



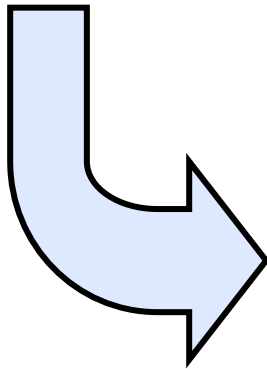
# CS5127/6027: Requirements Engineering (Fall 2024)

Prof. Nan Niu ([nan.niu@uc.edu](mailto:nan.niu@uc.edu))

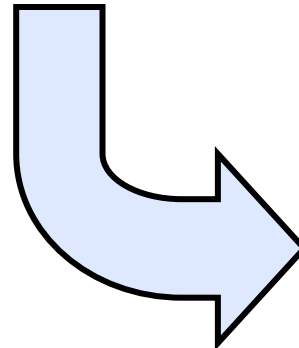
Office Hours: 10am-11am, Mondays, Rhodes 832

# Today's Menu

Last Lecture (Friday 9/20):  
NFRs *[to-be-continued]*



This Lecture (Monday 9/23):  
NFRs + Modeling  
ASN1 Grading



Next Lecture (Monday 9/27):  
*i\** Modeling  
ASN2 Releasing



## Reminders

→ An assigned paper on “*i\** modeling”

↳ Quiz 5 due by 11:59pm, Wednesday (Sept 25)

→ For graduate students only

↳ Determining whether you'll carry out the course research project individually or in a group

↳ Due by 11:59pm, Monday (Sept 30)

↳ Every graduate student must submit



# A new initiative started on Sept 20

- Functional requirements describe WHAT the software does
- Nonfunctional requirements (NFRs) describe HOW WELL the software does it
- In-class PARTICIPATION bonus rewarded
  - ↳ security, usability, performance, accessibility ...
  - ↳ testability, maintainability, reusability ...



## Challenges of NFRs

- Hard to be localized and often contradictory
- Hard to externalize (model)
  - ↳ Not directly supported in use cases, class diagrams, ERDs, sequence diagrams, statecharts, and other types of UML models
- Hard to make them measurable
  - ↳ You can't control what you can't measure
  - ↳ Difficult to evaluate for the customer prior to delivery



# Making Requirements Measurable

*Source: Budgen, 1994, pp60-1*

→ We have to turn our vague ideas about quality into measurables

examples...

**The Quality Concepts**  
(abstract notions of quality properties)



**Measurable Quantities**  
(define some metrics)



**Counts taken from Design Representations**  
(realization of the metrics)

reliability



mean time to failure?



run it and count crashes per hour???

complexity



information flow between modules?



count procedure calls???

usability



time taken to learn how to use?



minutes taken for some user task???



NFRs = Quality Attributes

# Making Practical Use of Quality Attribute Information



Software Engineering Institute

Carnegie Mellon University

Quality Attribute Workshop

Reasoning About Software Quality Attributes

Architecture Tradeoff Analysis Method

## Communicating quality attribute req.s (QARs)

→ It's meaningless to say a system is "modifiable".

↳ More meaningful to cast the QAR as a scenario:

*A developer wishes to add an input field to the UI code at design time; modification is made with no side effect in three hours.*

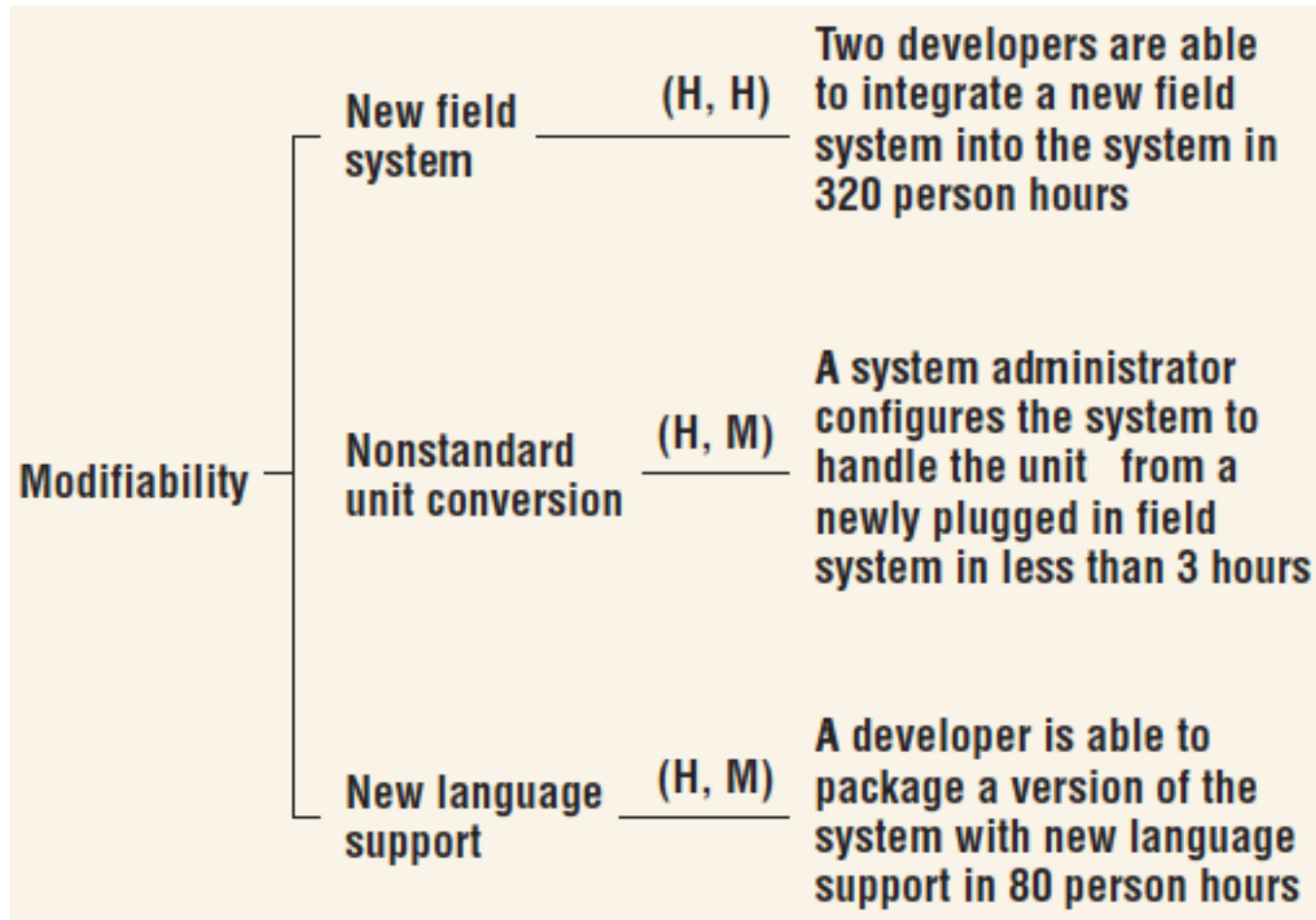


Daniel Jackson

**A meeting can result in consensus, but if the consensus is to implement requirements that are inconsistent or have unexpected consequences, little has been gained.**



# Scenarios as a way to clarify NFRs



↳ The letters represent High, Medium, or Low priorities for the business and technical stakeholders, respectively.



**AT&T 5G. Fast. Reliable. Secure.**

## **Making Practical Use of Quality Attribute Information**

Often, fewer than a dozen architecturally significant requirements drive or shape the architecture<sup>2</sup> as opposed to the hundreds of functional requirements.

## Another Example

BY MARCELO ARENAS AND PABLO BARCELÓ

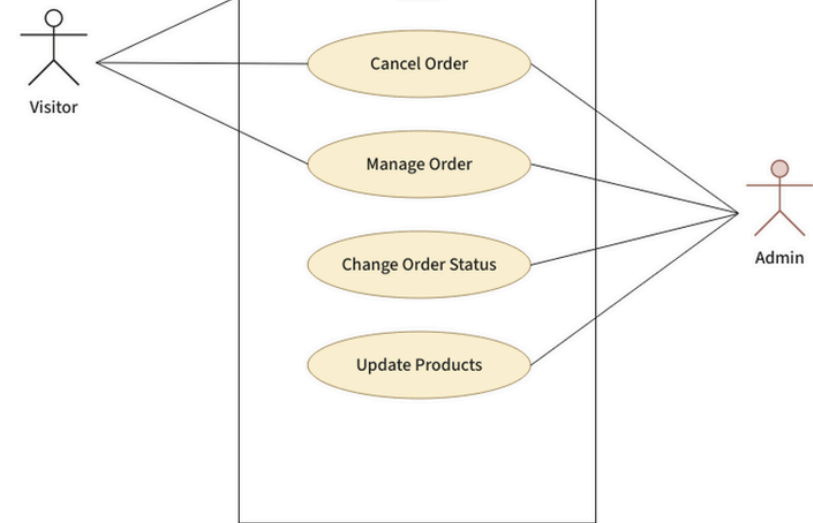
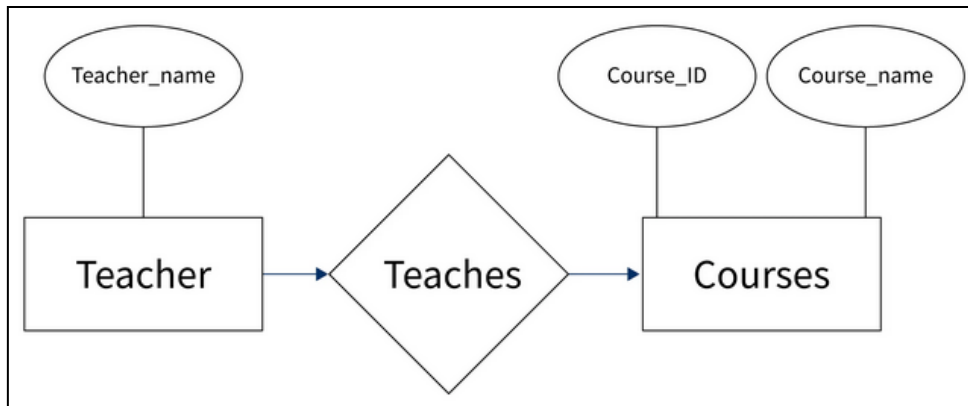
### Chile's New Interdisciplinary Institute for Foundational Research on Data

COMMUNICATIONS  
OF THE  
ACM

The ultimate goal of our project is to provide theoretical grounds for the next generation of database systems, trying to make them more flexible, scalable, secure, and robust. We have

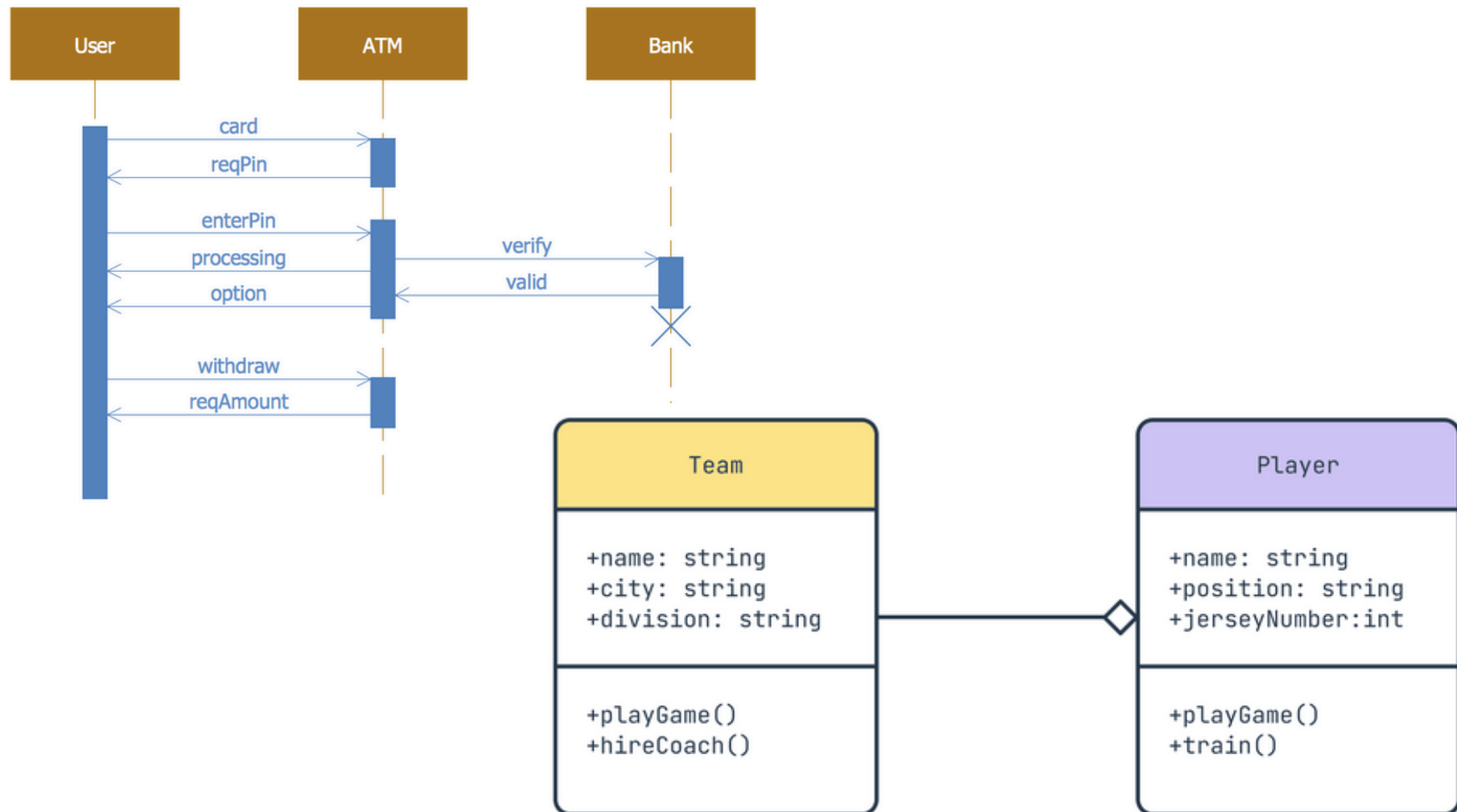
# Today's In-Class Participation

Do you recognize these models & are they req.s models to you?



## Today's In-Class Participation (Cont'd)

Do you recognize these models & are they req.s models to you?



## Today's In-Class Participation (Cont'd)

↪ Why modeling in RE?







## Today's In-Class Participation (*Cont'd*)

↪ Why modeling in RE?

### Elicitation Technique Selection: How Do Experts Do It?

Ann M. Hickey  
*ahickey@uccs.edu*

Alan M. Davis  
*adavis@uccs.edu*

modeling was used as *the* elicitation technique, more and more analysts are now seeing modeling as a means to (a) facilitate communication, (b) uncover missing information, (c) organize information gathered from other elicitation techniques, and (d) uncover inconsistencies.



## ASN1 Grading

- Congrats on those who earned 20 (out of 20)
- Coming to the classes & paying attention are important
- ChatGPT doesn't help much - *why?*
  - ↳ Less data & I manually do the grading
- Are you satisfying the req.s?
  - ↳ 3 features? file in PDF format?
  - ↳ No machine (Zoom) terms mentioned at all in R & E; R should NOT be a paraphrasing of F/S





## ASN1 Grading (Cont'd)

→ If you didn't receive a satisfying ASN1 grade

↳ There will be BONUS opportunities, including in-class participations, which are independent of the following

↳ There will be *in-person*, designated time periods throughout this week (see course website on Canvas) – first come, first serve

- Each student will be given 2-3 minutes to come up with a tuple  $\langle R, E \rangle$  for a given F/S
- No matter what, your ASN1 grade will change – either going up or going down
- Each student will have at most ONE chance – showing up for more than one time will decrease your ASN1 grade
- Each student shall present UC ID card



# Today's Take-Aways

## → NFRs (cont'd)

- ↳ challenging because broadly scoped, hard to measure ...
- ↳ quality attribute scenarios

## → Modeling is an essential activity of RE

- ↳ why modeling? existing modeling methods are geared more toward late-RE (i.e., design & implementation)

## → To-do

- ↳ Review today's slides
- ↳ Read the “i\* modeling” paper
- ↳ Complete Quiz5 before 11:59pm, Wednesday (9/25)
- ↳ Attend the “i\*” lecture on Friday (9/27) where ASN2 will also be released