LIS - Longest increasing subsequence

| Array's member | 29 | 6 | 14 | 31 | 39 | 78 | 63 | 50 | 13 | 65 | 61 | 62 | 19 | 64 | 20 | 70 | 43 | 84 | 35 | 98 |
|-------------------|----|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Index | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |

LIS =
$$\{6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64, 70, 84, 98\}$$

$$A_{i+1} > A_i$$

Problem: Given sequence $X = \langle x_1, x_2, ..., x_n \rangle$, find the longest subsequence $Z = \langle z_1, z_2, ..., z_k \rangle$ that is $z_{i+1} > z_i$.

A subsequence is a subset of elements from the sequence with strictly increasing order (not necessarily contiguous).

1. Dynamic Programming

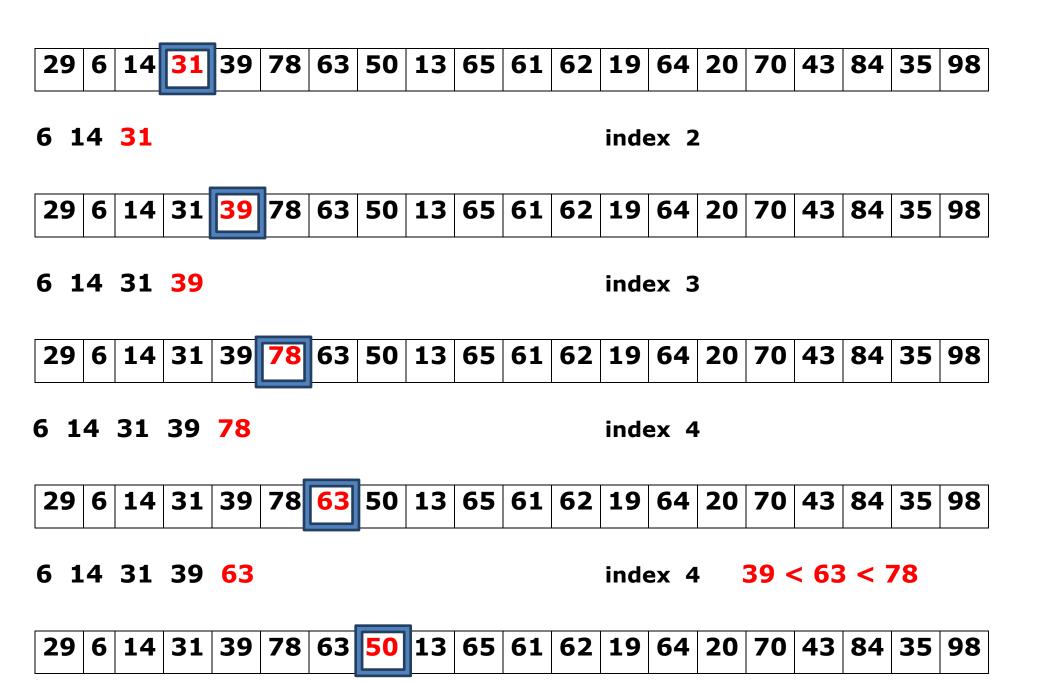
תכנון דינמי

LIS dynamic programming (length of subsequence).

index 0

6 index 0

6 14 index 1



6 14 31 39 50

index 4 39 < 50 < 63

29 6 14 31 39 78 63 50 <mark>13</mark> 65 61 62 19 64 20 70 43 84 35 98

6 **13** 31 39 50

index 1

29 6 14 31 39 78 63 50 13 65 61 62 19 64 20 70 43 84 35 98

6 13 31 39 50 65

index 5

29 6 14 31 39 78 63 50 13 65 <mark>61</mark> 62 19 64 20 70 43 84 35 98

6 13 31 39 50 61

index 5 50 < 61 < 65

 29
 6
 14
 31
 39
 78
 63
 50
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 62
 19
 64
 20
 70
 43
 84
 35
 98

6 13 31 39 50 61 62

index 6

14 31 39 78 63 50 13 65 61 62 19 64 20 70 43 84 98 13 **19** 39 50 61 62 index 2 65 61 62 19 <mark>64</mark> 20 70 43 84 35 98 **50** | **13** | 78 63 14 31 39 13 19 39 50 61 62 64 index 7 29 | 6 | 14 | 31 | 39 | 78 | 63 | 50 | 13 | 65 | 61 | 62 | 19 | 64 | 20 | 70 | 43 | 84 | 35 | 98 13 19 **20** 50 61 62 64 index 3 6 | 14 | 31 | 39 | 78 | 63 | 50 | 13 | 43 84 35 | 65 | 61 | 62 | 19 | 64 | 20 <mark>| 70</mark> | 98 29 13 19 20 50 61 62 64 70 index 8 65 61 62 19 64 20 70 43 84 35 98 6 | 14 | 31 | 39 | 78 | 63 | 50 | 13 | 29

6 13 19 20 43 61 62 64 70

index 4

29 6 14 31 39 78 63 50 13 65 61 62 19 64 20 70 43 84 35 98

6 13 19 20 43 61 62 64 70 84 index 9

29 6 14 31 39 78 63 50 13 65 61 62 19 64 20 70 43 84 35 98

6 13 19 20 35 61 62 64 70 84 index 4

29 | 6 | 14 | 31 | 39 | 78 | 63 | 50 | 13 | 65 | 61 | 62 | 19 | 64 | 20 | 70 | 43 | 84 | 35 <mark>| 98</mark>

6 13 19 20 35 61 62 64 70 84 98 index 10

6 13 19 20 35 61 62 64 70 84 98

6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64, 70, 84, 98

LIS dynamic programming

6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64, 70, 84, 98

int binarySearchBetweenArr(int []arr, int end, int value)

Pseudeocode:

```
low = 0
high = end
if (value < arr[0]) return 0</pre>
if (value > arr[end])     return end+1
Loop ( low <= high )
   loop begin
   middle = (low + high)/2
   if (low == high)
           return low
   else
       if ( arr[middle] == value)
           return middle
       if ( arr[middle] < value)</pre>
           high = middle
       else
          low = middle+1
   loop end
return -1
```

int binarySearchBetweenMat(int [][]arr, int end, int value)

Pseudeocode:

```
low = 0
high = end
if (value < arr[0][0])
                        return 0
if (value > arr[end][end])          return end+1
Loop ( low <= high )
   loop begin
   middle = (low + high)/2
   if (low == high)
          return low
   else
       if ( arr[middle][middle] == value)
          return middle
       if ( arr[middle][middle] > value)
                     high = middle
       else
          low = middle+1
```

loop end return -1

int LISLength(int [] arr)

Pseudeocode:

```
size = length of arr
array d[size]
d[0] = arr[0]
end = 0
Loop ( i from 1 to size step 1 )
   loop begin
   index = binarySearchBetweenArr(d, end, arr[i])
   d[index] = arr[i]
   if (index > end)
       end = end + 1
   loop end
return end+1
```

int[] LIS2(int [] arr) **Pseudeocode:** size = length of arr array mat[size][size] mat[0][0] = arr[0]end = 0Loop (i from 1 to size step 1) loop begin index = binarySearchBetweenMat(d, end, arr[i]) mat[index][index] = arr[i] Loop (j from 0 to index step 1) loop begin mat[index][j] = mat[index-1][j] loop end mat[index][index] = arr[i]

if (index>end)

```
end = end + 1
loop end
array ans[end+1]
Loop ( j from 0 to index step 1 )
  loop begin
  ans[j] = mat[end][j]
return ans
```

[6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64, 70, 84, 98]

```
[29, 6, 14, 31, 39, 78, 63, 50, 13, 65, 61, 62, 19, 64, 20, 70, 43, 84, 35, 98]
                 public static int[] LIS2(int [] arr)
pseudocode:
size = arr.length
mat [size][ size]
end = 0
Loop (i from 1 to size -1 step 1)
   index = binarySearchBetweenMat(mat, end, arr[i])
   mat[index][index] = arr[i];
   Loop (j from 0 to index step 1)
       mat[index][j]=mat[index-1][j]
   loop end
```

if (index > end)

end = end + 1

loop end

ans[end+1]

Build ans

| index = 0 | mat[0][0] | = | 6 |
|------------|-------------|---|----|
| index = 1 | mat[1][1] | = | 14 |
| index = 2 | mat[2][2] | = | 31 |
| index = 3 | mat[3][3] | = | 39 |
| index = 4 | mat[4][4] | = | 78 |
| index = 4 | mat[4][4] | = | 63 |
| index = 4 | mat[4][4] | = | 50 |
| index = 1 | mat[1][1] | = | 13 |
| index = 5 | mat[5][5] | = | 65 |
| index = 5 | mat[5][5] | = | 61 |
| index = 6 | mat[6][6] | = | 62 |
| index = 2 | mat[2][2] | = | 19 |
| index = 7 | mat[7][7] | = | 64 |
| index = 3 | mat[3][3] | = | 20 |
| index = 8 | mat[8][8] | = | 70 |
| index = 4 | mat[4][4] | = | 43 |
| index = 9 | mat[9][9] | = | 84 |
| index = 4 | mat[4][4] | = | 35 |
| index = 10 | mat[10][10] | = | 98 |

```
index = 0 \quad mat[0][0] = 29
mat.length = 20
end = 0
```

 $index = 1 \quad mat[1][1] = 14$

end = 1

mat.length = 20

index = 2 mat[2][2] = 31

end = 2

mat.length = 20

index = 3 mat[3][3] = 39

end = 3

mat.length = 20

index = 4 mat[4][4] = 78

end = 4

mat.length = 20

index = 4 mat[4][4] = 63mat.length = 20

index = 4 mat[4][4] = 50mat.length = 20

 $index = 1 \quad mat[1][1] = 13$ mat.length = 20

index = 5 mat[5][5] = 65

end = 5

mat.length = 20

index = 6 mat[6][6] = 62

end = 6

mat.length = 20

index = 7 mat[7][7] = 64end = 7

mat.length = 20

6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,

index = 8 mat[8][8] = 70

end = 8

mat.length = 20

6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, **6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64, 70**, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,

 $index = 9 \quad mat[9][9] = 84$

end = 9

mat.length = 20

- **6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64**, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,

```
6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64, 70, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64, 70, 84, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
index = 4 \quad mat[4][4] = 35
mat.length = 20
```

6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,

```
index = 10 \quad mat[10][10] = 98
end = 10
mat.length = 20
6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64, 70, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64, 70, 84, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64, 70, 84, 98, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
```

RESULT:

6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64, 70, 84, 98, [6, 14, 31, 39, 50, 61, 62, 64, 70, 84, 98]