DBT Practice Quiz 2

Total points





The respondent's email (**prathameshpatkar890@gmail.com**) was recorded on submission of this form.

0 of 0 points

Name *

Prathamesh Patkar

Center *

Kharghar

PRN (12 Digit) *

240840320073

Questions 17 of 20 points

- ✓ With MySQL, how can you return all the records from a table named *1/1 "Persons" sorted descending by "FirstName"?
 - A) SELECT * FROM Persons SORT BY 'FirstName' DESC
- B) SELECT * FROM Persons ORDER FirstName DESC
- C) SELECT * FROM Persons ORDER BY FirstName DESC
- O) SELECT * FROM Persons SORT 'FirstName' DESC

×	You want to ensure that each employee is assigned to only one department. Which type of constraint would you apply to enforce this rule?	*0/1
0	A) PRIMARY KEY	
0	B) FOREIGN KEY	
•	C) UNIQUE constraint	×
0	D) CHECK constraint	
Corr	ect answer	
COIT		
O	B) FOREIGN KEY	
		*1/1
O	B) FOREIGN KEY Developer MANJU executed the following statement: create table animals as select * from Master.animals; What is the effect of this	ŕ
OO	Developer MANJU executed the following statement: create table animals as select * from Master.animals; What is the effect of this statement? A) A table named animals will be created in the Master schema with the same	ŕ
	Developer MANJU executed the following statement: create table animals as select * from Master.animals; What is the effect of this statement? A) A table named animals will be created in the Master schema with the same as the animals table owned by ANJU B) Syntax error in the statement C) A table named animals will be created in ANJU is default schema with the	ŕ

\		Consider the following SQL query: * SELECT AVG(Salary) FROM Employees GROUP BY DepartmentID; What does this query calculate?	1/1
	0	A) The total salary of all employees in each department.	
	•	B) The average salary of all employees in each department.	✓
	0	C) The average salary of all employees of all departments.	
	0	D) The lowest salary of all employees of all department.	
	/	You want to add a constraint to the "Age" column in the "Students" table to ensure that the age of a student must be greater than or equal to 18. Which SQL statement would you use?	*1/1
	0	a) ADD CONSTRAINT CHK_Age CHECK (Age >= 18) TO Students;	
	•	b) ALTER TABLE Students ADD CONSTRAINT CHK_Age CHECK (Age >= 18);	✓
	0	c) ADD CONSTRAINT CHK_Age CHECK (Age >= 18) ON Students;	
	0	d) ALTER TABLE Students ADD CHECK (Age >= 18);	
	/	How can you change "Kohli" into "Rohit" in the "LastName" column in the Persons table?	*1/1
	0	A) MODIFY Persons SET LastName='Rohit' WHERE LastName='Kohli'	
	0	B) MODIFY Persons SET LastName='Kohli' INTO LastName='Rohit	
	0	C) UPDATE Persons SET LastName='Kohli' INTO LastName='Rohit'	
	•	D) UPDATE Persons SET LastName='Rohit' WHERE LastName='Kohli'	✓

✓ Which SQL clause is used to calculate aggregate functions such as COUNT(), SUM(), AVG(), etc.?	*1/1
A) SELECT	
O B) WHERE	
C) GROUP BY	✓
O D) HAVING	
✓ The construct evaluates to true only when the sub-query lacks any instances of duplicate values.	*1/1
A) Not null	
B) Not unique	
C) Unique	✓
O D) Null	
 State whether the following statement is true or false: * It is not possible to include a WHERE clause in an UPDATE command. 	0/1
A) True	×
O B) False	
Correct answer	
B) False	

V V	FROM Orders WHERE OrderDate BETWEEN '2023-01-01' AND '2023-12-31'; What does this query retrieve?	
	A) All orders placed till December 31st, 2023.	
•	B) All orders placed between January 1st, 2023, and December 31st, 2023.	/
0	C) All orders placed after January 1st, 2023.	
	D) All orders placed before December 31st, 2023.	
	With MySQL, how can you insert "SKY" as the "LastName" in the "Persons" rable?	* 1/1
	A) INSERT INTO Persons ('SKY') INTO LastName	
•	B) INSERT INTO Persons (LastName) VALUES ('SKY')	/
0	C) INSERT ('SKY') INTO Persons (LastName)	
	D) NONE	
×	CROSS JOIN and JOIN are similar to *	0/1
	A) INNER JOIN	
0	B) NATURAL JOIN	
0	C) OUTER JOIN	
•	D) CARTESIAN JOIN	×
Corre	ct answer	

✓	Which SQL statement is used to roll back the current transaction and undo its changes, create a new savepoint within the current transaction and commit the current transaction and make its changes permanent?	*1/1
•	ROLLBACK TRANSACTION, SAVEPOINT, COMMIT TRANSACTION	✓
0	SAVEPOINT, COMMIT TRANSACTION, ROLLBACK TRANSACTION	
0	COMMIT TRANSACTION, ROLLBACK TRANSACTION, SAVEPOINT	
0	COMMIT TRANSACTION, SAVEPOINT, ROLLBACK TRANSACTION	
✓	You need to retrieve the total number of orders placed by each customer from the "Orders" table. Which SQL statement would you use?	*1/1
0	A) SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Orders GROUP BY CustomerID;	
•	B) SELECT COUNT(OrderID) FROM Orders GROUP BY CustomerID;	✓
0	C) SELECT SUM(OrderID) FROM Orders GROUP BY CustomerID;	
0	D) SELECT AVG(OrderID) FROM Orders GROUP BY CustomerID;	
✓	A table can contain how many individual primary keys? *	1/1
•	A) Only One	✓
0	B) Only Two	
0	C) Depends on the user	
0	D) None	

✓ With MySQL, how do you select all the records from a table named "Persons" where the value of the column "FirstName" starts with an "a"?	1/1
A) SELECT * FROM Persons WHERE FirstName LIKE 'a%'	/
B) SELECT * FROM Persons WHERE FirstName='a'	
C) SELECT * FROM Persons WHERE FirstName LIKE '%a'	
O) SELECT * FROM Persons WHERE FirstName='%a%'	
✓ Which SQL clause is used to filter the results returned by a query? *	1/1
A) SORT BY	
B) FILTER BY	
C) WHERE	/
O D) HAVING	
✓ You are writing a SQL query to retrieve data from two tables, "Orders" and * "Customers." Each order is associated with a customer, but not all customers have placed orders. Which type of join would you use to retrieve all customers, including those who haven't placed orders?	1/1
A) INNER JOIN	
B) LEFT JOIN	/
C) RIGHT JOIN	
O D) FULL JOIN	

✓ What is the default sort order of the ORDER BY clause? *	1/1
A) DESC	
B) ASC	~
C) RANDOM	
O D) NONE	
✓ Which SQL command is used to add a new column to an existing ta	able?* 1/1
A) ADD COLUMN	
B) NEW COLUMN	
C) INSERT COLUMN	
D) ALTER TABLE	~

This content is neither created nor endorsed by Google. Report Abuse - Terms of Service - Privacy Policy

Google Forms