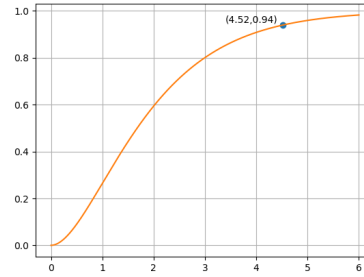


## CONTENTS

**Abstract**—This manual is an introduction to control systems based on GATE problems. Links to sample Python codes are available in the text.

Download python codes using

svn co <https://github.com/gadepall/school/trunk/control/codes>



### 1 ROUTH HURWITZ CRITERION

1.1. Consider the following second order system with the transfer function:

$$G(s) = \frac{1}{1 + 2s + s^2} \quad (1.1.1)$$

with input unit step

$$R(s) = \frac{1}{s} \quad (1.1.2)$$

Let  $C(s)$  be the corresponding output. The time taken by the system output  $c(t)$  to reach 94% of its steady state value, rounded off to two decimal places is

**Solution:**

$$G(s) = \left( \frac{1}{1 + 2s + s^2} \right) \quad (1.1.3)$$

From given expression of  $G(s)$ , both poles of  $G(s)$  are at  $(-1,0)$  which is on the left half of  $s$ -plane, therefore we can conclude that the system is stable.

$$C(s) = R(s).G(s) = \left( \frac{1}{s} \right) \left( \frac{1}{1 + 2s + s^2} \right) \quad (1.1.4)$$

$$C(s) = \frac{1}{s(1 + s)^2} \quad (1.1.5)$$

We found  $C(s)$  as:

$$C(s) = \frac{1}{s(1 + s)^2} \quad (1.1.6)$$

Therefore,

$$C(s) = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{(1 + s)} - \frac{1}{(1 + s)^2} \quad (1.1.7)$$

Therefore;

$$c(t) = L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s}\right) - L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{(1 + s)}\right) - L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{(1 + s)^2}\right) \quad (1.1.8)$$

Using the Known inverse transforms:

$$c(t) = (1 - e^{-t} - te^{-t}).u(t) \quad (1.1.9)$$

To know the steady state value of  $c(t)$ , we calculate

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} c(t) = (1 + 0 + 0).(1) = 1 \quad (1.1.10)$$

Now, 94% of 1 is 0.94, so we should now solve for a positive  $t$  such that

$$(1 - e^{-t} - te^{-t}) = 0.94 \quad (1.1.11)$$

$$t = 4.5228 \quad (1.1.12)$$

### 2 BODE PLOT

### 3 COMPENSATORS

### 4 NYQUIST PLOT