

IEEE WCCI/CEC 2024

Competition on “numerical optimization considering accuracy and speed”

Kangjia Qiao, Xupeng Wen, Xuanxuan Ban, Peng Chen, Kenneth V. Price,
Ponnuthurai N. Suganthan, Jing Liang, Guohua Wu, Caitong Yue

Cite this PPT presentation as:

Kangjia Qiao, Xuanxuan Ban, Peng Chen, Kenneth V. Price, Ponnuthurai N. Suganthan, Xupeng Wen, Jing Liang, Guohua Wu, Caitong Yue, “Performance comparison of CEC 2024 competition entries on numerical optimization considering accuracy and speed,” Technical Report, Zhengzhou University, Qatar University, 2024.

Reference:

KV Price, A Kumar, PN Suganthan, “Trial-based dominance for comparing both the speed and accuracy of stochastic optimizers with standard non-parametric tests”, Swarm and Evolutionary Computation, 78, 101287, 2023.

Contents

- **Competition 1-BC-SOPs**
- Competition 2-CSOPs
- Competition 3-BC-MOPs
- Competition 4-CMOPs
- Ranking result

Competition 1-BC-SOPs

Bound constrained single objective optimization problems (BC-SOPs)

Test Problems: The 29 real-parameter numerical optimization problems with 30D in CEC2017 [1] are adopted as test problems.

Number of Trials/Problem: 25 independent runs.

Maximum Number of Function Evaluations: $\text{Max_FEs} = 10000 * D$, where D is the dimensionality of the optimization problems.

Population Size: You are free to have an appropriate population size to suit your algorithm while not exceeding the Max_FEs .

Sampling Points: The best EV (Error Value) every $10 * D$ evaluations will be recorded for each run. For example, the maximum number of function evaluations Max_FEs is $10000 * D$, then 1000 EVs should be saved

Target Error Values: The target error value, TGT_EV for each problem, will be determined after the competition. Hence, all algorithms should be executed until the Maximum number of Function Evaluations (Max_FEs) are consumed.

Competition 1-BC-SOPs

Bound constrained single objective optimization problems (BC-SOPs)

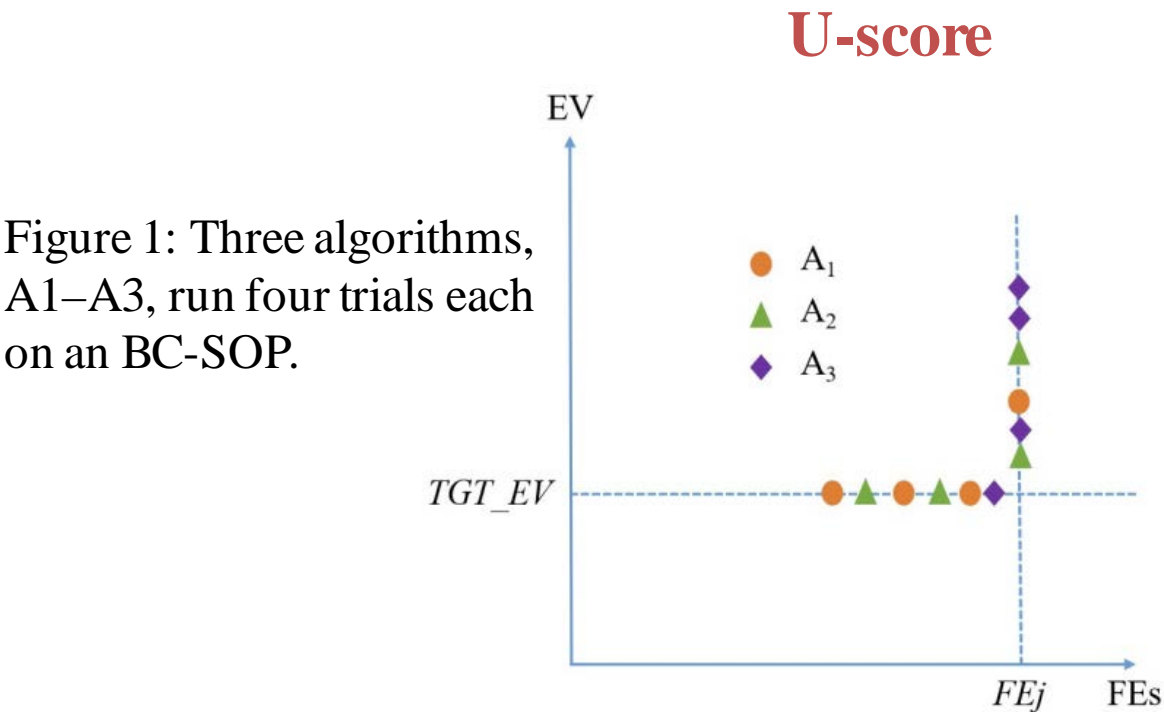
Presentation of Results: The results can be saved in the form of Table 1, where Min_EV is the best error value of each run at each sampling point. The value should be recorded every $10 \cdot D$ FEs. Thus, for each algorithm, 29 files should be zipped and sent to the organizers, where 29 represents the total number of test functions.

Table 1

Results saved in "PaperID_FJ_Min_EV.mat" where $J=1,2,3,\dots,29$ problems.

| | Run 1 | Run 2 | Run 3 | ... | Run 25 |
|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----|--------|
| Min_EV at Initialisation FEs | | | | | |
| Min_EV at $10 \cdot D$ FEs | | | | | |
| Min_EV at $20 \cdot D$ FEs | | | | | |
| ... | | | | | |
| ... | | | | | |
| Min_EV at Max_FEs | | | | | |

Competition 1-BC-SOPs



| Trial | | | | | | | | | | | | | SR | U-score |
|-------|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---------|
| Ranks | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 78 | |
| A1 | 12 | | 10 | | 8 | | | | 4 | | | | 34 | 24 |
| A2 | | 11 | | 9 | | | 6 | | | 3 | | | 29 | 19 |
| A3 | | | | | | 7 | | 5 | | | 2 | 1 | 15 | 5 |

The “correction factor” (*cf*) is $n(n + 1)/2 = 4 * 5/2 = 10$, where *n* denotes the number of trails. SR denotes the sum of ranks. The scores of algorithms are calculated by the “SR” minus the “*cf*” according to the U-score algorithm.

Figure 2: U-score ranks for algorithms A1, A2 and A3.

Contents

- Competition 1-BC-SOPs
- **Competition 2-CSOPs**
- Competition 3-BC-MOPs
- Competition 4-CMOPs
- Ranking result

Competition 2-CSOPs

Constrained single objective optimization problems (CSOPs)

Test Problems: The 28 constrained real-parameter optimization problems with 30D in CEC2017 [2] are adopted as test problems.

Number of Trials/Problem: 25 independent runs.

Maximum Number of Function Evaluations: $\text{Max_FEs} = 20000 * D$, where D is the dimensionality of the optimization problems.

Population Size: You are free to have an appropriate population size to suit your algorithm while not exceeding the Max_FEs.

Sampling Points: Record f_{min} values and LCV every $10 * D$ evaluations. For example, if the maximum number of function evaluations Max_FEs is $20000 * D$, then 2000 f_{min} values are recorded for trials with one or more feasible solutions. When the whole population is infeasible, the lowest LCV value of the population should be saved at the respective sampling points.

Target Error Values: The target error value will be determined after the competition. Hence, all algorithms should be executed until Maximum number of Function Evaluations (Max_FEs) are consumed.

Competition 2-CSOPs

Constrained single objective optimization problems (CSOPs)

Presentation of Results: Save your results as shown in Table 2, in which the first entry is for the evaluation of the initial population. The cumulative FEs at each sampling point should be saved in the first column. Meanwhile, the corresponding f_{min} and LCV results should be saved in the second and third columns, respectively. So, for a function, one run requires one file in mat format. Please note that if no feasible solution exists at one sampling point, the f_{min} result should be expressed by "NaN".

$$LCV = \min: CV(P_i), i = 1, \dots, NP$$

Table 2

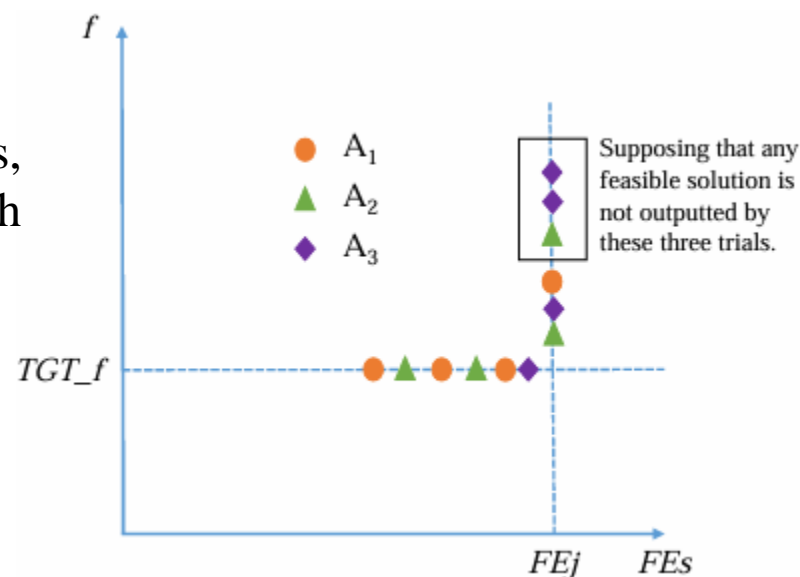
Results saved in "PaperID_CPJ.mat" where J=1,2,...,28 problems

| FEs | Run1 | | Run2 | | ... | Run25 | |
|------------------------------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|-----|-----------|-------|
| | f_{min} | LCV | f_{min} | LCV | | f_{min} | LCV |
| at Initialisation FEs | | | | | | | |
| Sampling Point 1, FEs=1*10D | | | | | | | |
| Sampling Point 2, FEs=2*10D | | | | | | | |
| ... | | | | | | | |
| Last Sampling Point, Max_FEs | | | | | | | |

Competition 2-CSOPs

U-score

Figure 1: Three algorithms, A1–A3, run four trials each on a CSOP.



| Trial | | | | | | | | | | | | | SR | U-score |
|-------|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---------|
| Ranks | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 78 | |
| A1 | 12 | | 10 | | 8 | | | | 4 | | | | 34 | 24 |
| A2 | | 11 | | 9 | | | 6 | | | 3 | | | 29 | 19 |
| A3 | | | | | | 7 | | 5 | | | 2 | 1 | 15 | 5 |

The “correction factor” (cf) is $n(n + 1)/2 = 4 * 5/2 = 10$, where n denotes the number of trials. SR denotes the sum of ranks. The scores of algorithms are calculated by the “SR” minus the “ cf ” according to the U-score algorithm.

Figure 2: U-score ranks for CSOPs.

Contents

- Competition 1-BC-SOPs
- Competition 2-CSOPs
- **Competition 3-BC-MOPs**
- Competition 4-CMOPs
- Ranking result

Competition 3-BC-MOPs

Bound constrained multi-objective optimization problems (BC-MOPs)

Test Problems: We adopt the benchmark of [3] including 10 multi-objective problems to rank the optimizers of MOPs without constraints.

Number of Trials/Problem: 30 independent runs.

Maximum Number of Function Evaluations: 100000 for each function.

Population Size: 100.

Sampling Points: The *IGD* values will be recorded once every 200 function evaluations. For example, if the maximum number of evaluations *Max_FEs* is 100000, then 500 *IGD* values are saved.

Target Error Values: The target *IGD* value will be determined after the competition. Hence, all algorithms should be executed until Maximum number of Function Evaluations (*Max_FEs*) are consumed.

Competition 3-BC-MOPs

Bound constrained multi-objective optimization problems (BC-MOPs)

Presentation of Results: To compare and evaluate the algorithms participating in the competition, it is necessary that the authors email the results as shown in Table 4 to the organizers after submitting the final version of the accepted paper.

Table 4

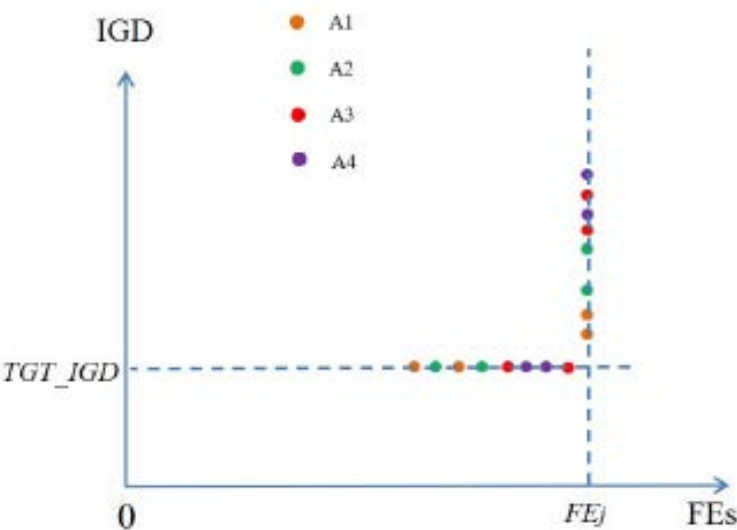
Results saved in "PaperID RCMJ IGD.txt" where $J=1,2,\dots,10$ problems

| | Run 1 | Run 2 | Run 3 | ... | Run 30 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----|--------|
| IGD at Initialisation FEs | | | | | |
| IGD at Sampling Point 1 | | | | | |
| IGD at Sampling Point 2 | | | | | |
| ... | | | | | |
| ... | | | | | |
| IGD at Sampling Point 500, 100K FEs | | | | | |

Competition 3-BC-MOPs

U-score

Figure 5: Four algorithms, A1–A4, run four trials each on an BC-MOP.



| Trial | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | SR | U-score ¹ |
|-------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|----------------------|
| Ranks | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 136 | |
| A1 | 16 | | 14 | | | | | | 8 | 7 | | | | | | | 45 | 35 |
| A2 | | 15 | | 13 | | | | | | | 6 | 5 | | | | | 39 | 29 |
| A3 | | | | | 12 | | | 9 | | | | | 4 | | 2 | | 27 | 17 |
| A4 | | | | | | 11 | 10 | | | | | | | 3 | | 1 | 25 | 15 |

¹ The “correction factor” *cf* is $n(n+1)/2 = 4 * 5/2 = 10$, where *n* denotes the number of trials. *SR* denotes the sum of ranks. The scores of algorithms are calculated by the “*SR*” minus the “*cf*” according to the U-score algorithm.

Figure 6: U-score ranks for BC-MOEAs.

Contents

- Competition 1-BC-SOPs
- Competition 2-CSOPs
- Competition 3-BC-MOPs
- **Competition 4-CMOPs**
- Ranking result

Competition 4-CMOPs

Constrained multi-objective optimization problems (CMOPs)

Test Problems: The latest constrained multiobjective optimization problems with scalable decision space constraints (SDC problems) [4] are adopted as test problems. SDC benchmark contains 15 problems.

Number of Trials/Problem: 30 independent runs.

Maximum Number of Function Evaluations: 200000 for each function.

Population Size: 100. **Dimension:** 30 for each SDC function.

Sampling Points: The IGD values will be recorded once every 200 function evaluations. For example, if the maximum number of evaluations Max_FEs is 200000, then 1000 IGD values are saved.

Target Error Values: The target IGD value will be determined after the competition. Hence, all algorithms should be executed until the Maximum number of Function Evaluations (Max_FEs) are consumed. Please note that the minimal IGD value is unknown for multiobjective optimization problems. So, the mean or median IGD value of all trials from all algorithms participating in the competition will be set as the target IGD value

Competition 4-CMOPs

Constrained multi-objective optimization problems (CMOPs)

Presentation of Results: To compare and evaluate the algorithms participating in the competition, it is necessary that the authors email the results in the format as shown in Table 5 to the organizers, after submitting the final version of the accepted papers.

$$MCV = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{PF} CV(P_i)}{PF}$$

Table 5

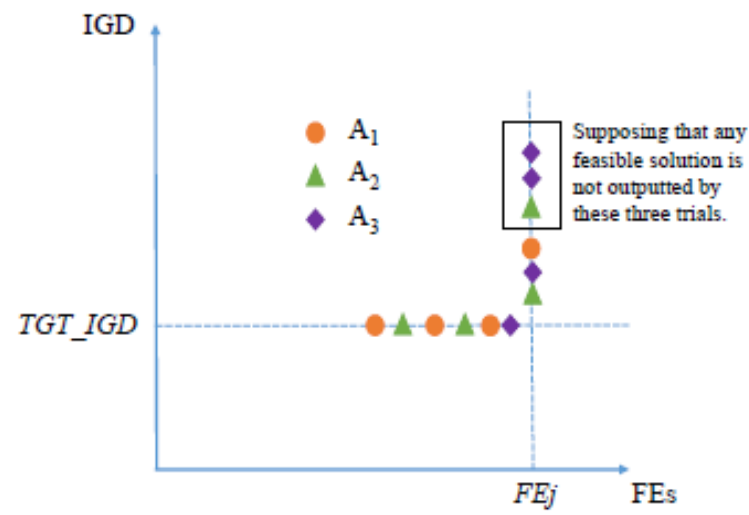
Results saved in "PaperID_SDCJ.mat" where J=1,2,...,15 problems.

| | Run1 | | Run2 | | ... | Run 30 | |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----|------------|------------|
| | <i>IGD</i> | <i>MCV</i> | <i>IGD</i> | <i>MCV</i> | | <i>IGD</i> | <i>MCV</i> |
| at initialization FEs | | | | | | | |
| Sampling point 1 | | | | | | | |
| Sampling point 2 | | | | | | | |
| ... | | | | | | | |
| ... | | | | | | | |
| Sampling point 1000 | | | | | | | |

Competition 4-CMOPs

U-score

Figure 7: Four algorithms, A1–A3, run four trials each on a CMOP.



| Trial | | | | | | | | | | | | | SR | U-score |
|-------|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---------|
| Ranks | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 78 | |
| A1 | 12 | | 10 | | 8 | | | | 4 | | | | 34 | 24 |
| A2 | | 11 | | 9 | | | 6 | | | 3 | | | 29 | 19 |
| A3 | | | | | | 7 | | 5 | | | 2 | 1 | 15 | 5 |

The “correction factor” (*cf*) is $n(n + 1)/2 = 4 * 5/2 = 10$, where *n* denotes the number of trials. SR denotes the sum of ranks. The scores of algorithms are calculated by the “SR” minus the “*cf*” according to the U-score algorithm.

Figure 8: U-score ranks for CMOPs.

Contents

- Introduction
- Test problems suite
- Indicators and rules
- Participators
- **Ranking result**

Competition 1-BC-SOPs

| | |
|----------------|--|
| BlockEA | ◆ Xuhong Qi. Algorithm report for Block Evolutionary Algorithm, https://github.com/QiXuhong520/Algorithm-report , 2024. |
| iEACOP | ◆ Andrea Tangherloni, Vasco Coelho, Francesca M. Buffa, Paolo Cazzaniga. A modified EACOP implementation for Real-Parameter Single Objective Optimization Problems, 2024. |
| RDE | ◆ Sichen Tao, Ruihan Zhao, Kaiyu Wang, Shangce Gao. An Efficient Reconstructed Differential Evolution Variant by Some of the Current State-of-the-art Strategies for Solving Single Objective Bound Constrained Problems, 2024. |
| mLSHADE | ◆ Anupam Trivedi. A Multi-operator Ensemble LSHADE with Restart and Local Search Mechanisms for Single-objective Optimization, https://github.com/9997ravi/Technincal-Report-of-LSHADE-RL-for-IEEE-CEC-2024-Bound-Constrained-Real-Parameter-Optimization , 2024. |
| L-SRDE | ◆ Vladimir Stanovov, Eugene Semenkin. Success Rate-based Adaptive Differential Evolution L-SRTDE for CEC 2024 Competition, 2024. |
| jSO | ◆ Petr Bujok. Progressive Archive in Adaptive jSO Algorithm, https://github.com/PetBuj/jSOa/blob/main/jSOaGitHub.pdf , 20224. |

Competition 1-BC-SOPs

| Algorithm | Ranking | Authors | Paper title/link |
|----------------|---------------|---|--|
| BlockEA | 5 or 1 | Xuhong Qi | https://github.com/QiXuhong520/Algorithm-report |
| iEACOP | 6 or 2 | Andrea Tangherloni Vasco Coelho Francesca M. Buffa Paolo Cazzaniga | A modified EACOP implementation for Real-Parameter Single Objective Optimization Problems |
| RDE | 2 or 3 | Sichen Tao, Ruihan Zhao, Kaiyu Wang, Shangce Gao | An Efficient Reconstructed Differential Evolution Variant by Some of the Current State-of-the-art Strategies for Solving Single Objective Bound Constrained Problems |

Competition 1-BC-SOPs



| Algorithm | Ranking (Undecided) | Authors | Paper title/link |
|-----------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| mLSHADE | 3 or 4 | Anupam Trivedi | https://github.com/9997ravi/Technincal-Report-of-LSHADE-RL-for-IEEE-CEC-2024-Bound-Constrained-Real-Parameter-Optimization |
| L-SRDE | 1 or 5 | Vladimir Stanovov Eugene Semenkin | Success Rate-based Adaptive Differential Evolution L-SRTDE for CEC 2024 Competition |
| jSO | 4 or 6 | Petr Bujok | https://github.com/PetBuj/jSOa/blob/main/jSOaGitHub.pdf |

Competition 1-BC-SOPs

| Prob\Alg | BlockEA | iEACOP | RDE | mLSHADE | L-SRDE | jSO |
|-------------|---------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|
| <i>f</i> 01 | 2500/2 | 3125/1 | 1250/4 | 1875/3 | 346/5 | 279/6 |
| <i>f</i> 02 | 25/6 | 1250/4 | 2235/3 | 600/5 | 2668/1 | 2597/2 |
| <i>f</i> 03 | 0/6 | 3125/1 | 1550/4 | 625/5 | 2350/2 | 1725/3 |
| <i>f</i> 04 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 1875/3 | 1250/4 | 625/5 | 0/6 |
| <i>f</i> 05 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 1875/3 | 1250/4 | 625/5 | 0/6 |
| <i>f</i> 06 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 1875/3 | 1250/4 | 625/5 | 0/6 |
| <i>f</i> 07 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 1875/3 | 1250/4 | 625/5 | 0/6 |
| <i>f</i> 08 | 2400/2 | 1198/5 | 134/6 | 2850/1 | 1521/3 | 1272/4 |
| <i>f</i> 09 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 1875/3 | 1250/4 | 625/5 | 0/6 |
| <i>f</i> 10 | 2919/1 | 2550/2 | 231/6 | 1850/3 | 1225/4 | 600/5 |
| <i>f</i> 11 | 3125/1 | 495/6 | 1718/3 | 2500/2 | 797/4 | 740/5 |
| <i>f</i> 12 | 2783/1 | 2842/2 | 625/5 | 0/6 | 1614/3 | 1511/4 |
| <i>f</i> 13 | 32/6 | 2341/2 | 2543/1 | 750/5 | 1893/3 | 1816/4 |
| <i>f</i> 14 | 369/6 | 3119/1 | 1434/3 | 2400/2 | 1075/4 | 978/5 |
| <i>f</i> 15 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 1425/4 | 0/6 | 1475/3 | 850/5 |

| Prob\A | BlockEA | iEACOP | RDE | mLSHADE | L-SRDE | jSO |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| <i>f</i> 16 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 150/6 | 1825/3 | 1200/4 | 575/5 |
| <i>f</i> 17 | 3125/1 | 0/6 | 863/5 | 2500/2 | 1473/3 | 1414/4 |
| <i>f</i> 18 | 2547/2 | 3060/1 | 1890/3 | 181/6 | 887/4 | 810/5 |
| <i>f</i> 19 | 1850/3 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 1275/4 | 625/5 | 0/6 |
| <i>f</i> 20 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 1875/3 | 1250/4 | 625/5 | 0/6 |
| <i>f</i> 21 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 1875/3 | 1250/4 | 625/5 | 0/6 |
| <i>f</i> 22 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 1875/3 | 1250/4 | 625/5 | 0/6 |
| <i>f</i> 23 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 1875/3 | 1250/4 | 625/5 | 0/6 |
| <i>f</i> 24 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 1875/3 | 1250/4 | 625/5 | 0/6 |
| <i>f</i> 25 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 1800/3 | 1275/4 | 650/5 | 25/6 |
| <i>f</i> 26 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 1875/3 | 1250/4 | 625/5 | 0/6 |
| <i>f</i> 27 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 1875/3 | 1250/4 | 625/5 | 0/6 |
| <i>f</i> 28 | 3125/1 | 2500/2 | 75/6 | 1850/3 | 1225/4 | 600/5 |
| <i>f</i> 29 | 3125/1 | 835/4 | 1668/3 | 2500/2 | 656/5 | 591/6 |
| sum/ RS | 74800/ 54 | 67065/ 68 | 44591/ 103 | 39856/ 110 | 29180/ 122 | 16383 /152 |

Competition 2-CSOPs

| Algorithm | Ranking | Authors | Paper title/link |
|-----------|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| CL-SRDE |  1 | Vladimir Stanovov Eugene Semenkin | Differential Evolution with Success Rate-based adaptation CL-SRDE for Constrained Optimization |
| UDE-III |  2 | Anupam Trivedi | https://github.com/9997ravi/Technical-Report-of-UDE-III-for-IEEE-CEC-2024-Real-parameter-Constrained-Optimization |

CL-SRDE ◆ Vladimir Stanovov, Eugene Semenkin. Differential Evolution with Success Rate-based adaptation CL-SRDE for Constrained Optimization, 2024.




UDE-III ◆ Anupam Trivedi. UDE-III: An Enhanced Unified Differential Evolution Algorithm for Constrained Optimization Problems. <https://github.com/9997ravi/Technical-Report-of-UDE-III-for-IEEE-CEC-2024-Real-parameter-Constrained-Optimization>, 2024.

Competition 2-CSOPs

| Prob\Algo | CL-SRDE | UDE-III |
|-----------|---------|---------|
| C01 | 1875/1 | 1250/2 |
| C02 | 1875/1 | 1250/2 |
| C03 | 1250/2 | 1875/1 |
| C04 | 1250/2 | 2447/1 |
| C05 | 1875/1 | 1250/2 |
| C06 | 2237/1 | 2157/2 |
| C07 | 2172/1 | 2222/2 |
| C08 | 2825/1 | 1575/2 |
| C09 | 2684/1 | 1716/2 |
| C10 | 2825/1 | 1575/2 |
| C11 | 1859/1 | 1266/2 |
| C12 | 1388/2 | 1737/1 |
| C13 | 1853/1 | 1272/2 |
| C14 | 1250/2 | 1875/1 |

| Prob\Algo | CL-SRDE | UDE-III |
|-----------|----------|----------|
| C15 | 1875/1 | 1250/2 |
| C16 | 1250/2 | 1875/1 |
| C17 | 1632/1 | 1493/2 |
| C18 | 1250/2 | 1875/1 |
| C19 | 1875/1 | 1250/2 |
| C20 | 1304/2 | 1821/1 |
| C21 | 1357/2 | 2340/1 |
| C22 | 1875/1 | 1250/2 |
| C23 | 1550/2 | 1575/1 |
| C24 | 1875/1 | 1250/2 |
| C25 | 1250/2 | 1875/1 |
| C26 | 1808/1 | 1317/2 |
| C27 | 1250/2 | 1875/1 |
| C28 | 1875/1 | 1250/2 |
| sum/RS | 49244/39 | 45763/45 |

Competition 3-BC-MOPs

| Algorithm | Ranking | Authors | Paper ID |
|------------|---|--|---|
| TFBCEIBEA |  1 | Peng Chen Jing Liang Kangjia Qia Ponnuthurai Nagaratnam Suganthan Xuanxuan Ban | A Two-stage Evolutionary Framework For Multi-objective Optimization |
| TGFMMOEA |  2 | Peng Chen | A Two-stage Evolutionary Framework For Multi-objective Optimization |
| TEMOFNSGA3 |  3 | Peng Chen | A Two-stage Evolutionary Framework For Multi-objective Optimization |

Competition 3-BC-MOPs

TFBCEIBE ◆ Peng Chen, Jing Liang, Kangjia Qiao, P. N. Suganthan, Xuanxuan Ban. A Two-stage Evolutionary Framework For Multi-objective Optimization, 2024

| Prob\Algo | TFBCEIBE | TGFMMOE | TEMOFNSGA3 |
|-----------|----------|---------|------------|
| MaOP1 | 1467/1 | 447/3 | 786/2 |
| MaOP2 | 1331/1 | 197/3 | 1172/2 |
| MaOP3 | 924/2 | 541/3 | 1235/1 |
| MaOP4 | 311/3 | 1266/1 | 1123/2 |
| MaOP5 | 1138/1 | 545/3 | 1017/2 |
| MaOP6 | 1459/1 | 207/3 | 1034/2 |
| MaOP7 | 842/2 | 1065/1 | 793/3 |
| MaOP8 | 890/2 | 1086/1 | 724/3 |
| MaOP9 | 685/3 | 1209/1 | 806/2 |
| MaOP10 | 879/3 | 1013/1 | 808/2 |
| sum/RS | 9926/19 | 7576/20 | 9498/21 |

Competition 4-CMOPs

| | |
|--------|---|
| DESDE | ◆ Xuanxuan Ban. A Dynamic Exemplars Selection-based Differential Evolution Algorithm for Constrained Multi-objective Optimization, https://github.com/xxuanban/DESDE/blob/main/DESDE.pdf , 2024. |
| CCEMT | ◆ Xiaoyu Zhong. Constrained Multi-Objective Optimization via Competitive and Cooperative Evolutionary Multitasking (CCEMT), https://github.com/wcq1536113693/zxyCCEMT , 2024. |
| IMTCMO | ◆ Dezheng Zhang. Evolutionary Constrained Multiobjective Optimization: Scalable High-Dimensional Constraint Benchmarks and Algorithm, https://github.com/DezhengZ/Algorithm-Description-IMTCMO , 2024. |
| CCPTEA | ◆ Lianhe Duan. A Cooperation and Competition-Based Tri-Population Evolutionary Algorithm for Constrained Multi-objective Optimization Problems, https://github.com/LianheDuan/Algorithm-Description.git , 2024. |
| MTCMMO | ◆ Wenhao Wu. A Novel Genetic Algorithm for CEC2024, https://github.com/zaishuiyifang1507/A-novel-genetic-algorithm-forCEC2024 , 2024. |

Competition 4-CMOPs

| Algorithm | Ranking | Authors | Paper title/link |
|-----------|---|---------------|---|
| DESDE |  1 | Xuanxuan Ban | https://github.com/xxuanban/DESDE/blob/main/DESDE.pdf |
| CCEMT |  2 | Xiaoyu Zhong | https://github.com/wcq1536113693/zyCCEMT |
| IMTCMO |  3 | Dezheng Zhang | https://github.com/DezhengZ/Algorithm-Description-IMTCMO |
| CCPTEA | 4 | Lianhe Duan | https://github.com/LianheDuan/Algorithm-Description.git |
| MTCMMO | 5 | Wenhao Wu | https://github.com/zaishuiyifang1507/A-novel-genetic-algorithm-forCEC2024 |

Competition 4-CMOPs

| Prob\Algo | DESDE | CCEMT | IMTCMO | CCPTEA | MTCMMO |
|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| SDC1 | 2745/1 | 2526/2 | 1916/3 | 1813/4 | 0/5 |
| SDC2 | 2844/1 | 2217/2 | 1995/3 | 1944/4 | 0/5 |
| SDC3 | 3001/1 | 2080/2 | 1733/3 | 1321/4 | 865/5 |
| SDC4 | 2589/1 | 1844/4 | 2321/2 | 2246/3 | 0/5 |
| SDC5 | 2966/1 | 2006/2 | 1645/4 | 1896/3 | 487/5 |
| SDC6 | 2337/1 | 2168/2 | 2045/3 | 1891/4 | 559/5 |
| SDC7 | 1789/4 | 2576/1 | 2528/2 | 2107/3 | 0/5 |
| SDC8 | 1960/4 | 2407/1 | 2285/3 | 2348/2 | 0/5 |

| Prob\Algo | DESDE | CCEMT | IMTCMO | CCPTEA | MTCMMO |
|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| SDC9 | 3600/1 | 1387/4 | 1830/2 | 1715/3 | 468/5 |
| SDC10 | 2420/1 | 2159/2 | 1767/4 | 1945/3 | 709/5 |
| SDC11 | 2864/1 | 2071/2 | 2062/3 | 2003/4 | 0/5 |
| SDC12 | 1633/4 | 2578/1 | 2492/2 | 2297/3 | 0/5 |
| SDC13 | 3575/1 | 1273/4 | 1496/3 | 1596/2 | 1060/5 |
| SDC14 | 3189/1 | 1337/4 | 1560/3 | 1677/2 | 1237/5 |
| SDC15 | 2877/1 | 2617/2 | 1593/4 | 1739/3 | 174/5 |
| sum/ RS | 40389/ 24 | 31246/ 35 | 29268/ 44 | 28538/ 47 | 5559/ 75 |

Verification

Ranking related codes and data are made available online

Codes of top performing algorithms will be released online.

We will verify over the next few weeks.



Thanks for your attention!

Questions?