## **ADS CCEE Practice Quiz**

Total points 17/20



Time: 30 min. Questions: 20

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0 of 0 points Center \* Kharghar Name \* Prathamesh Patkar PRN (12 Digit) \* 24084030073

Questions 17 of 20 points

✓ What is the purpose of the following Java code snippet that uses \*1/1 recursion? public int countOdd(int[] arr, int n) { if  $(n \le 0)$  { return 0; } else { return arr[n - 1] + countOdd(arr, n - 1); } } a) The average of the array elements ) b) The sum of odd elements in the array c) The sum of all array elements d) The factorial of the array elements ✓ What will be the output of the following? \* 1/1 int sumOdd(int n) { if (n <= 0) return 0; if (n % 2 == 0) return n + sumOdd(n - 1); return sumOdd(n - 1); System.out.println(sumOdd(10)); a) 25 b) 30 c) 55

d) 20

```
✓ What will be the result of the function when fun(6) is called? *
1/1
int fun(int n) {
if (n = 0) return 0;
if (n % 2 == 0) return fun(n - 1) + n;
return fun(n - 1);
}
a) 9
b) 12
c) 6
d) 18
```

```
✓ What will be the output of the following?

                                                                                 *1/1
    int sumOfMultiplesOfThree(int[] arr) {
       int sum = 0;
      for (int num: arr) {
         if (num % 3 == 0) {
           sum += num;
         }
       }
       return sum;
    }
    System.out.println(sumOfMultiplesOfThree(new int[]{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9,
    12, 15}));
  a) 45
     b) 30
     c) 20
     d) 15
```

```
✓ What will be the output of the following? *

                                                                                      1/1
    int sumOfDigits(int n) {
       if (n == 0) {
         return 0;
       }
       return 1 + sumOfDigits(n / 10);
    }
    System.out.println(sumOfDigits(12345));
     a) 15
    b) 5
     c) 12
     d) 2
    What will be the output of the following?
                                                                                      1/1
    boolean checkLengthPositive(int[] arr) {
       for (int i = 0; i < arr.length - 1; i++) {
         if (arr[i] > arr[i + 1]) {
            return false;
         }
       }
       return true;
    }
    System.out.println(checkLengthPositive(new int[]{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}));
    a) true
     b) false
     c) null
     d) 0
```

```
✓ What will be the output of the following?

                                                                                     1/1
    int sumArray(int[] arr, int target) {
      int count = 0;
      for (int num: arr) {
       if (num == target) {
         count++;
      }
     }
      return count;
    System.out.println(sumArray(new int[]{1, 2, 2, 3, 1, 1, 4}, 1));
     a) 1
     b) 2
    c) 3
     d) 4
   What is the output of the following recursive function? *
                                                                                     1/1
    int power(int n) {
       if (n == 1) return 1;
       return n * power(n - 1);
    System.out.println(power(4));
    a) 24
     b) 16
     c) 12
    d) 10
```

```
X What will be the output of the following?
                                                                                0/1
    int findLargest(int[] arr) {
       int min = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
       int max = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
       for (int num: arr) {
         if (num > min) {
           max = min;
           min = num;
         } else if (num > max && num < min) {
           max = num;
         }
       return max;
    int largest = findLargest(new int[]{5, 3, 9, 1, 4});
    System.out.println(largest);
  a) 4
    b) 5
     c) 3
     d) 9
Correct answer
b) 5
```

What will this snippet print? \* 0/1
int[] arr = {2, 4, 6, 8};
 for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
 if (i % 2 == 1) arr[i] = arr[i] / 2;
 }
 System.out.println(Arrays.toString(arr));</pre>
a) [2, 4, 6, 8]
b) [2, 2, 6, 4]
c) [2, 4, 3, 8]
d) [2, 2, 6, 4]
Correct answer
b) [2, 2, 6, 4]

✓ What will be the output of the following? 1/1 int removeDuplicates(int[] arr) { if (arr.length == 0) return 0; int uniqueIndex = 1; for (int i = 1; i < arr.length; i++) { if (arr[i] != arr[i - 1]) { arr[uniqueIndex++] = arr[i]; } } return uniqueIndex; } System.out.println(removeDuplicates(new int[]{0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 4})); (a) 5 b) 6 d) 7

```
✓ What will be the output of the following?

                                                                                     1/1
     boolean isReverse(String str) {
       if (str.length() <= 1) return true;</pre>
       if (str.charAt(0) != str.charAt(str.length() - 1)) return false;
       return isReverse(str.substring(1, str.length() - 1));
     }
     System.out.println(isReverse("madam"));
     a) true
     b) false
     c) null
     d) 0

★ What will be the output of the following?

                                                                                     0/1
     int countLength(String str) {
       if (str.isEmpty()) return 0;
       return (str.charAt(0) == 'a' ? 1 : 0) + countLength(str.substring(1));
     System.out.println(countLength("banana"));
  a) 2
     b) 3
     c) 1
     d) 0
Correct answer
 b) 3
```

```
✓ What will be the output of the following?

                                                                                      1/1
    int countArray(int[] arr, int n) {
       if (n == 0)
         return 0;
       int sum = arr[n - 1];
       return sum + countArray(arr, n - 1);
    }
    System.out.println(countArray(new int[]{1, 2, 3, 4}, 4));
     a) 9
    b) 10
     c) 11
     d) 12
    What will be printed by the following function?
                                                                                      1/1
     String traverseString(String str) {
       if (str.isEmpty()) return str;
       return traverseString(str.substring(1)) + str.charAt(0);
    }
    System.out.println(traverseString("abcde"));
    a) edcba
     b) abcde
     c) abcd
     d) aedcb
```

```
✓ What will be the output of the following?

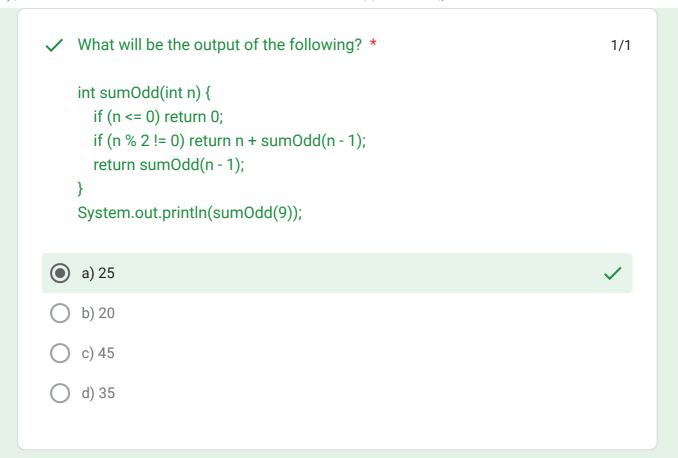
                                                                                   1/1
    boolean countNumbers(int[] arr, int target, int n) {
       if (n == 0)
        return false;
      if (arr[n - 1] == target)
        return true;
       return countNumbers(arr, target, n - 1);
    System.out.println(countNumbers(new int[]{5, 10, 15, 20}, 10, 4));
    a) true
     b) false
     c) 0
     d) -1
   What does this recursive function compute? *
                                                                                   1/1
     int reverseNumber(int n) {
       if (n == 0) return 0;
       return n % 10 + reverseNumber(n / 10);
    }
    System.out.println(reverseNumber(1234));
    a) 10
     b) 9
     c) 11
     d) 8
```

```
✓ What will be the output of the following?

                                                                                    1/1
    double countOccurences(int[] arr) {
       double sum = 0;
       for (int num: arr) {
         sum += num;
       return sum / arr.length;
    }
    double occurence = countOccurences(new int[]{5, 10, 15, 20, 25});
    System.out.println(occurence);
     a) 10.0
    b) 15.0
     c) 20.0
     d) 25.0

✓ What will be the output of the following? *

                                                                                    1/1
    void traverseArray(int[] arr, int n) {
       if (n \le 0)
        return;
       System.out.print(arr[n - 1] + " ");
       traverseArray(arr, n - 1);
    }
    traverseArray(new int[]{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}, 5);
     a) 12345
    b) 5 4 3 2 1
     c) 15243
     d) 3 2 1 5 4
```



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