

Stats 112 Homework 2

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```
library(nlme)
library(lme4)
```

Problem 1

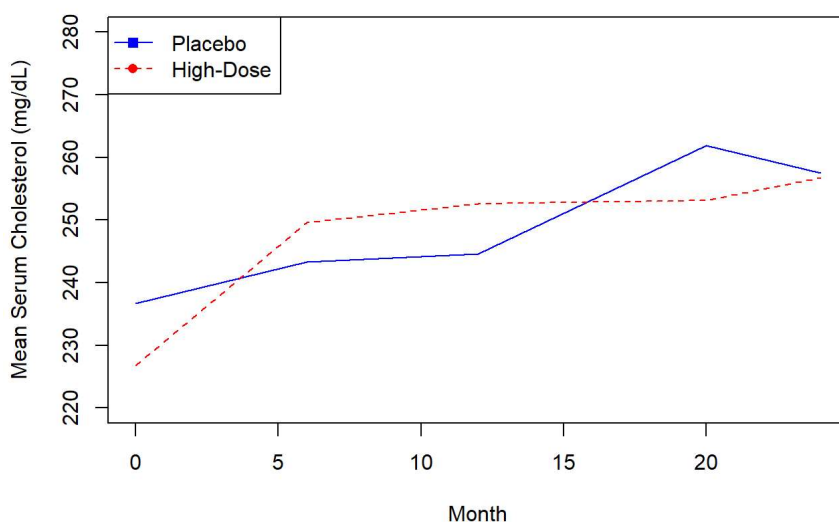
```
setwd("D:\\Coding\\Stats112\\Data")
NCGS = read.table("cholesterol-data.txt", na.strings=".")
# remove observations with na entries
NCGS = NCGS[complete.cases(NCGS), ]
# Give col names
names(NCGS) = c("Trt", "ID", "M0", "M6", "M12", "M20", "M24")
# Label Treatment
NCGS$Trt = factor(NCGS$Trt, levels=c(2,1), labels=c("Placebo","HighDose"))
# convert to long form
NCGS.long = reshape(NCGS, varying=list(3:7), idvar="ID", timevar="Month", times=c(0,6,12,20,24), v.names="Chol", direction="long")
# change month to time 1 2 3 4
NCGS.long$Time = as.numeric(factor(NCGS.long$Month))
```

1a:

For both High Dose and Placebo group, the mean cholesterol level generally goes up as time progresses.

```
means = tapply(NCGS.long$Chol, list(NCGS.long$Month, NCGS.long$Trt), mean)
times = c(0,6,12,20,24)
plot(times, means[,1], type="l", xlab="Month",
      ylab="Mean Serum Cholesterol (mg/dL)",
      ylim=c(220,280), main="Mean Serum Cholesterol Trajectories by Treatment",
      col="blue", lty=1, pch=15)
points(times, means[,2], type="l",
       col="red", lty=2, pch=16)
legend("topleft", c("Placebo", "High-Dose"),
      col=c("blue", "red"), lty=c(1,2), pch=c(15,16))
```

Mean Serum Cholesterol Trajectories by Treatment



1b:

$Y_{ij} = \beta_1 + \beta_2 * Trt_{ij} + \beta_3 * I(Month = 6)_{ij} + \beta_4 * I(Month = 12)_{ij} + \beta_5 * I(Month = 20)_{ij} + \beta_6 * I(Month = 24)_{ij} + \beta_7 * TrtI(Month = 6)_{ij}$
 where $Trt_{ij} = 1$ for HighDose and $= 0$ for Placebo group

```
mod.unst = gls(Chol ~ Trt+factor(Month)+Trt*factor(Month), data=NCGS.long, weight=varIdent(form = ~ 1 | Time),corr=corSymm(,
form = ~ Time | ID))
summary(mod.unst)
```

```
## Generalized least squares fit by REML
## Model: Chol ~ Trt + factor(Month) + Trt * factor(Month)
## Data: NCGS.long
##      AIC      BIC    logLik
## 3234.935 3329.531 -1592.468
##
## Correlation Structure: General
## Formula: ~Time | ID
## Parameter estimate(s):
## Correlation:
##   1    2    3    4
## 2 0.764
## 3 0.748 0.807
## 4 0.758 0.822 0.741
## 5 0.606 0.694 0.704 0.650
## Variance function:
## Structure: Different standard deviations per stratum
## Formula: ~1 | Time
## Parameter estimates:
##   1    2    3    4    5
## 1.000000 0.9411481 0.8717237 0.8636889 1.0036558
##
## Coefficients:
##                                     Value Std. Error  t-value p-value
## (Intercept)                   236.64516   8.941329  26.466441  0.0000
## TrtHighDose                    -9.86738  12.197989  -0.808935  0.4191
## factor(Month)6                   6.67742   5.981019   1.116435  0.2651
## factor(Month)12                  7.90323   6.036859   1.309162  0.1914
## factor(Month)20                 25.25806   5.907502   4.275592  0.0000
## factor(Month)24                 20.83871   7.955291   2.619478  0.0092
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)6      16.15591   8.159458   1.980023  0.0485
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)12    17.93011   8.235637   2.177137  0.0302
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)20    11.10305   8.059164   0.136869  0.8912
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)24    9.10573  10.852810   0.839021  0.4021
##
## Correlation:
##                                     (Intr) TrtHgD fc(M)6 f(M)12 f(M)20 f(M)24 THD:(M)6
## TrtHighDose                      -0.733
## factor(Month)6                   -0.420  0.308
## factor(Month)12                   -0.515  0.378  0.644
## factor(Month)20                   -0.523  0.383  0.665  0.564
## factor(Month)24                   -0.441  0.323  0.553  0.592  0.511
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)6        0.308 -0.420 -0.733 -0.472 -0.487 -0.405
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)12       0.378 -0.515 -0.472 -0.733 -0.413 -0.434  0.644
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)20       0.383 -0.523 -0.487 -0.413 -0.733 -0.375  0.665
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)24       0.323 -0.441 -0.405 -0.434 -0.375 -0.733  0.553
##                                     THD:(M)1 THD:(M)20
## TrtHighDose
## factor(Month)6
## factor(Month)12
## factor(Month)20
## factor(Month)24
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)6
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)12
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)20  0.564
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)24  0.592  0.511
##
## Standardized residuals:
##      Min      Q1      Med      Q3      Max
## -2.32348164 -0.70392520 -0.06752126  0.60899296  3.64289136
##
## Residual standard error: 49.78321
## Degrees of freedom: 335 total; 325 residual
```

1c:

The estimated correlation between time 1 and time 2 is 0.764, whereas the estimated correlation between time 1 and time 5 is 0.606.

1d:

```
mod.ar = gls(Chol ~ Trt+factor(Month)+Trt*factor(Month), data=NCGS.long,corr=corAR1(, form = ~ Time | ID))
summary(mod.ar)
```

```
## Generalized least squares fit by REML
## Model: Chol ~ Trt + factor(Month) + Trt * factor(Month)
## Data: NCGS.long
##      AIC      BIC    logLik
## 3275.724 3321.13 -1625.862
##
## Correlation Structure: AR(1)
## Formula: ~Time | ID
## Parameter estimate(s):
##      Phi
## 0.7550983
##
## Coefficients:
##              Value Std.Error   t-value p-value
## (Intercept) 236.64516  8.589057 27.551938  0.0000
## TrtHighDose  -9.86738 11.717410 -0.842113  0.4003
## factor(Month)6    6.67742  6.011133  1.110842  0.2675
## factor(Month)12    7.90323  7.963557  0.992424  0.3217
## factor(Month)20   25.25806  9.166282  2.755541  0.0062
## factor(Month)24   20.83871  9.978859  2.088286  0.0376
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)6 16.15591  8.200541  1.970103  0.0497
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)12 17.93011 10.864087  1.650402  0.0998
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)20  1.10305 12.504875  0.088209  0.9298
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)24  9.10573 13.613414  0.668880  0.5040
##
## Correlation:
##              (Intr) TrtHgD fc(M)6 f(M)12 f(M)20 f(M)24 THD:(M)6
## TrtHighDose -0.733
## factor(Month)6 -0.350 0.257
## factor(Month)12 -0.464 0.340 0.662
## factor(Month)20 -0.534 0.391 0.515 0.762
## factor(Month)24 -0.581 0.426 0.431 0.627 0.806
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)6 0.257 -0.350 -0.733 -0.486 -0.377 -0.316
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)12 0.340 -0.464 -0.486 -0.733 -0.559 -0.459 0.662
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)20 0.391 -0.534 -0.377 -0.559 -0.733 -0.591 0.515
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)24 0.426 -0.581 -0.316 -0.459 -0.591 -0.733 0.431
##              THD:(M)1 THD:(M)20
## TrtHighDose
## factor(Month)6
## factor(Month)12
## factor(Month)20
## factor(Month)24
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)6
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)12
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)20 0.762
## TrtHighDose:factor(Month)24 0.627 0.806
##
## Standardized residuals:
##      Min      Q1      Med      Q3      Max
## -2.1187510 -0.6658150 -0.0607092  0.6090313  3.7923012
##
## Residual standard error: 47.82185
## Degrees of freedom: 335 total; 325 residual
```

1e:

The estimated correlation between time 1 and time 2 is 0.755, whereas the estimated correlation between time 1 and time 5 is $0.755^4 = 0.325$.

1f:

I would go with the model in part b (the unstructured model) because it has a lower AIC.

1g:

H₀: unstructured model is better.

H_a: ar(1) model is better.

p-value: <0.0001

Conclusion: We reject null and conclude that ar(1) model is better, which does not agree with the conclusion in part 1f.

```
anova(mod.ar, mod.unst)
```

```
##      Model df      AIC      BIC    logLik  Test  L.Ratio p-value
## mod.ar    1 12 3275.724 3321.130 -1625.862
## mod.unst  2 25 3234.935 3329.531 -1592.468 1 vs 2 66.78882 <.0001
```

1h:

```
mod.h = gls(Chol ~ Trt + as.numeric(Month) + Trt:as.numeric(Month), data=NCGS.long, weight=varIdent(form = ~ 1 | Time), corr=
corSymm(, form = ~ Time | ID), method = "ML")
summary(mod.h)
```

```
## Generalized least squares fit by maximum likelihood
## Model: Chol ~ Trt + as.numeric(Month) + Trt:as.numeric(Month)
## Data: NCGS.long
##      AIC      BIC    logLik
## 3289.222 3361.691 -1625.611
##
## Correlation Structure: General
## Formula: ~Time | ID
## Parameter estimate(s):
## Correlation:
##   1    2    3    4
## 2 0.733
## 3 0.721 0.805
## 4 0.753 0.812 0.728
## 5 0.600 0.685 0.700 0.643
## Variance function:
## Structure: Different standard deviations per stratum
## Formula: ~1 | Time
## Parameter estimates:
##      1      2      3      4      5
## 1.000000 0.9346032 0.8645644 0.8553447 0.9925740
##
## Coefficients:
##              Value Std.Error   t-value p-value
## (Intercept)    235.01569   8.231686  28.550127  0.0000
## TrtHighDose      2.55243  11.229876   0.227289  0.8203
## as.numeric(Month)  1.10902   0.227205   4.881125  0.0000
## TrtHighDose:as.numeric(Month) -0.23633   0.309959  -0.762467  0.4463
##
## Correlation:
##              (Intr) TrtHgD as.(M)
## TrtHighDose      -0.733
## as.numeric(Month) -0.503  0.369
## TrtHighDose:as.numeric(Month)  0.369 -0.503 -0.733
##
## Standardized residuals:
##      Min      Q1      Med      Q3      Max
## -2.24019615 -0.72053361 -0.04057246  0.66651870  3.68317427
##
## Residual standard error: 49.68114
## Degrees of freedom: 335 total; 331 residual
```

1i:

$$Y_{ij} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 * Trt_{ij} + \beta_2 * t_{ij} + \beta_3 * t_{ij}^2 + \beta_4 * Trt_{ij}t_{ij} + \beta_5 * Trt_{ij}t_{ij}^2 + \epsilon_i$$

```
Month2 = as.numeric(NCGS.long$Month)^2
mod.exp = gls(Chol ~ Trt + as.numeric(Month) + Trt*as.numeric(Month) + Month2 + Trt*Month2, data=NCGS.long, weight=varIdent
(form = ~ 1 | Time),corr=corSymm(, form = ~ Time | ID), method="ML")
summary(mod.exp)
```

```
## Generalized least squares fit by maximum likelihood
## Model: Chol ~ Trt + as.numeric(Month) + Trt * as.numeric(Month) + Month2 + Trt * Month2
## Data: NCGS.long
## AIC BIC logLik
## 3285.172 3365.269 -1621.586
##
## Correlation Structure: General
## Formula: ~Time | ID
## Parameter estimate(s):
## Correlation:
## 1 2 3 4
## 2 0.757
## 3 0.746 0.801
## 4 0.757 0.817 0.735
## 5 0.596 0.693 0.701 0.637
## Variance function:
## Structure: Different standard deviations per stratum
## Formula: ~1 | Time
## Parameter estimates:
## 1 2 3 4 5
## 1.0000000 0.9438417 0.8721044 0.8653080 1.0095773
##
## Coefficients:
## Value Std.Error t-value p-value
## (Intercept) 235.78493 8.747582 26.954297 0.0000
## TrtHighDose -6.18577 11.933674 -0.518346 0.6046
## as.numeric(Month) 0.90435 0.801812 1.127880 0.2602
## Month2 0.00857 0.032181 0.266241 0.7902
## TrtHighDose:as.numeric(Month) 2.08861 1.093853 1.909407 0.0571
## TrtHighDose:Month2 -0.09733 0.043902 -2.216895 0.0273
##
## Correlation:
## (Intr) TrtHgD as.(M) Month2 THD:.(
## TrtHighDose -0.733
## as.numeric(Month) -0.452 0.331
## Month2 0.330 -0.242 -0.959
## TrtHighDose:as.numeric(Month) 0.331 -0.452 -0.733 0.703
## TrtHighDose:Month2 -0.242 0.330 0.703 -0.733 -0.959
##
## Standardized residuals:
## Min Q1 Med Q3 Max
## -2.24386428 -0.69095535 -0.02248774 0.67814551 3.71247054
##
## Residual standard error: 49.08189
## Degrees of freedom: 335 total; 329 residual
```

1j:
The model in part i (with quadratic terms) fit the data better based on likelihood ratio test at 95% confident level.

```
anova(mod.h, mod.exp)
```

##	Model	df	AIC	BIC	logLik	Test	L.Ratio	p-value
##	mod.h	1 19	3289.222	3361.691	-1625.611			
##	mod.exp	2 21	3285.172	3365.269	-1621.586	1 vs 2	8.050406	0.0179

Problem 2

- 2a:
The marginal mean (population expectation) cholesterol level for a male subject on day 20 is $\beta_0 + \beta_1 * 20 + \beta_2 * 1$
- 2b:
The conditional mean (conditional expectation) cholesterol level for a male subject on day 20 is $\beta_0 + \beta_1 * 20 + \beta_2 * 1 + b_{0,i} + b_{1,i} * 20$
- 2c:
The difference in marginal mean cholesterol levels between a male subject on day 20 and a female subject on day 20 is $\beta_2 * 1$
- 2d:
The difference in conditional mean cholesterol levels between a male subject on day 20 and a female subject on day 20 is $\beta_2 * 1 + b_{0,i1} + b_{1,i1} * 20 - b_{0,i2} - b_{1,i2} * 20$
where i1 represent a male subject and i2 represent a female subject
- 2e:
For different individual, they could start with a different level of cholesterol, this is captured in random intercept ($b_{0,i}$). Similarly, the change in cholesterol level varies for different individual, this is captured in random slope ($b_{1,i}$).

Problem 3

3a:

$$E(\bar{Y}_i|X) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 * \bar{x}_{1i} + \beta_2 * \bar{x}_{2i}$$

3b:

We should weight the variance of each instructor's average rating by the number of raters because $var(\bar{Y}_i) = \frac{1}{n_i} * var(Y_{ij})$

```
library(alr4)
data(Rateprof)
gls = gls(quality ~ easiness + helpfulness, data = Rateprof)
coef(gls)
```

```
## (Intercept)    easiness helpfulness
## 0.009125009 0.019386786 0.965371707
```