

Københavns Universitet  
PoP Assignment 4

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## 1 Question 1

- 1.1 Give a list of the external sources you used during the assignment and how you used them. If you use a generative AI tool (e.g., copilot, chat-GPT, AITutor, ...) you should keep a log of all the prompts you use.

## 2 Question 2

- 2.1 What is a data type?

Explain what it is using the definitions given in PoP. Illustrate the role data types play when representing data in Python, using examples from the thursday worksheets in week 13, 14 or 15.

En datatype er en form for struktur, som bestemmer hvordan data skal repræsenteres. Disse strukturer har begrænsninger for, hvordan deres data kan defineres.

```
1 class Repeater:
2     "Creates a list with 'num' elements of value: 'input'"
3
4     def __init__(self, num):
5         self.num = num
6
7     def apply(self, input):
8         l = []
9         i = self.num
10        if i <= 0:
11            return l
12        else:
13            while i > 0:
14                l.append(input)
15                i += -1
16            return l
17
18 print(Repeater.__doc__)
19 print(Repeater(0).apply(10))
20 print(Repeater(5).apply(20))
21 // OUTPUT:
22 Creates a list with 'num' elements of value: 'input'
23 []
24 [20, 20, 20, 20, 20]
```

I det viste kode eksempel fra torsdags worksheet i uge 15, har jeg eksempelvis brugt den datatype, der kaldes for 'int', hvilket i python er int repræsenteret som 32-bit heltal. I mange tilfælde kan sådanne datatyper ikke interagere med hinanden, uden at blive konverteret til en af samme type først.

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## 2.2 Representing colours

Consider the colouring problem that Ken introduced in class. In the context of this problem, describe three possible ways to represent colour in Python. Explain in detail how the different representations impact the `canExtendColour` function (both its signature and its body).

## 2.3 URepresenting NeighbourRelation

Consider the colouring problem that Ken introduced in class. In Ken's solution, the type `NeighbourRelation` is a list of pairs of `Countries`. A list of pairs is a way to represent a graph (each pair represents an edge between the components of the pair that are vertices). Define a `NeighbourRelation` type as a recursive data structure, in Python.

## 2.4 Colouring problem

Give your solution to the colouring problem in Python. For each function, describe its specification as a docstring.

## 3 Question 3

Consider a grid of the following form, where `DIKU` is written horizontally, vertically, diagonally, backwards, or even overlapping other words:

```
..D...
.UKID.
.K..K.
DIKU.U
.D....
```

3.1 Write a program that finds all the instances of `DIKU` in this file. Download this file. Follow Ken's method and give the specification of each function that you define as a docstring.

3.2 What programming paradigm dominates in your program. Why?

3.3 Explain how you test your program.

## 4 Question 4

Consider the following problem involving a collection of cards. Each card has two lists of numbers separated by a vertical bar (`|`): a list of winning numbers and then a list of numbers you have. The first winning number you have is worth one point. Every other winning number doubles your number of points. For example:

```
Card 1: 41 48 83 86 17 | 83 86 6 31 17 9 48 53
Card 2: 13 32 20 16 61 | 61 30 68 82 17 32 24 19
Card 3: 31 18 13 56 72 | 74 77 10 23 35 67 36 11
```

---

Card 1 is worth 8 points. Card 2 is worth 2 points. Card 3 is worth no points.

- 4.1 Write a program that counts the total number of points for all the cards in this input fileDownload this input file Follow Ken's method and give the specification of each function that you define as a docstring.
- 4.2 What programming paradigm dominates in your program. Why?
- 4.3 Explain how you test your program.
- 4.4 Explain the role of all variables in your program, using the role of variables framework introduced in PoP.