OS Cheat Sheet | Reduced Version | v1.1

	Character		acea version v1.1		comman	ıds;			-a : appends history to bash history file
&	Background job			case case expression in					-d X : deletes the command with index X from history
~	# Comment			case		case expression in pattern1) commands ;;		sleep	Delay the execution of a script.
!					pattern2 *) comm	?) commands	;;;	<num_time></num_time>	Num_time: Xs : delay for X second(s) (default)
					esac	unus ,,			Xm : delay for X minute(s)
<	Redirect input		while		ndition; do			Xh : delay for X hour(s)	
>	Redirect output		done		nmands; ne		man	Opens the manual pages for the	
>> 	Redirect output + append to file Redirect (pipe) output to next command		until until cond		dition; do		<command/>	<command/> .	
1	Separator for pathname directories		directories	commands; done				ls <options> <path></path></options>	List the files and directories in the current working directory or given path.
;	; Separator for shell commands		Arrays					Options:	
[] {}	Start and end a character-set wildcard Start and end a command block		Arr_name=('el1' ' el2' 'el3') define			define		-l : list detailed view for files -a : show all files, even hidden	
()	Start and end a subshell							-alp : ???	
*) Perform arithmetic Wildcard		Arr_name[index]		Element #index	pwd	Display the current working directory.		
?	Wildcard – single character		Arr_name[-1]			Last element	cd <directory></directory>	Change the current working directory.	
\$			Arr_name[@]		All elements, space-		<pre><directory>: '/path' : changes directory to path</directory></pre>		
n>&m	Escape a special character n>&m Descriptor n is a copy of ouput file descriptor m		#Arr_name[@]			separated Array length		"": changes to parent directory of the	
n<&m	Descripto	or n is a copy of	input file descriptor m						current one '~username': changes to home
String Operators		#Arr_name[index]		String length of the Nth element		directory for username			
	ne:-word} ne:=word}		ns word and returns word	Arr_name	e[@]:m:n		Range (from position		'-' : changes to previous working directory used
\${varnam	ne:?messag	ge} Print:	s message and exits	!Arr_nam	ല് തി		m, length n Keys of all elements	mkdir	Creates new directory. <directory> can</directory>
	ne:offset:le ne:+word}		ns substring name is defined, return					<directory></directory>	be: 'd1' : creates new directory called d1
Şįvariiaii	ie.+woru;	word	name is defined, return	Arr_name "newElen	e=("\${Arr_n nent")	name[@]}"	Push		'd1' 'd2' 'd3' : creates more directories
		operators			+=('newEle	ement')	Also Push		in the current one -p 'd1/d2': creates d1 and another
\${varnam	ne#pattern	}	Match first from the start	unset Arr	_name[n]		Remove one item		-p 'd1/d2' : creates d1 and another directory d2 as d1's child
\${varnan	ne##patter	n }	Match last from the					rmdir <directory></directory>	Works the same as mkdir, but it deletes the directory if it is empty.
Élvarnan	ne%patterr	.1	start Match first from the	Dictiona				cat <file></file>	Display the contents of the file on the
Şįvariiaii	ie zopatteri	ı,	end	declare -	A dict	Def	ine		terminal. <file>:</file>
\${varnam	ne/pattern	/replace}	Match longest and replace	dict[key]="value" Define			ine value of a key		'file.txt' : displays file.txt 'f1.txt' 'f2.txt' : displays files
\${varnan	ne//patteri	n/replace}	Match all and replace	dict[key] Value o		ue of a key		-n 'file.txt' : displays file.txt with	
Variable				dict[@a]			values		numbered lines
\$0, \$1, \$2		sitional parame	ters				more, less, od,	More and less are both text viewers, od	
\$@ \$*	"\$1" "\$2" "\$3" A string of positional params > 0		#dict[@] All keys #dict[@] Number		keys		gives octal output and hexdump hexadecimal.		
\$#	Number of positional params				nber of elements		File editors. Use 'man file_editor' to		
	\$? Exit status of last command run		command run	unset dict[key] Delete the		ete the key	nano cp <source/>	learn how to use them. Copy files or directories from source to	
Function define		function myfur	ction { }	Lleeful C				<destination></destination>	destination.
	define function myfunction { } or			Useful Commands				cp file /path : copy file to path cp –r directory /path : copy directory	
call		myfunction () { } myfunction arg1 arg2		type <cm< td=""><td></td><td colspan="2">Determine type of command: -a; displays all the locations</td><td></td><td>with all its contents to path</td></cm<>		Determine type of command: -a; displays all the locations			with all its contents to path
		local – limit var scope		builtin <c< td=""><td></td><td colspan="2">Run builtin commands explicitly</td><td>mv <source/> <destination></destination></td><td>Moves files or directories from source to destination.</td></c<>		Run builtin commands explicitly		mv <source/> <destination></destination>	Moves files or directories from source to destination.
If / else	condition	ıs		which <cr< td=""><td>nd> L</td><td>Locate the e</td><td>xecutable of a command:</td><td>- acstillation</td><td>mv file /path : move file to path</td></cr<>	nd> L	Locate the e	xecutable of a command:	- acstillation	mv file /path : move file to path
x && y		If x runs, the			-	-a; show all	locations		mv directory /path : move directory to path
x y x -a y		If x fails, then run y x AND y		clear	(Clear the terminal screen			mv file.txt newfile.txt : renames file.txt
х -о у		x OR y				Print message to terminal screen: -e; uses escape sequences like (\n =		rm <options></options>	to newfile.txt Remove or delete files from directories.
-lt, -le, -eq, -gt, - ge, -ne		Integer comparisons				newline, \t =		<file></file>	Options:
=, !=, <, >		String comparisons					s automatic newline after		-r: recursive -f: force the removal
-n str1 -z str1		str1 has length > 0 (nonzero) str1 has length 0 (zero)		printf <format></format>		Print messages to terminal screen.		head < options>	Display the beginning of a text file.
-d file		File exists and is a directory		<variables></variables>		Formatting b		<file(s)></file(s)>	-n X: specify the number of lines
-e file		File exists		%s – String %-Xs – String		wide X chars, left aligned	tail <options></options>	-c X: displays X bytes and not lines Display the last few lines of a text file.	
-f file -r file		File exists and is a regular file User has read permission on file		%Xs – String wid		wide X chars, right aligned	<file(s)></file(s)>	Counterpart to 'head'.	
-s file		File exists and is non empty				%d – Integer %f – Float	(%-Xd, %Xd)		-n X: specify the number of lines -c X: displays X bytes, not lines
-w file -x file		User has write permission on file User has execute permission on file,		%.Xf - Round to		to X decimal spaces	cut <options></options>	-c X: specify positions to cut (1-5 file.txt	
		or search if directory		<pre><+format></pre>		date and time. Formats	<file></file>	wil extract first five from lines) -f X: specify the fields to extract	
-N file File was modified -O file User owns file		lified since it was left read	%Y - Year, %m - month, %d - day, %H -			ites, %S – seconds, sort <options></options>	-d X: specify the delimiter for cut		
-O file -G file		File's group ID matches the user's					minutes, %S – seconds, se for full name) %a –	Sort the lines of a text file alr: reverse the lines order (Z-A)	
		group ID				DayOfTheWo	eek, (%B) %b - Month		-n: perform numerical sort instead
file1 -nt file2		file1 has newer modification time than file2				Options (-d "yesterday"): "yesterday", "next Monday",			-u: outputs only the unique lines -f: ignore cases
Flow co	ntrol sent			read < opt	ions> F		rom user or file and store	shuf <options></options>	Generate random permutations.
if	if condition; then			<variable></variable>			(read var1). Options:	<file></file>	-n X: Outputs at most X lines.
command		nds;				-p "Text" : print before input -a : store the input in array			-o FILE: Writes the output to file -r: allow repeated samples
for		for ((init; condition; increment)); do				Display the command history for that		nl <options> <file></file></options>	Add line numbers to a file or input
101		ands;		<options> sessio</options>		caccion Ont		<tiie></tiie>	stream.
101	comma done	nds;		торионы	-	-c : clear the		uniq <options></options>	Removes all consecutive lines. Options:

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	-c : also counts the amount of duplicates	mkdir(path, mode)	Create new directory.
	-i : ignores the case -d : outputs only duplicates	rmdir(path)	Remove or delete an empty dir
ann efiles	-u : outputs only the unique	symlink(target, linkpath)	Create soft link / symbolic link. Linkpath references to target
rev <file></file>	Reverse the characters in each line of the input stream or file	readlink(path,	Read value of a symbolic link.
tr <options> <set1> <set2></set2></set1></options>	Translate or delete characters. Set1 is translated to Set2.	<pre>buffer, buf_size) getuid(), setuid(),</pre>	Get parameters:
<file></file>	-d : removes the characters	getgid(), setgid(),	UID – user ID, GID – group ID,
wc <options></options>	-c : complement the Set1 Counts the number of lines, words,	geteuid(),getegid() fork()	EUID – effective user ID Create a new process by duplicating
<file></file>	bytes. Options: -I : only counts the lines		the existing process. Returns pid_t -> 0 = child
	-w : only counts the words	exec()	Replace the current process with a
grep <options></options>	-c : only counts the bytes Search for specific pattern or regular		new process. execl(), execle(): take program name
<pattern> <file></file></pattern>	expression. Options: -i : ignore case		and a list of arguments execv(), execvp(): take program name
	-v: invert the match (print only the		and an array of arguments execve(): similar to execvp() but you
	lines not matching the pattern) -w: match only whole words		can specify environment vars
	-n : print the line numbers for each	wait(int* status)	Make the parent process wait until one of its child processes terminates.
	-r : search recursively through	waitpid(pid,	Wait for specific process with pid to
shift <x></x>	directories Shift the positional parameters to the	status) exit(x)	terminate. Terminate the current process and
jobs <options></options>	left. X is number of positions to shift. Display a list of jobs that are currently	getpid(),	return exit status x. Retrieve process ID,
jous toptions	running in the background or are	getppid()	retrieve parent process ID
	suspendedl : also displays PID of a job -p : displays only the PIDs	sleep(x)	Suspend the execution of a program for x seconds.
	-r : displays the running jobs -s : displays the stopped jobs	pipe(int pipefd[2])	Create an interprocess communication pipe.
fg <jid></jid>	Bring a job that is running in the		pipefd[0]: file descriptor for read
bg <jid></jid>	background to the foreground. Start a suspended job in the	kill(pid, sig)	pipefd[1]: file descriptor for write Kill a signal to a specified process(es).
disown	background. Remove jobs from shell's job control.	signal()	Specify the action to be taken when a
% <jid></jid>	(disown %2 : removes job with JID 2) Display the resource limits of the		particular signal is received by a process.
ulimit < options>	current shell and its children.	USERS AND DOCL	
PROGRAMMING	-a : displas all current limits	whoami	Display the username of the current
systall(v)		id	user Display the user and group
syscall(x,)	Make system calls in a program. x: System call number	id groups <user></user>	Display the user and group
	Make system calls in a program. x: System call number: Arguments required for system call x	groups <user></user>	Display the user and group Display the groups to which current user or <user> belongs</user>
syscall(x,) perror(char* str)	Make system calls in a program. x: System call number: Arguments required for system call x Print a descriptive error message to	groups <user> passwd <options> <username></username></options></user>	Display the user and group Display the groups to which current user or <user> belongs Change or update the password of a user account</user>
perror(char* str) open(path, flags,	Make system calls in a program. x: System call number Arguments required for system call x Print a descriptive error message to stderr Open or create new files. Flags:	groups <user> passwd <options></options></user>	Display the user and group Display the groups to which current user or <user> belongs Change or update the password of a</user>
perror(char* str)	Make system calls in a program. x: System call number: Arguments required for system call x Print a descriptive error message to stderr Open or create new files. Flags: O_RDONLY: read only O_WRONLY: write only	groups <user> passwd <options> <username></username></options></user>	Display the user and group Display the groups to which current user or ruser's belongs Change or update the password of a user account Variable, holds user id Variable, holds the absolute path to
perror(char* str) open(path, flags,	Make system calls in a program. x: System call number: Arguments required for system call x Print a descriptive error message to stderr Open or create new files. Flags: O_RDONLY: read only	groups <user> passwd <options> <username> \$UID \$HOME sudo <options></options></username></options></user>	Display the user and group Display the groups to which current user or - cuser's belongs Change or update the password of a user account Variable, holds user id Variable, holds the absolute path to current user's home dir Execute commands with elevated
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perror(char* str) open(path, flags, mode) close(fd) read(fd, *buffer, x) write(fd, *buffer, x)	Make system calls in a program. x: System call number Arguments required for system call x Print a descriptive error message to stderr Open or create new files. Flags: O_RDONLY: read only O_WRONLY: write only O_RDWR: reading and writing O_CREAT: create file if not exist O_TRUNC: truncate file to 0 len Close the file descriptor fd Read data from a file or file descriptor fd. Stores read data to buffer and read x bytes. Write x bytes from buffer to file descriptor fd.	groups <user> passwd <options> <username> \$UID \$HOME sudo <options> <command/> su <options> <username> useradd, userdel, usermod groupadd, groupdel, groupmod In -s <target></target></username></options></options></username></options></user>	Display the user and group Display the groups to which current user or Lister Change or update the password of a user account Variable, holds user id Variable, holds the absolute path to current user's home dir Execute commands with elevated privileges Switch to user <username> Create new user, delete an user, modify user account Create new group, delete a group, modify group Create soft link with link_name that</username>
perror(char* str) open(path, flags, mode) close(fd) read(fd, *buffer, x) write(fd, *buffer, x) printt()	Make system calls in a program. x: System call number Arguments required for system call x Print a descriptive error message to stderr Open or create new files. Flags: O, RDONLY: read only O, WRONLY: write only O, RDWR: reading and writing O_CREAT: create file if not exist O, TRUNC: truncate file to 0 len Close the file descriptor fd Read data from a file or file descriptor fd. Stores read data to buffer and read x bytes. Write x bytes from buffer to file descriptor fd. Format and print data to stdout	groups <user> passwd <options> <username> \$UID \$HOME sudo <options> <command/> su <options> <username> susernadd, userdel, usernadd groupadd, groupdel, groupmod In -s <target> clink_name> In <target></target></target></username></options></options></username></options></user>	Display the user and group Display the groups to which current user or <user> belongs Change or update the password of a user account Variable, holds user id Variable, holds the absolute path to current user's home dir Execute commands with elevated privileges Switch to user <username> Create new user, delete an user, modify user account Create new group, delete a group, modify group</username></user>
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perror(char* str) open(path, flags, mode) close(fd) read(fd, *buffer, x) write(fd, *buffer, x) printf() dup(oldfd) dup2(oldfd,	Make system calls in a program. x: System call number: Arguments required for system call x Print a descriptive error message to stderr Open or create new files. Flags: O_RDONLY: read only O_WRONLY: write only O_RONLY: write only O_RTRUNC: treate file if not exist O_TRUNC: truncate file to 0 len Close the file descriptor fd Read data from a file or file descriptor fd. Stores read data to buffer and read x bytes. Write x bytes from buffer to file descriptor fd. Format and print data to stdout Duplicate an existing file descriptor oldfd to a new one	groups <user> passwd <options> <username> \$UID \$HOME sudo <options> <command/> su <options> <username> useradd, userdel, usernadd groupdel, groupdel, groupmod In -s <target> kink_name> In <target> clink_name> readlink dink_name></target></target></username></options></options></username></options></user>	Display the user and group Display the groups to which current user or <user> belongs Change or update the password of a user account Variable, holds the absolute path to current user's home dir Execute commands with elevated privileges Switch to user <user> cusername> Create new user, delete an user, modify user account Create new group, delete a group, modify group Create soft link with link_name that refers to target file or dir Create hard link or directory links. Display the target of a symbolic link</user></user>
perror(char* str) open(path, flags, mode) close(fd) read(fd, *buffer, x) write(fd, *buffer, x) printf() dup(oldfd) dup2(oldfd, newfd)	Make system calls in a program. x: System call number: Arguments required for system call x Print a descriptive error message to stderr Open or create new files. Flags: O, RDONLY: read only O, WRONLY: write only O, BNOWR: reading and writing O_CREAT: create file if not exist O_TRUNC: truncate file to 0 len Close the file descriptor fd Read data from a file or file descriptor fd. Stores read data to buffer and read x bytes. Write x bytes from buffer to file descriptor fd. Format and print data to stdout Duplicate an existing file descriptor oldfd to a new one Duplicate an existing file descriptor oldfd to a specified file descriptor number newfd	groups <user> passwd <options> <username> \$UID \$HOME sudo <options> <command/> su <options> <username> susernadd, userdel, userdel, userdel, groupadd, groupdel, groupmod In -s <target> <link_name> In <target> <link_name> chown <username> clink_name> chown <username> clink_name> chown <username> chown <username> clink_name> chown <username> clink_name> chown <username> chown <username> clink_name> chown <username> chown <username> clink_name> chown <username> clink_name> chown <username> chown <username> clink_name> clink_name> chown <username> clink_name> clin</username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></username></link_name></target></link_name></target></username></options></options></username></options></user>	Display the user and group Display the groups to which current user or cuser's belongs Change or update the password of a user account Variable, holds user id Variable, holds the absolute path to current user's home dir Execute commands with elevated privileges Switch to user <username> Create new user, delete an user, modify user account Create new group, delete a group, modify group Create soft link with link_name that refers to target file or dir Create hard link or directory links. Display the target of a symbolic link Change the ownership of files or dirs. cuser> and <username group> represents new </username</username>
perror(char* str) open(path, flags, mode) close(fd) read(fd, *buffer, x) write(fd, *buffer, x) printf() dup(oldfd) dup2(oldfd,	Make system calls in a program. x: System call number: Arguments required for system call x Print a descriptive error message to stderr Open or create new files. Flags: O_RDONLY: read only O_WRONLY: write only O_RTRAT: create file if not exist O_TRUNC: truncate file to 0 len Close the file descriptor fd Read data from a file or file descriptor fd. Stores read data to buffer and read x bytes. Write x bytes from buffer to file descriptor fd. Thore is the file descriptor fd. Stores read data to buffer and read x bytes. Write x bytes from buffer to file descriptor id. Thore is an existing file descriptor oldfd to a new one Duplicate an existing file descriptor oldfd to a specified file descriptor	groups <user> passwd <options> <username> \$UID \$HOME sudo <options> <command/> su <options> <username> useradd, userdel, usernade groupadd, groupdel, groupdel, groupdel, ln target dink_name> In target dink_name> chown <user> chown <user> clink_name> chown <user></user> clink_name> chow</user></user></username></options></options></username></options></user>	Display the user and group Display the groups to which current user or <u> <u> <u> <u> <u> <u> <u> <u></u></u></u></u></u></u></u></u>
perror(char* str) open(path, flags, mode) close(fd) read(fd, *buffer, x) write(fd, *buffer, x) printf() dup(oldfd) dup2(oldfd, newfd) rename(oldname, newname) link(oldpath,	Make system calls in a program. x: System call number: Arguments required for system call x Print a descriptive error message to stderr Open or create new files, Flags: O_RDONIY: read only O_WRONLY: write only O_RONDY: read only O_RTRAIT: create file if not exist O_TRUNC: truncate file to 0 len Close the file descriptor fd Read data from a file or file descriptor fd. Stores read data to buffer and read x bytes. Write x bytes from buffer to file descriptor fd. Format and print data to stdout Duplicate an existing file descriptor oldfd to a new one Duplicate an existing file descriptor oldfd to a specified file descriptor oldfectory. Create a new hard link to an existing	groups <user> passwd <options> <username> \$UID \$HOME sudo <options> <command/> su <options> <username> susernadd, userdel, userdel, userdel, userdel, userdel, userdel, userdel, userdel, userdel, usernadd froupadd, groupdel, groupmed In -s <target> </target></username></options></options></username></options></user>	Display the user and group Display the groups to which current user or -user-belongs Change or update the password of a user account Variable, holds user id Variable, holds the absolute path to current user's home dir Execute commands with elevated privileges Switch to user <username> Create new user, delete an user, modify user account Create new group, delete a group, modify group Create soft link with link_name that refers to target file or dir Create have user, delete and group, modify group Create soft link with link_name that refers to target file or dir Create have link or directory links. Display the target of a symbolic link Change the ownership of files or dirs. -cusers and <-group> represents new owners. Change the group ownership of files or directories</username>
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perror(char* str) open(path, flags, mode) close(fd) read(fd, *buffer, x) write(fd, *buffer, x) dup(oldfd) dup2(oldfd, newfd) rename(oldname, newname) link(oldpath, newpath) unlink(pathname, mode) chown(pathname, mode) chown(pathname, mode) praddir(DIR *dirp) opendir(char*	Make system calls in a program. x: System call number : Arguments required for system call x Print a descriptive error message to stderr Open or create new files. Flags: O_RDONIY: read only O_WRONIY: write only O_RDWR: reading and writing O_CREAT: create file if not exist O_TRUNC: truncate file to 0 len Close the file descriptor fd Read data from a file or file descriptor fd. Stores read data to buffer and read x bytes. Write x bytes from buffer to file descriptor fd. Format and print data to stdout Duplicate an existing file descriptor oldfd to a new one Duplicate an existing file descriptor oldfd to a new one Duplicate an existing file descriptor oldfd to a specified file descriptor oldfd to a spe	groups < user> passwd < options> <username> \$UID \$HOME sudo < options> <uomand> sudo < options> <uomand> sudo < options> <uomand> suserad, userdel, username> useradd, userdel, usermod groupadd, groupdel, groupmod In < starget> slink_name> In < target> slink_name> chown <user> <username> chown <username> chown <username> chown <username> processes, SIGN ps pidof <pre> <pre> processes, SIGN ps pidof <pre> <pre> program_name> pgrep < pattern> pstree</pre></pre></pre></pre></username></username></username></username></user></username></user></username></user></username></user></username></user></username></user></uomand></uomand></uomand></username>	Display the user and group Display the groups to which current user or <u></u>
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	-s sig: sig(SIGTERM, SIGKILL, SIGINT) -a: send signal to all processes
	-a: send signal to all processes
trap <action></action>	Define actions to be taken when
<signal(s)></signal(s)>	specific signals are received.
	action -> command to be executed
	when signal(s) received
<cmd> <cmd></cmd></cmd>	Pipe (no explanation needed)

<cmd> <cmd></cmd></cmd>	Pipe (no explanation needed)					
THREADS (C)	THREADS (C)					
pthread_t tx	Object that stores thread id					
pthread_createt(threattr, start_routine, a						
pthread_join(thread, **value_ptr)	Wait for a specific thread to terminate. Value_ptr is optional for saving exit stat					
pthread_yield()	Voluntarily yield the processor by suspending the execution of the calling thread					
pthread_cancel(thread	ad) Request the cancellation of a specified thread.					