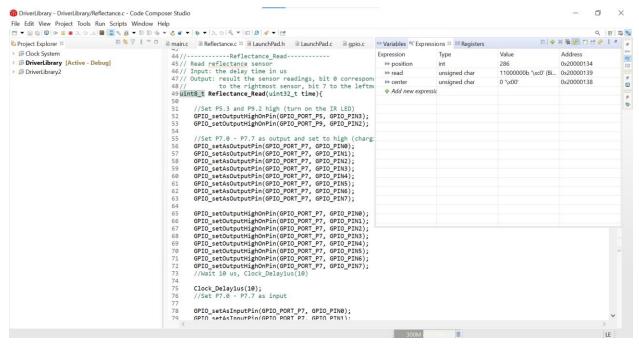


Figure 2: Read Expression for Center Sensor Array

Figure 3: Sensor Array Centered



Sensor 4: Read Expression for Left Sensor Array

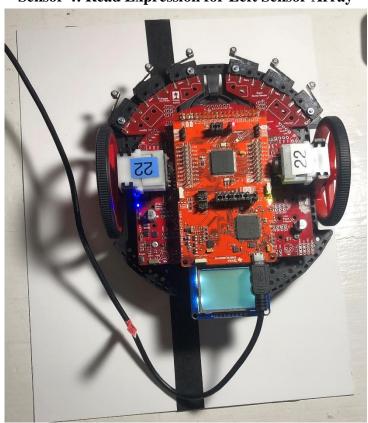


Figure 5: Sensor Array to the Left

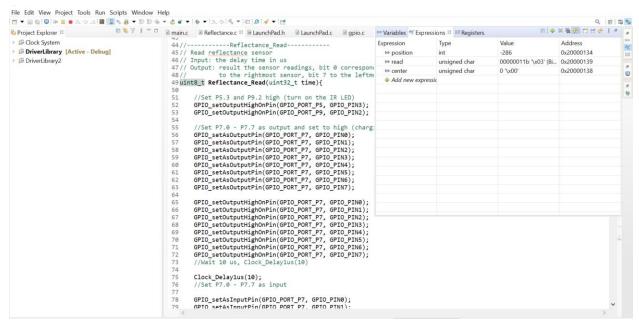


Figure 6: Read Expression for Right Sensor Array

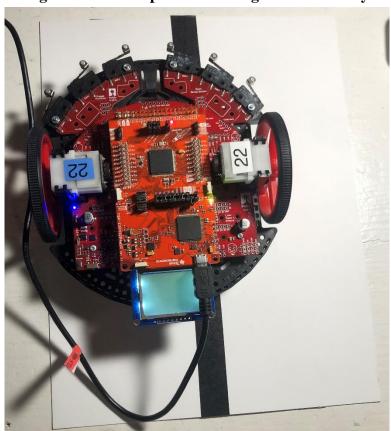


Figure 7: Sensor Array to the Right

To verify that both the Reflectance_Center(uint32_t time) and Reflectance_Position() are correct, Figure 8, Figure 9, Figure 10, Figure 11, Figure 12, Figure 13, Figure 14, Figure 15, Figure 16 and Figure 17 shows more verification of these functions. Figure 8, 9, 10 and 11 illustrate the Reflectance_Center(uint32_t time) function. I programmed this function so that if the robot is left of the line the expression will display a 2-meaning left. Additional, if the robot is right of the line the expression will display a 1 meaning right. Figures 12, 13, 14 and 15 show that if only the end sensor on the sensor array, the expression value is either -334 or 334 which demonstrates that the function is correctly implemented. The final figures 16 and 17 displays the position value if the sensor is completely off.

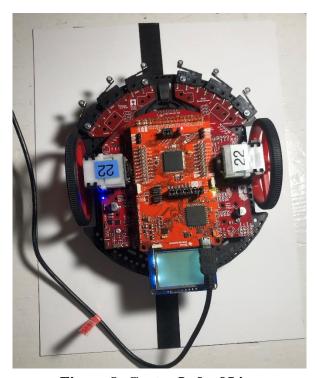


Figure 8: Center Left of Line

(x)= Variables Expression	ons 🛭 🚻 Registers		
Expression	Type	Value	Address
⇔ position	int	95	0x20000134
⇔ read	unsigned char	00110000b '0' (Binary)	0x20000139
⇔ center	unsigned char	1 '\x01'	0x20000138
Add new expression			

Figure 9: Left Center Expression Value

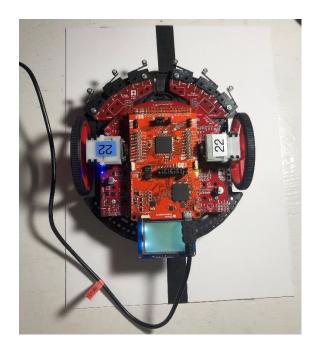


Figure 10: Center Right of Line

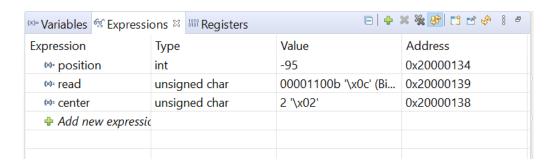


Figure 11: Right Center Expression Value

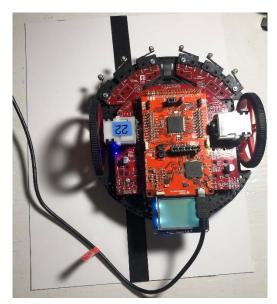


Figure 12: Left Sensor Array Bit



Figure 13: Left Position Expression Value



Figure 14: Right Sensor Array Bit



Figure 15: Right Position Expression Value

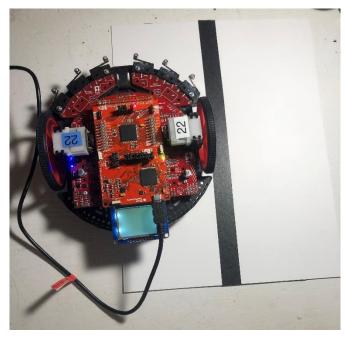


Figure 16: Sensor Array Off Black Line



Figure 17: Position Expression Value when Off Black Line

Summary

A plethora of images of the sensor array along with expression verification was given for all three functions: read, position and center. Additionally, due to the correct values in each case it verifies that the initialization of the reflectance program was correct. Consequently, the task was entirely finished and outputs all the expected values. Therefore, the assignment was faultlessly finished.