Preliminary Homicides Data in Mexico (2019-2020)

Exploratory analysis

Fernando Alarid-Escudero, Ph.D., Yadira Peralta, Ph.D. Regina Isabel Medina Rosales, Mariana Consuelo Fernández Espinosa

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The challenges of obtaining recent homicide data

Publishing official homicide data entails a rigurous and extense process. Before being accounted as a homicide by INEGI, every single case has to be confirmed by the local authorities as an actual crime. Due to this reason, official homicide data takes long to be open to the public. Normally, official data for a specific year is published one year after it ended. That is the reason why, so far, INEGI has only published homicide data for 1990 to 2018.

What to do, then, if one wants to study the phenomenon of homice in Mexico in the recent 18 months? Luckyly, the Secretariat of Security and Citizen Protection (SSPC as its acronym in spanish) makes premiliminary homicide data available on its website. It uses two main sources of information: a daily report produced by an interdisciplinary team (constituted by the own SSCP, the military, the navy and the General Attoney's office); and open sources, constituted by homicide reports in local newspapers. The SSCP publishes daily reports for the numbers obtained from these two sources.

The problem with the reports that the SSCP uploads on its website is that they come in a pdf format, which means that a deep cleaning process is needed. In the first place, the documents have to be webscrapped from the web, then, they have to be transformed into an excel format and checked by a human. The cleaning process also requires ortographic correction and minor but numerous changes. After homicide data is cleaned, population data is added at both the state and municipal level for the estimation of the homicide rate.

Source 1: Interinstitutional group

The daily reports produced by the interinstitutional group consist in a single table that shows the number of killings in each of the 32 Mexican states, as well as the national toll. This is the descriptive analysis produced after data cleaning.

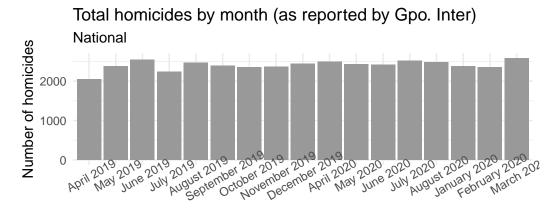
National level homicides

Homicides in Mexico have increased significantly since 2008, when the militarization of the country took effect. In the following table, it can be appreciated that the homicide rate has been above 18.9 homicides per 100,000 inhabitants.

Year	Month	Homicides	Monthly homicide rate
2019	April	2045	1.62
2019	May	2380	1.89
2019	June	2543	2.02
2019	July	2241	1.78
2019	August	2469	1.96
2019	September	2386	1.89
2019	October	2356	1.87
2019	November	2370	1.88
2019	December	2444	1.94
2020	January	2377	1.87
2020	February	2352	1.85
2020	March	2585	2.03
2020	April	2492	1.96
2020	May	2423	1.90
2020	June	2413	1.90
2020	July	2519	1.98
2020	August	2481	1.95

Figure 1: Number of cases and homicide rate per month at the national level

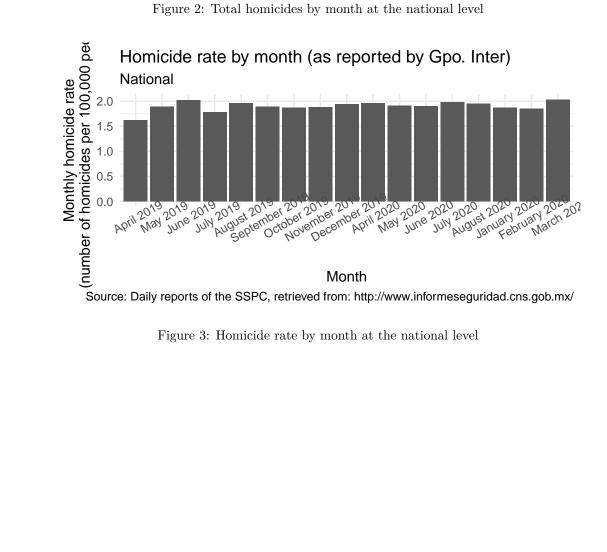
Both the trends on the total number of homicides and the homicide rate show a stable number of homicides at the nation level. Besides a slight increase at the beggining of the time series, the levels are constant over time as shown in the next two figures.



Month

Source: Daily reports of the SSPC, retrieved from: http://www.informeseguridad.cns.gob.mx/

Figure 2: Total homicides by month at the national level



We see that the descriptive statistics show an overall increase in the number of cases between 2019 and 2020. There is also less variance en 2020. But we need to take into account that there may be population changes between one year and another, as well as the fact that we don't have the same months for each year and we may be overlooking stationary effects.

Year	Month with lowest homicides	Lowest number of homicides in a single month	Month with highest homicides	Highest number of homicides in a single month	Average number of homicides	Standard Deviation
2019	April	2045	June	2543	2359.3	144.5
2020	February	2352	March	2585	2455.2	77.9

Figure 4: Descriptive statistics for the number of homicides at the national level

When looking at the descriptive statistics for the mortality rate, we find, once more, that there was an increase in homicides from 2019 to 2020. But now there are not population effects. Still, there may be stationary effects that have not been accounted for.

Year	Month with lowest mortality rate	Lowest homicide rate in a single month	Month with highest mortality rate	Highest homicide rate in a single month	Average mortality rate	Standard Deviation
2019	April	1.62	June	2.02	1.9	0.1
2020	February	1.85	March	2.03	1.9	0.1

Figure 5: Descriptive statistics for the homicide rate at the national level

In the next section, we will see the information deagregated by state, in order to find more subtle differences in data.

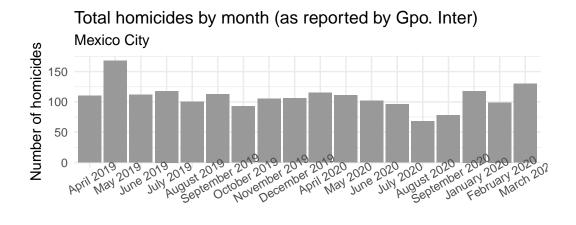
State level homicides

In the next table, we show the total amount of homicides as well as the homicide rate for each state in 2019 and 2020. It is worth remembering that none of the years were complete in the original sources. For 2019, we only have information from April to December; while 2020 comprehends from January to July.

	2019		20	20
	Homicides	Homicide rate	Homicides	Homicide rate
Aguascalientes	49	3.49	49	3.44
Baja California	1660	46.76	1105	30.64
Baja California Sur	44	5.64	35	4.39
Campeche	40	4.1	29	2.92
Chiapas	424	7.56	300	5.27
Chihuahua	1148	30.64	1156	30.55
Mexico City	1031	11.41	774	8.58
Coahuila	203	6.44	147	4.6
Colima	433	56.48	278	35.69
Durango	114	6.18	115	6.18
State of Mexico	2042	11.9	1739	10.03
Guanajuato	2158	35.11	2600	41.93
Guerrero	1178	32.39	725	19.86
Hidalgo	296	9.76	237	7.72
Jalisco	1696	20.48	1272	15.2
Michoacan	1254	26.26	1136	23.62
Morelos	509	25.3	450	22.13
National	21301	16.91	17582	13.82
Nayarit	125	9.91	60	4.69
Nuevo Leon	628	11.43	551	9.89
Oaxaca	872	21.22	598	14.47
Puebla	882	13.55	617	9.39
Queretaro	93	4.19	61	2.7
Quintana Roo	584	35.08	412	24.18
San Luis Potosi	235	8.29	242	8.47
Sinaloa	669	21.46	472	15.01
Sonora	417	13.81	370	12.11
Tabasco	454	17.94	328	12.82
Tamaulipas	435	12.06	395	10.86
Tlaxcala	127	9.37	70	5.1
Veracruz	1170	13.83	701	8.23
Yucatan	31	1.4	21	0.93
Zacatecas	387	23.48	539	32.46

Figure 6: Total number of homicides and mortality rate by year and state

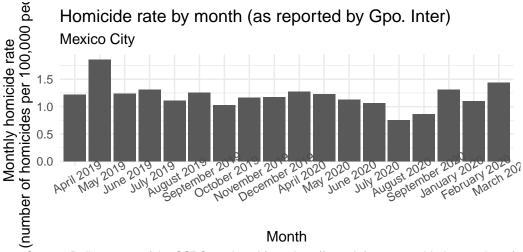
A closer look to specific states' time series reveal that the stagnation seen at the national level is not the reality for all the regions. Instead, it seems to be the result of opposite trends: homicides went down in some states, while spiking at others. For instance, Mexico City is one of the states where homicides decreased after december of 2019. This trend is clear in the total number of cases, as in the homicide rate.



Source: Daily reports of the SSPC, retrieved from: http://www.informeseguridad.cns.gob.mx/

Month

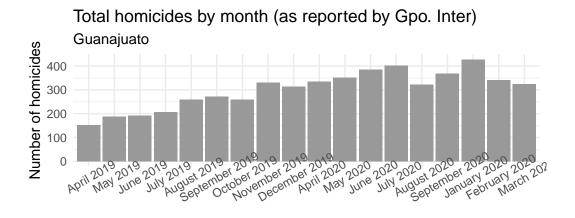
Figure 7: Total homicides by month in Mexico City



Source: Daily reports of the SSPC, retrieved from: http://www.informeseguridad.cns.gob.mx/

Figure 8: Homicide rate by month in Mexico City

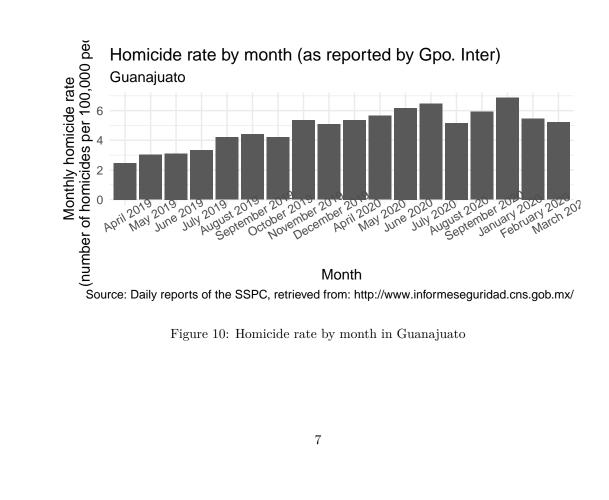
In constrast to the capital, Guanajuato is a prime example of states where homicide violence increased significantly in 2020, as it is shown in the following graphs that report the total number of cases in the state as well as it's homicide rate.



Source: Daily reports of the SSPC, retrieved from: http://www.informeseguridad.cns.gob.mx/

Month

Figure 9: Total homicides by month in Guanajuato



The comparison between 2019 and 2020 becomes easier when comparing each month side by side. Unfurtunately, the SSPC data is not available for all of 2019's months. Nonetheless, we can see the patterns in the months that are present for both years for the three cases seen in this report: national level, Mexico City and Guanajuato. Since the homicide rate considers the effects of population, we display this measurement, the differences in the patterns are obvious.

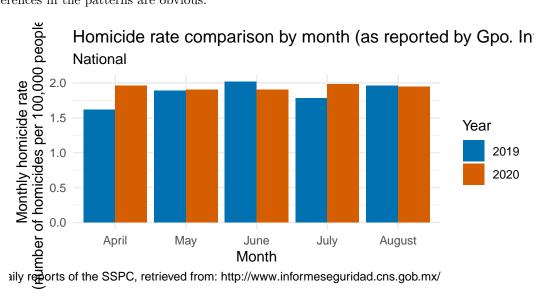


Figure 11: Homicide rate comparison by month at the national level

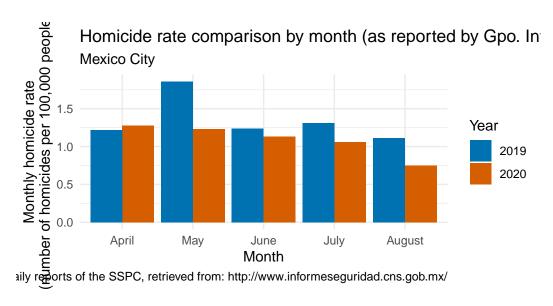


Figure 12: Homicide rate comparison by month in Mexico City

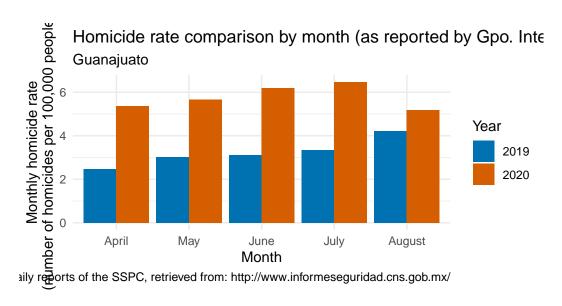


Figure 13: Homicide rate comparison by month in Guanajuato

To appreciate more differences, we display descriptive statistic for each state in the following table.

		201	9			2020			
	Lowest homicide rate in a single month	Highest homicide rate in a single month	Average mortality rate	Standard Deviation	Lowest homicide rate in a single month	Highest homicide rate in a single month	Average mortality rate	Standard Deviation	
Aguascalientes	0.14	0.64	0.4	0.2	0.14	0.56	0.3	0.1	
Baja California	4.11	5.92	5.1	0.7	3.63	5.06	4.4	0.5	
Baja California Sur	0.25	1.02	0.6	0.2	0.12	1.12	0.6	0.4	
Campeche	0.1	0.91	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.9	0.5	0.3	
Chiapas	0.55	1.08	0.8	0.2	0.58	0.91	0.7	0.1	
Chihuahua	3.11	4.06	3.4	0.4	3.24	5.58	4.2	0.8	
Coahuila	0.38	1.23	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.96	0.6	0.2	
Colima	5.31	7.5	6.3	8.0	3.06	5.99	4.8	1.1	
Durango	0.32	1.46	0.7	0.4	0.27	1.12	0.7	0.3	
Guanajuato	2.46	5.35	3.9	1	5.17	6.87	5.8	0.6	
Guerrero	2.39	4.58	3.6	0.7	2.13	3.45	2.8	0.5	
Hidalgo	0.66	1.51	1.1	0.3	0.45	1.26	1	0.3	
Jalisco	1.99	2.64	2.3	0.2	1.83	2.45	2.1	0.2	
Mexico City	1.03	1.86	1.3	0.2	0.75	1.44	1.1	0.2	
Michoacan	1.84	3.59	2.9	0.6	2.69	3.69	3.4	0.3	
Morelos	2.08	3.91	2.8	0.6	2.3	3.77	3	0.5	
National	1.62	2.02	1.9	0.1	1.85	2.03	1.9	0.1	
Nayarit	0.79	1.26	1	0.2	0.31	1.01	0.7	0.2	
Nuevo Leon	0.99	1.48	1.3	0.2	1.14	1.59	1.4	0.1	
Oaxaca	1.77	3.06	2.3	0.4	1.28	2.41	1.9	0.4	
Puebla	1.22	1.88	1.5	0.2	0.95	1.57	1.3	0.2	
Queretaro	0.27	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.18	0.79	0.4	0.2	
Quintana Roo	2.14	4.87	3.9	0.9	1.91	4.41	3.3	0.8	
San Luis Potosi	0.6	1.48	0.9	0.3	0.8	1.92	1.3	0.4	
Sinaloa	2.17	2.56	2.4	0.1	1.68	2.76	2.1	0.3	
Sonora	0.99	2.77	1.5	0.6	1.01	2.21	1.8	0.4	
State of Mexico	1.21	1.48	1.3	0.1	1.16	1.62	1.4	0.1	
Tabasco	1.41	2.63	2	0.4	1.21	2.33	1.9	0.4	
Tamaulipas	0.86	2.07	1.4	0.3	0.99	2.03	1.5	0.4	
Tlaxcala	0.51	2.13	1.1	0.5	0.43	1.52	0.8	0.3	
Veracruz	1.18	2.07	1.6	0.3	0.93	1.39	1.2	0.2	
Yucatan	0	0.22	0.1	0.1	0.04	0.22	0.1	0.1	
Zacatecas	1.57	3.32	2.6	0.5	1.74	6.66	4.7	1.5	

Figure 14: Descriptive statistics for the homicide rate at the state level

Source 2: Open sources (newspapers)

Besides the interinstitutional group, the SSCP uses a second source for estimating the amount of homicides: local newspapers. On the website, there are daily reports with the amount of homicides registered at the county level. One of the main advantages of this source is that information is disaggregated by gender. Hence, we get more detailed information. Nonetheless, it can be flawed and that is why it is considerd, simply, as preliminary numbers.

National level homicides

As we just mentioned, the open source data from the SSCP offers the posibility of dissagregating information by gender. Please note that this feature was not implemented until February of 2019, for January data was only made available for the total number of homicides, this explains the inconsistency in the total number of homicides reported for 2019 and numbers broken down by gender.

The fact that the amount of people killed for whom their gender could not be identified is greater than the number of women killed it is certainly worth of attention. One possible explanation is that the level of violence is so stagering that a considerable amount of people die in attrocious ways that leave their bodies unrecognisables.

Year	Total homicides	Male	Female	Non identified
2019	28001	19507	2737	3498
2020	22490	17548	2426	2516

Figure 15: Number of homicides disaggregated by gender and year at the national level

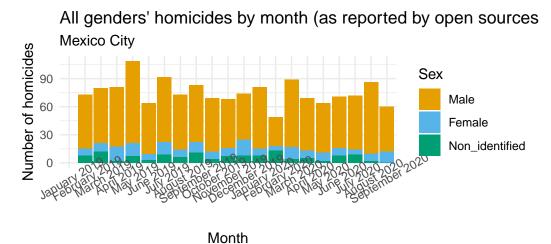
State level homicides

The numbers of total homicides, homicides of men, women and people with their gender not identified are displayed in the next table.

		20		2020				
	Total homicides	Male	Female	No identificado	Total homicides	Male	Female	No identificado
Aguascalientes	111	76	13	10	76	65	4	7
Baja California	2096	1448	194	283	1924	1481	204	239
Baja California Sur	54	32	10	4	32	26	1	5
Campeche	44	32	5	4	41	33	3	5
Chiapas	384	271	50	19	197	150	32	15
Chihuahua	1912	1401	184	184	1548	1185	199	164
Coahuila	258	181	40	15	196	150	28	18
Colima	687	428	52	169	444	264	54	126
Durango	154	125	17	10	129	106	14	9
Guanajuato	3565	2534	324	469	3616	2876	372	368
Guerrero	1813	1324	144	178	1181	932	108	141
Hidalgo	336	203	40	57	217	158	28	31
Jalisco	1804	1061	148	434	1457	1030	147	280
Mexico City	974	672	117	77	641	515	75	51
Michoacan	1949	1466	162	197	1531	1247	173	111
Morelos	929	664	87	87	624	532	48	44
Nayarit	128	56	6	64	55	33	10	12
Nuevo Leon	724	513	75	66	528	427	54	47
Oaxaca	986	718	110	89	689	509	93	87
Puebla	1081	764	118	117	725	547	104	74
Queretaro	155	113	15	18	144	109	14	21
Quintana Roo	778	493	70	133	510	410	50	50
San Luis Potosi	378	276	40	34	512	427	47	38
Sinaloa	891	594	32	201	687	579	28	80
Sonora	872	582	78	163	787	628	44	115
State of Mexico	1360	967	195	80	1069	830	165	74
Tabasco	638	492	69	36	414	339	49	26
Tamaulipas	567	346	54	76	484	381	46	57
Tlaxcala	176	119	24	20	118	89	14	15
Veracruz	1644	1146	206	151	1198	956	140	102
Yucatan	35	28	3	0	28	16	11	1
Zacatecas	518	382	55	53	688	518	67	103

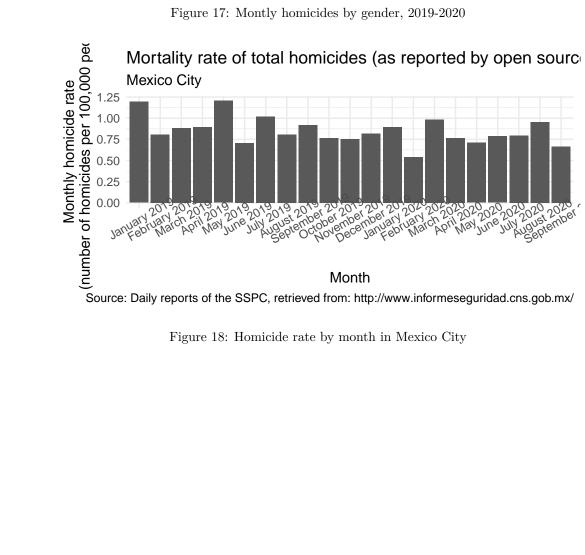
Figure 16: Number of homicides disaggregated by gender and year at the state level

To gain further insight into the trends in the states, we present the time series for total homicides and homicide rate for Mexico City.



s of the SSPC, retrieved from: http://www.informeseguridad.cns.gob.mx/

Figure 17: Montly homicides by gender, 2019-2020



Finally, we present a table with descriptive statistics for the sates data base. The table includes the states that had the lowest level of homicides in a single month, we can see that each year there are four cases where some state had just one homicide (Baja California, Campeche and Yucatan, twice, in 2019; and again Baja California and Yucatan, thrice, in 2020). In contrast, Guanajuato had the most violent month of each year.

Year	State with lowest homicides in a month	Month with lowest homicides	Lowest number of homicides in a single month	State with highest homicides in a month	Month with highest homicides	Highest number of homicides in a single month	Average number of homicides	Standard Deviation
2019	Campeche	May	1	Guanajuato	December	349	73.1	67.9
2019	Yucatan	July	1	Guanajuato	December	349	73.1	67.9
2019	Baja California Sur	April	1	Guanajuato	December	349	73.1	67.9
2019	Yucatan	March	1	Guanajuato	December	349	73.1	67.9
2020	Yucatan	June	1	Guanajuato	August	654	78.9	88.7
2020	Yucatan	August	1	Guanajuato	August	654	78.9	88.7
2020	Baja California Sur	June	1	Guanajuato	August	654	78.9	88.7
2020	Yucatan	May	1	Guanajuato	August	654	78.9	88.7

Figure 19: Descriptive statistics for the number of homicides at the national level