**测量时间**

下面的一个例子表明如何测量时间间隔（以毫秒为单位）：

实例

import java.util.\*;

public class DiffDemo {

public static void main(String[] args) {

try {

long start = System.currentTimeMillis( );

System.out.println(new Date( ) + "\n");

Thread.sleep(5\*60\*10);

System.out.println(new Date( ) + "\n");

long end = System.currentTimeMillis( );

long diff = end - start;

System.out.println("Difference is : " + diff);

} catch (Exception e) {

System.out.println("Got an exception!");

}

}

}

运行实例 »

以上实例编译运行结果如下:

Fri Jan 08 09:48:47 CST 2016

Fri Jan 08 09:48:50 CST 2016

Difference is : 3019