Innopolis University
Control Theory (Linear Control)

### Lecture 7

# Computed Torque Control (CTC) Linear Control for Nonlinear Systems

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### Topic of the Lecture

- Error Dynamics
- Computed Torque Controller (CTC)
- Stability of CTC
- Linearization of a Nonlinear Dynamics

# Error Dynamics (1/2)

Control error:

$$e = q^* - q$$

Error dynamics:

$$\ddot{e} + K_d \dot{e} + K_p e = 0$$

Robot dynamics:

$$H\ddot{q} + c = Bu$$

# Error Dynamics (2/2)

Error dynamics:

$$\ddot{q}^* - \ddot{q} + K_d \dot{e} + K_p e = 0$$

Since *H* is invertible:

$$H\ddot{q}^* - H\ddot{q} + H(K_d\dot{e} + K_pe) = 0$$

And so:

$$H\ddot{q} + c = H\ddot{q}^* + H(K_d\dot{e} + K_pe) + c$$

### Computed Torque Controller (CTC) (1/3)

Since  $H\ddot{q} + c = Bu$ :

$$Bu = H\ddot{q}^* + H(K_d\dot{e} + K_pe) + c$$

And so:

$$u = B^{+}(H\ddot{q}^{*} + c) + B^{+}H(K_{d}\dot{e} + K_{p}e)$$

### Computed Torque Controller (CTC) (2/3)

### CTC controller:

$$u = B^{+}(H\ddot{q}^{*} + c) + B^{+}H(K_{d}\dot{e} + K_{p}e)$$

Feedback part: 
$$u_{FB} = B^{+}H(K_{d}\dot{e} + K_{p}e)$$

Feedforward part: 
$$u_{FF} = B^{+}(H\ddot{q}^{*} + c)$$

# Computed Torque Controller (CTC) (3/3)

### CTC controller:

$$\tau = (H\ddot{q}^* + c) + H(K_d\dot{e} + K_pe)$$

### Feedback part:

$$\tau_{FB} = H(K_d \dot{e} + K_p e)$$

### Feedforward part:

$$\tau_{FF} = H\ddot{q}^* + c$$

In research we often use:  $\tau = Bu$ 

# Stability of CTC

Remember that  $\ddot{e} + K_d \dot{e} + K_p e = 0$ 

Then  $K_d$  and  $K_p$  are diagonal, then,

if  $K_d$  and  $K_p$  are negative definite,

the error is stable.

### How to find CTC coefficients using LQR?

# Linearization of a Nonlinear Dynamics (1/2)

Nonlinear system:  $\dot{x} = f(x, u)$ 

Simple linearization:

$$A = \frac{\partial f(x, u)}{\partial x} \bigg|_{\substack{x = x(0) \\ u = u(0)}}$$

$$B = \frac{\partial f(x, u)}{\partial u} \bigg|_{\substack{x = x(0) \\ u = u(0)}}$$

# Linearization of a Nonlinear Dynamics (2/2)

If the dynamics is affine:

$$A = \frac{\partial f(x, u)}{\partial x} \bigg|_{\substack{x = x(0) \\ u = u(0)}}$$

$$B = \frac{\partial f(x, u)}{\partial u} \bigg|_{\substack{x = x(0) \\ u = u(0)}}$$

$$c = f(x(0), u(0)) - \frac{\partial f(x, u)}{\partial u} \bigg|_{\substack{x = x(0) \\ u = u(0)}} x(0) - \frac{\partial f(x, u)}{\partial u} \bigg|_{\substack{x = x(0) \\ u = u(0)}} u(0)$$

